

CATTLE.

All the breeds on the list, except Guernseys, were well represented by creditable entries, and competition was keen in nearly all classes.

SHORTHORNS were shown by Jas. A. Crerar, Shakespeare; T. E. Robson, Ilderton; Geo. D. Fletcher, Binkham; Goodfellow Bros., Macville; T. Douglas & Sons, Strathroy; with a few scattering entries by others. Thos. Russell, Exeter, judged the class satisfactorily. Crerar had the best of it in the older sections, winning first honors in aged bulls with Imp. Capt. Mayfly, first in aged cows with Gem of Ballechin (imp.), first in two-year-old heifers with Gem of Ballechin 2nd, who was the sweepstakes female, and first for herd. Goodfellow Bros. were second in both aged and young herds, and had the sweepstakes bull in their first-prize yearling, Shining Light. They were also first in three-year-old cows with Imp. Water Cross; first in yearling heifers, the strongest section in the class, with Water Lily (imp. in dam), though closely pressed by Capt. Robson with Topsman's Queen, daughter of old Topsman, which was first at Toronto in senior yearling section. Here all yearlings showed together. Capt. Robson had the first-prize young herd, headed by his first-prize bull calf, Prairie Prince, by Imp. Prime Minister, which was first at Toronto in the junior section, but here competed against all under a year. The Captain had also the first and second prize heifer calves, and first-prize two-year-old bull in Vanguard, a capital son of Imp. Knuckle Duster. He had also the second yearling bull in Bonnie Lad, by the same sire. For four calves the get of one sire, Douglas & Sons, Strathroy, won with the progeny of their Imp. Diamond Jubilee, and Fletcher was second with the get of his Spicy Robin.

HEREFORDS were well represented by the herds of H. D. Smith, Compton, Que., and W. H. Hunter, The Maples, Ont. With Mr. A. W. Smith, Maple Lodge, the well-known Shorthorn breeder, as judge, the animals were placed in the order of merit on the principle that the best should win, and the Compton herd got its just dues, the Toronto rating being reversed in the sections for sweepstakes female and the first herd prize. Ingleside Chatterbox, the first-prize two-year-old heifer, daughter of the Pan-American champion and of Imp. Chatterbox, is a model of the breed and worthily won the female championship. To the Compton herd also went the male championship, Prince of Ingleside 2nd, the first-prize three-year-old bull, being accorded that honor, a decision we could not quite endorse, as Mr. Hunter's two-year-old bull, Spartacus, is, in our opinion, more nearly of the approved modern type, and is smooth, level and strong in all points and a good handler, while the three-year-old bull, though showing much substance and quality, is lacking in his crops and in character. With this exception, the rating of the class was beyond reasonable criticism. O'Neil Bros. had the second-prize three-year-old bull, second and third prize heifer calves, and the third-prize yearling heifer. Hunter won, in addition to the first for two-year-old bull, the first for three-year-old cow, first and second for bull calves, second for cow, for two-year-old heifer and yearling heifer, and first for four calves.

ABERDEEN-ANGUS cattle were shown by Walter Hall, Washington; Jas. Dowman, Guelph; W. R. Stewart, Lucasville, and T. W. Phillips, Oakville, whose first-prize three-year-old bull was the sweepstakes winner. Hall had the first and second prize cows, the first three-year-old and two-year-old heifers, the sweepstakes female, and the first herd prize. Dowman had the first and second prize yearling heifers, heifer calves and bull calves.

GALLOWAYS were forward from the herds of D. McCrae, Guelph, and Shaw & Marston, Brantford, who had the first-prize yearling bull and three-year-old cow, and McCrae the balance of the first prizes, the sweepstakes bull in Cedric 4th, the sweepstakes female in the two-year-old heifer, Nellie 12th, and the herd prize.

AYRSHIRES were well represented by the herds of W. W. Ogilvie, Lachine Rapids, Que., who won nine out of thirteen first prizes offered; Wm. Stewart & Son, Menie; N. Dymont, Clappison, and R. H. Henderson, Rockton, who had the first-prize bull calf, a right good one bred by Jas. McCormack & Son, Rockton, sired by Glenore Sultan, dam by Jock Morton. Ogilvie had the sweepstakes bull in Douglasdale, who was again first in aged bull section, with Black Prince second, and Stewart's Hover-a-Blink third, a reverse of the Toronto rating. Stewart had the first-prize two-year-old bull in the excellent Lord Roberts, by Glencairn of Burnside, dam Jean Armour. Dymont was first in yearling bulls with Dairyman of Glenora, bred by Ogilvie, and sired by Comrade of Garlaff. Ogilvie won first and second in cows with Minnie of Lessnessock and Violet of Garlaff (imp.); Stewart third with Lady Ottawa. Ogilvie was first in three-year-old cows with Stately 9th, and also first and second in yearling heifers, another reverse of the Toronto judging, Stewart's first-prize heifer at Toronto being placed third here. Dymont had the first two-year-old heifer in Jubilee of Hickory Hill.

