

WAKE UP "FIDDLE FIT"

Take "Cascarets" for Your Liver and Bowels and Feel Fresh as a Daisy—Constipation Gone!

"Cascarets" to-night sure! Your liver is filled with liver and bowel... stomach upset, your head dull...

Banguinary Fights in India.

Three Days Battle Between British and Mashuds--- Campaign in U. S. Against Aliens --- Extremists Arrested --- Russian Bolsheviks Want Peace--Bandits Loot Limerick Post Office.

SEVERE FIGHTING IN INDIA.

DAN NAKACH, India, Dec. 29. (London)—The fiercest fighting ever experienced on the Indian sub-continent has been in progress during the last three days in which time the casualties have been heavier than those in the entire campaign in the Tirah District in 1897, while the hill men have suffered as never before.

ist labor parties were in custody and officials expressed the opinion that daylight would see twice that number behind bars. The dept. of Justice operatives were directed to catch radicals "with the goods," and that these directions were carried out as evidenced in reports particularly from New York where offices of Communist newspapers were raided, and from New England where considerable literature prepared for dissemination by the two parties was seized.

SOVIETS TALKING PEACE.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 2. Bolshevik Russia is willing to make negotiations and to grant concessions to the big powers in the interest of peace, but will not hold out the olive branch to General Denekine, according to M. K. Larkesky secty. of the Soviet delegation in conference with the Estonian delegates here.

LOOTED THE MAHS.

LIMERICK, Jan. 2. The Limerick Post Office was raided about midnight last night by twenty masked and armed men who looted several hundred pounds in cash and money orders. The Post Office staff numbering twelve persons were held up until the pillage was completed.

FEARS BREAKDOWN.

DRAGUIGHAN, France, Jan. 1. Clemenceau declared he would not continue to represent the department of War in the Chamber of Deputies, adding that "after the effort of the past year I would be loath to start

again on the task with the fear that my strength will give out before it comes to be completed."

GERMAN DELEGATE ILL.

PARIS, Jan. 2. Kurt Larner, head of the German delegation at Versailles, is ill, and will not be able to confer with the Secretary of the Peace Conference for a few days.

AN ESTHONIAN SUCCESS.

DORPAT, Jan. 2. A study of the agreement signed by Esthonian and Bolshevik representatives last night preliminary to the armistice, particularly the military guarantees, indicate that the Esthonia have secured a notable success in the most important points under negotiations.

ANOTHER WHINE.

BERLIN, Jan. 1. President Ebert published a New Year manifesto in which he states the Germans have been compelled to conclude a peace threatening the honor and welfare of the nation under the pressure of reckless force. He adds, the present year must decide whether Germany despite all difficulties, will maintain herself as a nation, and concludes with an appeal that all should close ranks and do their utmost in the restoration of the Fatherland.

REDUCING TOLLS.

LONDON, Jan. 2. The Board of Trade Journal announces to-day that on March 1, tolls on ships passing through the Suez Canal in ballast will be reduced to six francs per ton.

BRITISH TRADE.

LONDON, Jan. 2. To-day Sir Hamar Greenwood, Overseas Minister of Trade, outlined schemes in hand for pushing British industries especially by means of a British industries fair which is to be held next month. British manufacturers, while suffering from a variety of troubles arising through the war, are overwhelmed with home market orders, said Sir Hamar. The time will come, however, when some of the demands will have been filled and then they must be ready to maintain and improve their position in the foreign markets. Whatever may have been the attitude of British diplomatic commercial attaches and consuls before the war, their paramount duty now is the furtherance of British trade.

JELICOE IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2. Admiral Jellicoe to-day visited the New York Exchange as the guest of Chas. Schwab, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Co. The visitors were greeted with cheers by brokers and clerks.

FORMER CHINESE PRESIDENT DEAD.

PEKING, Dec. 30. Former President Feng Kuo Chang, of China, died here to-day.

CECIL DISCUSSES PEACE TREATY.

LEEDS, Eng., Jan. 1. Lord Robert Cecil, former Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in addressing the students of Leeds University to-day concerning the suggested reservations by the United States in the Peace Treaty, declared that he could not say that the reservations were so vital that it would be impossible to accept co-operation on the terms of the reservations. The urgency of the European situation, Lord Robert said, was so great that it would be assuming tremendous responsibility to refuse America's co-operation in trying to bring order out of chaos.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. THERAPION No. 1 THERAPION No. 2 THERAPION No. 3

Castro Made Sure of Salary.

President Ebert will draw his salary every month, like President Wilson. President Poincare is paid every three months. Castro, who was president of Venezuela from 1899 to 1908, used to make the treasury pay him daily. When elected his salary was fixed at \$144,000 a year, payable monthly. On drawing his first month's pay Castro told the minister of finance that henceforth he must send him \$400 in gold every morning, "that being the best way to make sure of my salary in this revolution-ridden land." During the nine years of his presidency exchequer funds often ran low, but the autocrat's daily wage was always forthcoming, as he warned each successive minister of finance that failure to provide it would mean summary dismissal.

PILE'S Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or swollen Piles. No surgical operation required.

Hymns and Hymn Writers.

CHRIST'S MESSAGE.

Hark the glad sound, the Saviour comes. The Saviour promised long; Let every heart prepare a throne, And every voice a song.

He comes the prisoners to release. In Satan's bondage held; The gates of brass before Him burst, The iron fetters yield.

He comes from thickest fims of vice To clear the mental ray, And on the eye-balls of the blind To pour celestial day.

He comes the broken heart to bind, The bleeding soul to cure, And with the treasures of His grace, To enrich the humble poor.

