The business man of to-day has very little time to spend reading his morning paper and therefore wants to get all the news in short, readable form. **Toronto** is a big city and the daily occurrences interesting to the general public are numerous. As a consequence, reliable news cannot compare with The **World**

Sent to any address for 25 Cents a Month.

Salisbury's Significant Speech.

The speech of the Marquis of Salisbury at the Lord Mayor's banquet Monday night was, in the matter of fiscal policy, one of the most important ever delivered by a premier of Free Trade England, who, while he himself subscribes to the principles of Cobden and Bright, has the idea of "enlightened selfishness" so strongly developed in him that he questions whether the time may not come, should other nations continue to discriminate against England, when that country should devise some means of retaliation. "It will be an interesting consideration for us," said the Marquis, "whether our attitude can be sustained or whether the madness of our neighbors will force us to deflect in any degree from the sound and sensible position we now occupy."

Some people in this country have been pooh-poohing the doctrine of Free Trade as it has called in England and have been ridiculing the efforts of Imperial Federationists to bind the different parts of the empire together, especially in closer trade relations, but the Marquis of Salisbury's speech goes to show that he who is in a position to be the best informed man on the subject, and who is thoroughly in touch with the England of to-day, has been studying the question and has at least got that far to believe there is something in fair trade and in a trade alliance of the mother country and the colonies. This statement and his former remarks some time ago, that nothing should be done in the Behring Sea dispute unless Canada had been consulted, goes to show that the British premier has his political eye on this part of the world.

Personal Politics or Bossism.

The World opined the other day that the defeat of the Republican party in the United States turned on the question of the new tariff. There may, of course, have been other causes at work, but the matter hinged undoubtedly just where we said it did. The Jersey Evening Journal says it was a much-needed rebuke of offensive and damaging personal politics or bossism, that is, the control of party action in the interest of and for the sole benefit of a few individuals regardless of the interests, wishes or advice of the general membership of the party. Our contemporary points to Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey as illustrations. In Pennsylvania, we are told, Senator Quay literally forced Mr. Delamater on the Republican party as his candidate for governor, against the wishes and the judgment of a large majority of the Republicans of the state. If the Republicans had nominated Gen. Hastings they would have carried the state by not less than 50,000 majority; but they allowed "the boss" to force an unpopular and weak candidate on the party, because that suited his personal purposes. In New York there were certainly two, and perhaps three, separate phases of damaging bossism that brought defeat in that state. Ex-Senator Platt was the supreme "boss" in this instance. "Charge up," says the writer, "the stunning defeat of the Republican party in New York, both in the state and the city, to political bossism and you will have it right." In New Jersey, he continues, the case is very similar to that of New York and Pennsylvania; there ex-Senator Sewell is the culprit.

Verily, what between the McKinley bill and this so-called political bossism the Republican party in the United States is in a bad way!

The North Magnetic Pole.

Canada owns a north magnetic pole, situate in latitude 70 and longitude 96, about 2000 miles north of Toronto, embalmed in solitude and perennial coolness, surrounded by gorgeous monuments of never-fading hues and by fields of purest white which lie untouched by the plowshare, untilled by the hand of man, untrodden and unknown.

There are few, if any, nations who claim even part ownership in a N.M.P.—we possess one in all its virgin coolness and completeness; and although this N.M.P. changes its position occasionally every two or three million years we have no fear of it crossing the 49th parallel or to the land of the Setting Sun, at least in our time.

At present we desire to call the attention of Canadians to the fact that just now a meeting is being held in Boston to find our N.M.P.'s exact location: that it exists in Canadian soil is amply proved by the amorous compass needles which throughout all time have pointed steadfastly to that unknown and magnetic love of theirs, whose face they have never seen, whose abode is however somewhere in our own Canada, not more than a few days' journey in a bee-line northwest of Toronto.

An expedition will shortly start from Boston to Canada and Prof. Carpmael (he of the bright magnetic eye and fertile tongue), has gone to represent our Government and to look after our interests. Let him see to it that no false prophet of a Wiman persuade him to part with Canada's first-born, her N.M.P.; let him beware of McKinley, and others! Let Canadians all, each of them, buy a compass needle and keep it set, and if any noticeable variation be observed, indicative of the rape of Canada's N.M.P., let him at once give the alarm and let the Queen's Own and the gallant XIII and Col. Denison's light horse be sent to the rescue. Canada's N.P. and her N.M.P. must be preserved.

The Waterworks Committee.