Ogilvie had the first-prize herd and the sweepstakes female in Minnie of Lessnessock.

Geo. McCormack, Rockton, judged the class. JERSEYS were well shown by B. H. Bull & Son, Brampton; W. G. Laidlaw, Wilton Grove; J. G. Hammer, Mt. Vernon; Edmonson & Son, London. The herd prize, sweepstakes for bull on the first-prize aged bull, Belvoir King, and for female on Sunbeam of Brampton, the first-prize cow, went to the Brampton herd, as well as the first for four calves bred by exhibitor, and seven other first prizes.

Laidlaw had the first-prize three-year-old cow in the beautiful Cream Cup Pride, the second-prize cow in Vic's Lady Pogis of St. Lamert, and the second-prize three-year-old bull in his superior St. Lambert bull, King of Beechlands, a grandson of the great Adelaide of St. Lambert; also second for two-year-old and yearling heifers, for heifer calf and yearling bull.

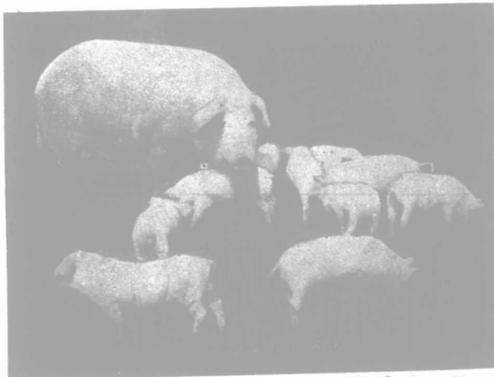
Hammer was first in yearling bulls with his splendid Stoke Pogis 5th.

H. C. Clarridge, Norval, was the judge. HOLSTEINS were out from the herds of Rettie Bros., Noywich; G. W. Clemons, St. George, and Andrew Cameron, Westwood, who was placed second for aged cows, yearling heifer, and two-year-old bull. Rettie Bros. had the first-prize cow and sweepstakes female in Highland Cornelia, and the first-prize herd. Clemons was first in yearling bulls, yearling heifers and heifer calves, and had the sweepstakes bull in his first-prize yearling, Count of Maple Hill, and first for four calves.

SHEEP.

There was competition in all the breeds of sheep on the list except in Lincolns, where the fine flock of J. T. Gibson, Denfield, had a walk-over, as it had at Toronto.

Leicesters were shown by J. M. Gardhouse, Highfield, and John Kelly, Shakespeare, the awards being made by H. B. Jeffs, Bondhead. The Highfield flock won all first prizes, including



CHESTER WHITE SOW AND LITTER.
First prize Toronto and London Exhibitions, 1902.
BRED AND OWNED BY W. E. WRIGHT, GLANWORTH, ONT.

flock and sweepstakes, except for lambs, which went to Kelly's entries.

Cotswolds were shown by J. Park, Burgessville, and J. C. Ross, Jarvis, and with W. G. Laidlaw, Wilton Grove, as judge, the Toronto awards in most cases were reversed, Ross securing nine first prizes at London, including flock and sweepstakes, while at Toronto he had but three firsts.

Shropshires were well represented by the flocks of John Campbell, Woodville, and D. G. & J. G. Hammer, Mt. Vernon, and the prizes were well divided, W. H. Beattie and Geo. Hindmarch being the judges. Hammer's were first in aged ram, aged ewe, shearing ewe, and flock, Campbell being first for yearling ram, yearling ewe and ewe lamb and sweepstakes for ram. Telfer Bros., Paris, had first for ram lamb.

Dorsets were well shown by J. A. McGillivray, Uxbridge, and R. H. Harding, Thorndale, the former receiving the majority of first prizes, including that for flock, sweepstakes for ewe, and specials for five yearling rams and four lambs. Harding was first for ram lamb and sweepstakes for ram with his imported ram lamb.

Southdowns from the splendid flock of Mr. F. E. Came, St. Andrews, N. B., in charge of the English shepherd, Sam Bradburn, won here as at Toronto, all the first prizes in the regular list. Telfer Bros. had the first for pen of four lambs bred by exhibitor.

