

respect to it is that it is caused by the constant rush into the profession of young people who pass through the model schools, of which there are too many, getting a temporary certificate, at the work. Some 900 teachers—the exact figure is not material—are turned out for temporary work every year. The great number brings down the salary scale, and the low salary scale young teachers tend to decide to go no farther with their pedagogic studies, and to get out as soon as possible. Out they go, after a brief period, and the schools have to commence again under new and inexperienced teachers, with results that are not always happy. The Government is badly puzzled with is the question of salary and of qualification. It is understood that it proposes this session to make an effort to deal satisfactorily with both. The qualification difficulty is believed to be the key to the situation. If the tide of temporary and not fully qualified teachers can be stopped, and only fully qualified teachers, who propose to make the profession, if not their life work, at least the work of a considerable period of their life, can be created, the problem will be well on the way towards solution. It is believed that the purpose of the Government is to

warning of the Havas agency against excessive optimism as proving the pacific intentions of the Paris Government. The result of a failure to reach an agreement would be, according to German inspired utterances, that Moroccan affairs would continue to be regulated under the arrangement of 1856. But more critical observers point out that the controversy of 1865 originated despite that arrangement, and that the conference being due to German initiative its failure would involve serious damage to German prestige.

The Hamburger Nachrichten says a failure of the conference would intensify the friction between Germany and France, and compromise Germany's position.

DUKE CYRIL INJURED

Seriously Hurt in an Automobile Accident Near Cannes.

Paris, Feb. 7.—A dispatch from Cannes says that the Russian Grand Duke Cyril has met with a serious accident while motoring in this vicinity.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Steamer.	Reported at.	From.
Prinz August		
Wilhelm.....	New York.....	Hamburg
Laurentian.....	Glasgow.....	Philadelphia

Victorian.....	Liverpool.....	New York
Princess Irene.....	Gibraltar.....	New York
Minnetonka.....	Southampton.....	New York
Carpathia.....	Trieste.....	New York
Brazil.....	Genoa.....	New York
Neckar.....	Bremen.....	New York
Zeeland.....	Antwerp.....	New York

the Conservatives, who had evidently mapped out a policy on the subject, resolved to defeat the Trustee Gammage's motion being defeated on a straight party vote.

At this juncture the Conservatives showed their hands, and gave the Liberals an insight into their policy for the future. Dr. English moved that Mr. Trustee Strogg be elected as a Trustee. Strogg, Fitzgerald, McCormick and English, be named a committee to deal with the matter of looking up a site for the new school, and also to deal with the improving of the grounds of the school. George's, Lorne avenue, Simcoe street and West London schools.

The object of this move was patent to all—simply to ignore the regularly-appointed committees and place all the important work of the year in the hands of a special committee composed mainly of Conservatives. By this move, Trustees Weekes and Westervelt are practically shut out from any voice in the matter.

The motion was carried on another straight party vote. The Liberals being at the mercy of their opponents because of the fact that Dr. Tillmann, who is the separate school representative, has no power to vote on public school matters.

In the beginning, the Conservative Trustee had argued that it was his intention to merely ask for plans and figures for the new school and the addition to Chesley avenue school, but Trustee Gammage pointed out, that in appointing a committee to secure a site the Conservatives were simply selling the school on the board at all costs.

there are but very few pupils, one room being idle at the present time. It is his idea that before the city goes in for more schools the present buildings should be modernized in every particular, and if necessary, the present boundaries could be revised, so as to relieve schools which are overcrowded, and fill schools which at the present have but few pupils.