The Waterworks Committee have done the right thing. Ald. Leslie moved a resolution at the meeting of the committee on Monday to the effect that a bylaw calling for $200,000 for additional pumping plant be submitted to the ratepayers on the day of the general municipal elections for 1891. This will solve the doubt in some minds whether at the recent voting on this important matter the citizens were actuated by indifference to the question before them or by distrust of their present representatives.

Notwithstanding the fact that the debate over the claims to superiority of the gravitation scheme and the provision of a better pumping plant has been threshed out long ago and the superiority of the latter clearly demonstrated, the discussion was renewed on Monday. It only afforded another example, which, by the way, was certainly not required, of the disposition manifest in these committees and in meetings of the council to waste time in idle talk.

The City Solicitor sent a letter which made it clear that the only way was to issue a supplementary rate. The $130,000 surplus saved by change in material and very low contracts must, according to law, be regarded as appropriated money and be applied for the purposes for which it was provided. Legislation, at any rate, would be necessary to authorize its application to any other purpose than that for which it was voted. These specific purposes are as follows:

Conduit pipe	$384,337
36-inch main (pumping)	25,000
14-inch distributing mains in certain streets	106,250
Engines, enlargement of engine house and works at High Level pumping station	102,000
Total	$577,587

But for the bylaw referred to it might be possible under certain sections of the Municipal Act to apply the surplus towards the sinking fund of some other debenture debt or the payment of an instalment accruing on such debt. "The legal way of doing things," said Ald. E. A. Macdonald, "is the only proper way." Whether this be true in the abstract or not is at least open to doubt. But we are law-abiding, and raise no objection in this instance.

The council will doubtless approve the resolution of the committee, and it will be for the citizens at the forthcoming elections to reverse their recent verdict and approve a bylaw calling for $200,000 for additional pumping plant. Of the upshot The World entertains no doubt whatever.

A Lesson.

The Newcastle Daily Chronicle, commenting on the collapse of the great Australian strike, says it has been one of the most fiercely contested trade struggles of recent years, probably of this generation. And the result has been that the Unionists have surrendered at discretion. The dispute has not been about wages, nor about time. The workmen struck to secure the entire control of the conditions of their work. They required every workman to join a union, and they struck against all employers that would not discharge their non-unionist hands.

And they selected both a favorable time and country for the coveted contest. The population is limited in Australia and the centres of industrial activity are easy of access. Workmen there wield almost undisputed political power. They have universal suffrage and the ballot, equal electoral districts and payment of members. They can return their own nominees to parliament and dictate its legislation. For years they have been perfecting their societies with the avowed intention of fighting a decisive battle with the capitalists. The men seized on an insignificant dispute about the employment of marine officers and used it as a pretext for a universal strike. The object of the strikers was, by forcing a cessation of labor all round, to assert their authority and insist on their conditions—the complete and ignominious submission of the employers. The scheme was well matured, and carried out with great energy and adroitness. But it has been completely defeated; and the strikers are now beseeching the employers to take them back to work on the old conditions. The employers, on the other hand, are refusing to employ any unionist hands whatever. This is turning the tables with a vengeance.

The strike has done immense injury to the trade of the colony. A number of struggling employers have been ruined. The social life of the colony has been embittered. Trade in a new country recovers rapidly. But men well informed of the position of affairs in Australia calculate that the effects of the struggle will not be got over for many years. Declarations are made in some of the last Australian papers to hand to the effect that the colony would not have suffered so much by an attack from an enemy as it has done by this industrial war.

Electricity as a Motor.

The new use of chief importance to which electricity is to be applied is mining, and to this end the electricians are bending their energies. If successful the field for it will be immense, and the industrial revolution it will cause be worthy of a place in history. But as to breadth of field, it can hardly be greater than that offered by passenger transportation, the extent of which is not generally understood even after all that has been said on the subject. An interesting question has arisen among the electricians as to where this particular field is to open widest in the near future, whether in the large cities or small. The large ones already have means of transit, and, though in some cases only horse cars, the existence of them delays the introduction of electricity. The present investment is an obstacle. In smaller places there is nothing of the kind in the way. It is assumed that a place of 5000 inhabitants can support an electric railway, and as there are more than 500 of those, few of which have street lines of any sort, the opportunity for electric roads is great enough to satisfy anyone. The estimate is that at least 300 places with a population of 5000 and above are awaiting them, while it is impossible to guess the number of rural towns lying within a few miles of each other which could support a line of communication. The impression is that the largest immediate demand for the new motor will be in the smaller communities.

Strict Economy the Only Panacea.

Editor World: What is the matter with Ald. Hallam, the implacable foe to all exemptions? His views have suddenly changed when he finds an opportunity to secure a privilege for his own business. It will be simply scandalous for the council to abolish the business assessment at this crisis and load it on to the already overburdened real estate.