Oxford Downs were shown by R. J. Hine, Dutton, and J. H. Jull, Burford, the former winning eight firsts and three seconds, and the latter three of each.

SWINE.

In Berkshires, Wm. Wilson, Snelgrove; T. A. Cox, Brantford; W. H. Ducham, Toronto, and Jas. McEwen, Kertch, were exhibitors. All made excellent exhibits, the first awards being about evenly divided between Wilson and Cox. Wilson was first and second in aged boars, Durham's

Toronto winner being relegated to third place. The rating of yearling boars was also reversed, Cox taking first place here. Wilson was first for boars and for sows under a year, and also for same under six months. Cox was first for aged sow and yearling sow, and for herd of a boar and two sows. Wilson had half the firsts and all but one of the seconds.

In Yorkshires, D. C. Flatt, Millgrove, won all the firsts except for aged boar and boar under six months, and all the seconds but one. H. J. Davis, Woodstock, had first for aged boar, and Featherston & Son first for boar under six months.

Tamworths.—In this breed Douglas & Son, Mitchell, won the largest share of first awards in a good class, including the herd prize, being especially strong in the younger sections. F. R. Shore & Son, White Oak, were first for aged boar and yearling boar. H. C. Begg, Glanworth, was first for boar under six months. Douglas had all the firsts in the sections for sows.

Chester Whites were well shown by W. E. Wright, Glanworth, and R. H. Harding, Thorndale, the former winning all firsts except for aged sow, which went to Harding.

Duroc-Jerseys were shown by Tape Bros., Bentpath, and W. M. Smith, Fairfield Plains, the former winning all but two of the first awards, which went to Smith for aged sow and for sow under a year.

Sheep or Dogs: Which?

ANSWER: BOTH.

In Sept. 1st number of the "Advocate" the query at the head of this article was answered by an article which favored increasing the number of sheep and decreasing the number of dogs. I am not prepared to oppose any of the writer's statements, but I get tired having all the dogs taxed to pay the damage done by the few miserable sheep-killers. How to come at the useless curs and their owners, and protect the sheep and the useful dogs, is the question.

Dogs are useful for other purposes than using up food, and the owners of these dogs have no objection to paying a tax on them, for these dogs earn the sum over and over again in a year. But is it right or fair that the good dog should be taxed to pay for sheep killed by the worthless cur?

Every useful dog should wear a conspicuous tag, and every dog not so decorated should be killed. The owner should buy the tag, but pay no further tax. I might go further and say that every mongrel dog should be killed, and only the pure-bred dogs left, for I do not believe the pure-bred dogs will attack sheep, even if half-starved, and no person who buys a pure-bred pup will fail to see that he is well fed. Who ever heard of a pure-bred fox terrier killing sheep? He simply can not be induced to drive them. His instinct, hereditary from generation to generation, teaches him to hunt foxes, mice and rats, to scratch out holes and to chew roots, and no matter what his training, these things are his delight.

Who ever saw a foxhound put his nose to the ground on a sheep track and follow it all day to worry the poor sheep at the end? No! he will follow a fox track for days, and if he loses it will strike through the county for home, and he should not be taxed for doing so. Who ever knew a pure-bred collie, whose ancestors for generations helped to herd sheep, to drive them to and from the pens, or lent a helping-hand with cattle and live stock, who ever knew him to turn and kill a sheep? His delight is to help his master in every way. He has been known to stay unfed for days with the sheep and no sheep suffered from his teeth. I might take the whole catalogue, the deerhound, the St. Bernard, the greyhound, and the Newfoundland. Each has been bred for years in his special line, and it were impossible for him to descend to more sheep-killing.

But the mongrel—who knows what his ancestors were? There may be some fox blood in his veins, and every one knows spring lamb is a delicacy in his bill of fare. Or there may have figured a wolf among remoter ancestors, but even a mixture of the various types of pure-breds might easily produce something with a taste for mutton, which taste may easily have been deepened by his master bringing him up on sparse fare. A half-starved dog might be excused for killing his own meat, and even a well-fed one with doubtful ancestry may show a depraved taste, just as do some well-fed men whose remote ancestors have bequeathed to them abnormal tastes. We can't kill off the men who eat forbidden fruit, but we can frame such laws as make it possible to kill the dogs.

A conspicuous tag should be worn by all worthy dogs; any not so decorated to be shot on sight. Before a tag is given, the dog owner should give proof that his dog is not of a sheep-killing nature, and assurance that he will be well fed and cared for. It has been shown that sheep owners can protect themselves still further by putting good sized bells on a number of sheep in the flocks.

M. E. G.
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