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THE MODERN CANNER CO.
Canadian Branch, St. Jacob's, Ont.

## FOR EXCHANGE!

 A besutiful 500 -acre farm in BritishColumbia for farm in Ontario. Land is in North Thampson River Valley, 23 milles from Kamloops City, in fruit-grow-
ing dietriot, 2 miles river frontage, beaning distriot, 2 miles river frontage, beau-
tifully situated; 100 acres oultivated; rioh soil; good spring water; some valu-
able timber; 2-storey house; frame
ben barn and other buildings. Or will sell
part oash, balanoe easy terms. Apply : THEUNIONTRUST CO., 174 Bay st., Tononto, AEEnts.

A CUPE WVITHOUT DRUGS wear hy bult witl gride and A CURE WITHOUT DRUGS WEAY ME WHEN THE WORK IS DONE

and nozzle proter pressure relief into tank Fitted for orchard, vineyards and grain crops. Can be operated by hand. This advertisement will not appear again in this paper. If interested, write now.

WHEN WRITING ADVERTISERS, PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS Miscellaneous.

TWISTING WIRE FOR LIGHT Seeing you recommend No. 9 galvan-
ized wire twisted for lightning rods, ized wire twisted for lightning rods, piease and the best way to put them up. Ans-See article in this issue headed Ans.-See article ing Rods. CUTWORMS DESTROY TOMATO PLANTS.
Am trying to raise tomatoes on a large
scale, but on setting out the plants i lose about half of them; they are cut of at the top of the ground by a gray worm
about half an inch long. Can generill about hall an inch long. Can generally
find the worm after the plant is cut off They must work at night, as can see no worms above the ground during the day. Ans.-It is evident that the tomato
plants have been destroyed by one or other of the three hundred species of cut-
These insects work at night worms. These insects work at night,
hiding in the soil by day. It is probable that before this reaches the eye of
the reader the brood that caused the mischief will have entered the pupa state,
and unless some other species appear and unless some other species appears,
further transplantation may be done without loss. The best thing to do is
to poison the cutworms, by sprinkling around the plants or about the field a poisoned bran mash, made of one pound
of Paris green to one hundred pounds of dampened bran, or one ounce of green to
six pounds of bran. Put the bran in a six pounds of bran. Put
large pan or vessel, dampen slightly with large pan or aining a little sugar or salt;
water conter mix thoroughly until the bran
stir and min seems to be almost dry to the touch.
Then sift over it the requisite amount of Then sit over and stir thoroughly. Be
Paris green, and
careful to have the right proportion of the poison. If too strong the insects
then of its effect.
TIES. In the spring of 1907 I bred four
Clydesdale mares all to one horse; these
wares worked hard all winter on the mares worked hard all winter on the
roads. Two had colts near their time, roads. Two had colts near their time, weeks after we quit teaming mare No. ${ }^{3}$,
slipped her colt six weeks before time. slipped her colt six weeks before time.
She had not been out of the stable for four days at the time. Her mate car-
ried her colt three weeks past time; had tour hays at three weeks past time; had
ried her colt that
white wax and leaked milk for two weeks wefore she foaled. She had a fine-look-
ing colt, able to get up and walk about, but lifeless; did not care to suck; by milking in its mouth it would suck a
little; lived a couple of days and died; bowels all right, and I could see no
reason for its death. Will mare No ${ }_{3}$ ikely abort again? Will mare No. ${ }^{3}$
likely mare No. 4 likely act the same another year? Would
it make any diflerence if I should breed
her to any ercheron or French- Canadian or hors?
Could there be anything amiss in the way they were fed? Whything amiss in the
wherking hard
hey had five quarts oats three times a lay, had five quarts oats three times a
turnip or small sugar mangel
night, and salt every day. Mares

