

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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NEWFOUNDLAND ABOLISHES THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC!

CORDIAL RELATIONS BETWEEN GREECE AND ALLIES ARE RENEWED

Greek Government's Decision so Satisfactory That all Greek Shipping Held at Malta by the Allies is Again Released—Greece Will be Paid Indemnity For Any Damage Done Through Allies Occupying Her Territory

JAP ARTILLERY HAS ARRIVED AT ODESSA

Public Interest Now Centered on Roumania and Russian Intervention in the Balkans—Monastir Still Held by Serbs Who Are Fighting Every Inch of the Ground—On the Whole the General Situation is Looking More Hopeful for the Entente Powers

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Cordial relations between Greece and the Entente Powers has been established with the Greek Government's assurances that no attempt will be made to interfere with Allied troops, should they under any contingency, be forced to cross the Greek frontier, and that, as heretofore, railway and other facilities will be afforded. That the assurances and guarantees that they will be afforded by, are satisfactory to the Allies is shown in the fact that Greek grain ships, which had been held up at Malta, have been allowed to proceed to their destinations, relieving what would have been a very serious shortage in bread supplies, if their detention had been prolonged. It is understood that the allies also promised Greece monetary indemnity after the war for any damage which might be done through the occupation of Greek territory.

With this thorny question out of the way the British public centered its interest upon the attitude of Roumania and the intervention of Russia. It is pretty well established that Russia has concentrated a great army near the Roumanian frontier. Despatches state that large numbers of heavy guns have arrived at Odessa from Japan for its use. However, the direction in which this army will move will be dictated by the policy that the Roumanian Government adopts. Berlin shows some uneasiness but beyond that, and the statement by the Roumanian premier, M. Bratianu, that relations between Russia and Roumania were never better there is nothing to go on.

TRIUMPH OF ENTENTE POWERS IN GREECE DUE TO KITCHENER

Constantine and Kitchener Have Come to a Complete Understanding and Greece Will Allow Allies the Use of all Railroads, Harbours and Other Means of Communication—K. of K. Puts the "Kibosh" on the Kaiser

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—A cable to the Herald from Athens dated yesterday says: "King Constantine has granted all the Allies demands, the triumph of the Entente Powers being due to the soldierly agreement between the Hellenic ruler and Earl Kitchener."

"The Field Marshal told the Greek king that the Allies frankly admitted the right of Greece, still suffering from the burdens imposed on her by the Balkan wars, to remain neutral, but demanded a complete safety for the Allied troops, now on Greek soil, the control of railways and other means of communication, the use of Salonika harbour, and the right to land troops or to occupy such other part of Greek territory as may be considered necessary for military operations."

"Greece, through her King, accepted these demands, and Kitchener pledged the Allies, as soon as the war is ended, to restore all such occupied territory and indemnify Greece for all damage done. The minor details still are to be settled, but I am confident, owing to Earl Kitchener's trip, that the Kaiser will be unable to influence King Constantine or the Greek army to lift a finger against the Allied troops."

BULGARIANS WEAKENING

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A Times' despatch from Monastir, dated Nov. 25, says: "The Bulgarians have shown no renewed activity on the Prilep front, but the heavy firing heard this morning a few miles south-east of Prilep suggests that some body got behind them and are threatening their line of communications."

Austro-Germans and Bulgarians in gaining command of Kosovo Plain the Serbian Government has moved to Scutari, while the army is defending the little fringe of Serbia which lies between the Sitnica river and the Albanian and Montenegrin frontiers. It can be provisioned from Scutari, from which place the Montenegrins have built good roads during their occupation. Monastir is still in possession of the Serbians, but the Bulgarians are pushing toward it, while the army of General Von Gallwitz is reported to be on its way down the Vardar Valley to help the Bulgarians to attack the Anglo-French forces. Heavy cannonading continues on the Western front. Winter has put a stop to any big movement on the Eastern front, while the Italians are persisting in their offensive, and are daily getting nearer Gorizia across the Isonzo, and to Roverto and Riva in the Trentino.

