THE RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS IN QUEBEC CITY.

THE URSULINE MONASTERY—ESTABLISHED 1639.

A. M. D. G.

"ONE NIGHT AND ITS CONSEQUENCES."

CONTINUED.

In the course of the day, the Governor, with the Rev. F. Ragueneau, came to convey to the scene of the disaster, the Superior of the Ursulines, Mother Mary of the Incarnation, Madame de la Peltrie and Mother St. Joseph.

That smoking heap of stones was a sad spectacle! There had perished, not only the fruit of ten years' solicitude and toil, but also six months' store for themselves and their seminarists, a part of it due to the charity of their friends in France;—their provisions for the rest of the winter: their clothing and beds; the furniture of their chapel and school-rooms;—all, in fine, that they had amassed for the service of the poor Indians, and for their own subsistence; all had been consumed in the space of two hours. Madame de la Peltrie had lost everything, as well as the nuns.

New Year's greetings, so cordial in those early times that even to read of it is refreshing, must have given occasion to many touching expressions of sympathy. The nuns were at least safely lodged, for the time being. Nothing, which the most delicate and ingenious charity could suggest, was omitted on the part of the dear Hospital Sisters to alleviate their distress. During three weeks, with indefatigable zeal, these *"friends in need"* furnished materials, and aided in putting together complete suits of apparel for each of the Ursulines.

The two communities made but one:—seated at the same table; sleeping under the same roof, and reciting the Holy office together;—but can Ursulines live without having little children around them! Evidently not. Already the vacant house of Madame de la Peltrie has been examined, and the offer of the good Foundress accepted. *The nuns soon removed thither, bearing with them the generous gifts of their benefactresses; and the not less generous loan of at least 500 *livres* worth of commodities necessary for a commencement. They bore above all and bequeathed to their successors, an inexhaustible fund of gratitude for unbounded hospitality.

Among the many marks of sympathy the Ursulines received while they were the guests of the Hospital nuns, perhaps none touched them more than the visit of condolence from their poor Hurons. Assembled in one of the large halls of the Hospital, their chief, Louis Taiveronk, opened his harangue as follows:

"Holy Virgins: you behold here a miserable skeleton, which was once a living, happy people. Our flesh has been devoured by war and famine. These poor bones only held together through your benevolence and compassion. Consider our fate, and you will see that we have every reason to weep for ourselves a torrent of tears. Alas! the friends that kept us from utter destruction have become like us, and their affliction renews all our distress. Must it be said that we have seen that great House of Jesus, the House of Charity, reduced to ashes in a moment? We have seen the fire pursue, without respect, your sacred person! In that conflagration we beheld again our own houses, our towns and country in flames. Alas! must the fire follow the poor Huron wherever he goes? Weep, oh! weep, my brethren, weep with me the misfortunes which have become the portion of these innocent Virgins. Holy Virgins: lo! you are reduced to the same extremity as your poor Hurons, for whom your compassion was so great. You have no more a country, a home, nor a hope but in heaven, where you have placed all your desire.

We have come hither to console you, and before entering this hall we entered your hearts to see what was your greatest affliction in order to seek a remedy. If we were addressing persons like ourselves, our customs would lead us to offer you a present to dry your tears, and another to restore your courage; but we see that your courage has not failed, and as to tears, you have not shed one for your misfortunes. Your eyes are not fixed upon anything lower than heaven, where your treasures are.

Thus, our presents are superfluous. There is but one evil to be apprehended, and that threatens us more than you. It is the effect which the news of this deplorable accident will have upon your friends in France. They will be more touched by it than you are and will call loudly for your return. How can a mother read without tears the letter that will tell her that her daughter is without food or clothing, bed or lodging,—in fine, without any of the comforts of life? The first thought of these poor mothers will be to recall you, that they may have the consolation of relieving your distress. A brother would do the same for a sister; an uncle for his neice: thus we are in danger of losing you, and of being deprived of the aid we hoped to continue to enjoy, in having our daughters instructed in the Faith.