Ald. Hallam should be ashamed to advocate such a measure, or amend his old war cry, "Abolish all exemptions," by adding, "Except mine."

It would be much more to the purpose if he would dismiss the surplus city officials, reduce salaries, cease granting the use of city halls for nothing, abolish the drunk bylaw, which costs us $70,000 a year, dismiss the useless mounted police and reduce the constabulary force; for six months 40 or 50 have been off duty counting the street car passengers and nobody missed them.

Strict economy is the only panacea for the present crisis. The high taxes are driving manufacturers out of the city. Seventeen or 18 have already arranged to leave to avoid the high taxation. This is a serious blow. The exemption of business houses will make it worse. J. ENOCH THOMPSON.

Fair Play and Justice.

Editor World: Can you give the public any information how it is that the police of this city are allowed to take contracts when off duty. I think they get enough without taking the bread out of the mouth of the poor mechanic, for I have seen them shingling houses in St. John's ward more than once. I think the sooner it is stopped the better. X. Y.

Musicale at Parkdale.

A delightful musicale was given by the members of the Parkdale Boating Club last evening in the club house, Dowling-avenue, Chev. A. M. F. Gianelli in the chair. The contributors to the enjoyment of the evening were: Mesdames Dignum and Brown, a piano duet; A. Davis, song; Miss Gray and J. Bryce Mundie, duet; Mr. Dignum, song; Miss Hutchison, song; Miss E. Martin, violin solo; Miss Gray, song; Mesdames Dignum and Brown, piano solo; Miss Hutchison, song; Mr. J. Bryce Mundie, song. After the musical program was finished dancing was indulged in and a most enjoyable time was spent.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

THE AMUSEMENT WORLD.

Admiring Crowds Appreciate This Week's Attractions at Toronto's Theatres.

The Grand, matinee.....Shaun Rhue
The Grand, evening.....Kerry Gow
Jacobs & Sparrow's.....Corinne in Carmen
The Academy, matinee and evening.....The Sea King

All the theatres were crowded yesterday. This shows that Toronto playgoers appreciate the efforts of the respective managers to provide first-class companies and good repertoires.

The Inimitable Joe.

Joseph Murphy is one of those actors of whom theatre-goers never tire and whose comedies seem to get more popular every day, as was attested by the large audience which greeted him last night and applauded him to the echo.

"Shaun Rhue" will receive its final representation at the matinee to-day.

To-night and to-morrow night "Kerry Gow" will be the bill and "The Donagh" will hold the boards for the balance of the week.

The Popular "Sea King."

There was a marked increase in the attendance at the Academy of Music last evening, and the excellent performance given by the William J. Gilmore Opera Company called forth the most liberal applause. "The Sea King" is certainly a meritorious opera and all of its appointments are upon the most liberal scale. The company is of more than average excellence, and the principals are all well-known artists of acknowledged ability.

Miss Ada Glasca, the prima donna of the company, has scarcely a peer upon the light operatic stage. Mr. Mark Smith, late of the New York Casino company, fills the title role completely, adding to his fine vocal efforts a commanding and dignified presence thoroughly in keeping with the character. Mr. R. E. Graham proves that he need fear no rival in operatic comedy, and Miss Katie Gilbert adds to the laurels she has already won before our public in seasons past.

The management of the Academy is entitled to great credit for the superior class of attractions presented during the present season. Careful stage management, an orchestra increased in numbers and efficiency, good bookings and courteous attention to the comfort of its patrons are securing for this house a large and influential clientelle.

There will be a matinee performance at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Annie Pixley's Engagement.

One of the chief events of the dramatic season in this city is the forthcoming engagement of that sterling artiste, Annie Pixley, who is announced to appear at the three nights of next week at the Academy of Music. Miss Pixley will present on Monday evening and Wednesday matinee her favorite comedy, by A. C. Gunter, author of the latest novel, "Miss Nobody From Nowhere," entitled, "The Deacon's Daughter." The piece was played during the last visit of Miss Pixley and left a splendid impression. It is decidedly amusing in story, and contains several quite strongly humorous characters. Ruth Homeweb has left her country home to seek her fortune in New York, where from a nursemaid she becomes an actress and a popular favorite of the town. Her father is a straight-laced deacon in the Methodist, her mother is equally pious, and the humor of the play mainly centres in the efforts to keep her stage career from the knowledge of her family and the methods used to finally reconcile them to it, when concealment is no longer possible. The story is amusingly elaborated and is replete with interesting situations.

Miss Pixley will also give for the first time here her latest successful play, "Kate," recently produced in Philadelphia.

