

THE OBSERVER

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OPENING

Xmas Goods
This Week

LARGEST STOCK VARIETY
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

We will have splendid values on our

5, 10, 15, 20, and 25c. Counters

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Seeded Raisins 10c. per lb.

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"White Rose"

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NOT the kind we had last. We guarantee the high standard of quality of this carload of "White Rose" gasoline and will stand behind it for perfect satisfaction in every particular.

C. M. Sherwood, Ltd.

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CARVELL IN FIGHTING TRIM

Denounces Government for Interference in
Western Elections---Tells What Defeat
of Reciprocity Cost.

Ottawa, Nov. 28.—Parliament's sitting was electric, and at times disorderly this afternoon. F. B. Carvell, the forceful, plain spoken New Brunswicker, whose deadly sling has already disposed of one of the Goliaths of the Borden administration, in the person of Mr. Morine, the deposed head of the Search-for-Scandals commission, directed his missiles at the minister of public works.

Hon. Robert Rogers cut a sorry figure and beat a hasty retreat from the house, while the Liberals vigorously called for him to "come back and take your medicine."

"Without a doubt, he, the minister of public works, is charged with being the archpriest of all the electoral tyranny and debauchery that went on," declared Mr. Carvell, amid Liberal cheers.

A roar of laughter greeted Mr. Rogers as he rose to leave the house.

"Hold on," said Mr. Carvell, in an effort to stay his exit. "I do not want the minister to leave. I have a few words to say to him."

But Mr. Rogers evidenced his conviction that discretion was the better part of valor. He vanished amid renewed Liberal laughter.

"I wanted to tell the minister," proceeded Mr. Carvell deliberately, "that when he told this house a few moments ago that he had a series of other affidavits to defend the MacDonald election which he would submit to the house some other time, he was putting up one of the biggest bluffs of his career. He has not got them, and he knows he has not."

Mr. Carvell wasted no time on preliminaries. In his opening sentence he scoured the minister for furnishing an exhibition which had disgraced his position. There was blow, bluster and threat with no semblance of argument. He had read affidavits which he knew would never be accepted in law—all hearsay. The opponents had testified that the half-breeds had told them that certain parties had offered them money. He also read the affidavit of a half-breed, "but," added Mr. Carvell bluntly, "he didn't tell us how much the half-breed got for giving the minister that affidavit."

Mr. Carvell directly accused Mr. Rogers of responsibility. The minister of public works was himself the archpriest of the whole system of tyranny and debauchery. Under his aegis methods had been adopted which would not be tolerated in Russia.

Mr. Carvell dealt with the proposed bill of the government to extend the Northwest Mounted Police by adding a system of plain-clothes men. Was it the purpose of the minister of public works to seek to sully the good name of this splendid force by thus trying to extend the Manitoba system throughout the whole of western Canada? He paid a glowing tribute to the Northwest Mounted Police. No crime had ever occurred which was not traced by them, and throughout all of their record-breaking animals they had proudly worn his majesty's uniform. What need of plain-clothes men now but for the minister's designs?

"They will become," said Mr. Carvell, "mere gunmen for the minister of public works. He has read us affidavits from two of his gunmen. As well read evidence from Gip the Blood or Dago Frank on Lefty Louis who, like the hirelings of the Robt'n government, merely carry out the orders of their chiefs. And yet, Mr. Rogers has the nerve to say that this organized attempt of the Tory government of Manitoba abetted and engineered by him with the object of driving every Liberal worker out of the constituency, was a smashing defeat for reciprocity. We will give this thing such an airing that it will never happen again, and no such desperate attempt to throttle the free expression of free men will again be tolerated."

When Hon. W. T. White declared in the commons on Tuesday that the Liberals were afraid to resurrect their trade of policy prior to the election of 1911, and challenged them to declare whether or not they wished to still make it an issue, he let loose a boomerang that came back today with telling effect.

Mr. Carvell effectually resurrected

the issue, declared in unmistakable terms where the Liberals stood upon it, promised that the fight on the Liberal side would continue, and coupled with it, while the government benches sat visibly uncomfortable and silent, a declaration of Liberal belief in the policy of a further expansion of the British preference and in every other form of tariff relief that would make for the relief both of producers and consumers from restricted markets and high cost of living.

It was a notable utterance, and was cheered to the echo by every Liberal in the house.

