

type, but to our disappointment it is crowded out of our columns this week: we purpose inserting it in our next.

QUEBEC CHARITABLE FIRE WOOD SOCIETY.—An abstract of the report of this institution was prepared for this number, for which we regret we do not find room this day; it will follow in our next.

We have to request that those of our Town Subscribers who change their residences at this season will be so kind as to give notice with very distinct directions at the Publisher's, in order to secure the punctual delivery of the paper after their removal.

TITLE PAGE AND INDEX for our first volume are ready for delivery to those Subscribers who have taken it from the first number; but as our Publisher's messengers would not be able to distinguish, we have to request our friends entitled to them to apply at Mr. STANLEY'S and they will be supplied. His Office is about to be removed to No. 4, St. Ann Street, the house lately occupied by Mr. A. Hadden.

PAYMENTS received on account of the BEREAN since last publication.—From Captain Robinson, Royal Rifles, from No. 57 to 82; Captain Forester, 53 to 104; Messrs. Green, 53 to 104; H. N. Jones, 53 to 104; H. W. Welch, 53 to 104; D. Burnet, 53 to 104; John Hummel, 53 to 104; Mrs. Young, 1 to 52; Miss C. Handley, 42 to 93. We cannot furnish No. 41 without breaking a volume complete from No. 1, of which we have but few remaining now.

Political and Local Intelligence.

LATER FROM EUROPE.—The English Mail of the 4th of April arrived here on Saturday last, via Montreal and Boston, being the first brought in under the new arrangement. It furnishes us with Liverpool dates seven days later than those brought by the Great Western. The steamer was detained thirty hours by Government, for the purpose of bringing out despatches for the British Ambassador at Washington. The Oregon question was brought forward in Parliament on the 4th of April by Lord John Russell in an able speech, in which he adverted to that part of the inaugural address of the American President, (Polk) which declares "the American claim to Oregon to be clear and unquestioned; and his determination, by all constitutional means, to assert and maintain it." The noble Lord entered into details to prove the superior title of Great Britain to the Territory in question, and concluded by expressing his conviction that the Government would not yield their just rights to what he could not but call a blustering announcement of the President of the United States, and "that in all their proceedings, they would duly consult the interests of the country and the honour of the Crown." Sir R. Peel in reply took occasion to speak of the attempts which had been made from time to time to settle this question by negotiation; it was still under negotiation. He deeply regretted that, "while negotiations were pending, the American President should, in a public address, contrary to all usage, refer in the manner he has done, to a point in dispute. He still hoped to effect an amicable settlement of the subject in dispute, but should our hopes be disappointed, we too have unquestioned rights and are resolved and prepared to maintain them." This declaration was received with loud and long continued cheering.

The increased vote to MAYNOOTH COLLEGE produced an interesting discussion on 3d April. More than a hundred petitions were presented against it. The motion for leave to bring in a bill was eventually carried by a majority of 102: it provides an annual sum of £26,360, to meet the expenses of the college; and an additional sum of £30,000 is to be granted this year for the enlargement and improvement of the buildings.

It is said to be the intention of Her Majesty and the Prince Albert to visit Ireland in July, and that Parliament will be prorogued to enable her ministers to accompany Her Majesty. The Royal Party lately visited the Isle of Wight.

Repeat agitation still continues in Ireland, but in a moderate degree. It was reported to be the intention of Mr. O'Connell to revive the "monster meetings."

COMMERCIAL MATTERS show no change of consequence. The debate on the Oregon question caused somewhat of a decline in the funds. The state of trade in the manufacturing districts is satisfactory. The demand for iron was unabated and prices fully maintained. For Canada Pot and Pearl Ashes there had been more demand; two or three hundred barrels of the former had been sold at former rates, and Pearls, in small parcels, reached 26s. per cwt. The Corn trade was very dull and no transactions were reported. The demand for Pine Timber was good and stocks decreasing. Quebec Oak of inferior quality had been sold at auction at 1s. 6d. per foot. Birch is quoted at 1s. 6d. to 1s. 7d. per foot; Masts and Spars, calliper 14d. to 15d.; Deals, 1st quality, £13. 10s. 2d. do. £11. to £12. 7s. 6d.; Staves dull at £60 per M. for standard, and £18. 18s. for W. O. Pencilion.