The drama is one dealing with incidents of the war, and like similar plays of merit which have of late proved popular and remunerative, promises to be successful.

Miss Pixley as Kate is the ward of Major Randall, whose son Jack falls in love with her.

Through the scheming of a cousin, Richard Craven, Jack is charged by his father with forgery and leaves for the army. The nephew follows to complete the young man's downfall, acting as newspaper correspondent and rebel spy. Stirring scenes follow, in which Miss Pixley, who goes to the front, is given the opportunity of singing some songs and dressing nattily in semi-military style. In the end, of course, Kate and Jack are married, and the last act shows Jack as a dutiful husband wheeling a live baby across the stage.

Both comedies are embellished with new and sparkling songs and medleys. No expense will be spared to mount the piece in elegant style. Miss Pixley will display several exquisite toilets purchased while in Europe last summer, which are described as marvels of the dressmakers' art. The sale of seats opens to-morrow at the box office.

Notes.

Mr. George A. Kingsbury, representing the Vaidis Sisters' Combination, is in the city.

Mr. H. R. Jacobs of the theatrical firm of Jacobs & Sparrow is making his annual visit to Toronto. This firm, who control a number of amusement enterprises, make a point of a personal visit once during the season.

Mr. Tyler, the genial and clever press agent, formerly with Messrs. Jacobs & Sparrow, has joined the "Little Tycoon." He left the city yesterday. His work the past two weeks here is plainly visible any of these nights at the Toronto.

Mr. Bernard Dyllyn of the Kimball Opera Company possesses one of the best baritone voices ever heard in Toronto. His rendition of several new characteristic songs in the second act at the Toronto the past three performances has been particular features of the show, and his Torreador solo with the admirable chorus of the company has certainly never been rivalled in this city.

Stanley's Visit to Toronto.

When Major J. B. Pond, the enterprising impresario of New York, made arrangements with Mr. Stanley in 1886 for a series of lectures on this continent, he little imagined that four years would elapse before such arrangements could be carried out, as the great explorer had only delivered one lecture in Boston when he had to cancel all his engagements and set out to rescue Emin. Having providentially succeeded in carrying his mission to a successful issue, Mr. Stanley has returned to America as soon as his health and European hospitality would permit to fulfil his contract with Major Pond. Stanley will deliver 50 lectures on this continent, as is well known. Major Pond has managed the majority of the best platform attractions during recent years, but he states that never in all his experience has he received such a flood of applications as he has for Stanley. He believes that were he able to arrange with all the applicants he could keep the illustrious traveler lecturing on this continent for the natural period of his existence. It is gratifying that Toronto has been chosen for one of the lectures, and we are sure Major Pond will have no reason to regret his selection.

Re the Freight Rates.

When Mr. John Earls, district freight agent G.T.R., ventured on 'Change yesterday morning he was assailed by several grain men re discrimination in freights. He was asked whether he considered 27c between Chicago and Quebec a just rate in view of the fact that 25c was charged from Stratford to Quebec.

"What does it matter," replied Mr. Earls, "so long as all are treated alike?"

"It matters this much," retorted a grain man, "the high local rates are not only out of all proportion to the through rates, but it means lower prices for the farmer."

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

Average Sale

of "Princina" and "Borwicke," 10,000,000 packages; legally sworn declaration as to purity with each package.

Good Advice.

If you do not want to injure your liver and kidneys, don't buy baking powder in bulk. Buy the Princina or Borwicke, both are absolutely pure and as cheap as the bad powders. Purity of the Princina and Borwicke proven by the Dominion Government and legally sworn declaration with each package.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

THE STREET ARBITRATION CASE.

Expert Evidence of the Secretary of the Rochester Street Railway.

Mr. Fred C. Woodworth, secretary and director of the Rochester Street Railway Company, gave evidence yesterday in the street railway arbitration at Osgoode Hall.

Examined by Mr. McCarthy, witness gave information as to the properties and earning powers of the Rochester company. The horses of the Toronto company, he said, compared more than favorably with those in Rochester. The cost of the horses of his company averaged $165 each, and their cost was charged against the construction account; when they were sold the proceeds were credited.

Mr. Woodworth said he had examined the tracks and roadbeds of the Toronto Company and found them in excellent condition.

There are 49¼ miles of track in Rochester. For the year ending Sept. 30, 1889, the gross earnings of the company had been a trifle less than $500,000. As to net earnings, they thought themselves doing well when they ran their roads on 80 per cent. In the year ending Sept. 30, 1889, they might have cleared less than $100,000.

Witness said that he had examined the figures as to the assets, liabilities, earnings and profits of the Toronto Company and was convinced that it earned 50 per cent. more than the Rochester Company.