Courage, Holy Virgins! Do not suffer yourselves to be overcome by the tenderness of your relatives. Let it be seen that the charity you have for us is stronger than the ties of nature! To fortify your resolutions in this respect, here is a present (a wampum belt of twelve hundred grains) to fix your feet so firmly on the soil that no love of home or country will be able to remove them.

The second present (another belt) which we beg you to accept, is to lay the foundation of another House of Jesus, a House of Prayer, where you may again instruct our children. These are the desires of our hearts; doubtless they are yours also; for you would not die happy if you could reproach yourselves that through too tender a love for your parents you had lost the opportunity of aiding in procuring the salvation of so many souls whom you love in God, and who will one day be your "Crown in Heaven."

Doubtless this harangue has lost, by its double translation, much of the vivid coloring it had in its native dress; yet it shows how sincere was their attachment to the Faith and to all who contributed to their instruction.

*On the 13th February the chronicler has written:—*Les Ursulines se renferment*, signifying that they had begun to observe again the rules of cloister.—*Glimpses of the Monastery, Vol. I.*

NOTE.—In the introduction to the present sketch—issue of 15th October—the Ursuline Monastery is called the "oldest educational institution in North America," whereas the passage should read—the oldest *female* educational institution, &c.

TO BE CONTINUED.

The Dry Goods House of T. Beattie & Co. is one of the finest in Ontario. In this issue will be found the kid glove announcement. Mr. Beattie makes periodical trips to Europe and buys in the best markets. This is one reason why the house has been able to sustain so well for many years its reputation for choice goods and low prices.

REMOVAL.—John Moule, grocer, announces in this issue that he will remove his grocery on the 1st of December, to the Albion Block, Richmond street. This is one of the most popular family groceries in Ontario. Everything required in this line is always kept in stock, fresh and good and cheap. Customers are treated in the very best manner in every respect, and this is one reason why the store has become so popular among our citizens.

HINTS TO FARMERS.

The business of farming is not only the most independent but it is likewise one of the most profitable when conducted with method and in accordance with well-established systematic rules. Advancement being one of the characteristics of the present age, it behooves every farmer to make use of the best means at hand to economise labor and time. The old-fashioned ways of our forefathers will not do in this age of steam and electricity. Success depends on action, and the results of our actions are measured by what we have achieved. In these days of labor-saving machinery, the over-tasking of the body with long hours of excessive toil, are not requisites to successful farming, and that farmer who neglects to make use of the improvements and aids which have been produced by mechanical skill and invention to enable him to accomplish, in the least possible time, the greatest amount of labor, must of necessity fall behind in the race for gain. In order, then, that there shall be no excuse for our farmers who may be anxious to occupy places in the ranks of the advanced men of the age, and make use of the best aides to profitable farming, we have taken some pains to ascertain where the most practical and improved implements can be procured. There is in this city an establishment that has won for itself a world-wide reputation for the excellence of its productions. On farm fields throughout the land the implements of the Globe Works will be found holding not only their own, but achieving the mastery over all competetors. For thirteen years these works have been manufacturing implements for the farmers, and during all that time in no case have they been found wanting in any respect, nor have they been excelled. From these Works only can be procured the celebrated Imperial Harvester, which is now recognized as the only perfect reaping machine made, and which has been pronounced by all, the greatest marvel of simplicity, durability and excellence in the shape of a harvesting machine that has ever been offered to the farmer. In this machine will be found everything that ingenuity and skill could invent for the convenience of the farmer to enable him to gather his crops with ease and with the full assurance that in no case will he meet with those disasters that have on so many occasions heretofore tried the patience of those who foolishly squandered their money purchasing inferior machines. At these Works you can procure the Imperial Hay Rake—the most practical and the simplest hay rake now in use. This implement has only to be seen to be appreciated. Here is also to be found that famous combined machine, the IXL, that has now faced the storm of all competition and achieved a world-renowned fame for the last seven years. There is no machine made today that maintains such a high record for excellence as the IXL. Here also you will find the Model Mower—one of the most perfect and durable mowers ever made—to which thousands of farmes attest. And here also will that farmer, who desires to realize the greatest results from the seed he plants, obtain the old reliable, accurate sowing Farmers' Friend Grain Drill. This implement has been correctly named, for if ever there was a friend to the farmer this drill has proven one. In fact if you want to farm with success and make use of the most improved labor-saving machinery to do so, the Globe Works is the place to procure such.

