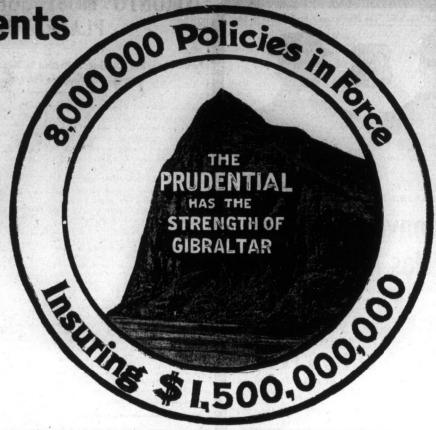
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a week doesn't seem much, does Yet these amounts, put regularly into Life Insurance in

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What is Industrial Life Insurance?

It is a system of Life Insurance designed principally for wage-earners. Premiums range from 3 cents per week up, and are collected weekly by Agents who call at the homes of the policyholders. The policies are issued from ages 1 to 70, on the lives of both sexes.

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Agents Wanted to write Industrial and Ordinary Life Insurance Good Income—Promotion—Best Opportunities—Now!

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C. L. BOYD, Supt., Rooms 12-12a, Federal Life Building. | W. E. MILLER, Asst. Supt., Rooms 2-3, Bank of Commerce, Brantford, Ont.

Prudential Agents are now

canvassing in this vicinity. They have a most

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Life Insurance has saved the home, protected the

widow, and educated the

children. Let them tell

### **HOUSE OF** COMMONS.

Ordinary policies

Ages up to 66

Amounts, up to

\$100,000.

Mr. Borden Asks Questions and Sir Wilfrid Answers.

Mr. Ecrement and Mr. Kyte Will Move and Second Address.

Minister of Labor's Mother Saw Him Introduced.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.-The proceedings in the Commons were brief but interesting. Sir Wilfrid Laurier was accorded a great ovation when he took his seat, looking well and fit for the fray, the Liberals cheering him for quite a while. On the return of the members from the Senate, whither they had been summoned with the customary formality by the Usher of the Black Rod to hear the speech from the throne, the Speaker intimated the changes that had occurred in the personnel of the House during the recess. Then came the introduction of the new members. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Minister of Labor, had a flattering reception when he appeared eacorted by Sir Wilfrid and Hon. Mr. Graham, and the Liberal cheering was renewed when Mr. D. A. Lafortune, the member for Lotbiniere, accompanied by the Premier and Hon. Mr. Brodeur, and Mr. J. M. Douglas, the late Dr. Wilbur McIntyre's successor in Strathcona, sponsored by Sir Wilfrid in Strathcona, sponsored by Sir Wilfrid Senate, whither they had been summonin Stratheona, sponsored by Sir Wilfrid and Hon. Frank Oliver, were intro-

duced.

These introductory formalities over, the Premier announced that in deference to a desire which had been expressed the debate on the address would not begin until Monday, when Mr. Ecrement (Berthier) will be the mover and Mr. Kyte (Richmond, N. S.)

the seconder.

Mr. Borden gave notice that tomorrow the question of the alleged
delay in the appointment of judges to
the Court of Appeal in British Columbia
would be rajised.

Hon. Mr. King's mother, who saw
many years ago her father, William
Lyon Mackenzie, introduced to the old
Parliement of Upper and Lower Canana,
looked down from the gallery this aftermoon on the introduction of her son as
the youngest Cabinet Minister in the
history of Canada.

MR. BORDEN SEEKS INFORMATION.

MR. BORDEN SEEKS INFORMATION. Following this the leader of the Opposition had several questions to ask the Prime Minister. He desired to know when the report of the proceedings of the Defence Conference in London would be laid on the table, whether there were any documents relating to the French treaty still to be produced, whether the Government had any information to lay before the House concerning the United States tariff, and whether there was any document or meering the United States tariff, and hebber there was any document or formation touching the waterways eaty to be brought down. Mr. Borden so inquired whether the Government oposed to lay on the table papers garding the resignation of Mr. Hugh Lumsden, chief engineer of the anscontinental.

Transcontinental.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied that he hoped the report of the proceedings at the Defence Conference would be laid before the House early next week. There was no correspondence to bring

down relative to the waterways treaty, and he would call the attention of the Minister of Railways to the question regarding Mr. Lumsden's resignation.