Our glad hosannas, Prince of Peace, Thy welcome shall proclaim; And heaven's eternal arches ring With Thy beloved name.

One of the most valued authorities upon English hymns, Roundel Palmer Earl Selborne, has said of this hymn in its shortened form as given above, that: "It is as sweet, vigorous, and perfect a composition as can anywhere be found." It is a tribute to popular judgment that it is also one of the best known, and most highly valued of our hymns.

We owe it to the Rev. Dr. Phillip Doddridge, the author of a useful devotional commentary upon the Scriptures, called "The Family Expositor," copies of which may often be met with in the homes founded by early settlers in Canada. Many fine hymns, as well as other good books, came from the same gifted hand. To show how important a part he played as a hymn-writer, it is only necessary to mention a few of his compositions, for instance: "O God of Jacob, by Whose Hand," "My God, and is Thy Table Spread," "Ye Servants of the Lord," "Grace 'tis a Charming Sound," "Tomorrow, Lord, is Thine." Over a hundred of his hymns have been used, more or less, in public services.

Doddridge was the grandson of one of those ministers, who at the restoration of the British King, after the death of Oliver Cromwell, suffered the loss of their positions—for throwing in their lot with the Commonwealth—as had royalist clergymen, when Cromwell gained the ascendancy. His father was an oil-dealer in London, when Phillip was born in 1703. The Duchess of Bedford, noticing the ability and early piety of the lad, even then showing signs of that fragile health which was his all through his mature years, kindly offered to pay for his education at Oxford or Cambridge. That, however, in those days would imply acceptance of the teaching of the Church of England, to which both Universities then belonged. Young Doddridge had read with delight that fine old book by the Rev. Richard Baxter, "The Saints' Rest," and had determined to become a minister; but all his home influences were were against the teaching of the "State Church," as the Church of England was often styled. And so he refused the offer of a college education, entered a school at Kibworth, and was preaching as an Independent, (virtually, the Congregationalists of our day), when twenty years of age. He took charge of congregations at Kibworth and Northampton, and established a seminary for training young men for the ministry at the latter place.

He was a success in everything he undertook to do. He passed over two hundred young English, Scotch and Dutchmen through his seminary, was a popular preacher and writer, and his hymns, written mostly to be used after his sermons, soon had a large circulation in hand-written pamphlets.

But consumption—tuberculosis—had claimed him, and like the author of "Abide With Me" in the next century, he left for a warmer climate in 1761, and never returned, dying at Lisbon at the end of October in that year.

Doddridge was a personal friend and warm admirer of Dr. Isaac Watts, one of the earliest and greatest of our modern hymn-writers, and also of that noted Christian Col. Gardiner, who it is said, changed the whole course of his life in consequence of a vision of Jesus Christ granted to him in a dream. Sir Walter Scott, some will remember, introduces that faithful and notable prototype in many respects of General Gordon into one of his best known novels.

Our hymn appeared with the date-mark Dec. 28, 1785, in seven stanzas, the two usually omitted being inferior in quality to those quoted above. Ten years later it had the high honor of being included among the Scotch paraphrases, and has been a favorite with Presbyterians ever since. Doddridge's pupil and biographer, Job Orton, printed it in England in 1765, and it then, speedily made its way into all the hymnals, excepting the Wesleyans, where it appeared only comparatively recently. This was all the more remarkable, because Doddridge had given the warmest welcome to the Wesleyans, and was on friendly terms with them.

However, English-speaking Christians of all denominations, use the hymn now, for the day has gone by when a good hymn was kept out of a hymnbook because of the theological opinions of its writer.—Family Herald and Weekly Star.



The Royal Bank of Canada

GENERAL STATEMENT

29th NOVEMBER, 1919

LIABILITIES

Table with columns for TO THE PUBLIC, TO THE SHAREHOLDERS, and ASSETS. Includes items like Deposits not bearing interest, Capital Stock Paid up, etc.

Table with columns for ASSETS. Includes items like Current Coin, Dominion Notes, United States Currency, etc.

H. S. HOLT, President. EDSON L. PEASE, Managing Director. C. E. NEILL, General Manager.

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE

We Report to the Shareholders of the Royal Bank of Canada: That in our opinion the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Table with columns for Profit and Loss Account. Includes items like Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 30th November, 1918.

Table with columns for APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS. Includes items like Dividends Nos. 126, 127, 128 and 129 at 12 per cent. per annum.

RESERVE FUND

Table with columns for Reserve Fund. Includes items like Balance at Credit, 30th November 1918, Premium on New Capital Stock.

H. S. HOLT, President. EDSON L. PEASE, Managing Director. C. E. NEILL, General Manager.

Concrete Ship Undamaged.

Messrs. Steer Brothers have received the following cable from North Sydney, signed by Mr. W. N. McDonald, the promoter of construction of the concrete vessel Permalancia: "Concrete ship building at North Sydney suffered no damage whatever from fire; inside wooden forms which had already served their usefulness but had not yet been removed from hold were scorched by fire starting from sailmaker in hold. For this damage Underwriters have paid the Company eight hundred and fifty two dollars which fully covers every loss."

An Entertainment at St. Patrick's Convent, Riverhead, on Jan. 5th, 6th and 7th, at eight o'clock, and a Matinee on Thursday, 8th, at 3 p.m.—Jan 9, 11

FIRE INSURANCE. FIRE INSURANCE. SCOTTISH UNION & NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND. GENERAL ACCIDENT, FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., OF PERTH, SCOTLAND.

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