FRANCE.—Much speculation is going on in this country, also, in railways, and the Government are endeavouring in a measure to check this gambling spirit. A convention has been agreed upon with the Em-

peror of Morocco, who has yielded nearly all which the French commissioner required. A portion of the French press indulges a hostile tone towards England.

SPAIN and PORTUGAL present nothing worthy of notice; but SWITZERLAND is still agitated by the dispute concerning the Jesuits, and fears are entertained lest this exciting question may lead to very unpleasant results. The extraordinary Diet adjourned without effecting an amicable settlement of affairs.

DR. WOLFF.—It will be a matter of congratulation to the personal friends of this intrepid traveller as well as to all who sympathized with him in the danger he voluntarily incurred for the purpose of performing a Christian duty, to learn that he arrived in safety at Malta on the 25th March, and expected to leave for England the next day.

THE FLEET PRISON has been purchased by the Corporation of London, and is to be demolished.

THE PORTLAND VASE which was lately almost destroyed by one of the visitors in the British Museum has been ingeniously repaired and will again be exhibited.

YORK CATHEDRAL.—The portion of this venerable building which was damaged by fire in 1830, has been restored at a cost of £90,000. A monster bell has been cast for it, weighing 16 tons, and requiring 12 men to ring it.

THAMES TUNNEL.—A fancy fair and bazaar was held in this novel situation, which continued for a fortnight.

DEADNDS.—In the House of Lords, on Monday the 24th of February, Lord Campbell moved the first reading of the bill to abolish deadlands. He explained the anomalies of the present law. The maxim of the law is, "Omne movens ad mortem Deo dandum est." all chattel goods causing death are to be forfeited to the Crown; not by way of punishment, because in case of culpability the death becomes an affair of murder or manslaughter, and the law of deadlands does not apply. The application of the forfeiture is most absurd. If the cause of death be a sword used by one man and taken from another without his leave, it is forfeited. If a man fall from a horse, the horse is forfeited; if he were to fall from the horse into a mill-course and be killed by the water-wheel, both wheel and horse would be forfeit. If a man climb up a wagon and fall, the wheel will be forfeit; if the wagon be moving, wagon, horses, and all go; if it be a stage-coach, coach, horses, and passengers' luggage! If a man fall from a ship in salt water, there is no deadland; if in fresh water, the ship, its furniture, and cargo are deadlands. But nothing fixed to the freehold—a door, for instance—would be deadland. By the old English law the chattel was to be sold, and all the money was to be spent in masses for the soul of the deceased. While the law has been abolished in the Roman Catholic countries of Europe, it is retained in this Protestant country! The bill was read the first time.

CRIME AND PUNISHMENT.—A remarkable instance of promptness in discovering and following up to punishment the perpetrator of crime, has lately been given in England. It also shows in a striking manner the rapidity with which those who commence to tread the downward path of sin are hurried on to the commission of atrocities at which, formerly, they would have revolted with abhorrence; and therefore claims the serious consideration of all. A woman named Sarah Hart was poisoned in the vicinity of Aylesbury, Bucks, on the night of the 1st January last. A man named John Tawell, of respectable connections, and once a member of the Society of Friends, had seduced her some years back, and two children were the consequence of their intercourse. He continued to support her up to the time of the murder, but being afraid that his connection with her would come to the ears of his wife, a young and highly respectable person whom he had lately married, he resolved to put an end to her existence. The circumstances of the discovery and capture are striking: a neighbour of the woman who was the unfortunate victim happens to go into her cottage and finds her in the agonies of death; the alarm is immediately given and an inquiry is commenced: Tawell, whose intercourse with the woman is known, was seen coming out of her cottage a short time before the discovery is made; it is ascertained that he has left for London by the cars. Through the agency of the Electric Telegraph on the Great Western railway, the necessary information is immediately conveyed to London, so that on Tawell's arrival there, he is at once arrested. The purchase of prussic acid and a host of other suspicious circumstances, which were fully proved against him, so fully convinced the jury that, after a trial which lasted three days, and in which money and legal talent were lavished in his defence, they returned a verdict of guilty. The wretched man suffered the extreme penalty of the law at Aylesbury on the 28th March, having previously made a confession of his guilt. "Though hand join in hand, the wicked shall not go unpunished."

