Miscellaneous.

His Trying Experience.

An Episcopalian clergyman, now dead, used to relate an experience he once had, which convulsed his congregation with laughter, and nearly broke up his services for the day. He was the rector of a church in Connecticut.

One day as the time for the annual visitation of the bishop was approaching, and he was preparing a class for confirmation, he was sent for to visit a woman who desired to talk with him on the subject of baptism.

The woman, who was very stout, weighing somewhere in the neighborhood of 300 pounds, informed him that she had long been attracted toward the Episcopal church, but had refrained from uniting with it because she had strong convictions in regard to baptism, and felt that she ought to be immersed.

The minister told her that, although the church believed pouring or sprinkling to be valid baptism, it did not prohibit immersing, though as it was a somewhat inconvenient method, it was not often used.

Then he tried to convince her that the usual method of the church had been recognized from the time of the apostles as valid, and tried to induce her to conform to it.

But she would not be convinced. She desired to be baptized, but only by immersion. The minister pointed out the difficulties in the way, saying that he had no font in the church large enough for such a purpose, and that there was no river or beach in the vicinity.

In reply she suggested that he obtain permission to use the Baptish church, which had a large baptistry under the pulpit platform.

This he consented to do, though with much misgiving. The consent of the Baptist brethren was readily obtained.

The next Sunday Episcopal services were held in the Baptist church. At the proper time in the service the candidate for baptism went forward, and, with the minister, went down into the baptistry.

All went well until it came time for the immersion. Then the minister for the first time realized his inexperience in administering that form of baptism.

When he attempted to immerse the woman his foot slipped and they both went under the water together.

He hastily scrambled to his feet, but to his consternation and horror, found when he attempted to raise the woman that she could not be moved. There she lay like so many pounds of lead floundering in the water and screaming for dear life. In vain he tugged and pulled. She could not be even started.

Finally several men in the congregation went to the assistance of the minister, and by their united efforts succeeded in bringing the frightened woman to her feet. The men were wet to the skin, having been obliged to go into the baptistry.

The congregation struggled with its pent-up laughter, but finally it burst forth in a roar which could not be suppressed. The services were continued with great difficulty, and the minister drew a long breath of relief when they were ended. But he declared that he would never again immerse another woman.

Steam as a Means of Defence Against Train Robbers.

A simple and effective method of repelling train robbers by discharging jets of steam upon the attacking party has recently been patented by William H. Reeve, an old tugboatman of New York. The inventor has enlarged upon the plan long followed by railroad companies of attaching a steam jet to locomotives to scare cows and other animals from the track. The patent provides for running steam pipes along the boiler, one on either side from the cab forward. The ends of the pipes are supplied with small nozzles so formed that jets of steam may be projected through them a distance of 50 or 60 feet. It is claimed that these would prevent any person from approaching nearer than this distance. Similar pipes could be run to the rear of the train and be supplied with nozzles, rendering it impossible for any one to reach the rear platform. Other pipes could be arranged at the car doors, while by the use of flexible pipes or hose the steam could be carried and discharged from the windows at will. These pipes need not be so large as to be unsightly or inconvenient in any way.

A further use of steam as a means of defence, the inventor claims, would be in protecting banks against thieves. Since banks are usually heated with steam, the attachment could readily be made. Small jets of steam might be so arranged at the windows of the tellers that they could be projected into the faces of the robbers. These jets might be operated by hidden levers or by electrical attachments.

A more ambitious plan, however, is to utilize steam in the defence of forts, armories or arsenals. Powerful jets of steam could be discharged at doors and windows of arsenals. Forts could be protected in a similar manner, and as long as the supply of steam held out, the inventor claims, they could not possibly be carried by assault.

My Daughter's Cure.

Mrs. George L. Hicks, 76 McGill St., Toronto, Ont., writes: "It is with pleasure that I testify to the wonderful merits of K. D. C. My daughter has suffered severely at intervals for the past two years and was steadily getting worse. She tried three of the best doctors in the city, but obtained no relief, also every remedy that friends would recommend with the same results and continued to grow worse all the time. She was recommended by a friend to try K.D.C. and sent for a sample package. Before taking all of the sample the symptoms of dyspepsia were gone, and though she has since taken only one $1 package the symptoms have not returned. She has also gained considerable in weight, and her friends are surprised at the change in her appearance. If any person in Toronto suffering from the same disease would like to call on me, I could tell them more fully what K. D. C. has done for my daughter."