A short time ago the Rochester Railway was sold to a new company. At the time of the sale there were $875,000 worth of bonds outstanding, and there were 5000 shares at the par value of $100 each. This stock was sold at $260. By this means $1,300,000 was realized on the stock alone. The company that bought the road merely examined the bonds. The total cost of the road to the company, therefore, was $2,175,000. At the time of the sale there were 849 horses and 183 cars—130 single and 63 double—in the company's possession. The new company had reorganized with a capital of $5,000,000 and had bonded the road for $3,000,000. Two millions of the bonds were issued, one million being retained to retire the old $875,000.

Mr. McCarthy: In proportion to the amount paid for the Rochester railway how much should be paid for the Toronto street railway?

Mr. Blake: Is that not what your Honors are here to determine?

Judge Senkler: Mr. McCarthy, that question can only be answered by an expert.

Mr. Blake cross-examined the witness at great length, but did not in any material particulars shake his evidence. Mr. Woodworth further testified: "In 1868 the Rochester street railway was sold for $48,000, and the purchasers assumed debts to the amount of about $60,000. After the sale the purchasers issued about $70,000 worth of stock and by 1872 and 1873 this $70,000 issue of stock was increased to $105,000. About this time the net earnings of our railway were about 20 to 25 per cent. of our gross earnings. In 1876 and 1880 the road was run as a boss, so the profits came up from zero at that date to 25 per cent. of the gross earnings in 1873. The many grades on the Rochester railway increase the cost of running. One of the reasons why the Toronto Street Railway can be run so cheaply is on account of the level streets. It takes 35 or 40 extra horses every day to carry the Rochester cars over the grades. I consider that the life of a street car is 20 years. The life of a steam rail is between 30 and 40 years. One of our cars when running travels about 70 miles a day."

A good deal of technical information was further elicited.

The inquiry will be resumed this morning.

Potatoes a Failure in the States.

The failure of the potato crop in the United States has made it necessary for the produce men across the line to send agents into Canada to secure supplies. Several of these gentlemen were on the street yesterday searching for this desideratum. One of them, T. F. Stoklow, representing a Chicago house, remarked to The World: "I came over here to buy a couple hundred cars. The crops in Iowa, from where we usually obtain the bulk of our supplies, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas and Missouri were short, and we must buy somewhere, but you people have got prices too high for us. Why, you are getting more here than we can obtain in Chicago. We can handle fifty to seventy five hundred cars a day for the next three weeks if we can get them, but as we have to pay such an enormous duty in order to get the potatoes into the country, you can easily see that we cannot afford to come up to your figures. I have also a couple of cars of onions which I would like to ship to the other side, but I don't feel like paying a duty of something like $1.25 per barrel."

At the Police Court.

The Police Magistrate yesterday ordered Joshua Osterhout to comply with the provisions of the fire limit bylaw in reference to a building he is erecting at College and Elizabeth-streets. A fine of $2 without costs was inflicted. Fred Matthews, charged with robbing Rev. T. W. Jeffery's housekeeper in Berkeley-street, was remanded till Friday. The three boys accused of stealing a cannon-box belonging to the Southside Presbyterian Church were discharged. Percy Maude, the young lad who robbed his uncle Albert Ubenesman, of 200 street-car tickets, a conductors' punch, and $8.75 in cash, with which he made his way to Montreal, where he was captured, pleaded guilty. As this was his first appearance he was released upon his mother entering into a bond for his future good behavior. On the charge of assulting Policeman Yule, John O'Connor was remanded for another day. A week's adjournment was granted in the defence in the case of Jennie Brown, charged with keeping a disreputable house in Terauley-street. Robert Porter, alleged to have attempted to tap the till in W. J. Davidson's dining room corner of Queen and Church-streets, last Friday, was remanded for another day.

Hotelkeeper O'Connor's Estate.

John J. O'Connor, hotelkeeper, Simcoe and Adelaide-streets, died Oct. 15. By his will made July, 1889, Daniel Kelly and James A. Mulligan were appointed executors. The estate is valued at $9220, to be divided amongst his children. Mr. Mulligan is living in the United States and Mr. Kelly declines to act. Yesterday Mr. O'Connor, hotelkeeper, and Thomas O'Connor, railway employe, brothers of the deceased, applied for power to administrate the estate. It is all personal property, the license being valued at $3000.

A Forthcoming Separate School Board Election.

Charles Burns, J.P., who has represented the ward of St. David on the Separate School Board for the past 35 years, has decided to retire, having removed from the ward to his palatial residence in south Pembroke-street. It is understood that his old and esteemed friend, Daniel Kelley, will be his worthy successor on the board. It is to be hoped that Mr. Kelley will fill the position with the same ability and success that marked the career of Mr. Burns.