After discussing the MacDonald by-election issue, Mr. Carvell went on to refer to the trade issue raised in the speech from the throne. According to the minister of finance, he said, relief for the turning down of the agreement with the United States was to be found in the hope of larger trade with the West Indies and Australia. But Canada's total trade with these countries was but a drop in the bucket compared with daily increasing trade with the United States.

Every day Canada, despite the tariff, was sending \$1,000,000 worth of products across the line, Mr. White had sought to drag the reciprocity question into the debate. He was living in the glory of holy Toronto, where he was surrounded by his manufacturing magnates, his bankers and his railway friends. Apparently he thought the question of reciprocity could be made useful to the Tory again.

"Let me tell him," said Mr. Carvell, "that from my standpoint and the standpoint of millions of people in Canada reciprocity has paid economically in September, 1911, it is good economically today and it will be good economically always. He is living in a fool's paradise. With all the money of the manufacturers and the transportation magnates money and the American money and the British Unionist money he cannot again defeat reciprocity as he did a year ago."

"He cannot do what Mr. Rogers charged Sir Wilfrid Laurier with doing; he can't raise one penny in Quebec and another in Ontario. He cannot again join together the Nationalists of Quebec and the management of Ontario. He and his friends are now in power and must have regard for consistency. He will find that he cannot crucify the leader of the opposition in Ontario because he is Roman Catholic and in Quebec because he is too British."

The minister, he talks about Liberals having one policy in one part of the country and another policy in another part of the country. I tell him that we want to resurrect reciprocity and we want to resurrect more than that, we want to resurrect the British preference. We want to resurrect any policy that means cheaper food for the laboring classes of Canada. We want to resurrect any policy that will afford us a chance to discuss whatever will make for better economic conditions and a reduction in the cost of living in this country.

"The minister of finance, surrounded by his followers, intoxicated with his own importance, grandiloquently asked: 'What have we lost by the rejection of reciprocity?' We have lost power, but we did not lose honor, and in the rejection of reciprocity we Canadians have lost money and lost it by the millions."

Mr. Carvell then went on to point out some instances of the lost millions. One man, George Lane, a western cattle dealer, had himself lost between \$40,000 and \$50,000 on this year's transactions of cattle shipped to Chicago. The farmers of the west lost millions of dollars last year by reason of the impossibility of marketing their wheat at any price, let alone the loss through not obtaining the higher prices ruling in the American market. During the last three months between 200 and 300 carloads of cattle were shipped from the western part of Ontario to the United States. Over \$100,000 was paid in duties on these shipments, representing a loss to the Ontario cattle raisers. Quebec and the maritime provinces last year paid on hay shipments alone \$2,672,000 in duties to the American treasury.

(Continued on last page.)

UNUSUAL XMAS

Bargains

Big, Quick Sales will be the result of our having bought the Christmas Import Samples of some of the largest Fancy Goods houses in Canada. This means that we got a tremendously varied assortment at less than the cost to manufacture. We don't want to carry over any of this stock and we are ready right now to begin disposing of it.

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We also have a fine array of

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Silverware, Cut Glass
and Crockery.

Prices low for quick disposal

Don't Buy from Pictures. Come in and SEE our Stock.

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4 lbs. Fancy Loose Raisins for 25c.

Choice Seeded Raisins for 10c.

Choice Prunes for 8c.

Spices, Extracts, Lemon and Citron Peel,
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Very low prices on these goods and extra fine quality.

Our range of FANCY GOODS for Xmas is larger than ever bought from the largest manufacturers. All will be sold at close prices. You will make a mistake if you buy your Xmas Gifts without first seeing us. We solicit a call from you and will gladly abide by your decision.

As usual our lines of Staple Goods are complete. As the season is advancing we are clearing out many lines at reduced prices.

We want all your Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Pork, Beef, Hides, Tallow, Hay, Oats, Meal, etc., and will pay Highest Prices in Cash or Trade.

If you are not one of our customers give us a trial and be convinced that we can save you money.

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General Merchant--Two Stores

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At our store you will find for the housewife many things suitable for gifts. Anything that will lessen her labor or add a touch of beauty will gladden her heart on Xmas morn. We recommend Asbestos Irons, one of those labor-saving Washing Machines, a score of things in Nickel-plated and Granite Ware, Beautiful Lamps and Clocks and a hundred articles we cannot enumerate. For BOYS and GIRLS we suggest a Sled, Skates, etc. For real useful Xmas Presents come to

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