—It takes a rich man to draw a check, a pretty girl to draw attention, a horse to draw a cart, a porous plaster to draw the skin, a toper to draw a cork, a free lunch to draw a crowd, and an advertisement in a newspaper to draw trade.

A Good Appetite

Always accompanies good health, and an absence of appetite is an indication of something wrong. The universal testimony given by those who have used Hood's Sarsaparilla, as to its merits in restoring the appetite, and as a purifier of the blood, constitutes the strongest recommendation, that can be urged for any medicine.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, billiousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c.

—Of the 12,000 miles of street railway in the United States and Canada, about 7,200 miles are operated by electricity.

—The season when catarrh is most troublesome is now upon us. This irritating and troublesome disease yields at once to the marvellous power of Hawker's catarrh cure, which will effect a complete cure in even the most obstinate cases.

—The capital letter "Q" will be found but twice in the Old Testament and three times in the new.

—If faithfully used, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will remove scrofula in whatever form it exists.

—For Croupy Children — MINARD'S HONEY BALSAM.

Agricultural.

Dread Tuberculosis.

STEPS THAT SHOULD BE TAKEN TO STAMP OUT THE DISEASE.

Is it possible to stamp out tuberculosis among cattle? The Department of Agriculture is about to issue a bulletin giving some advice on the subject. Small hope is held out of eradicating the disease entirely, because of its wide prevalence among other domesticated animals, such as dogs, cats, horses, goats and above all, its prevalence among human beings.

There is no doubt that consumption—i.e., tuberculosis of the lungs—is communicated to human beings largely from infected cattle. The same complaint attacks various other parts of the human body, too often derived from the milk of sick cows. Milk, indeed, is a most frequent source of mischief of this nature. It has been calculated that 100,000 people in the United States die of consumption every year, and that 1,000,000 human beings in Europe are killed by it annually.

If any other kind of epidemic destroyed one-tenth as many individuals for a single season, nations would be terror stricken; but tuberculosis has come to be regarded as one of the ills to which flesh is necessarily heir, and, therefore, not to be seriously considered. It is so widespread among cattle in every part of the world that it is not practicable to kill all the animals affected, though this is being attempted gradually in Denmark. It is not as if the complaint existed among cattle only. If they were free from it they would be exposed constantly to infection from other domesticated animals and from man.

Cows in an advanced stage of tuberculosis are actively engaged in propagating tubercle bacilli and in shedding them. It is recommended that owners of cattle should pay special attention to the condition of udders. Any cow whose udders are found to swell gradually without any indication of inflammation, becoming very firm without showing at first any alteration in the appearance of the milk should be put aside and the milk rejected until a medical diagnosis has been made.

The diagnosis is made very easily by an injection of Koch's lymph, which is now on the market. Though it has not proved itself a cure for tuberculosis, except in early stages of the diseased, it is most valuable for a test. That is to say, a single injection of it will demonstrate the presence of tuberculosis in a human being or any animal affected. If a rise in temperature follows the injection in the case of a cow, the beast should be promptly killed. Supposing that the temperature does not rise, it is satisfactory proof that the animal is all right. It must be admitted, nevertheless, that the test is not absolutely infallible.

The eminent bacteriologist, Nocard, recommends that all cattle which show a rise of temperature after the injection shall be quarantined from the rest of the herd. The healthy animals should be placed in disinfected stables, new ones being admitted only after they have successfully passed the lymph test. All the infected animals which are in good condition should be promptly fattened for slaughter. Nocard, in common with other European authorities on this subject, believes that a taint of the disease will not render the meat dangerous to the consumer.

The Bureau of Animal Industry during the last six months has distributed as much of the lymph as would cost $3,500 at the rate charged for the Koch product. It is exactly the same thing, Koch having published his formula for making it. If unable to avail himself of the lymph test, the stock owner should promptly remove from his herd and destroy all animals which show emaciation with coughing and suspicious discharges from the nose. He should treat in the same way animals with enlarged glands about the head—in front of the ears, under and behind the lower jaw—or enlarged glands in front of the shoulder, in the flank and behind the udder should be promptly slaughtered.

It should be remembered that diseased animals are the only breeding places of the germs. After they have been removed attention should be paid first of all to the stables. Here during the long confinement in the winter one may look for the condition requisite for rapid infection. The stables should be carefully cleaned and washed with disinfectants. A good recipe is one ounce of corrosive sublimate in 8 gallons of water. The water should be kept in wooden tubs or barrels and the sublimate added to it. The whole must be allowed to stand for twenty-four hours. It may be applied with a broom or mop freely in all parts of the stable.