French Captain Too Quick for Hun Submarine

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The Minister of Marine, in a communication made public to-night, says that the French steamer Tafna was shelled by a submarine in the Western Mediterranean, but that the captain of the steamer, with remarkable quickness, and decision, steered his vessel into the teeth of a gale and that the submarine, unable to keep up its speed against head seas, relinquished the chase, after firing three shells. The communication adds, that some passengers, aided by a few members of the crew, notwithstanding express orders from the captain of the Tafna, to the contrary, lowered boats, which were immediately swamped. The Tafna arrived safely at Marseilles.

RELIEF FOR BELGIANS

GALVESTON, Nov. 25.—It was learned today that the Commission for the relief of Belgium has chartered five steamers, which will carry cargoes of wheat from this port within the next few weeks. The first of these ships, the steamer Photinia docked today.

OFFICIAL

BRITISH The Governor, Newfoundland: LONDON, Nov. 25.—France: Artillery duels. Russia: The Germans have been obliged to fall back in places on the Riga front. Italy: Important successes on the Carso summit and near the Church of San Martino. Over five hundred prisoners captured. Serbia: Enemy report capture of Mitrovitz and Prishtina. BONAR LAW.

Wilson and the "Peace" Skirts

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—A pile of more than 3,000 telegrams was heaped on the desk of the White House today, all urging President Wilson to have the United States participate in an attempt to restore peace in Europe. The messages were sent from all parts of the country at the instance of the Women's Peace Party and made a pile several feet high. The President has been informed that the conference will be held whether the United States Government takes any action or not, but a verbal appeal will be made to him to-morrow by the Committee, headed by Miss Jane Addams, of Chicago.

Missing Crew Reported Safe

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Word was received to-day of the missing crew of the British boarding steamer Tara, sunk in the Mediterranean by a submarine. It was announced recently that the crew had been able to reach the Egyptian coast, but that it had been lost sight of after landing at an unnamed point in Northern Africa. To-day's announcement from the Admiralty follows:—"News has been received that Capt. Williams and the rest of the survivors of the crew were seen at Elhat, two days west of the Gulf of Sollum, at the border between Egypt and Tripoli; all well."

Could Be Enforced Here Too

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A bill was introduced in the Commons today to restrict during the war increases in rents, and the calling in of mortgages on small dwelling houses in certain areas. The proposed measure applies to districts in which war munitions are manufactured, and where much bitterness has been aroused by the attempt of landlords to exploit the unusual demand for dwelling.

FROZEN TO DEATH IN MASH NEAR DVINSK

PETROGRAD, Nov. 25.—The bodies of two German aeronauts, pilot and observer of an aeroplane of the Albatross type, were discovered to-day in a marsh near Dvinsk. The men had been frozen to death. The Albatross was permitted to cross the Russian lines. It escaped then, but was cut off by a fleet of Russian aircraft.

LEGION OF HONOUR FOR RUSSIAN GENERAL

PARIS, Nov. 25.—At a meeting of the Cabinet today, presided by President Poincare, General Gerald Pau was charged with a mission to Russia to confer on General Michael V. Alexieff, Chief of the Russian General Staff, the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour.

CLOSED AGAIN

GENEVA, Nov. 25.—Germany has again closed the Swiss frontier from Basel to Constance. It will probably remain closed for a week. The reason for this action is unknown.

ELECTION RETURNS

DRY DISTRICTS:

Port de Grave St. John's West Carbonear Bay de Verde Trinity Bonavista Fogo Burin Twillingate Fortune St. Barbe.

WET DISTRICTS:

St. John's East Ferryland Harbour Main Harbour Grace St. George's Burgeo Placentia

Total votes for Prohibition. For 24,965 Against 5,348 Majority 19,617

THE POLL

District. For Prohibition. Against. Ferryland 305 381 Port de Grave 820 136 Carbonear 590 49 Harbour Main 383 236 Harbour Grace 1176 181 Bay de Verde 1464 97 St. John's West 2158 262 St. John's East 2291 463 Trinity 2862 239 Bonavista 2805 466 St. George's 550 336 Burgeo 597 251 Placentia 1189 249 Burin 1275 198 Twillingate 3552 357 Fortune 1091 110 St. Barbe 1069 437

District. Required Polled. Gain. Loss

Ferryland 626 305 - 321 Port de Grave 771 820 49 Carbonear 553 590 37 Hr. Main 1033 383 - 650 Hr. Grace 1214 1176 - 38 Bay de Verde 1069 1464 395 St. John's W. 1945 2158 213 St. John's E. N. 2470 2291 - 179 Trinity 2215 2862 647 Bonavista 2492 2805 315 St. George 1169 550 - 619 Burgeo 786 597 - 189 Fogo 928 1189 261 Placentia 1719 789 - 930 Burin 1123 1275 152 Twillingate 2356 3552 1196 Fortune 1042 1091 49 St. Barbe 1070 1069 - 1

Registered Votes 1913 40 p.c.