Year by year the implements of this establishment have been growing more popular until now they rank the highest in the land, and have won for themselves a reputation that is beyond calculation. Not only do the implements of these Works enjoy an unenvidable fame, but the proprietors themselves are known far and wide for the equitable manner in which they treat with their customers. Justice is meeted out with an even hand to all. No false representations are made concerning their machinery. Nor will they permit an inferior article to leave their factory. Every farmer, therefore, can rest assured that when he deals with this house he will get full value for his money. It then becomes our farmers to not pass by such an establishment as this, where they can procure all they require in the shape of agricultural implements the best and most improved, at lower prices and on better terms than they can be had from any others in the country. See the advertisement of this Company in this paper, and when you want an implement don't forget that the place to get it is at the Globe Works, London, Ontario.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

PERFECT CURE FOR STAMMERING—A TALK WITH MR. R. B. MACKINTOSH.

The following is copied from the Halifax *Evening Mail*. Mr. R. B. Mackintosh, a commission merchant, came to London some time ago to be treated by Prof. Sutherland for stammering:

If there is any one complaint in the world that has baffled all efforts to overcome it, that one complaint is stammering, or stuttering, as it is sometimes called. It is one of the most distressing and painful defects that can embarrass a person in society, and the unpleasant feeling is not confined to the stammerers, but also makes it positively painful for those that are compelled to listen while they are making desperate and distressing efforts to speak. Those who are not stammerers cannot have any idea of the annoyance and misery it causes those who are afflicted. What makes it worse is the fact that pretentious quacks calling themselves "Professors" are constantly traveling over the country, victimizing the sufferers out of their money, and in many cases leaving them worse than before. Several instances are known where poor stammerers have paid their last cent only to find themselves imposed on. That at last a cure has been discovered is undeniably proven by the fact that one of the worst cases that has ever been known in Halifax—that of Mr. R. B. Mackintosh, Commission Merchant, has been thoroughly cured. His friends are more than satisfied with the results of his visit to the Institute. A *Mail* reporter had a conversation with Mr. Mackintosh, the other day, and although he watched him closely, he could not detect any impediment. In fact Mr. Mackintosh speaks with greater ease and fluency than many who never thought of such a thing as stammering, for the fact that there are very few who speak with that fluency which only comes of a thorough training in elocution. In reply to the reporter's questions, Mr. Mackintosh stated that during the two years the London Institute has been in existence, over 500 cases have been cured—some of these cures being to men over seventy years of age.

"What is the real cause of stammering?" asked our reporter.

"It is a functional derangement of the organs of speech, which renders them incapable, under certain circumstances, of obeying the will," Mr. Mackintosh replied.

"How did your impediment affect you?"

"Sometimes, when commencing, I would get my mouth open and have a violent spasm; at other times my mouth would be spasmodically closed for some moments—in both instances making it extremely painful for me to speak; often leaving me for the time being prostrated and out of breath."

"It must have been rather painful for others to listen to you."

"Yes, very; and often persons, after waiting for some time, would leave me alone, and it was impossible at times for me to make others understand what I was driving at, and generally ending in my stopping altogether."

"Had the weather any effect on your speech?"

"Yes. On damp days I would stammer much worse than on fine days."

"Have you had any correspondence with others who have been cured to find out if it has been permanent?"

"Yes, I corresponded for nearly four months to find out that very point, and the answers were extremely satisfactory. Persons who had been treated from three to twelve months previously had been thoroughly cured, and several of them wrote that they never thought of stammering."

"Is the cure immediate or gradual?"

"In one case the cure was affected in one hour. Others have gone home after two or three days. In my case, as I was a long distance from home, I remained four weeks to make sure"

"In your case do you find it permanent?"

"When I first came home I had to watch myself closely, and use considerable force in speaking; now I talk with perfect ease, and am, in fact, speaking easier every week."