Whitewash is not in itself of sufficient strength to destroy tubercle bacilli, but by imprisoning and incrusting them on the walls of the stable they are made harmless until destroyed by prolonged drying. Thorough cleaning should precede whitewashing. All dust and cobwebs should be periodically washed down. Manure ought to be promptly removed, and ventilation should be perfect. Good air has the effect of diluting infected air, thereby reducing the chance of inhaling dried, floating tubercle bacilli.

Cattle should not be placed so that their heads are close together. Each animal should have at least 600 cubic feet of air space, and should occupy the same place in the stable at all times. These precautions will prevent the discharges of one animal from coming into contact with another, or with the feed of the latter. Cattle should have as little house and as much pasture as possible. Stables, furthermore, should be carefully protected from the expectorations of human beings troubled with consumption of the lungs.

—When the stock is on dry feed alone a warm wet mash of bran, oil meal and either corn meal or ground oats will be found very beneficial if given once a week.

—Careful feeders acknowledge that three months is almost the extreme limit that corn can be fed exclusively to hogs with profit on account of the risks of disease.

—The more comfortable your barns the less feeding required.

—Never keep sheep confined when the weather will allow of their running out.

Hard on the Milkman.

A "telltale" milk jug has been devised in England. It is a glass measure, graduated at every quarter pint. Below the pint and half pint marks three lines are etched showing the thickness of cream which should appear in milk of average quality, in good, and in very good milk, thus measuring both quantity and quality.

Catarrh relieved in 10 to 60 minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the blower, supplied with each bottle of Dana's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. 60 cents.

—A first class barbette ship, the largest and designed to be the most magnificent British battleship afloat, was launched at Chatam last week. The length of the ship is 420 feet and her displacement 15,000 tons. The cost of her hull was £627,500.

—For Spasmodic Coughs—MINARDS' HONEY BALSAM.

What fills the housewife with delight,
And makes her biscuit crisp and light,
Her bread so tempt the appetite?
COTTOLENE

What is it makes her pastry such
A treat, her husband eats so much,
Though pies he never used to touch?
COTTOLENE

What is it shortens cake so nice,
Better than lard, while less in price,
And does the cooking in a trice?
COTTOLENE

What is it that fries oysters, fish,
Croquettes, or eggs, or such like dish,
As nice and quickly as you'd wish?
COTTOLENE

What is it saves the time and care
And patience of our women fair,
And helps them make their cake so rare?
COTTOLENE

Who is it earns the gratitude
Of every lover of pure food
By making "COTTOLENE" so good?

Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
Wellington and Ann Streets,
MONTREAL.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime,
—FOR—
Preserving Cider.

One package will keep contents of one Cask sweet all Winter.

FOR SALE AT
MEDICAL HALL,
BRIDGETOWN.

DEARBORN & CO.'S
Absolutely Pure
SPICES,
HERBS,
EXTRACTS.
USE THEM IF YOU WANT THE BEST.

Whole Pineapples in Syrup.

INDIA CHUTNEY PICKLES.
An Unequalled Relish.

DEARBORN & CO.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Weak Women
and all mothers who are nursing babies derive great benefit from Scott's Emulsion. This preparation serves two purposes. It gives vital strength to mothers and also enriches their milk and thus makes their babies thrive.

Scott's Emulsion
is a constructive food that promotes the making of healthy tissue and bone. It is a wonderful remedy for Emaciation, General Debility, Throat and Lung Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Anaemia, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases of Children.
Send for Pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

HELLO!
—AT THE—
London Fruit Store,
MIDDLETON,
They Still Lead in
Teas and Coffees.
Buy a pound, or three pounds and receive a beautiful Caddie free.
Ask for "Special Blend"
at 30c., and "I.X.L." at 40c. and 50c. per lb.
☞BEST VALUE IN TOWN, and suits all.
—ALSO—
FRESH CONFECTIONERY,
Fancy Soaps,
Fresh Crisp Cakes and Biscuits.
CHEAP FOR CASH.
S. C. MULHALL.

Exquisite Novelties
—FOR—
CHRISTMAS
—AT THE—
CENTRAL BOOK STORE
A PLEASURE TO SHOW GOODS.

FOR SALE.
SCHOONER "E. W. Merchant," 47 tons register, a fast sailer. All fitted for the packet business. For particulars enquire of
JAMES DILLON,
37 8t Digby, N. S.

