

## AUSTRALIA TO GO AHEAD WITH ARMAMENTS

Does Not Think League Can Take Place of Army and Navy.

### CITES THE CASE OF POLAND AS EVIDENCE

Adequate Force Needed to Compel Countries of the World to Maintain Peace.

By F. W. WILLE.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger.)

Washington, Nov. 10. — Direct evidence that at least one British dominion does not regard the League of Nations as a substitute for an adequate national defense appears in the recent statement made to the Australian House of Representatives by Mr. Hughes, the text of which was made public here today.

According to Mr. Hughes, Australia cannot submit to the League the question of a white Australia any more than America could submit the Monroe Doctrine or Great Britain the freedom of the seas as interpreted by Germany. A white Australia, Mr. Hughes is reported to have said, is the most vital point of Australia's policy, and on that principle Australia must be ready to defend herself.

Mr. Hughes insisted that in the world, as it exists today, no nation can permit its war insurance to lapse, and that it cannot be banished with the stroke of a pen.

Although conceding the League to be the representation of a "noble ideal" and "its acceptance by the greater part of the world the only hope of enduring peace," the Australian Premier called it "utopian" to expect from the League in its present stage of development that protection which would render unnecessary any precautions for our own defense.

Powerless in Poland.

"We have lately seen how powerless the League of Nations is in a de facto state of war," said Mr. Hughes. "It is Poland, within a stone's throw of the greatest military force the League has at its disposal. Yet we have seen Poland overrun by those latest missionaries of peace, the Bolsheviks, and left to her own resources. Poland owes her freedom today not to the League of Nations, but to her own valor. If this situation applies to Poland, within a few hours of the greatest military resources of the League, how much more does it apply to us in our geographical and political isolation."

"But in any case there are some questions that cannot be submitted to the arbitration of the League. So much is recognized by the League itself. Great Britain, for instance, could not submit the freedom of the seas as interpreted by Germany to the arbitration of the League. America could not submit the Monroe Doctrine; and we could not submit the question of a white Australia."

Anglo-Saxons Must Unite.

"Belgium and America must be prepared to fight to the death for those principles which we believe to be absolutely vital to our existence. The most vital point of our policy is the white Australia, and it also is one which is calculated to be most fruitful in provoking international complications. I do not believe that there are five per cent of the Australians who will not readily admit that on this principle there can be no concession."

Mr. Hughes, insisting upon the necessity of the maintenance of Australian military and naval establishments, said:

"We have signed our names to the covenant, and the League guarantees this country its position. But there is no legal force behind every law of nations some adequate force to compel people to obey the law. There is no international force per se. It is an international force, because Australia, even if she desired to do so, could not host her words into showpieces upon the League of Nations. There is an obligation upon this country a solemn obligation to furnish its quota, which much be such, in the opinion of the League, as is sufficient to maintain the peace of the world."

## WELCOME RELIEF FROM ECZEMA

Complete Treatment That Gives Gratifying Results

Wasting, Osk.

"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times."

"For four months I suffered terribly. I could get no relief until I tried 'Fruit-Lives' and 'Sootha-Salva'."

"Altogether, I have used three boxes of 'Sootha-Salva' and two of 'Fruit-Lives', and am entirely well."

G. W. HALL.

Both these favorite remedies are sold by dealers at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-Lives Limited, Ottawa.

"Fruit-Lives" is a new soap in a trial size which sells for 25c.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 11.—With the war over, reconstruction advanced and conditions rapidly getting back to normal, the flow of immigration has started in heavily and it is believed that the end of the current fiscal year the influx will approximate 150,000 if not 200,000. The immigrants come from various sources but largely from the Old Country and the United States.

The prevailing restrictions operate to keep out of the continental and they also limit the number coming from any source. There are few but farmers, farm laborers and domestic who are allowed in and considering this fact the showing is considered favorable. 95,000 entered the Dominion in the first half of 1920, this being an increase of 38 per cent. Roughly 52,000 were British, 30,000 Americans and 11,000 from other countries.

No Embargo Lifting

As present industrial conditions are rather unstable and it is not desired to add to the floating population of their cities the immigration only of these willing to go on the land or to enter domestic service. Every one coming in is no immediate prospect of lifting the embargo on nations of Germany, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, but a lot of Poles are coming in and being subjected to close checking up.