"Is the system simple?"

"Very. Any person can lay hold of it, and if possessed of a strong will, and watch themselves closely, can be relieved almost at once."

"Is there any medicine taken, or operation performed?"

"None whatever, and the treatment is perfectly harmless in every respect—the effect of it being beneficial to the health of the patient."

Mr. Mackintosh, being completely cured, there is hope for every stammerer in the country being cured. Indeed, no one need ever stammer after this. Those still afflicted should call on Mr. Mackintosh.

COMMERCIAL.

London Markets.

London, Ont., Oct. 25, 1880.

GRAIN		
Wheat, Winter	℔ 100 lbs	$1 60 to 1 63
Spring "	"	1 50 to [illegible]
Corn		1 00 to 1 10
Oats		0 80 to 0 90
Peas		0 90 to 0 95
Barley		0 80 to 1,30
Rye		0 90 to 1 25
Buckwheat		1 10 to 1 25
Beans		1 50 to 2 00
FLOUR AND FEED.		
Fall Wheat Flour	℔ Cwt.	3 00 to 3 25
Mixed Flour	"	3 00 to 3 25
Spring Flour		2 75 to 3 00
Buckwheat Flour		2 25 to 2 50
Graham Flour		2 75 to 3 00
Cracked Wheat		2 25 to 2 50
Cornmeal	"	1 50 to 2 00
Bran, per ton		10 00 to 12 00
Shorts, ℔ "		14 00 to 18 00
Oatmeal, ℔ cwt		2 75 to 3 00
PRODUCE.		
Lard, ℔ ℔		0 09 to 0 11
Eggs, Store Lots, ℔ doz		0 14 to 0 16
" Farmers' "		0 10 to 0 00
utter, Crock		0 20 to 0 22
" Rolls		0 23 to 0 25
Cheese, Dairy, ℔ ℔		0 12 to 21½
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Mutton ℔		0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, ℔ ℔		0 07 to 0 08
Beef, pr ℔ ℔ qtr		3 00 to 5 00
Geese, each		0 45 to 0 60
Turkeys, each		0 75 to 1 25
Dried Apples ℔ ℔		0 06 to 0 06
Onions, ℔ bbl		0 80 to 0 82
Hay, ℔ on		8 00 to 9 00
Straw, ℔ load		2 50 to 3 50
Live Hogs, ℔ cwt		3 75 to 4 00
Dressed Hogs		5 00 to 6 00
Chickens, ℔ pair		0 40 to 0 50
Ducks		0 50 to 0 60
Turnips ℔ bush		0 20 to 0 25
Carrots		0 15 to 0 30
Apples, ℔ bag		25 to 30
Potatoes bag		0 40 to 0 50
Coal, all stove kinds		6 40 to 6 60
Cordwood, No. 1 dry, ℔ cord		3 50 to 4 60
Tallow, rendered "		0 5½ to 0 06
Wool,	"	0 25 to 0 27
SKINS AND HIDES.		
Lambskins, each		1 50 to 1 75
Calfskins, green, ℔ ℔		0 00 to 0 00
" dry "		0 00 to 0 00
Hides, green, "		0 08½ to 0 00
" dry "		0 06 to 0 00

London Stock Market.

	Buyers.	Sellers.
Huron & Erie	144	146
Ontario	129	131
Dominion	120	121
Agricultural	111½	113
Canadian	115	117
London Loan	107	108
English Loan Co	101	103
London Life	60	65
Royal Standard	100	102
Financial	106	108

Hamilton Produce Market.