BRIDGETOWN
MARBLE WORKS
THOMAS DEARNESS,
Importer of Marble
and manufacturer of
Monuments, Tablets, Headstones, &c.
Also Monuments in Red Granite, Gray Granite, and Freestone.
Granville St., Bridgetown, N. S.
N. B.—Having purchased the Stock and Trade from Mr. O. Whitman, parties ordering anything in the above line can rely on having their orders filled at short notice.
T. D.
Bridgetown, March 19th, 89.

BRIDGETOWN
LIVERY STABLES.
N. E. CHUTE, Proprietor.

THE subscriber, having purchased the entire outfit and good-will of the Livery Business enjoyed by Mr. Wm. C. Bath for a number of years past, begs to notify his many friends and the travelling public that he is prepared, at a moment's notice, to furnish any kind of an outfit in single, double, tandem, or other styles, with or without drivers.
The capacious stables are roomy and centrally located, affording every facility for boarding and baiting.
Teams always on hand at station on arrival of all trains.
A specialty will be made of Trucking with moderate charges.
☞When you want a nobby fit-out, a place to bait your horse, or any information connected with the livery business, ask for
N. E. CHUTE,
Proprietor of the Bridgetown Livery Stables.
Bridgetown, April 25th, 1893.—4

PAGE
WOVEN WIRE FENCE
Has the Highest Award in the World!
Is the unequalified approval of every customer. Our fence has won at every Fair or Exposition where entered. But what does a practical farmer care for that? The fighting qualities of a soldier are proven on the field of battle, not on dress parade.
Don't fail to keep it before the people that ours is the only perfectly self-regulating fence offered. Don't loose sight of the great saving in posts, as with some other fences the posts alone costs as much as our fence complete.
I believe we have the best fence for the money on earth. I base my belief on the fact that one string of fence sells lots more. Page fence has proved itself by far the best for farmers' use, and we know from the orders already received that our business will boom with that of the farmers.
A variety of fences suitable for all purposes: cemeteries, school grounds, hen yards, barn yards and hog yards, orchards, gardens.
Our Lawn Fence is *just right.*
A. B. PARKER,
General Agent for Annapolis County.
South Farmington. 41 tf

LAWRENCETOWN
PUMP COMPANY!
ESTABLISHED 1860.
N. H. PHINNEY, - Manager.
Manufacturers of the celebrated
Rubber Bucket Chain Pump.
—Also Dealer in—
Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines.
Manufacturers' Agent for all kinds of
Farm Machinery, Buggies, Road Carts.
A stock of repairs for the above-named articles kept constantly on hand.
GROCERIES, FLOUR, MEAL AND FEED,
in lots at WHOLESALE PRICES
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
Lawrencetown, March 3rd, 1894.

FLOUR,
MEAL AND FEED,
—AT THE—
Masonic Store, Bridgetown.
The subscriber has just replenished his stock of FLOUR AND FEED, and is now prepared to show as good a selection as can be seen in the town.
I am selling *GOLDIE'S FLOUR* at prices ranging from
$3.15 to $4.50
according to quality.
—ALSO—
A Pure Manitoba Flour,
which is giving general satisfaction.
MIDDLINGS from $1.25 to $1.35 per bag.
Cornmeal, Oatmeal and Feed Flour
Always in stock at Low Rates.
W. M. FORSYTH.
Bridgetown, October 8th, 1894.

GATES' INVIGORATING SYRUP.
SUPERSEDES ALL PILLS.
The Best CATHARTIC.
Home Testimony from Actual Experience is always the same.
Read the following:—
"It is a pleasure as well as a duty to speak well of remedies that have done for us all that is claimed for them. I therefore take pleasure in recommending the excellent preparations of Dr. Gates, and especially the INVIGORATING SYRUP. As a gentle laxative I regard it in every way superior to harsh and griping physics so commonly used, in that it performs the three-fold functions of a *physic*, an *appetizer* and a *tonic*.
E. E. LOCKE,
Pastor Baptist Church.
Lower Middleton, April 12th, 1894.