Discussing the Plan of Campaign.

The Provincial Council of the Equal Rights Association met last night in Shaftesbury Hall, Rev. Principal Caven in the chair. Routine business was the staple of the proceedings. This was followed by a discussion of the best means of furthering the objects of the association throughout the province. Some valuable suggestions were made. The election of officers was postponed till Dec. 16.

Old Whiskies and Wines for Medicinal Purposes.

Two-year-old rye whisky $2.25 per gallon, 5-year $2.75, and 7-year $3. They are all guaranteed pure and full strength. Also a very large stock of port and sherry wine at $2.50, $3.50, $4, $5 and $6 per gallon. Will ship to any part of Ontario. William Mara, 282 Queen-street west, telephone 713. 135

Nearly all infants are more or less subject to diarrhœa and such complaints while teething, and as this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

R. J. Lloyd,

Caterer and Confectioner. I do the entire catering for banquets, balls, dinner parties, at homes and private families. Wedding breakfasts receive my special supervision. Give me a call or write for estimates. 247 Yonge-street.

Compare

The "Borwicke" Baking Powder (price 20c) with other pure powders, which cost 50c; same quality, same quantity.

ENGLISH INSTITUTIONS IN CANADA

Dr. Bourinot's Second Lecture at Trinity University Last Night.

Dr. Bourinot, C.M.G., delivered last evening at Trinity University the second lecture of his course on "The Development of English Political Institutions in Canada." He commenced by stating that from the time French Canada became a portion of the British Empire and was given representative institutions the people were enabled to enjoy an amount of political liberty which would have seemed a dream to the men who toiled to found a New France in America on constitutions antagonistic to free and rapid development.

A survey of the past history of Canada showed a continuity of development which has always been a characteristic feature of the political history of England and her colonies.

Dr. Bourinot then reviewed the various measures which have distinguished our history for the last 130 years, which may be considered as so many political milestones of our national progress. In these we find certain broad principles which illustrate the English character of our institutions, viz., the supremacy of law, "which is no respecter of persons"; the practical adoption of English civil, criminal and common law; the independence of the judiciary; the controlling power of the Commons' House; Ministerial responsibility, and the permanent tenure of the civil service.

An interesting discussion then followed on some of the points raised by the distinguished lecturer.

Dr. Bourinot will deliver his next lecture in the college hall at 8 o'clock next Tuesday evening. The University, we understand, kindly invites all those who are interested in these subjects.

TRINITY MEDS AT HOME.

The Literary Society Provides a Splendid Entertainment for Its Guests.

The Literary and Scientific Society of Trinity Medical College held an "at home" in the college building, Spruce-street, last evening. The president, Dr. W. B. Geikie, occupied the chair and there was a large attendance of the friends of the college, who enjoyed the evening thoroughly.

The program was:

Chorus, "Roses Underneath the Snow," Glee Club; song, "Of Thee I Thinking," Miss A. McGill; duet, "See the Pale Moon," Misses Halloran; song, "The Postillion," Dr. G. Gordon; recitation, "The Organ Grinder," Mr. C. F. Abraham; song, "Ave Maria," Miss Eva N. Roulin; violin obligato by Miss Ethelind G. Thomas; cornet solo, "Ernani," Mr. J. Newton; song, selected, J. Bryce Mundie; song, selected, Miss Hazel Clarke; address, "The Country Doctor," Dr. R. A. Powell; song, "Speed, Bonnie Boat," Dr. G. Gordon; instrumental quartet, "Austrian Grand March," Messrs. Quay, Ashbough, Cleghorn and Field; song, selected, Miss Mabel Glover; song, "A Summer Night," Miss A. McGill; violin solo, selected, Miss Ethelind G. Thomas; song, "Auld Lang Syne," Miss Eva N. Roulin; song, selected, J. Bryce Mundie; chorus, selected, Glee Club.

Mr. W. Anderson acted as accompanist very acceptably. The entertainment was brought to a close with the National Anthem.

"O, UPRIGHT JUDGE!"

The Work of Assessment Revision Goes On.

The appeals from St. Paul's Ward were heard yesterday before the Court of Revision. Judge Robert Dennistoun, in asking that his address should be changed from Spadina-avenue to 129 Beverley-street, complained that he had not been assessed for his income, saying, "My income is $3000." The court quickly added the income and passed on to the next case.

The property of Forbes A. Townsley, Davenport-place, assessed at $2000 an acre, or a total of $13,360, was appealed against for being assessed too low. It was raised to $3000 an acre, an increase of $6680.