GRAIN.		
White wheat, ℔ bushel		$0 90 to $1 00
Red " ℔ "		0 99 to 1 00
Spring " ℔ "		0 98 to 1 00
Oats ℔ "		0 30 to 0 31
Barley ℔ "		0 50 to 0 60
Rye ℔ "		0 75 to 0 00
Peas ℔ "		0 50 to 0 55
Timothy seed ℔ "		2 50 to 2 52
Clover seed ℔ "		4 00 to 4 75
Buckwheat ℔ "		0 50 to 0 00
FLOUR & FEED.		
Superior ℔ bbl		4 75 to 5 50
Bakers' "		5 25 to 5 50
Granulated wheat flour		5 00 to 5 50
Cornmeal, ℔ 100 ℔		1 35 to 1 40
Oatmeal "		2 50 to 3 00
Bran "		0 50 to 0 60
Shorts, fine "		0 75 to 0 90
" coarse "		0 60 to 0 00
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Beef, hind qr., ℔ cwt		5 00 to 5 50
" fore " "		3 50 to 4 00
Mutton, ℔ ℔		0 05 to 0 5½
Lamb "		0 05 to 0 06
Veal "		0 03 to 0 04
Dressed hogs, ℔ cwt		6 00 to 7 00
Butter, roll, ℔ ℔		0 20 to 0 22
" tub, "		12½ to 0 15
" fresh, pound prints, ℔ ℔		0 00 to 0 25

Pethick & McDonald's
FALL AND WINTER
GOODS!
Scotch Tweed Suits, $14, worth $17.
Scotch Tweed Suits, $16, worth $20.
English Cloth Suits, $20, worth $25.

An inspection of these goods will convince anyone that they are great bargains.

PETHICK & McDONALD
First Door North of City Hall,
RICHMOND STREET

—THE—
ONTARIO INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION,
LONDON, ONTARIO.
OFFICES—OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

Capital, $1,000,000.

Subscribed,..... $700,000
Invested,..... 200,000
Reserve Fund, ... 45,000

SAMUEL, PETERS, Esq. President.
I. WATERMAN, Esq., Vice-President.

This Company is now prepared to loan money upon the security of Building and Loan Companies' Stocks; buy and sell the same at very close rates, and loan money on Mortgages and Debentures.

Apply to
HENRY TAYLOR,
Managing Director, London.
7.1y

NOTICE
—OF—
REMOVAL!

JOHN MOULE will remove his place of business to the
Albion Block, Richmond St.,
next door to the Post Office, about the 1st of DECEMBER. To avoid the trouble and expense of moving more stock than necessary I will sell GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS at cost to cash paying customers.
The public can depend on this being a genuine sale. Goods booked will be charged at regular prices.
JOHN MOULE.

Great Western Railway.

Trains leave and arrive at London station as follows.

MAIN LINE, Going West—ARRIVE: 12 25 a.m. 1.55 p.m., 5.45 p.m., 2.45 a.m., 5.30 a.m. DEPART: 2.10 p.m., 6.00 p.m., 2.55 a.m., 8.40 a.m., 6.10 a.m.

MAIN LINE, Going East ARRIVE: 11.10., p.m., 3.35 p.m., 8.25 a.m., 1.35 p.m., 5.30 p.m., 4.10 p.m., DEPART: 11.20 p.m., 3.40 p.m., 8.40 a.m., 1.55 p.m., 5.45 p.m., 6.00 a.m.

SARNIA BRANCH—ARRIVE 9.55 p.m., 5.45 p.m., 1.45 p.m., 8.35 a.m., DEPART: 6.05 a.m. 7.10 a.m., 2.15 p.m., 6.15 p.m.

PORT STANLEY BRANCH—ARRIVE: 8.10 a.m., 1.35 p.m., 5.40 p.m., 9.45 p.m. DEPART: 6.25 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 2.30 p.m., 6.35 p.m.

HURON AND BRUCE BRANCH—ARRIVE: 10.00 a.m., 4.45 p.m., 10.10 p.m. DEPART: 5.50 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 6.25 p.m.

New Advertisements.

DENTON
has imported direct form Europe a very large stock of first-class WOOLEN GOODS of the most stylish patterns. These goods will be made up in first-class style, and sold cheap for cash. Orders solicited.
JOHN M. DENTON,
372 Richmond st., London, Ont.
101qm

AGENTS Wanted. Big Pay. Light Work. Constant employment. No Capital Required. JAMES LEE & CO., Montreal, Quebec. 7.1y

PRAYER BOOKS
15 CENTS EACH & UPWARDS.