H. F. Williams & Co.,
Parker Market, Halifax, N.S.
COMMISSION - MERCHANTS,
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Apples Potatoes, Beef, Lamb Pork
and all kinds of Farm Products.
Special Attention given to Handling of Live Stock.
☞*Returns made immediately after disposal of goods.* 27 y

Trust What Time Has Endorsed
Since A. D. 1810.
There is not a medicine in use today which possesses the confidence of the public to so great an extent as JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. For more than eighty years it has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it and transmitted the knowledge of its excellence to their children as a valuable inheritance. The best evidence of its value is the fact that in the state where it originated the sale of it is steadily increasing.
I. S. JOHNSON, ESQ. My Dear Sir:—Fifty years ago this month your father, Dr. Johnson, called at my store and left me some Johnson's Anodyne Liniment on sale. I have sold it ever since. I can most truly say that it has maintained its high standard and popularity from that time to this. JOHN B. RAND, North Waterford, Maine, Jan., 1891.
I have used your Johnson's Anodyne Liniment for more than fifty years in my family. Have used it for colds, coughs, sore throat, stings, cramps, sore stomach, rheumatism, lameness, colic, toothache, neuralgia, etc., and found it always good every way. I would not let my house be without it. I am a man 71 years old. Johnson's Liniment is my family remedy. THOMAS CLELAND, So. Robbinston, Me.
This certifies that Dr. A. Johnson, whose name is signed to every genuine bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, in the month of Jan., 1840, first left at my store some of the same. I have supplied my customers with it ever since, (over fifty years) with increasing sales. I have used it in my family for sprains, coughs, colds, lame back, and consider it the best. JABEZ KNOWLTON, Newburg, Me.
The Doctor's Signature and directions are on every bottle.
If you can't get it send to us. Price 35 cents; six $2.00. Sold by Druggists. Pamphlet free.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass., Sole Proprietors.

NOT SOMETHING FOR NOTHING
—BUT—
SIMPLY THAT WE DEFY COMPETITION
—IN THE—
TAILORING LINE
Besides having a First-Class Stock of CLOTHS and TRIMMINGS I have the
Celebrated "Tyke" Serge.
It is a cloth of the highest character and especially sound colors. The Black is a *direct* Black, and the Blue is the *best Indigo.*
REMEMBER I guarantee my stock to be of the highest order, and the prices are as low as can be put for first-class stock, and the work turned out of this establishment is second to none.
FRANK SCOTT.
MEDICAL HALL BLOCK. - - - GRANVILLE STREET.

Don't Rack Your Brain
to determine what you'll buy Wife, Mother, Sister or Daughter for Xmas.

What more fitting or lasting remembrance can be found than a
"WHITE"
SEWING MACHINE!
J. A. GATES & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS, - - MIDDLETON N. S.

$100 Reward
—IF NOT CURED BY—
TUTTLE'S ELIXIR
BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.
For Man or Beast it has no Equal.
Sure Cure for Colic, Black, Spinal Meningitis, Sprains and Joint Affections in Horses and Cattle.
Don't fail to try TUTTLES FAMILY ELIXIR for Rheumatism and all Aches and Pains.
The Latest Discovery of the Age.
Sold by all Druggists.
C. H. R. CROCKER, Gen. Ag't, South Farmington, Annapolis Co., N.S.
☞AGENTS WANTED. WRITE FOR TERMS.☜

PUTTNER'S EMULSION
IS THE BEST. TAKE NO OTHER.

DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY!
"Land of Evangeline" Route
On and after WEDNESDAY, OCT. 3rd, 1894, the trains of this Railway will run daily, (Sunday excepted).
Trains will Arrive at Bridgetown:

Express from Halifax....	11.53 a.m.
Express from Yarmouth.	1.12 p.m.
†Accom. from Kentville..	10.05 p.m.
*Accom. from Richmond.	3.50 p.m.
†Accom. from Annapolis.	6.45 a.m.
*Accom. from Yarmouth.	4.00 p.m.

Trains will Leave Bridgetown:

Express for Yarmouth..	11.53 a.m.
Express for Halifax.....	1.12 a.m.
†Accom. for Yarmouth....	10.05 a.m.
†Accom. for Halifax.....	6.45 a.m.
*Accom. for Annapolis....	4.00 p.m.
*Accom. for Kentville....	4.00 p.m.

†Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
*Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time.
W. R. CAMPBELL, General Manager.
K. SUTHERLAND, Superintendent.

1894. 1894.
Yarmouth S. S. Co., Limited.
The Shortest and Best Route between
Nova Scotia and United States,
THE QUICKEST TIME. 15 to 17 hours between Yarmouth and Boston.
STEEL STEAMER
"BOSTON"
Until further notice will leave Yarmouth for Boston every WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, after the arrival of the evening Express from Halifax. Returning leaves Lewis' Wharf, Boston, at twelve o'clock, noon, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, making close connections at Yarmouth with the Dominion Atlantic R'y, and coach lines for all parts of Nova Scotia. This is the fastest steamer plying between Nova Scotia and the United States, and forms the most pleasant route between above points, combining safety, comfort and speed. Regular mail carried on steamer. Tickets sold to all points in Canada via Central Vermont or Canadian Pacific Railways, and to New York via Fall River line, Stonington line, and New York and New England Railway.
For all other information apply to D.A., I.C., and N. S. Central Railway agents, or to
L. E. BAKER,
Pres. and Managing Director.
W. A. CHASE, Sec. and Treasurer.
Yarmouth, Nov. 1st, 1894.