Replying to the other questions, Hon. Mr. Fielding said that all the papers touching the French treaty had been submitted. With regard to the United States tariff there had been no correspondence. Members of the Government might have their own impressions as to what the effect of the tariff might be in Canada, but inasmuch as the Government were not able to forecast what might be the judgment of United States Government in regard to the interpretation and application of the tariff, they did not think that they should take any action or make any statement on the subject. They thought the proper course to follow was to await the action which the United States Government ment might see fit to take.

The House then adjourned.

Mr. Guthrie has a resolution urging the appointment of a Royal Commission to investigate the need of technical education in Canada.

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the appointment of a Royal Commission to investigate the need of technical education in Canada.

Mr. Perley will move a resolution urging Parliament to take more active steps to further lessen the suffering and mortality caused by tuberculosis.

Mr. Miller has given notice of a bill to amend the criminal code with respect to race-track gambling.

Hon. Mr. Templeman has given notice of a bill respecting units of electrical measure.

The promised Government bill with respect to navigable waters, mentioned in the speech from the throne, will be introduced by Hon. Dr. Pugsley, and will extend the authority of the Federal Government in reference to the removal of obstructions in navigable waters and in preventing the erection by the Provinces or municipalities of bridges which might interfere with navigation.

THE ORDER PAPER.

THE ORDER PAPER

The ORDER PAPER.

The order paper of the Commons has already assumed goodly proportions, and over a score of members have given notice of proposed bills, motions for documents, etc.

Mr. Lancaster heads the list with three private bills relating to his specialty, the railway act. Not satisfied with the Government legislation of last year, he will again vince

isfied with the Government legisla-tion of last year, he will again bring forward, in amended form, his bill to compel the railways to protect all level crossings. The bill this time will apply to level crossings not com-ing within the scope of the act of last year. He will also introduce a bill to limit appeals from orders of the Railway Commission, and will re-introduce his resolution of last seathe Railway Commission, and will re-introduce his resolution of last ses-sion for the abolition of the Senate.

Mr. G. W. Kyte (Richmond, N.S.)
has given notice of a resolution ask-ing for an amendment to the British
North America act, so as to preserve
to the Maritime Provinces their pre-sent number of representatives in the
Commons, thus preventing the grad-ual reduction through the increase in
the unit of representation.

Col Sam Hughes has again placed on

ual reduction through the increase in the unit of representation.

Col. Sam Hughes has again placed on the order paper his resolution calling for a full partnership union of Great Britain and her self-governing colonits, wherein each will be represented in a great Imperial Parliament, dealing with intra-Imperial matters, preferential trade relations, defence of the empire, etc.

"Why are you so indolent?" demanded the stern parent. "You don't see me let-ting the grass grow under my fect." "No," replied the son, "if you had let some grow under your feet you wouldn't be so near having it grow over your head."

## NOMINATIONS.

List of the Candidates Now Before

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper With

The Fight Against McBride's Rail-

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 11.—The fight of the Mc Bride-Mackenzie-Mann combination for a guarantee of the C. N. R. bonds and the construction of that railway to the coast began today officially, when nominations for the Provincial House took place. The Province is more keenly interested than in any previous contest since the building of the C. P. R., and there is building of the C. P. R., and there is a great and growing cleavage in the Conservative ranks. The up-country constituencies are being thoroughly canvassed in opposition to Mr. Mc-Bride's railway policy. Mr. Wade will speak at Fernie on Saturday, Nelson Monday, and Revelstoke next Wednesday. At Revelstoke he will be accompanied by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper. Later Sir Hibbert will address the Conservatives at Victoria against the railway, policy. The Liberal leader, Mr. John Oliver, is at present in the upper country.

country.

The recent extraordinary growth of Yancouver is indicated by the fact that the city's voters' hist, certified to-day by Registrar Haslam, contains 19,220

Victoria, B. C., nominations to-day were as follows:
Alberni-H. C. Brewster, Liberal;
Dr. A. D. Morgan, Conservative.
Atlin-Thomas Kearns, Liberal; Hon.
H. E. Young, Conservative.