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Louis Siza, the besieged man, is a well-known character of the district. Like many inhabitants of the Swiss-French frontier, he is a trader, tradesman, guide, smuggler and farmer. As well, he was renowned as a poacher and for that had served terms of imprisonment at Saint-Julien-en-Genevois.

Immediately after his release from his last prison term he was caught again poaching, but turned a gun on the greatest military force the League has at its disposal. Yet we have seen Poland overrun by those latest missionaries of peace, the Bolsheviks, and left to her own resources. Poland owes her freedom today not to the League of Nations, but to her own valor. If this situation applies to Poland, within a few hours of the greatest military resources of the League, how much more does it apply to us in our geographical and political isolation."

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## EXPECT 200,000 NEWCOMERS IN DURING YEAR

Fifty-Two Thousand Have Come from British Isles in Last Six Months.

Special to The Standard.

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## POLAND PLANS TO PUT SOLDIERS ON THE LAND

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Warsaw, Nov. 10.—An elaborate program for demobilizing Polish soldiers to the land has been devised by the ministers and was submitted yesterday to the Polish Diet. Land holdings are limited to forty-five acres. The wounded and especially distinguished volunteers have first choice.

Poland contemplates the land-owning soldier along the eastern frontier where they fought, establishing an army of industry and productivity where the war raged. The government will provide special credits for live stock for the soldier-farmers.

The primary aim is to discourage concentration in the cities, a tendency already noted. Ownership of the land is based absolutely on occupancy, the land not being negotiable for twenty-five years.

One of the restrictions imposed, it is considered was here to invite the coming of thousands unskilled for the land and likely to meet unemployment elsewhere.

MAILED CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 17th December, 1920, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, 12 times per week, on the route Pleasant Point and C. P. Railway Station, from the 1st April next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank form of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Pleasant Point and Fairville, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, N. B., November 5th, 1920.

H. W. WOODS, Post Office Inspector.

THE ROBERT REFORM CO., LTD.

240 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

GRAND MANAN S. S. CO.

Steamer leaves Grand Manan Mondays, 7.30 a. m. for St. John via Campbellton and Esquimaux returning leaves St. John Wednesdays 7.30 a. m. for Grand Manan, via the same ports. Thursdays leave Grand Manan 7.30 a. m. for St. John, via Esquimaux and Campbellton, returning same day. Saturdays, leave Grand Manan 7.30 a. m. for St. John, via Esquimaux and Campbellton, returning same day. P. O. Box 387, St. John, N. B.

TIME TABLE

The Maritime Steamship Co. Limited.

Commencing June 7th, 1920, a steamer of this line leaves St. John Tuesday at 7.30 a. m. for Black's Harbor, calling at Dipper Harbor and Beaver Harbor.

Leaves Black's Harbor Wednesday, two hours of high water for St. Andrews, calling at Lord's Cove, Richardson, Back Bay and L'Etete.

Leaves St. Andrews Thursday, calling at St. George, L'Etete, or Back Bay and Black's Harbor.

Leaves Black's Harbor Friday for Dipper Harbor, calling at Beaver Harbor and Esquimaux.

Leaves Dipper Harbor at 8.30 a. m. on Friday. Freight received Mondays 7 a. m. to 5 p. m.; St. George freight up till 12 noon.

Agents, the Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Co. Ltd.

LEWIS CONNORS, Manager.

Phone Main 2521.

## MARINE NEWS

High Tide. Low Tide. AM. P.M. AM. P.M.

Thursday 11.53 12.23 8.40 8.50

Friday 12.24 12.54 8.40 8.50

Saturday 1.46 1.54 7.57 8.23

Sunday 2.36 2.56 8.36 8.03

PORT OF ST. JOHN

Thursday, Nov. 11. Arrived Wednesday

Coastwise: Gas sch. Adilia, of Tupper, Little Bass River.

Cleared Wednesday

Coastwise: St. Glenholme, 125, Blonkhora, Spencer's Island; air. Conora Bros, 64, Warnock, Beaver Harbor; gas sch. Adilia, 57, Tupper; Canning; str. Empress, 612, McDonald, Digby.

CUNARD

ANCHOR

ANCHOR DONALDSON

MONTREAL-GLASGOW

Nov. 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, Dec. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, Dec. 31.

PORTLAND-GLASGOW

Dec. 9, (Christmas Sailing) Saturday Dec. 30, Feb. 18, Mar. 30, Cassandra Jan. 18, Mar. 11, Apr. 30, Saturday N. Y. GLASGOW (via Seattle) Nov. 1