Banks or Red Gravenstein!
As this apple was officially named the "Banks" at the World's Fair, it will be known in the future as "Banks, or Red Gravenstein."
I invite inspection of the apples on the tree. Also of nursery stock. As my stock fit to set this season is limited to hundreds, I cannot agree to reserve stock for spring delivery unless cash accompanies order.
No person authorized to take orders for me unless furnished with printed forms.
A. STANLEY BANKS,
18 1y Wolfville, at Kings Co

SPRING SUITINGS
JOHN H. FISHER,
the well-known Merchant Tailor, now carrying on business at
ANNAPOLIS,
wishes to inform his many friends that his
Spring Stock
has arrived, and is now on inspection.
It embraces all the
Leading and Fashionable
—Lines of—
Scotch and English
CLOTHS,
and is beyond doubt the most extensive and varied display ever shown the people of the Valley.
An inspection is respectfully solicited.

FOR SALE!
THAT well known business stand situated in Melvers Square, well known as the Spinney Corner, and owned by Arthur W. Smith, consisting of a
Fine Store and Dwelling House
combined, and seven and three-fourth acres of choice land, a young orchard of 72 trees commencing to bear; besides several large trees turning off from eight to ten barrels of apples yearly. It is one of the best business stands in the province, and will be sold at a bargain. Three churches, a graded school, post office and an establishment of mills, all within a half mile.
For particulars apply to Arthur W. Smith, Kingston; or J. Randall, on the premises.
Terms easy.
Kingston, April 10th, 1894. 3 tf

DAY AND EVENING CLASSES will re-open Wednesday, Jan. 2nd. Many years' experience has enabled us to make many improvements in our methods and courses of study.
We are not yet perfect, but are striving towards as much perfection as is attainable and changes now in progress will be part of the onward march of improvement.
We are thankful to have had the opportunity of starting so many on successful careers, and hope for increased usefulness in the future.
Send for catalogue.
S. KERR & SON,
Oddfellows' Hall,
St. John, N. B.

HALIFAX
FRUIT & PRODUCE MARKET.
P. M. JENKINS & CO.,
General Commission Merchants.
We receive and sell on consignment all kinds of Fruit and Produce, Butter, Poultry, etc., etc.
PROMPT RETURNS MADE.
☞Good Bank references. 24tf

WEDDING STATIONERY NEATLY DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

The Household.

My Mending Basket.

It is made of the stoutest of willow,
It is deep and capacious and wide;
Yet the Gulf Stream that flows through the borders
Seems always to stand at flood-tide!

And the garments lie heaped on each other,
I look at them often and sigh,
Shall I ever be able to grapple
With a pile that has grown two feet high?

There's a top layer, always, of stockings:
These arrive and depart every day;
All the things that are playing "button-button"
Also leave without any delay.

But, ah! underneath there are strata
Buried deep as the earth's eocene!
Things put there the first of the autumn,
Still there when the trees have grown green!

There are things to be ripped and made over,
There are things that gave out in their prime,
There are intricate tasks—all awaiting
Our magical hour of "spare time."

Will it come? Shall I ever possess it?
I start with fresh hope every day.
Like a will-o'-the-wisp, it allures me;
Like a will-o'-the-wisp, fades away.

For the basket has never been empty,
During all of its burdened career,
But once, for a few fleeting moments,
When the baby upset it last year!

—*Bessie Chandler, in Harper's Bazaar.*

How to Care for Mattresses.

THEY SHOULD BE COVERED AND FREQUENTLY TURNED.

Cover the springs always with stout unbleached muslin. Some claim that it is almost impossible to keep the springs well dusted when covered, and the only answer to this is to cover the mattresses. Then, when it is removed, the springs may be dusted as usual. Make the cover so that it can be removed easily and washed when desired. In making a cover of this kind leave one side open to admit the mattress; then fasten it together with buttons and buttonholes. If the cover of unbleached muslin seems too light for this purpose, use instead a thin grade of ticking.

