

The Canadian Honey Exchange

The committee of the Honey Exchange in connection with the Ontario Bee-Keepers' Association met in Toronto and decided to appoint a reliable commission house as general sales agent, at a commission of 5% for the city of Toronto, and any other cities in Ontario where the majority of local bee-keepers desire it, also Manitoba and the provinces west of it and the Maritime provinces.

1st—Bee-keepers will be supplied with forms on which to report their honey crops by the 15th of August.

2nd—The committee shall meet immediately after receiving the reports to take into consideration the crops, the probable demand, etc., and shall set the prices accordingly, wholesale and retail.

3rd—Every member of the exchange will have the privilege of selling retail in any market but must be governed by the prices of the exchange.

4th—Every member will have the privilege of wholesaling in any market except those places mentioned about at the prices set by the committee.

5th—The committee recommend that the extracted honey be put up in 60 lb tins, cased, holding 60 lbs net. Also in well cleaned barrels; but not in smaller tins as it is the intention of the exchange to adopt a uniform package for smaller quantities and have them labelled with the name of the association.

6th—Comb honey is to be put up in dozen sections in a case and 12 cases packed in a crate for shipping.

7th—All honey shall be graded according to rules recommended by

a committee composed of Messrs. M. Emigh, F. J. Miller, and R. H. Smith, and a copy of these rules will be mailed to each member of the exchange and all members should see that their packages are marked according to grading rules before shipping.

8th—Payments will be made monthly to members in proportion to honey sold out of stock held: for instance if 20 per cent of all honey should be sold in September each member would be paid 20 per cent on the amount of honey received from him but should any member wish an advance on his consignment he may receive the same by paying bank interest until such time as he would be entitled to it.

W. COUSE, Sec.

Bee Stings For Rheumatism.

Berlin, May 24.—Dr. Perc, of Marburg, addressed a brilliant gathering of physicians the other day on the healing properties of bee stings in cases of rheumatism of the joints and muscles. The professor pointed out that it has been known from time immemorial as a cure among the poorer classes of people who have no faith in medical science. He has tested it thoroughly and proved its efficiency in 500 cases.

If a patient is suffering from rheumatism the stung part does not swell at first, nor until the bee poison is frequently introduced. Then the rheumatic pain gradually vanishes. Dr. Perc allows his patients to be stung at first by a few bees and then gradually increases in numbers. In one sitting he allows seventy bees to sting the patient. He describes the case of a woman who suffered excruciating tortures from rheumatism. In the course of her cure she was stung 6,952 times, and this resulted in a complete cure.