

The Standard

Published by The Standard Limited, 82 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Edition, by Carrier, per year.....\$5.00
Daily Edition, by Mail, per year.....3.00
Semi-Weekly Edition, by Mail, per year.....1.00
Single Copies Two Cents.

TELEPHONE CALLS:

Business Office.....Main 1722
Editorial and News.....Main 1746

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1912.

TERRITORIAL REVENUE.

The enormous increase in the territorial revenue of the Province under the present Administration shows the laxity of the administration of the public domain under the previous Government. A much stronger word than lastly might be used and the designation would still be mild. How many hundreds of thousands of dollars were lost to the Province through the failure of the Government which was defeated by Mr. Hazen to make proper collections will never be known, but in the last ten years alone the average was over \$100,000 and perhaps half as much more. A million dollars is a large sum of money to lose, particularly where the loss was caused entirely by a desire to please a few political supporters.

Attempts have been made to defend the administration of the Crown Land Department by the old Government, but the facts presented by Surveyor General Grimmer at the last session of the Legislature were so convincing that even the plausible statements of Mr. Robinson, the thundering of Mr. Copp and the almost tearful appeals of ex-Surveyor General Sweeney, who was the last of the old crowd to hold the office of Surveyor General, vanished into thin air. The conduct of this department for many years was so bad that no defence is possible. It cannot be denied that the provincial treasury suffered severely and that under even an ordinary business management the funded debt of the Province would have been at least a million dollars less than it is.

Here is a comparison of the territorial revenue of the Province for the year 1907, the last year of the old Administration, and for 1911. It must not be forgotten that the year 1907 was the record year of the old Government as 1911 is of the present Administration. Let the figures speak for themselves:

	1907	1911
Sales of Timber Licenses	\$ 2,386.50	\$ 2,176.00
Renewal of Timber Licenses	79,148.94	81,206.00
Stumpage	180,135.44	367,679.14
Land Sales	3,807.69	5,440.90
Labor Fund	327.40	146.00
Installments	286.15	89.50
Deposits for Survey .....	.....	1,291.00
Orders for Survey .....	.....	459.00
Land Leases	1,010.00	1,031.00
Mining Leases and Applications	9,650.01	6,333.45
Mining Royalty .....	.....	6,695.97
Fishing Leases	15,517.00	15,610.00
Game Licenses	29,054.80	38,672.17
Guides' Certificates	110.00	142.00
Fines .....	.....	345.50
Miscellaneous .....	.....	25.00
Taxidermists and Meat Licenses .....	.....	268.80
Copies Records, plans, etc. ....	.....	183.61
Transfers Timber Licenses .....	.....	644.00
Totals	\$321,550.49	\$528,459.64

The total increase in the territorial revenue of 1911 over that of 1907 is \$206,878.55, of which \$187,543.70 is for stumpage alone. The only answer the Opposition ever attempted to make to explain their failure to collect all the revenue from this department is that more lumber has been cut in the last three years. This statement Mr. Grimmer disposed of in his speech on the budget last year, and showed conclusively by the exports of lumber from the Province and by cut at the mills, largely supplied with lumber cut on the public domain, that there were actually fewer logs cut up in 1908-9-10 than in 1905-6-7. The returns of exports from the Province for 1911 show that our lumber exports are not increasing, but if anything, decreasing, while the revenue collected by the Government from stumpage has more than doubled.

The St. John Globe has made a practice for years of publishing an annual statement of the lumber exports of the Province. In the latest statement the figures are given as follows for the different years:

	Sup. Feet.
1908	306,445,056
1909	325,213,629
1910	327,519,421
1911	285,981,879

From this it will be seen that while the stumpage collections of 1911 were the largest in the history of the Province the export of lumber was not nearly so large as in the previous year. As no record is obtainable of the quantity of lumber held over each year it is necessary to take a group of years to get an accurate idea of the amount of lumber actually cut in the Province and exported. This Mr. Grimmer did in his speech before the House. He gave the returns of trans-Atlantic shipments from 1900 and the lumber cut from the public domain. The figures were as follows:

	Trans-Atlantic Shipments.	Lumber Cut on Crown Lands.
1900	489,000,000	118,500,000
1901	398,000,000	101,500,000
1902	445,000,000	107,000,000
1903	388,000,000	123,500,000
1904	358,000,000	139,000,000
1905	343,000,000	107,000,000
1906	240,000,000	141,000,000
1907	355,000,000	149,500,000
1908	324,000,000	151,000,000
1909	325,000,000	204,500,000
1910	227,000,000	280,500,000

In comparing the figures for 1908 of the lumber cut on Crown Lands with succeeding years of the present Administration, it must be borne in mind that the operations for that year were practically closed before the present Government took office. By taking an average of shipments for the years 1905-6-7 it will be seen that New Brunswick exported 372,666,000 feet of lumber annually in these years, and that the Crown Land Department collected stumpage on an average cut of 122,500,000 feet. For the years 1908-9-10 the average exports were 324,000,000 and stumpage was collected on an average cut of 151,000,000 or 50,000,000 more than the surveys of the old Government found. This meant a loss in round figures of \$60,000 to the provincial treasury for each year.

GREAT BRITAIN'S NAVAL SUPREMACY.

As intimated in a recent cable from London, changes in naval organization by the creation of a naval war staff are announced by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty. This is a step of far-reaching importance. It places at the disposal of the First Lord an advisory committee of experts whose duties will consist in scientific and speculative study of naval strategy and preparation. While the staff will be without executive authority the opinions and experience of its members will no doubt in future be a determining factor in British naval policy.