Mattresses will sometimes become spotted in places from dust or a stain from moving. Take some clear warm water and add to it a few drops of ammonia, just enough to make the water feel smooth; then with a clean cloth wash the spot, using some good soap, rinse in clean water and rub well with a dry cloth. Do not use much water, but just enough to dampen the spot. If the stain is obstinate, take a clean cloth dipped in pure ammonia; rub hard; then rinse in clean water and dry.

Turn the mattress frequently from side to side and from head to foot to insure its wearing evenly. Mattresses sagged at one end is due to neglect in turning. They should be well aired each day and the dust removed from the top by brushing well with a small whisk broom.

Oil and Courtesy.

"There are many comparatively small faults in children which it is not wise to see at all. They are mere temporary failings, tiny drops, which will evaporate if quietly left in the sunshine, but which, if opposed, will gather strength for a formidable current. If we would sometimes apply Tolstio's doctrine of non-resistance to children, if we would overlook the small transgression and quietly supply another vent for the troublesome activity, there would be less clashing of wills and less raising of an evil spirit which gains wonderful strength while in action.

"Some natures are antagonistic by the shadow of a threat, even if it accompanies a reasonable order; and if we acknowledge that the oil of courtesy is a valuable lubricator in our dealings with older people, it seems proper to suppose that it would not be useless with children.

Paper Blankets for the Poor.

With the near approach of winter, when the poor are likely to suffer greatly from cold, many ladies who might be glad to know of various ways in which they could contribute towards alleviating in some way those suffering, perhaps may not be aware of the thoroughly warm and economical blankets that can be made in sewing old newspapers together.

Five or six newspapers, smoothly spread out and laid one above the other and covered with flannelette or any cheap material, makes a capital blanket. They should be stitched down at regular distances like a mattress. It is advisable to prick them all over with a pin when finished for ventilation. It adds much to the appearance of the blanket if covered with bright red flanelette or a thin flannel, but anything else that is warm and smooth answers equally as well.

For a Sweet Breath.

Clean the teeth with a brush, pass a flat silk thread between them and rinse the mouth two or three times with warm or cold but never cold water. A few drops of tincture of myrrh or listerine in the water will be found excellent, as a disinfectant and to remove the taste of foods. A swallow of this will do no harm. Cold waters are not good, as they shock the teeth, the process of mastication leaving them sensitive to cold. If the digestion is bad, if the stomach is out of order, if there is a cold in head or on the lungs, or if malodorous foods are eaten, nothing will sweeten the breath.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes, and quickly cured by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by deBlois & Primrose.

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—REPRESENTING—
FRANK RAND & CO.,
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86 Commercial St., Boston.
Consigners to either of our houses may depend upon prompt returns at highest market rates, and drafts made against consignments if forwarded with Bill of Lading attached will be accepted to any reasonable amount.
Shippers to our Boston house will be furnished free with blank invoices, shipping cards, and stencils with register number.
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☞Telephone at Canning. 22 6m.

WANT TO BUY!
I beg to inform the farmers of this vicinity and surrounding country that I have leased the rear of the PIGGOTT STORE, on Granville St., and that I am desirous, for the time being, to buy all kinds of
Beef, Pork and Poultry
they may have to dispose of, and only on the *CASH PRINCIPLE*, paying for it when delivered at the store.
HOWARD I. MUNRO.
Bridgetown, Nov. 13th, 1894. 33 tf

HIDES AND PELTS WANTED
WANTED by the Bridgetown Larrigan Co., a large number of Hides and Pelts, for which the highest market rates will be paid. Place of delivery.—the Murdoch Tannery.
W. H. MACKENZIE, *Manager.*
Bridgetown, Oct. 10th, 1894. 28tf

Joker's Corner.

A Curious Adventure.

A superior officer of the B—— garrison was some time ago the hero of a most amusing adventure. Colonel Z—— had received from Mme. V.—— an invitation to dinner, but on the day appointed, and just as he was about to start, he was seized with a violent attack of neuralgia, and decided to forego the pleasure in store for him. The colonel wrote a letter of apology, and called his orderly and said:

"Guy, you will give this letter to Mme. V——, and then go and fetch me my dinner."

Here the plot commences. Guy set off, after carefully secreting the letter in his breast pocket, along with his tobacco pouch. He arrived at Mme. V——'s, delivered his message, and stood as rigid as a statue. The lady of the house was surprised, and inquired what he was waiting for. He replied:

The colonel told me to fetch him his dinner."

Mme. V—— saw the man's mistake, gave certain orders, and the servants handed the faithful lineman a sett of dishes emitting fragrant odors. Moreover, Mme. V—— slipped a bottle of champagne into the soldier's pocket and said:

"You will serve this to the colonel at dessert."