TEN NEWFOUNDLAND DOGS have been imported into Paris for the purpose of watching the banks of the Seine, and experienced trainers are employed in teaching these magnificent animals to draw from the water stuffed figures of men and children. The rapidity with which they cross and recross the river, and come and go at the voice of their trainers, is truly marvellous. It is hoped that these fine dogs, for whom handsome kennels have been erected on the bridges across the Seine, will render great service to the cause of humanity.

ARMY.—60th Pl. Lt and Capt Hon F. J. R. Villiers, in Coldstream Regt. of Ft. Grds, to be Capt. v Wood, who exch. Lt. D. D. Muter, 5th 89th Pl. to be 1st Lt. v Saunders, who exch. 2nd Lt. G. B. Jennings to be 1st Lt. by pur. v Briveters, who ret.; A. O. Groville, Gent to be 2nd Lt. by pur. v Jennings.—59th. Lt. H. Saunders, Lt. by pur. v Muter who exch. Sir F. M. 60th Pl. to be Lt. v Muter who exch. Sir R. Jackson, the commander of the forces; it is said, will shortly return to England and will be succeeded by Lieut. Gen. the Earl of Cathcart.

MEXICO AND THE UNITED STATES.—The American Minister at Mexico has been officially informed that, in consequence of the resolutions of the American Congress in favour of the annexation of Texas, all diplomatic relations between the two Governments are now at an end. It is reported that Mexico has made overtures to Texas promising to acknowledge her independence if she would refuse to become a member of the American Union.

THE BOWEN THEATRE in New York was burnt to the ground on the 25th ultimo, being the fourth time this has happened. Nothing was saved: loss about £20,000 and no insurance, as all the Insurance Companies declined the risk.

EASTERN PROVINCES.—On the 14th of April the Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia, Lord Falkland, prorogued the Provincial Legislature with the usual state. His Lordship's speech upon the occasion is short but pertinent, and contrasts favourably with the long and prosy documents which are often put forth upon similar occasions in the neighbouring republic. The sum of £1840 has been voted by the Nova Scotia Legislature, during the past session, in aid of communication by steamers between different parts: of which £500 are towards the establishment of a line between Pictou and Quebec.

NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH.—His Lordship Bishop Phelan, returned public thanks from the pulpit last Sunday to the Protestant people of Bytown, for their christian liberality. We publish herewith a list of Protestant subscribers, with the amounts subscribed. It will be perceived that the amount exceeds £86; and this is independent of a former subscription by Protestants.—Packet.

DRAWBACK BILL.—A circular has been addressed by the Deputy Inspector General to the different Collectors of H. M. Customs, notifying them that all British goods entering Canada through the United States under this new regulation, must be considered as foreign goods and will be liable to the duty payable upon such.

FOUNDINGS.—The Commissioners "for the relief of the Insane and Foundlings" in this district, have been officially notified by the Governor General, that "His Excellency in Council, having taken into consideration the grants heretofore made for the support of foundlings in the district of Quebec, conceives that this should no longer be a burden upon the public, and therefore he is not prepared to recommend to the Provincial Parliament any future appropriation for this purpose beyond that for which the Province is now pledged." In consequence the Commissioners give public notice that no more foundlings will be received at the depot of the Hotel Dieu, and that the necessary precautions will be taken to prevent any infraction of this regulation.