BOOKS, STATIONERY!
—AND—
FANCY GOODS!
CHEAP AT
ANDERSON'S
175 Dundas Street,
OPPOSITE STRONG'S HOTEL.

THE GLASS BALL CASTERS.

We call attention to these simple and beautiful casters, which are rapidly superseding all others. They consist of Flint Glass Balls, held in claws of fine bell metal and are centre bearing. For furniture they improve the appearance and possess many advantages over the old swivel caster. For pianos and organs they possess unquestionable merits and add materially to the sweetness and volume of tone of the instrument. For bedsteads they stand unrivalled. Being non-conductors, they prevent electricity escaping from the body during sleep. Persons afflicted with disease produced from loss of vitality are greatly benefited and restored to health by their use. Works—64, 66 & 68 Rebecca St., Hamilton. London office, 59 Carling street, where samples and testimonials can be seen.

HOPE FOR THE DEAF
Garmore's Artificial Ear Drums
RESTORE THE HEARING and perform the work of the Natural Drum. Remain in position without aid, and are not observable. All Conversation and even whispers heard distinctly. Refer to those using them. Send for descriptive circular. Address
S. W. GARMORE & CO.,
S. W. Corner 5th & Race Sts., Cincinnati, O.

PROVERBS.

"No one can be sick when the stomach, blood, liver and kidneys are healthy, and Hop Bitters keep them so.

"The greatest nourishing tonic, appetizer, strengthener and curative on earth,—Hop Bitters."

"It is impossible to remain long sick or out of health, where Hop Bitters are used."

"Why do Hop Bitters cure so much?" "Because they give good digestion, rich blood, and healthy action of all the organs."

"No matter what your feelings or ailment is, Hop Bitters will do you good."

"Remember, Hop Bitters never does harm, but good, always and continually."

"Purify the blood, cleanse the stomach and sweeten the breath with Hop Bitters."

"Quiet nerves and balmy sleep in Hop Bitters."

"No health with inactive liver and urinary organs without Hop Bitters."

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, New York, and Toronto Ontario.

ANY OF THE FOLLOWING BOOKS for 25c. each, sent free to any address on remittance of the above. Winner's popular duets for the Violin and Piano; Kennedy's Greek and Latin verse; Chamber's Plain Geometry; Chase's recipes; Pott's Euclid; Bethoven's collection of Sacred Music; Anthon's Cæsar; Andrew's and Stoddard's Latin Grammar; Fifth Reader; Cutter's first book on Anatomy; the old English Baron; Collier's Outlines of General History; Hannah Moris' Works; Uncommercial Traveller, by Dickens; the Campaign in Mexico; book on the Cultivation of Flax; the Godmother—a Tale; Simpson's Euclid; Edward's figures of Euclid; Swinton's School Composition; Knowle's Elocutionist; Cuttler's Physiology; Life Doubled by the Economy of Time; Work's of Lord Byron; Parker's Juvenile Philosophy; Mitchell's Primary Geography; Pinnock's Goldswith's Greece; Scholar's reference book; Pronouncing Dictionary; DeFiva's Guide to French Conversation; Crutchley's Modern Geography; Catechism Perseverance; Blair's Rhetoric; French Master for beginners; Edward's Greek Grammar; DeFiva's Introduction to the French Language; German and French Kindergarten Method; the Life, Voyages and Discoveries of Christopher Columbus; Parks German Reader; Lectures on Rhetoric; Elements of Greek Language; Walkingham's Arithmetic; Latin Delectus; Rudiments of English Composition, by Alex. Reed; a Compendium of Modern Geography; First French Reading Book; First Lessons in Latin; Mathea's Greek Grammar; Butler's Geography of the Globe; the Miscellaneous Works of Henry McKenzie; the Principles of Latin Grammar. Apply to John Connor, 34 Market Square, London.

INSURANCE

The Oldest, the Cheapest, the Best Farm Insurance Company in Canada.

THE LONDON MUTUAL
(Formerly Agricultural Mutual.)
HEAD OFFICE,
Molsons Buildings, London, Ontario.
Assetts 1st January, 1879, $275,854.41, and constantly being added to.