Cariboo (two members)—Harry Jones Liberal; Dr. M. Callahan, Conservative Yorkston, Liberal: A. Fraser, Conservative. Columbia— J. A. Buckham, Liberal;

H. G. Parson, Conservative.

Comox—J. M. Forrest, Liberal; M. Manson, Conservative; J. Cartwright,

Manson, Conservative; J. Cartwright, Independent.
Cowichan—John N. Evans, Liberal; W. H. Hayward, Conservative.
Cranbrook—M. A. MacDonald, Liberal; Thomas Caven, Conservative.
Chilliwack—C. W. Munro, Liberal; Thomas Caven, Conservative.
Delta—John Oliver, Liberal; F. J. Mackenzie, Conservative.
Dewdney—Allister Thompson, Liberal; Wm. J. Manson, Conservative.
Esquimalt—John Jardine, Liberal; W. R. Ross, K. C., Conservative; John Hartwick, Conservative, Con

R. Ross, K. C., Conservative; John Har rington, Socialist.
Grand Forks—Daniel Patterson, Liberal; Ernest Miller, Conservative; John McInnis, Socilist.

ood-Alex. McDonald Liberal

Greenwood—Alex. McDonald, Liberal;
John R. Jackson, Conservative; George
Heatherston, Socialist.
Islands—Percy Purvis, Liberal;
A. E. McPhillips, K. C., Conservative,
Kamloops—Henry M. Vascy, Liberal;
J. Pearson Shaw, Conservative.
Kaslo—Neil F. MacKay, Conservative
(acclamation).
Lilloet—Mark Eagleson, Liberal;
Arch. McDonald, Conservative.
New Westminster—K. J. Johnston,
Liberal; Thomas Gifford, Conservative;
Walter Dodd, Labor.

Nanaimo—A. A. Planta, Conservative;
J. H. Hawthornthwaite, Socialist.
Nelson—F. A. Crease, Liberal; Harry
Wright, Conservative; J. H. Matheson,
Socialist.
Newcastle—B. J. Thomas, Liberal;
John Stewart, Conservative; Parker Williams, Socialist.
Okanagan—F. R. Dehart, Liberal;
Hon. Price Ellison, Conservative; James
Johnson, Independent.
Revelstoke—Hon, Thomas Taylor, Conservative; George H. Kempster, Socialist; Chas. F. Lindmark, Independent.
Richmond—J. W. Deb Farris, Liberal;
Hon. F. L. Carter-Cotton, Conservative,
Rossland—E. S. H. Winn, Liberal; W.
R. Braden, Conservative; George Casey,
Socialist.

Saanich-Thomas A. Bryden, Liberal Hon. D. M. Eberts, Conservative. Similkameen—L. W. Shatford, Conser

Skeena-Dr. W. T. Kergin, Liberal.

Skeena—Dr. W. T. Kergin, Liberal.
Skeena—Dr. W. T. Kergin, Liberal.
Skeena—Dr. W. Hunter, Conservative;
Wm. Davidson, Socialist.
Vancouver (five members)—Fred C.
George E. MacDonald, James Stables, J.
Campbell, Liberals; Hon. W. J. Bowser,
A. H. B. MacGowan, Dr. G. A. MeGuire,
Henry H. Watson, Chas. E. Tisdall. Conservatives; Eugene T. Kingsley, R. P.
Pettipiece, W. Murray McKenzie, M.
McGregor and P. Garvey, Socialists,
Victoria Jour members)—John Oliver, Richard L. Drury, Wm. K. Houston,
Liberals; Hon. Richard McBride, Henry
B. Thomson, Henry F. W. Behnsen and
Fred Davey, Conservatives; George Oliver, Socialist; Alfred J. Morley, Independent

pendent.
Yale—Stuart Henderson, Liberal;
Hon. Richard McBride, Conservative.
Ymir—G. H. Schoffeld, Conservative;
Alex. M. Oliver, Socialist.

### WHAT THEY WORE.

The Ladies Made a Brave Show at Parliament Hill.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.-Following the cere mony of the opening of Parliament and the departure of the Governor-General the departure of the Governor-General and his military escort for Rideau Hall, Countess Grey and the Vice-Regal party, accompanied by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the entire gathering, paid their respects to the Speaker of the Senate and Mrs. Kerr and the Speaker of the Cenmons and Madame Mareil in the Speakers' residences, where a profusion of lights and flowers gave an additional air of festivity to the seene.