This measure entitles the Governor General to the thanks of the community, not so much on the score of economy as of morality, since there is little doubt that such grants only prove an encouragement to vice.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—The Annual Exhibition took place on Tuesday evening, in the old House of Assembly room, Parliament Buildings, and was attended by a numerous and respectable assemblage of the citizens, including many of the younger branches of families. The walls of the room were ornamented by a number of oil paintings, engravings, &c. some of which are the work of Canadian artists, while the others were lent by their owners for the occasion: on a long table were placed specimens of the ingenuity and skill of the mechanics of Quebec, of which we regretted to see so few produced. Among these a miniature model of a high-pressure steam engine and another of a turning lathe, both made by Mr. James Collins, a shoemaker of this city, excited much admiration from the neatness of the workmanship, indicating the ingenuity of the maker. At eight o'clock the chair was taken by His Worship the Mayor, supported on either side by the Vice Presidents of the Institute, Messrs. Geggie and Paterson. The President, the Honble. John Neilson, was prevented from attending by indisposition. His Worship commenced the proceedings of the evening by some remarks in the French language, in which he alluded to the pleasure he felt in presiding at an assemblage of this character, and expatiated on the benefits conferred on society by such institutions as have for their object the diffusion of useful knowledge. Addresses were then delivered by the following gentlemen:—

By Mr. Ruthven, on the advantages which the Institute offers to artisans and the public; by Mr. Geggie, on spontaneous combustion, especially in human bodies, illustrated by experiments; by Mr. Henning, on the benefit of Mechanics' Institutes. Mr. Paterson, a deaf mute, gave a very interesting display of his talent by illustrating, in the language of signs, the different passions of fear, revenge, despair, &c. &c. The intervals between the addresses were enlivened by the music of the band of the 60th Royal Rifles, which was stationed in the gallery. The proceedings were closed by the exhibition of a very excellent magic lantern, which seemed to be received with more favour than any thing else, and caused much merriment among the younger portion of the audience.

BAZAAR.—The Eighteenth Annual Bazaar in aid of the funds of the Female Protestant Orphan Asylum was held on Thursday and Friday of last week at the National School House. The display of articles of taste and of a useful character which the exertions of many friends had furnished in support of this benevolent institution was varied, and afforded abundant opportunity to those disposed to contribute in this manner to the funds of the charity. The proceeds of the sale were £312. The band of the 43rd Regiment attended on the second day, and the visitors were very numerous.

NAVIGATION.—The Lord Sydenham arrived in port on Friday afternoon, being the first steamer direct from Montreal. The Queen came in on Sunday, and the North America on Monday; all heavily laden with freight, the latter having a deeply laden barge in tow. Our summer communications being now res-

ored, the arrival of a vessel from sea is only needed to give activity and life to the business part of the town. The weather continues cold and unsettled: on Saturday there was another snow storm, since that rain.

WELLAND CANAL.—The new and enlarged locks are to be opened this day; the water was let into the feeders on the 16th ulto.

EARTHQUAKE.—Capt. Armstrong of the Queen reports that a smart shock was felt at Montreal on Tuesday afternoon about 5 o'clock, which extended to Sorel. It excited much alarm, but providentially no damage was done. Several persons in Quebec felt a trembling about the same hour, which leaves no doubt that it also extended to this neighbourhood.

PASSENGERS. In the Steamship Caledonia, from Liverpool to Boston—Hon. Geo. Pemberton, Mr. and Mrs. Kimber, Mr. Glover, and Mr. Nelson of Quebec; Captain Brook Taylor, Mil. Secy, to the Commander of the Forces, Sir G. and Lady Simpson, 3 children and servants, Major Denry, Miss Ogden.