Guy came back, and, upon my word, the restaurant seemed to have provided such a host of good things, that the colonel got up and took his seat at the table. Over the soup he slowly began to recover his appetite to his no small surprise. The side dishes made him quite ravenous; with the entrees his pain disappeared; he was stupefied at the roast meat and dumbfounded at the game, and still his wonder grew at the marvellous dishes supplied by his chop-house keeper. At the dessert the orderly, obeying his instructions, set the bottle of champage on the table. He was asked for an explanation, when everything came out. The colonel, in despair, thought the matter over, and then gave his orderly ten francs, telling him to buy a bunch of flowers and present it from him to Mme. V——. Then our colonel, satisfied that he had done his best under the trying circumstances, settled down in an easy chair and composed himself to sleep. An hour and a half later the door opened and Guy walked in and gravely deposited two five-franc pieces on the table. The colonel questioned him with some anxiety.

"The lady paid for the nosegay," said the honest warrior, apparently well pleased with the general turn of affairs.

Mme. V——, on receiving the bouquet, had given the soldier five francs by way of a tip, on receiving which the latter simply replied:

"It isn't five francs, please ma'am, it is ten francs."

Colonel Z—— was confined to his bed for three days, to the great alarm of the whole of the garrison staff.

—Many odd things occur in connection with the stage. In a play presented here last season the leading men and leading women were far from being friends. Whenever the opportunity offered, they would indulge in a spat. In one scene the man makes ardent love and is supposed to kiss the woman with warm passion on the lips. One night, when this point was reached, as he bent forward he whispered very ungallantly: "Turn your face sideways. I won't kiss you in the mouth again until you either have your teeth fixed or get a false set." Then the story goes that the "lady," stung to the quick, etc., turned, and throwing her arms about him murmured, "I love you," at the same time biting him viciously upon the ear while she inquired if he felt convinced that her teeth were in perfect working order.

The Scarcity.

The millionaire from the east took a meal a la carte in a western restaurant, and when he came to pay his bill he called for the landlord.

"Here, landlord," he exclaimed, "this is too much; I won't pay it."

"What's the matter, sir, replied the landlord very obsequiously.

"I say the bill is too much. You've got me charged a dollar for two eggs. What's that for? Are eggs so scarce?"

"N—n—no, sir," hesitated and stammered the landlord, "but millionaires are."

Till Death, and After It.

A man in Australia had a new and brilliant idea not long ago in regard to the interpretation of the clause in his marriage vows: "Till death us do part." His wife died, luckily for her, as the following facts demonstrate, and since he was bound only till death to his wife, the husband refused to pay her funeral expenses. The court promptly decided that a husband's duties only cease when the undertaker's bills are paid.

Chinese Queerness.

A writer in the current number of *Wide Awake* says:—

If one argues that China, being upon the opposite side of the globe, must be literally upside down, he will not find himself very much mistaken. Dinner begins with cake, pudding and confectionery and ends with soup. Lemonade is always as hot as hot can be. If a friend sends you a letter, he often sends only an empty envelope addressed to you, and the bearer delivers the message orally. But what seems to me one of the oddest of all the odd customs of the Chinese was the mode of resenting an injury. There is very seldom a real fight. Sometimes they resort to hair-pulling, and they pull with a vengence; but, as a rule, when one feels deeply injured in any way, he goes right out on the street and begins to tell the story of his wrongs "at the top of his lungs," shouting all sorts of family secrets and abusing the relative or neighbor who has wronged him with all the hard words and hard names he can think of. I have seen women on low, flat roofs of their houses, screaming all sorts of horrible things about their husbands, and men sitting in the streets, with their backs against the wall shouting till they were dark in the face and too hoarse to speak, telling everybody about their cross and obstinate wives. The most curious part is that no one seems to listen or care anything about it, and really, I do not think that the people who are howling care either, whether any one listened or not. Out upon a country road I once came upon a man who was ventilating his wrongs in this way, and I am sure that, except his own family, there was not another mortal within sound of his voice; yet he was rattling on at a great rate concerning the treatment he received from his family.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder Diseases relieved in six hours by the "Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by deBlois & Primrose.

—Our affections are our life. We live by them; they supply our warmth.—Channing.

—Children have more need of models than of critics.—Joubet.

—Use Dr. Manning's german remedy for pains and aches. It is the best pain killer you can get.

—For Biliousness—MINARD'S FAMILY PILLS.