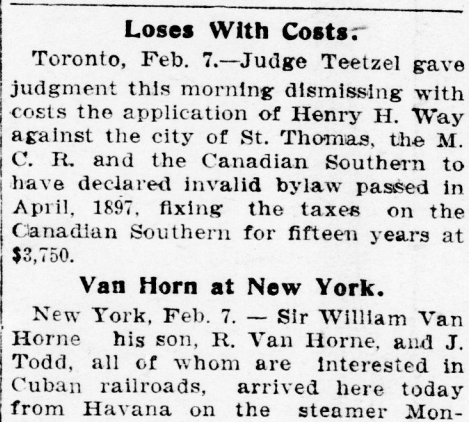
But the Conservative trustees appear bent on spending the people's taxes for the mere fun of the thing. Without any warning whatever, the new school project was sprung, and to make matters worse the Conservatives have called for competitive plans. Why they objected to competitive plans, which would have resulted in cheaper plans, to say nothing of the competition bringing out the very best possible in the way of school architecture, they do not know best. At all events, the people have a perfectly strong opinion on the subject, the heretofore trustees of the Conservatives had already decided upon a certain man to do the work at his own figures. It is further said that this architect had begun to draw plans, and had had conferences with the conservative trustees on the subject before the matter of the new school was brought before the board.

This is most assuredly a very peculiar way of doing business. Would

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Lack \$70,000

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Toronto, Feb. 7. — The Rev. Dr. McLaren, of the Presbyterian home mission fund, said this morning it is more than disquieting to find that although this is the last month of the church year, the home mission committee still lacks \$70,000 of the amount required to pay grants to missionaries. Less than one hundred of special contributions of \$250 have been paid,



New York, Feb. 7. The Tribune says: Owing to the secret conference here yesterday of the anthracite coal railroad presidents, there was a well-grounded report that the anthracite which has been mined is so much in excess of the demand that a shutdown in the mines may be necessary if there is no strike on April 1. Henry S. Fleming, who is the secretary of the bituminous coal trade, which includes most of the larger soft coal fields, and the secretary of the Anthracite Coal Operators' Association, made public yesterday estimates which he has been collecting as to the probable proportion of mining districts likely to strike early. In the anthracite district he said 80 per cent of the miners will strike.

In calculating the men who are likely to strike in the soft coal districts, he said he found that the miners there are more numerous than in the anthracite districts than was supposed, and he based his

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Feb. 7. — Before the tariff commission today J. O'Meara and Taylor McVeity, of Ottawa, asked for the removal of certain anomalies in the tariff in regard to aluminum. They also opposed on behalf of jobbers any increase in window glass. It is 15 per cent, and they wanted it to remain. The increase was asked by the Window Glass Machine Company, a United States concern who intending starting operations in Cayuga. The jobbers say that ample protection is afforded by the present tariff.

H. D. Warren, representing the rubber manufacturers, asked that there be no increase in raw material used in manufacturing rubber goods. The principal competition was from the United States, a country that produced its own raw material, while Canada had to import the raw article. This gave a decided advantage to the United States. He asked for a tariff on the classification of rubber goods, made in two classes, footwear in one, and other manufactures in the other. He asked for 30 per cent on the former and 35

On the latter. Rubber goods, besides clothing, should be taxed 35 per cent, maximum, and 25 per cent on the former. Britain's colonies, without further preference. Footwear should be 20 per cent from Britain without further preference.

H. D. Warren said that rubber footwear now controlled 93 per cent of the Canadian market. There was the combine, but there was an understanding as to some prices.

The Canada Tin Plate and Sheet Steel Association. This is now establishing works at Morrisburg, Ont., was heard. A duty of 23-1-3 per cent ad valorem was asked in the way of protection in securing a supply of tin. Canada would then be on an equal footing with other countries. It was fallacy to say that the plate was only manufactured in Great Britain at a profit. The United States consumes more than twice as much tin as Great Britain. The duty was asked from the Straits Settlement, Java, India, and Australia. It was contended that the manufacture of tin plate was a national industry to Canada as well as the manufacture of steel rails, and much more than cotton. The consumers of tin plate would not have to pay more because of the duty.

City Engineer Graydon and Manager King, of the London street railway, are again engaged in correspondence. This time the matter in dispute is the stopping of cars at certain streets. Today it was reported to Mr. Graydon that conductors were refusing to stop cars at Hyman and Pall Mall streets, on the ground that they had orders from the company to cut out the stops on account of the proximity of John and Mill streets, where the cars always stop.

The engineer decided that in contravention of the bylaw, and he at once notified Manager King that the cars must stop at every street intersection, no matter how close together the streets may be situated.