PORT OF QUEBEC. ARRIVED. Ship Great Britain, Swinburn, London 13th March, general cargo, P. McGill & Co. CLEARED. April 28th. Bark Junior, London, Atkinson & Co.

MARITIME EXTRACTS. The Light ship was launched from the Patent Slip, at Pointe Levy, on Saturday morning last, and was towed to the Queen's Wharf, where she took in her stores and proceeded to her station in the Traverse on Tuesday. The Schooner Gazette arrived here on Sunday, from Portneuf with a cargo of Staves, spars, &c. saved from one of the wrecks. The hull of the Steamer Charlevoix, wrecked last fall, has been towed into port. Most of the cabin furniture is saved. The steamer Pocahontas came up yesterday about noon from the Saguenay and reported the ship Great Britain below off Crane Island. The steamer N. America went down for her soon after, and returned with her during the night.

BIRTH. On Friday last, Mrs. F. R. Gray, of a son.

MARRIED. On the 26th instant by the Revd. Mr. Clugston, Mr. Thomas Hunter, of Quebec, to Mary Jane, eldest daughter of Robt. Warren Kelly, Esq., district of Gaspe.

At Toronto, on Monday the 14th instant, at the Cathedral Church of St. James, by the Lord Bishop of Toronto, Robert Stanton, Esquire, Collector of Customs at Toronto, to Anna Louisa Newbigging, niece of the Hon. Mr. Justice Haegerman.

DIED. On Thursday last, Susan, daughter of Mr. Robert Cairns. At the Isle of Wight, on the 4th of March last, Mrs. Dames, wife of Captain G. L. Dames, 66th Regt. and daughter of the late Wm. Kemble, Esq. of this city. On Tuesday, very suddenly, at Sorel, Mr. Wm. Bethel, of this city; (late of Valcartier,) aged 47 years.

QUEBEC MARKETS. Corrected by the Clerks of the Markets up to Tuesday, 29th April, 1845. Table with columns for s, d, and items like Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Pork, Bacon, Fowls, Ducks, Turkeys, Butter, Eggs, Geese, Lard, Potatoes, Maple Sugar, Peas, Flour, Do. per quintal, Oats, Hay, Straw, Fire-wood, Cheese, Pot Ashes, Peral.

NOTICE. THE undersigned having entered into partnership, will from and after the first of May next, carry on business in this City under the firm of WELCH & DAVIES. HENRY W. WELCH. W. H. A. DAVIES. Arthur Street, Quebec, 25th April, 1845.

AUCTION. IN BANKRUPTCY. TO WOOL MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS. WILL be sold by Auction, on FRIDAY, 2nd MAY next, at TWO o'clock, P. M., at the BEAUFORT WOOL FACTORY, the whole of the valuable Machinery, &c., at present in use, comprising Pickers, Cording Machines, Bitters, Spinning Jennies, Looms Raising and Shearing Machines, Pulling Apparatus, Turning Lathes, Stoves, Press Slove, with warming plates, &c., a quantity of Press Paper, Large Boilers or drying Vats, &c. &c. &c.

For further particulars apply at the Factory, to MESSRS. H. LE MESURIER, JNO. BONNER and HENRY W. WELCH, Assignees, or to DUPONT & CO., Auctioneers. The Factory is within 2 1/2 miles of Quebec. To be inserted in Quebec Gazette, Canadian, Montreal Herald, and Sherbrooke Gazette, once per week until day of Sale. Quebec, 21st March, 1845.

MISS EVANS begs to inform her friends and the public, that she purposes opening a FRENCH and ENGLISH SEMINARY at No. 1 Des Grands Streets, COPE, on MONDAY, 5th MAY next. Reference can be given to most respectable families in this city, where she has instructed as visiting Governess for some years past. For terms (which are moderate) apply at the School. An early application is requested; as the number of pupils will be limited.—Particular attention will be paid to Biblical instruction. Quebec, 15th April, 1845.