St. John's East 6175 2470 St. John's West 4862 1945 Hr. Main 2583 1033 Port de Grave 1928 771 Harbour Grace 3034 1214 Carbonear 1383 553 Bay de Verde 2673 1069 Trinity 5537 2215 Bonavista 6229 2492 Fogo 5891 2356 Twillingate 2674 1070 St. Barbe 2923 1169 St. George's 1965 786 Burgeo 2604 1043 Burin 2808 1123 Placentia and St. Mary's 4297 1718 Ferryland 1564 626 St. Barbe 2674 1070 61,461 24,581

MAJORITY OVER 40%

WOULDN'T BE SURPRISED

PETROGRAD, Nov. 25.—The assertion is made by the Peking correspondent of the Novoe Vremya that German and Austrian officers are now being employed in the Chinese army, particularly in arsenals.

ARRIVED SAFELY

OTTAWA, Nov. 25.—It is officially announced through the Press Censor's Office that the troopship Missanabie, which sailed from Canada with troops has arrived safely in England.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

GORIZIA HAS FALLEN.

Milan, Nov. 26.—Reports just received here state that Gorizia has been taken by the Italians.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST

FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOVEMBER 25, 1915 1860—Private Lawrence Horan, 267 South Side, St. John's. Seriously ill, enteric, St. Andrew's Hospital, Malta, November 21st. 8—Private Finlay McE. Campbell Richards, 25 Balsam Street. Shrapnel wound, leg, Malta, November 17th. 433—Private James Snow, 162 Pleasant Street. Shrapnel wound, knee.

CASUALTIES ALREADY REPORTED

60—C.Y.M.S. Charles Cunningham Oke, 114 Quidi Vidi Road. Previously reported dangerously ill; now reported out of danger. 377—Private Edwin Cornick, St. John's. Previously reported dangerously ill; now reported out of danger. 1306—Private William Duke, Fox Harbour, P.B. Previously reported enteric; now reported out of danger. J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

Did Not Get What They Expected

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—Advices received here to-day from Orsova on the Danube, Serbia, disappointed the hopes of those who had been expecting the immediate production of copper from the mines at Vor, in Northern Serbia, belonging to a French company. Before they retreated the Serbians destroyed the pumping works, flooded the shafts, and tore down the buildings of the mines. A staff of German engineers is now inspecting the properties to determine whether it will be possible to resume operations.

Hundreds of Deaths from Cholera

The Disease is Now Raging Among the Armenian Refugees

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Cholera has added its terrors to the burdens of Armenian refugees who fled the Tigris and Euphrates valleys to Tabriz, according to meagre advices received here by the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions and made public last week. One hundred a day is now the average mortality from the scourge, in Tabriz alone, these advices state.

Urumiah, too, the recent fighting ground of Kurds and native Christians, is afflicted by cholera, the Board announced. Forty deaths have already occurred there from the disease. All the deaths, both in Tabriz and Urumiah, it is said, have occurred among the natives. The missionaries stationed at both places are relieving the sick as best they can, with inadequate facilities.

Tiflis, Russia, which lies south of the Caucasus Mountains, not a great distance from Tabriz, and Urumiah, is similarly in the grip of an epidemic, which has already caused 700 deaths, according to the Board's advices. It is thought likely that these deaths were due to cholera, also, although nature of the diseases is not designated in advices.

BULGARS REPULSED. SAFETY FOR ALLIED FORCES NOW ASSURED

POST MASTER GENERAL GETS SEAT IN CABINET

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Herbert Samuel, Postmaster-General, has been given a seat in the Cabinet. He has been appointed Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, the post recently vacated by Winston Spencer Churchill.

CREW N.F.L.D. SCHOONER LANDED AT SYDNEY, N.S.

SYDNEY, N.S., Nov. 25.—The Newfoundland barquentine Mary M. Duff arrived here having on board the crew of the schooner Blanche M. Rose, abandoned at sea with her sails all gone and leaking badly. The men on board the schooner were without food, fuel and water for two days before being rescued.