Her Excellency Countess Grey looked very stately and handsome in an exquisite gown of white duchesse satin, with overdress of chiffon embroidered in Indian design in gold thread, and outlined in panel effect with Indian embroidery. She wore a magnifi-

dian embroidery. She wore a magnifi-cent tiara and collar of diamonds, and

cent tiara and collar of diamonds, and diamond and pearl ornaments, and carried a bouquet of roses.

Lady Laurier wore a lovely gown of heliotrope tissue on self-toned satin, the gown embroidered in silver and silver passementerie. She wore a diamond tiara and diamond and opal necklace, and carried orchids and lilies of the valley.

Lady Evelyn Grey was in white satin charmeuse, embroidered in silver and

Lady Evelyn Grey was in white satin charmeuse, embroidered in silver and
finished with pink tullle and pearls.
I ady Hambury Williams looked
charming in pale grey satin, veiled in
grey chifffon, trimmed with grey iridescent trimming, and diamond ornaments, and she wore the Order of St.
John of Jerusalem.

Afrs. Buggins—Every day will be Sunday by and by. Won't that be fine?
Mr. Buggies—Yes; fine for the speakcasies.

#### **FEDERATION** OF LABOR

Passes Resolution in Support of Lloyd-George.

British Labor M. P. Speaks at Convention.

Swedish Delegate Made Appeal For Funds For Workers on Strike.

Toronto, Nov. 12.-The unprecedented

pectacle of a convention composed alpassing a resolution recording its appre nation of the efforts at domestic policy of a British Chancellor of the Exchequer was witnessed in Toronto yesterday. The incident occurred at the convention of the American Federation of Labor in Massey Hall. The two fraternal dele gates from Britain, Messrs, A. H. Gill and J. R. Clynes, had spoken. Both are Labor members in the British Parliament, and each had told of the great battle being fought in Britain by Mr. Lloyd-George and the combined Liberal and Labor forces for land taxation, oidage pensions, and other radical measures, Mr. Clyne's speech especially roused the convention. It was frankly Socialistic, but it won the convention by its reasoning and restraint. At the close the convention gave the British delegates a great reception. Seizing the opportune great reception. Seizing the opportune moment when the applause died down, First Vice-President James Duncan, ris-ing from his seat in the body of the hall, proposed the following resolution: "Resolved, that the A. F. of L., in con-

"Resolved, that the A. F. of L., in convention assembled, place upon record its appreciation of and admiration for that great tribune of the people in the British Parliament, Lloyd-George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, for his herculanean support through the British budget of the welfare and interests of the whole people of his country, as opposed to the opposition he has aroused among the aristocracy therein in their defence of property.

aristocracy therein in their defence of property.

"Resolved, that we recognize in that contention the economic struggle in which we also are engaged, namely, whether in the advancement of civilization the rights of the people or the interests of property shall be paramount; and that in our broad-gauged internationalism—we send back to Great Britain, through its fraternal delegates to this convention, the God-speed of the assembled delegates to Lloyd-George and to his associates in the great effort being made through the pending adoption of

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the British budget of a great and grand principle, directly affecting the best interests of the masses of the people."

Without a disentient voice the convention passed the resolution.

Nor did this end it. Inspired by the record of what the British Parlismentary Labor party has accomplished, Delegate Charles Dold, representing the International Union of Piano and Organ Workers, handed in to the convention during the afternoon a resolution asking for the formation of a pointieal labor party in America. The resolution, which will be discussed later, reads: "Whereas, it is the opinion of many that the time has arrived for the wage-worker to become independent in the political as well as the economic field; and whereas, in conformity with these views, it is hold that the formation of a labor party, taking the economic platform and declaration of the A. F. of L. as a basis, the various diverse and opposite thoughts can be united for one common purpose, that 8f procuring equality for the wage-worker; Resolved, that this twenty-ninth annual convention of the A. F. of L. as a basis, the various diverse and opposite thoughts can be united for one common purpose, that 8f procuring equality for the wage-worker; Resolved, that this twenty-ninth annual convention of the A. F. of L. urge the early formation of a labor party."

A VOICE FROM SWFDEN.

During the afternoon a delegate from the Swedish workers now on the second production and solution as a composite that the convention of the Swedish workers now on the swedish workers now on the second production for social such that this twenty-ninth annual convention of the A. F. of L. urge the early formation of a labor party."