In going through his mail Mr. Graydon also found a very humorous letter in regard to the street railway. It was from Mr. Robert Brenner, of Ontario, who declared that between John and Pall Mall streets, on Dundas, there is a high joint in the rails, and that every time the cars pass over the joint the glassware is knocked off his sideboard, so great is the jar.

He asks in the interest of himself and his neighbors that the high joint, which apparently cuts high links, be removed.

In response to a petition presented to the council re the South street belt, Mr. Graydon has also taken up the matter on this line with Manager King, who has already having been made that on Friday last there was only one car on the line.

Local hotelkeepers in particular were interested in the case of Cyrus F. Stockton, proprietor of the Metropolitan Hotel, which was heard in the police court this morning.

Stockton was charged with furnishing liquor to minors, and the defense offered was that the lads were armed with written orders from their fathers. This, however, was not sufficient to save Stockton from conviction.

On Saturday last, P. C. Lloyd found two 19-year-old lads carrying a pitcher and a pail, and on questioning the youngsters he learned that one of the youths contained ale and the other porter. The liquor, the boys said, was purchased at the Metropolitan. Lloyd took the boys to the hotel, where the bartender refused to give his name. At least he told the officer he would do so when he was through waiting customers. The policeman didn't wait long, and when the boys gave the bartender two written orders and Lloyd brought them, beer and ale, to the police station, where their names were secured.

The defense in cross-examining the officer and one of the boys today, emphasized the fact that the lads had written orders. Chief Williams asked the boys the questions he amended by erasing the words "written orders."

The magistrate struck these words out. Under the revised statutes, it matters not whether the lads have an order or not—they must not be supplied with intoxicating liquor.

Mr. Flock, acting for Stockton, ad-

Toronto, Feb. 6.—The appointment of A. H. U. Colquhoun, news editor of the Toronto News as deputy minister of education, was officially made at a cabinet meeting this afternoon.

This appointment will be followed by the appointment of an expert with a thorough knowledge of the technical points relative to all branches of education.

Mr. Colquhoun will carry out the administrative work of the department.

A. H. U. Colquhoun, M.A., is a graduate of McGill University, and a Toronto journalist of high standing and wide experience, and the president of the Canadian Press Association.

Donnelly Turns Up.—Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today received this telegram from Mrs. Michael Donnelly, wife of the president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters' Union, who, she whereabouts gave rise to controversy: "My husband was returned after receiving bad treatment from some of our enemies."

MILLIONS OF BABES SACRIFICED TO SOOTHERS AND IMPURE MILK

Washington, Feb. 7.—That more than a million infants had been sacrificed to the various "confections known as southing" was the charge made by a Swiss chemist that number killed by impure milk, as the declaration made last night by Professor J. H. St. John, director of the dairy industry bureau of the United States department of Agriculture.

According to anything about the milk we have left at our homes, nor the conditions under which it was produced," he said. "One thousand and one possibilities which might be taken into account to make what nature intended for a healthy food, a little poison that chemistry can produce."

"I have found that the foods we daily consume are so fraught with germs of a harmful nature, that I am almost afraid to go to the table. The butter is tainted; the milk is full of bacteria. Canned goods are kept years, and sold for the genuine article. I speak particularly of the milk. The milk that we get from the fresh milk we get, surely our knowledge is more limited as to the quality of the milk than we are. We are intended to resort to cans only to tide us over one season, until green fruits come in. But we are not intended to do so. We don't know this. There is no law requiring them to stamp the date upon their

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Culinary	10	8	Clear
Nowhere	20	10	Cloudy
Parry Sound	2	2	Cloudy
Toronto	-2	-4	Cloudy
Ottawa	-6	-30	Fair
Montreal	-6	-10	Fair
Quebec	0	-14	Cloudy
Father Point	8	-14	Cloudy

The sign - indicates below zero.

WEATHER NEWS.

The cold wave has become somewhat less pronounced as it moved eastward, but the weather is still very cold in Ontario and Quebec. The temperature is now about the same as the previous days of Manitoba and the Northwest Provinces.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the week ended last p.m. Tuesday were: Highest, 40; lowest, -10.