CROWELL WILSON, President.
D. BLACK, Vice-President.
W. R. VINING, Treasurer.
C. G. CODY, Inspector.

The Fire Office, now in the 21st year of its existence, is doing a larger, safer and better business than ever, having in the month of June issued 1,940 policies and in July 2,032 policies—a number never before exceeded except by itself.

Intending Insurers Will Note,

1st. That the "London Mutual" was the pioneer of cheap farm insurance in Canada, and that its rates have always been placed as low as is commensurate with the hazard; that, being *Purely Mutual*, it has no stockholders, and all profits are added to its reserve fund to give better security to its members.

2nd. That it is the only Company that has always strictly adhered to one class of business, and now has more property at risk in the Province of Ontario alone than any other Company—stock or mutual—English, Canadian, or American, [vide Government Returns].

3rd. That it has paid nearly a million dollars in compensation for losses, having distributed the same in nearly every township in the Province

4th. That its books and affairs are always open to the inspection of the members, and the Directors are desirous that the privilege should be exercised.

FARMERS! Patronize your own old, sound, safe, economical Company, and be not led away by the delusions of new ventures and the theories of amateurs in the insurance business.

For insurance apply to any of the agents, or address, D. C. MACDONALD,
50-1y Manager

Elliot & Co., Toronto, and B. A. Mitchell, London, wholesale agents.

INDIAN LAND SALE.

THE Lots comprised in the portion of land formerly embraced in the Indian Reserve, South of the Town of Sarnia, and now known as the NEW SURVEY, consisting of over 300 lots east of River street, varying in size from the $\frac{3}{20}$ to $\frac{3}{10}$ of an acre; and 23 lots on the river bank, varying in size from ¼ to ⅜ of an acre; besides the water fronts to the channel bank, will be offered at Public Auction at the Belchamber House, in the Town of Sarnia, at 10 o'clock a. m., on THURSDAY, the 28th OCTOBER next.

This property is beautifully situated on the banks of the St. Clair, and the river lots are specially adapted for manufacturing purposes.

TERMS:—One-fifth of the purchase money to be paid down, and the remainder in four equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

No more than four front lots will be sold to any one person, and each purchaser of said front lots will be required to erect within three years a building for manufacturing or business purposes on his location.

Purchasers of lots in Ranges 1 to 3 inclusive will be restricted to four lots each, and purchasers of lots in any Range further East, to eight lots each; and the portion comprehended in each scuh sale must be enclosed, built upon or cultivated within three years.

Any further particulars can be learned on application to E. Watson, Esq., Indian Superintendent, Sarnia.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.
Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1880.

The above sale is hereby postponed until the Tenth of November, at ten o'clock, a.m., at the Belchamber House, Sarnia.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Depbty of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.
Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, Oct. 15th, 1880. 106,2w

PARLOR PICTURE STORE
O. B. GRAVES
CARVER & GILDER
Manufacturer of
Picture and Portrait Frames, Pier and Mantle Mirrors.
—IMPORTER OF—
CHROMOS AND ENGRAVINGS
PAPER HANGINGS, ETC.
222 Dundas Street,
N. E. corner Dundas and Clarence streets, LONDON, ONT. 79.1y

STAMMERING
THE LONDON
STAMMERING INSTITUTE,
No. 131 MAPLE STREET,
LONDON, - - - ONT.

TESTIMONIAL.

DEAR SIR,—I have been troubled with a very bad impediment in speech, and was induced to go to the London Institute for treatment, and in a very short time was permanent cured. I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficacy of PROF. SUTHERLAND'S treatment.
Stratford, Ont. WM. TOBIN.

DRY GOODS.

EATON'S PALACE.
THE LONDON DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Eaton's new carpet rooms. Grand opening. In addition to our large stock we have just received Nine Bales containing 36 pieces of the very newest coloring in Brussels Carpets, which we offer for a few days at $1.35—bordering to match these goods—usual price $1.50 to $1.60. We show to-day and all this week a good display in our new Millinery Rooms. Our rooms were late of being opened—carpenters and joiners working day and night. All complete now and the novelties from Paris, novelties from England, and novelties from four American markets, all very attractive and useful, as well as cheap. In connection with our Millinery opening, Mantle opening, and Carpet opening, we have a Clothing opening. Tremendous stock. Eaton sells cheap all the time.
JAS. EATON & CO.