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for the formation of a political alsor might be able to be heard in the party in America. The resolution, which will be discussed later, reads: "Whereas, it is it the opinion of many that the time has arrived for the wage-worker to become independent in the political as well as the economic field; and whereas, in conformity with these views, it is held that the formation of a labor party, taking the economic platform and deletation of the A. F. of L. as a basis, the various diverse and opposite thoughts can be united for one common purpose, that of procuring equality for the wage-worker, Resolved, that this wenty-minth annual convention of the A. F. of L. urge the early formation of a labor party."

A VOICE FROM SWEDEN.

During the afternoon a delegate from the Swedish workers now on a labor party."

A VOICE FROM sweden was pound in a mappeal for help. His address was interpreted by Delegate Adolph S. Karn, of the International Bakers. He said the trade union movement was young in Sweden, but they had 3,000 iocal unions, with 250,000 members. The employers had formed an association called the Central Employers' Association called the Central Employers' Association called the Central Employers' Association of the threat 80,000 men were locked the Central Employer's Association of the threat 80,000 men were locked to the Swedish Federation proclaimed a general strike. Over 200,000 men joined the ranks of the strikers, and for five weeks their ranks were unbroken. On Sept. 6 100,000 were still out on strike. Other national treed and proceed conditions, but 200,000 were still out on strike. Other national treed appealed to the American's Federation procedies and general tork on the first of the party of the process of the general lock-out was made. In pursuance of the presions for a long time process and conditions, but 200,000 were still out on strike. Other national treed the process of the process of the process of the president Gompers in reply said that while appealed to the American's Federa. The process of t on for help. President Gompers in reply said that

President Compers in reply such that while averse to sympathetic strikes, there had never been clearer need for a general strike than in Sweden. It was a fight to exterminate the union. Delegate Frey, who had visited Sweden durants to the comper told of getting into the gate Frey, who had visited Sweden dur-ing the summer, told of getting into the Employers' Association one day by mis-take and seeing the file index of the Swedish black list. It contained the

Swedish black list. It contained the records of 207,000 men.

A committee was instructed to consider what action is the best for the convention to take in regard to the Swedish strike.

Two excellent addresses were given during the afternoon by Mrs. Raymond Robins, of Chicago, president of the National Women's Trades Union League, and Rev. Charles T. Steizle, superintendent of the department of labor in the Presbyterian Church of the United States.

The first invitation for next year's The first invitation for next year's convention meeting place arrived during the day. It was from Atlanta. Georgia, and was supported by letters from the Mayor of Atlanta and the Governor of Georgia. To-day Mr. Will M. Maupin, of Lincoln, Nebraska, editor of the Wageworker, will present an official invitation for the holding of the convention in Union.

MEN NOT FREE HERE.

MEN NOT FREE. HERE.

Mr. J. P. Clynes. M. P., in a speech said that in America—the land of the free—and in Toronto, also, he had heard of men who were so little free—that they dared not join a trades union. Yet every man, whether he professed to believe in unions or not, was ready and troversy are cold facts,

gate from the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress, charged that the Catholic School Commission, who run their own printing establishments, do not pay fair wages. In the Lower Provinces, the Catholic workers, he said, are in open revolt because of the extortionate price demanded for text books, and organized labor would support the fight of their French-speaking brothers.

He also stated that as a result of

He also stated that as a result of He also stated that as a result, or the representations made by the Cana-dian Labor representative in Great Bri-tain immigration fell from 214,197 in 1908 to 87,196 in 1909. Organized labor had no quarrel with a man from the old country with a union card. But union labor set its face against immigration country with a union card. But union labor sets its face against immigration boosted by philanthropic societies, the Salvation Army and the Manufacturers Associations.

To-morrow is the last day of Trebles, Limited, greatest underwear sale of manufacturers' stock, and no man can allow this opportunity to pass without taking advantage of it, so buy to-night or to-morrow if you wish to get values tre equal of which Ham-

to get values tre equal of which Hamilton has never seen.

The crowds during this sale have been great and will be even greater to-morrow with such phenomenal values.

It is at times such as these that Treble's two stores loom up as the stores that do things right, bringing tremendous benefits to the men of Hamilton.

Are you reaping your share of the ben-fits?

Herb Thomas, aged 21, of Stratford, was found guilty of attempted indecent assault against a young married woman and was fined \$10 and costs and bound

for \$200. What we want in this North Pole con-