A PATROL SKIRMISH

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A despatch to the Times from Cairo, referring to an official communication reporting an encounter with the Turks at Alkantara Egypt, explains that it was merely a collision with a patrol, and not to be regarded as a recurrence of Turkish activity.

SPAIN AND MEXICO

MADRID, Nov. 25.—It was decided at a cabinet meeting held today to recognize General Venustiano Carranza, as head de facto, of the government of Mexico, at the request of the agent here of the Mexican constitutionalists.

TO BE OPERATED ON

GENEVA, Nov. 25.—Abbas Hilmi, former Khedive of Egypt, arrived here yesterday to undergo an operation on his tongue.

GREECE'S REPLY SAID TO BE SATISFACTORY TO THE ALLIES

LOCAL ITEMS

Americans residing here yesterday observed Thanksgiving Day and several social re-unions occurred.

To-night, at 7.30, Rev. E. S. Tarrant, will preach at St. Thomas' Church. He will shortly leave here for the St. Anthony Mission.

Yesterday, four new cases of diphtheria were reported here. The patients, mostly children, lived in New Gower, Hamilton and Fields Streets and Brazil's Field. They were sent to Hospital for treatment.

Fairly good catches of codfish were made on the local grounds by fishermen yesterday and sold at good prices in the city. Cod is very plentiful still, and some of the men intend catching it until Christmas.

Thursday next, the ladies of St. Margaret's Guild will hold a sale of work, and for months past they have been busy working making comforts for our soldiers and sailors. Lady Davidson has kindly consented to become patron of the Guild, and will be present at the first Sale, which, we feel certain will be liberally supported.

Germany leads the world in the number of electric furnaces for steel production, with France in second place and the United States in third.

Bulgars Claim of Having Captured Krivolak Unfounded—Visits of Kitchener and Denys Responsible for Good Turn in Greek Crisis—Anglo-French Naval Brigades Who Were Helping Serbs at Belgrade Are Now Supposed to be Assisting the Latter at Mitrovitz

ATHENS, Nov. 26.—According to latest news from Salonika, the French line is still unbroken. The report that the Bulgarians have occupied Krivolak is unfounded, on the contrary, all their attacks have been repulsed. The happy turn of events between the Entente Powers and the Greek Government is generally attributed here to the visits of Earl Kitchener and Denys Cochin. The Joint Note from the Powers to the Greek Government was only on general lines. Now that the Allies proposals have been accepted in principle, the details will be settled by further special negotiations.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The safety for both British and French Naval Brigades, which recently were in Belgrade, is now assured. The French section arrived in Monastir, near the Greek border, a few days ago.

A telegram has been received from Admiral Troubridge, commanding the British Brigade, from Mitrovitz, dated Nov. 20, stating that all was well.

The British and French Naval Brigades, which were sent to Belgrade last Fall, took part in the fighting against the Germans and Austrians preceding the evacuation of the capital of the Serbians. While nothing is known officially of the movements of the men since they left Belgrade, or whether they have taken part in any of the numerous engagements against the Germans and Austro-Hungarians, it seems probable that the British, who are in the region of Mitrovitz, are fighting with the Serbs, who evacuated Mitrovitz only a day or two ago.

Greeks Promise That no Measures Will be Taken Against the Allied Forces Should They Retreat to Greek Territory—It is Inferred in London That Greece Has Yielded on Every Essential Point Raised by the Entente Powers

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Although the full text of the Greek Government's reply to the Entente Powers has not yet been made public in England, there is every indication that the British Government is satisfied with the position taken at Athens. The assurances given by Greece differ in a marked degree from her previous expressions of "benevolent neutrality." They are neither vague nor evasive, but promise explicitly that no military measures will be taken against the Serbians, French or British troops in case they retreat to Greek territory. Whether this guarantee of safety to the Allied troops will carry Greece to the extent of opposing with her army any German forces which might attempt to pursue the Allies across the Greek border probably will not be ascertained until full details are received.

In regard to the assurances to London, however, it may be inferred that Greece has yielded on every essential point raised by the Allies. The situation, therefore, might be regarded as having been cleared finally.

Experts from the United States department of agriculture are making extensive study of the cocoon industry of the Philippines.