## DEFENCE

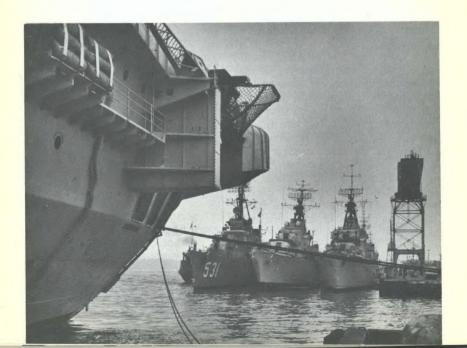
Canada's defence policy derives directly from its foreign policy and is designed to ensure national security and the preservation of world peace. These objectives are to a large extent sought through collective arrangements: the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and the United Nations.

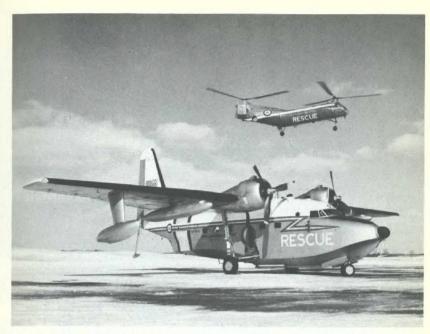
Canada is a founding member of NATO. Canadian ground and air forces are stationed in Europe and the major portion of Canadian naval forces are earmarked for use by NATO in the Atlantic. The defence of the North American area of NATO is largely accomplished through a work-

ing partnership with the United States. Thus, the air defence of the continent is integrated in the North American Air Defence Command (NORAD), the Deputy Commander-in-Chief of which is a Canadian.

Canadian forces are also made available for use in United Nations peace-keeping operations. Thus, Canada contributes the second largest national unit to the United Nations Emergency Force (UNEF) on the U.A.R.-Israeli border, as well as providing support for the UN force in the Congo. In addition, Canada participates on a smaller scale in a number of other UN peace-keeping operations in Palestine, in Kashmir and in West New Guinea.

Aircraft carrier Bonaventure and destroyer escorts at Halifax, Nova Scotia





The Royal Canadian Air Force Albatross and Helicopter work together on rescue and lifesaving operations.

In Canada, the Minister of National Defence is responsible for the control and management of all matters relating to national defence, except for defence production, responsibility for which lies with a separate Department of Defence Production.

Under the direction of the Minister of National Defence, the three Chiefs of Staff are responsible for the control and management of their respective Armed Services, the Chairman of the Defence Research Board for the Defence Scientific Service, and the Deputy Minister for financial control of defence programmes and for the civilian administration of the Department of National Defence. The

Chairman of the Chiefs of Staff Committee is responsible to the Minister for ensuring that all matters of defence policy, in its widest sense, are carefully examined and co-ordinated before decisions are made.

Through the Emergency Measures Organization, the Federal Government co-ordinates the civil defence planning of all federal departments. It provides financial support to provincial agencies through a financial assistance programme. The Canadian Army has a major role in survival planning. It is responsible for assuming command over any areas under attack and for carrying out re-entry and rescue operations.