M. KELLY, CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, &c. St. John Street, St. John Suburbs, QUEBEC. All Orders given to M. K. will be thankfully received and punctually attended to. Furniture neatly repaired. French Polishing and Varnishing done in the best style. Funerals Furnished at the shortest notice. April 16, 1845.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS. CANADA Rose Nails from 8 to 28 lbs. Die deck spikes " 3 1/2 to 9 Inches. Anchors, Chain Cables, Chain Hooks, Hawse pipes. Ship Scrapers. Iron, Cordage, &c. THOMAS FROSTE, & Co. Quebec, 12th April, 1845.

CHEAPEST CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT In the Canadas.

C. T. BROWN, MERCHANT TAILOR, begs to call the attention of his customers and the public to his extensive Stock of well made up CLOTHES, to suit the Working Man and the Gentleman, at fully a third below the usual prices. Also, Clothes made to measure at the same low charge, and warranted to fit or no sale. Quebec, 3d April, 1845.

CLOTHES, CLOTHES. BOY'S CLOTHING MADE TO MEASURE, warranted of the best materials, and a first-rate cut.—No fit, no sale—and at prices as low as made up slop clothes can be bought. Always on hand an extensive assortment of WELL MADE UP CLOTHES AT C. T. BROWN'S, Merchant Tailor, Basile Street. Quebec, 3d April, 1845.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET. THE House lately occupied by the Subscriber, on the St. Foy Road, 1 1/2 mile from town, with Dairy, Ice House, Stable, &c., an excellent Well in the cellar with lead pump—can have some pasturage attached, if required, and immediate possession. Apply to J. W. LEAYCRAFT. Quebec, 7th April, 1845.

TO LET. THREE OFFICES on Arthur Street opposite the Exchange. Apply to CHRISTIAN WURTELE, St. Paul's Street. 11th Feby. 1845.

FOR SALE, A SMALL two story Stone House with Out Houses, Garden, and an excellent Well of Water, well adapted for a small family. Apply on the premises, 9 D'Artigny Street St. Louis Heights. Quebec, 5th March, 1845.

QUEBEC HIGH SCHOOL. REVD. E. J. SENKLER, A. M. Of the University of Cambridge, B. E. T. O. R. CLASSICS, MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL PHILOSOPHY } REVD. E. J. SENKLER CLASSICS..... W. S. SMITH. ENGLISH..... LEWIS SLEEPER. ARITHMETIC..... DANIEL WILKIE. FRENCH AND DRAWING..... H. D. THIELCKE. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT..... REVEREND J. MCMORINE. DIRECTORS. REVD. DR. COOK. REVD. G. MACKIE. REVD. J. CLUGSTON. ANDREW PATERSON, Esq. JAMES DEAN, Esq. JOHN BONNER, Esq. JAS. GIBB, Esq. W. S. SEWELL, Esq. REVD. D. WILKIE, LL. D. JOHN THOMSON, Esq. NOAH FREER, Esq. ROBERT SHAW, Esq. H. GOWEN, Esq. HON. F. W. PRIMROSE, JOHN MCLEOD, Esq. Secretary, JAMES DEAN, Esq. Treasurer, JOHN THOMSON, Esq. Charges for boys under 10 years of age: £10, above 10 years of age, £12 10 per annum,—payable quarterly, in advance. French and Drawing, a separate charge. Hours from 9 to 12, and from 1 to 3. PREPARATORY DEPART.—Terms, £7 10s. per an. The branches taught in this department will be English Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, and the elements of the French Language. The moral, as well as intellectual, training of the pupils, and their religious instruction will be special objects of the Teacher. High School, 22d January, 1845.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES. THE subscriber acquaints his friends and the public that he has lately received a large assortment of India Rubber Shoes, which he will dispose of on as moderate terms as any other house in the trade. MATTHEW HAMMOND, No. 53, St. John Street. Quebec, 10th Sept. 1844.