Jacob Singer appealed against the assessment of $2000 on each of two vacant lots on Huron-street. He said "a public school was built opposite these lots, which depreciated their value greatly." The court agreed, the chairman remarking "the erection of public institutions adjoining private property is an increasing evil," and the assessment was decreased by $500.

Forty Joined Their Ranks.

The Epworth League of Bathurst-street Methodist Church had an enjoyable social gathering last night. A choice program of readings, recitations and songs was given. Pastor Rankin extended a cordial invitation to the young people present who had not joined to seize the golden opportunity. About 40 of the young people responded, bringing up the roll of membership to 65. It was decided to start a monthly magazine to be called "The Sower." This will be issued in the interests of the church and the league. The editors will be Rev. Mr. Rankin and Mr. R. W. Deane.

Natural Science Association.

The Natural Science Association of Toronto University met in the Biological Museum yesterday afternoon, the president, Dr. Graham Chambers, in the chair. There was an attendance of over 50, of whom half-a-dozen were ladies. Mr. W. L. Miller, Pn. D., was elected first vice-president. Mr. Ernest Crae read an interesting and comprehensive paper on "Organic Evolution," dealing with the different theories on the subject. A discussion on the paper followed in which all the fourth year men took part.

Stern Caledonians.

The regular monthly meeting of the Caledonian Society was held in Association Hall last night, the president, Hugh Miller, in the chair. These were received into membership: G. Thompson, J. McPherson, Hugh A. Anderson, T. Alexander, Andrew Monteith, Robert Aiken, sr. The Hallowe'en Committee reported favorably. Arrangements for celebrating the Burns anniversary in January next were advanced a stage. Tool Burgess was present and entertained the meeting with his songs and funnyisms.

Civil Service Examinations.

The civil service examinations are now in progress in the hall of the College of Physicians and Surgeons under Dr. Thorburn of Ottawa. The preliminary examination, at which there were 110 candidates, was held yesterday. There are about 100 candidates writing on the qualifying examination today. The results will not be known for about six weeks.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West Shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m., arriving in Toronto at 10.25 a.m. Sundays leaves Toronto at 12.20 p.m., connecting with through car at Hamilton.

Toronto Architectural Sketch Club.

An able paper on "Slow-burning Construction," as applied to mills, factories, etc., was given by Mr. Edmund Burke in the rooms of this club, Queen and Victoria-streets, last night. An interesting discussion followed, nearly all those present taking part.

C. P. R. Earnings.

The earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the traffic week ending Nov. 7 are:

1890	$429,000
1889	396,000
Increase for 1890	$ 33,000

The earnings of the New Brunswick Railway are included in both years.

Fagged Out.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there is nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

32 Cents on the $.

The bankrupt stock of H. Robb & Co., drygoods merchants of Queen-street west, having been bought by McKendry & Co. at 32c on the $, the store is crowded by buyers anxious to secure the big bargains which are offered at 278 Yonge-street. 613

Pelasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

AT OSGOODE HALL.

Judgment in the Academy Case—Another Alimony Suit.

The Master in Chambers yesterday handed out judgment in the case of Clark J. Whitney against Margaret Mather, refusing to set aside the precipe order for security for costs. The master says that Whitney's property in this country is not of that substantial character which would warrant his discharging the order for security. The plaintiff will have to pay the costs of the motion.

In the case of Mary Ann Hugel against her husband, Dr. Samuel D. Hugel, a motion will be made on Friday for interim alimony. The plaintiff alleges that she was lawfully married on Sept. 6, 1864, at the town of Ingersoll, and has lived with her husband in Toronto up to 5 July last. They had a family of three girls, two of whom are now married, and since leaving her husband she has resided with one of her married daughters. She claims that she has always been a loving and dutiful wife, but that, on account of the cruelty of her husband and for her personal safety, she was forced to leave him. She places her husband's income at between $4000 and $5000 per annum and claims $10 per week for the support of herself and youngest child.

"All Wool and a Yard Wide."

When a great business house, of a world-wide reputation for honesty, fair dealing and financial responsibility, feels warranted in attaching its certificate of guarantee to its goods, such action furnishes the best possible evidence that the products are believed to be just what they are represented to be. Such confidence on the part of manufacturers and vendors naturally begets confidence in purchasers, and hence it is that there has grown to be, all over this great country, such an unprecedented demand for, and such implicit confidence in, that most popular liver, blood and lung remedy known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, as no other medicine has ever before met with. It is sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will either benefit or cure in every case of disease for which it is recommended, or the money paid for it will be promptly refunded. It is manufactured by the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, N.Y., a well-known and financially solid business corporation. No other responsible manufacturers of medicine have put their remedies to such severe tests as to warrant them to give satisfaction or refund the money paid for them. "Golden Medical Discovery" cures "liver complaint," or biliousness, indigestion and dyspepsia, all humors or blood-taints, skin diseases, scrofulous sores and tumors and pulmonary consumption (which is only scrofula of the lungs) if taken in time and given a fair trial. Catarrh in the head, bronchitis and throat diseases are also cured by this most wonderful blood-purifier and invigorating tonic.