1880 FALL 1880
NEW
FALL GOODS
Opening out Daily
—AT—
J. J. GIBBONS.
New Dress Materials,
New Cloakings,
Flannels, Cottons,
Blankets, Quilts.
All Goods Sold at the Lowest Cash Prices.
A CALL SOLICITED.

—STILL MORE—
EXTRAORDINARY
THAN WHAT HAS BEEN!
—THE—
KID GLOVE HOUSE
will offer for sale the contents of
FIVE DIFFERENT CASES
—OF—
CORSETS!
BEING
A complete clearance of a Wholesale Stock Ladies' Corsets—wholesale price ranging from $7 to $10 per dozen. The lot will be cleared out at the extraordinary price of
40C. PER PAIR
The Great CASHMERE Sale will be continued ALL NEXT WEEK.
The 20—Cent Briliant Black Lustre will be sold from 10 to 12 o'clock each day, until further notice, for TEN CENTS per yd.
N. B.—The hours of the Great Print Sale will be from 9 to 10 o'clock a. m., and from 3 to 4 o'clock p. m. each day until further notice.
REMEMBER—We will sell you "The Best American Prints" at *FOUR CENTS PER YARD* during the above hours.
A. B. POWELL & CO.
THE KID GLOVE HOUSE

BATHS.
ELECTROPATHIC INSTITUTE,
244 Queen's Avenue, London, Ont.
MOLIERE ELECTRIC VAPOR BATHS.

The first physiological effect of the Moliere Electric-Vapor Baths is to perfect the perspiratory functions of the skin, to give a living and healthy cuticle, instead of the weak, diseased covering which the majority of people possess. The skin is thus fitted for imbibing the oxygen of the atmosphere, and giving off the carbon from the blood—*two most important processes*. To a person liable to take cold from exposure to slight drafts, the feeling of defiance to cold imparted by the Electric-Vapor Baths is one of the most striking results. In no diseases are the effects more magical than in Rheumatism and Gout. In northern climates the functions of the skin are to a great extent dormant, and its purpose as an outlet for refuse matters of the system almost nullified by inaction. The use of these Baths remedies this state of things, giving, at the same time, beauty to the skin and health to the body. Its utility in chronic congestion of the liver and spleen, and in constipation associated with chronic indigestion, gout, inveterate depression of spirits, cutaneous diseases, affections of the kidneys and dropsy thereon dependent, is without doubt. It is common to associate perspiration with debility, and to imagine it to be weakening to the system. This is a mistake, passive means cannot weaken. Travellers in the East resort to bathing establishments for refreshment and invigoration. Electric Vapor Baths are highly tonic, and the rule is to put weak people in often, as it is conducive to flesh and strength. Perspiration drains away no living tissue, but merely effects matter which enervates instead of strengthens. If you perspire well you come out of the Bath stronger than when you went in. This can be tested in three ways; its effect upon those debilitated by disease; on those exhausted by fatigue; and on those long exposed to it. After long and severe fatigue, the bath affords the most astonishing relief, whether it be the fatigue of mental work or of long continued physical labor.

"WILLIAMS SINGER."

The machine that has stood the test during the past 18 years, and is now the most popular Sewing Machine in Canada, is the kind to purchase. Thousands can testify to its merits. Over 2,800 sold in this vicinity, and over 70,000 in the Dominion, with sales increasing each year. No experiment in getting one of the "WILLIAMS." Every machine warranted five years by the Company. Needles for all kinds of machines at
FESSENDEN BROS.,
98 233 Dundas Street.

AMERICAN FURNITURE HOUSE.
GEO. BAWDEN & CO.
171 & 173 King Street.
Come and see the "Hanlan" Bedroom Sets in Walnut, for $35.
Our Furniture is cheaper than any other House in the city.
N. B.—New Furniture exchanged for old. Repairing and carving done.