Pianos on Their Merits.

The attractive piano rooms of Messrs. Gourlay, Winter & Leeming in Yonge-street, adjoining T. Eaton & Co.'s stores, have elicited no end of flattering comment since they were first opened about a week ago, and they have been thronged with visitors every day. This firm frankly announce that they do not control the sale of all the good pianos and organs that are made; but an inspection of the different well-known makes that are displayed in their show rooms and parlor will readily substantiate the claim that they offer some of the best instruments made. They control the exclusive sale of the celebrated Knabe pianos, and they also represent the Hardman and the reliable Karn pianos and organs, as well as the popular Mason & Risch instruments, all of which have special merits aside from that of standard excellence, to meet the different preferences of buyers. The advantage of being able to consult with a firm not interested in any one particular piano or organ, as manufacturers or otherwise, and therefore able to advise the selection of an instrument upon its merits, will be appreciated by those who are trying to decide upon a purchase. And the fact that this is appreciated is shown in the gratifying results that already have been gained by the firm of Gourlay, Winter & Leeming.

The Latest Religious Organization.

The first annual meeting of the Toronto Congregational Association was held in the Northern Congregational Church, Rev. G. H. Sandwell, pastor of Zion Church, in the chair. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—J. C. Copp.
Vice-Presidents—E. Potts, W. J. Stibbs and John Wightman.
Secretary—J. Freeland.
Treasurer—H. O'Hara.
Committee—T. J. Wilkie, F. Phillips, George Scott, E. H. Arms, F. D. Bentley, W. H. Hillchamp, Joseph Pim, Charles Green, W. B. Pepper, George Stockdale, J. R. Donovan, together with the pastors and members of the 12 Congregational churches of the city.

The association has been formed to meet a long-felt want, its objects being to aid the weaker churches and encourage the organization of new causes in suitable localities in the city and neighborhood and to promote the social and spiritual welfare of the Congregational Church of Toronto. The movement has the hearty support of the several churches, and already a large membership has been secured. The next meeting will be held in the Concord-avenue church Dec. 3.

The Two Bells.

A wag writes to us as follows: "Having seen quite recently a church bell with the very odd stanza,

I toll the funeral knell,
I hail the festal day;
The fleeting hour I tell:
I summon all to pray.

"I came to the conclusion that every parish in Canada would be benefited if a bell were put up with this inscription referring to Diamond Dyes, in which the people around us take a great interest:

I toll, but toll to dye;
I dye, but dye to live;
When tolling this my cry,
"I'll ease and pleasure give."

We are pleased to hear from our correspondent, and note with pleasure the interest he takes in Diamond Dyes, but can assure him that Diamond Dyes do not require the aid so kindly suggested as the Canadian people from North to South, and from East to West, know sufficiently about them already.

Singing for the Church Fund.

In Parkdale Congregational Church last night a first-class concert was held. The artists were: Mrs. Seymour and Mrs. McLellan, sopranos; Mr. Charles Dimmock, tenor; Mr. McDowell, humorous vocalist; Miss Herald and Mr. A. W. Kinzinger, pianists; Mr. W. F. Seymour, clarionet soloist; Mr. C. Drabek, violinist, and the West End Y.M.C.A. orchestra. In addition to this array of talent Miss Mary Herald of Hamilton gave proof of her clever elocutionary powers and Miss Mary McDowell of her prowess in club swinging. There was a large attendance and a good sum was netted for the improvement fund of the church.

Cod Liver Oil.

This valuable medicine for weak lungs and debility is frequently rendered unavailable by its strong odor and taste. Caswell, Massey & Co's. Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with pepsin and quinine, entirely overcomes these objections. See letters from leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal, and all druggists. ed

The Fish Hatcheries.

Mr. C. Wilmot, superintendent of the Government fish hatcheries at Newcastle, Ont., is on a visit to Wiarton, the centre for collecting salmon trout eggs for Government hatcheries. Upwards of 4,000,000 eggs have been collected since the opening of the close season, which extends from the 1st till the 30th of November. If the weather remains favorable upwards of 15,000,000 eggs will be collected before the end of the season.

Rev. J. B. Huff, Florence, writes: "I have great pleas