The present position of the British navy in completed ships is admitted to be generally satisfactory, but the outlook is certainly one which gives occasion for anxiety if the German authorities are about to enlarge their programme. Probably the nearest approximation to the present position of affairs in Germany is to be found in what is apparently an inspired statement in "The Frankfurter Zeitung." The journal says:

"The next Reichstag will in all probability be confronted with the problem of the increase of armaments, and, of course, also with the voting of financial means. Many things indicate that the manner and degree of what it is proposing to demand from the next Reichstag are at present being discussed, and that a decision will soon be arrived at. Whether or not it becomes known before the elections, hardly a single politician will shut his eyes to the fact that the Reichstag to be elected on January 12th will have to occupy itself, either in special bills or in the way of estimates, with fresh demands for the army and navy, and corresponding taxes, of which nobody dreamt half a year ago."

It is generally understood that Germany will lay down next year one battleship and two battle-cruisers, being one more vessel of the latter type than was originally proposed. The Naval and Military Record, in discussing the situation, gives the following instructive table showing the position of the great armoured ships of all nations, generally described as Dreadnoughts:

	Complete.	Launched.	Building.	Total.
Great Britain—				
Battleships	11	4	7	22
Battle-cruisers	6	1	2	9
British Dominions—				
Battle-cruisers	—	2	—	2
Germany—				
Battleships	7	3	6	16
Battle-cruisers	2	2	1	5
United States—				
Battleships	6	2	4	12
Italy—				
Battleships	—	3	1	4
Austria—				
Battleships	—	2	2	4
France—				
Battleships	—	2	2	4
Spain—				
Battleships	—	1	2	3
Brazil—				
Battleships	2	—	1	3
Argentina—				
Battleships	—	2	—	2
Japan—				
Battleships	—	2	1	3
Battle-cruisers	—	—	4	4
Russia—				
Battleships	—	4	2	6
Totals	33	31	35	99

Cruisers and torpedo craft are, of course, excluded from the above table and vessels of the French, Italian, and Japanese navies are also omitted.

A cursory study of this statement, in the opinion of the Naval and Military Record, reveals two facts, viz., that Great Britain's position in completed vessels is satisfactory, but that it must rapidly deteriorate unless the Admiralty are prepared to maintain adequate armoured programmes. If Germany next year lays down three units she would have 24 vessels built or building, while on a four-ship programme England should possess 34—a superiority of 11 only. If Italy, as is rumored, intends to begin two more ships in the coming year, she and Austria will have ten units under construction. Thus the Triple Alliance will have complete or in hand thirty-four vessels, or exactly the same number as Great Britain. But it must be borne in mind that one of the Dreadnoughts is already earmarked for service in the East Indies, and thus the British strength available in Europe will be actually only thirty-three, to thirty-four possessed by the Triple Alliance. It is probable, indeed almost certain, that all these vessels of Germany, Italy and Austria will not be completed as soon as the ships laid down in the Old Country, but of all the Admiralties in the world the British Admiralty cannot afford to take risks.

"The more carefully the naval position is examined," says the Record, "the more certain it becomes that the only programme which will satisfy the British people and allay anxiety is a programme of two keels to one against the next greatest naval power, whatever that naval power may be. Probably the adoption of such a programme in place of the present uncertainty would do more to discourage renewed foreign competition than anything else. The present Cabinet has made effort after effort in the direction of a limitation of armaments, and all their advances have been regarded abroad as signs of weakness. Mr. Churchill has promised that if there is an expansion abroad the Cabinet will take corresponding measures. In view of the intentions attributed to the German Government the point arises whether the time has not come for the British Cabinet to indicate its policy so clearly that there can be no misunderstanding."

Mr. Churchill's announcement of the appointment of a naval war staff was not made when the above comments appeared in the Record. The new departure will have a reassuring effect on the public mind as a guarantee that under the watchful eye of a body of experts Great Britain's naval supremacy on the high seas will be adequately maintained.

Current Comment

(Pittsburg Gazette-Times.)

"Getting Christianity out of cold storage" is one of the chief objects of the men and religion forward movement. It is an application of the old-fashioned "revival" principle to meet modern conditions. It is announced that over 5,000,000 men and boys are interested in this project, "a larger number than have taken part in any one effort of the kind since the crusades of the middle ages." With such an army at work there need be little doubt as to the outcome.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

The Monetary Times is authority for the statement that \$600,000,000 of new capital has come to Canada in the past eleven years, as the result of immigration. This, added to the wealth previously established, should dispel all doubts as to the country being "a going concern."

(Toronto Telegram.)

Prince Edward Island local election results are just one more indication that there is no Liberal party in Canada any more.

ILLUSTRATION ORCHARD IS TO BE ESTABLISHED

Board of Trade Make Ready Response to Suggestion of Horticulturist A. G. Turney, and Members Subscribe \$1000 for Model Orchard - Purchase of Troop Building Ratified.

More evidence of the live-wire characteristics of the St. John board of trade was afforded by the proceedings at the meeting in Keith's assembly rooms last evening. In less than two minutes the board ratified the purchase of the Troop building for \$9,500 and decided to spend \$2,500 in improving it and added the names of 75 young men to its membership roll. Then when A. G. Turney, provincial horticulturist after delivering an illustrated lecture on commercial orcharding, suggested that the board put up the money to establish an illustration orchard of 1000 trees within 20 or 25 miles of St. John, ten of the members promptly subscribed \$1,000 or about \$100 more than Mr. Turney had wanted. The ten men who so quickly decided to go into fruit raising are Andrew Jack, James Jack, W. B. Bamford, Percy W. Thomson, Royden Thomson, W. E. Anderson, Walter C. Allison, Manning W. Doherty, H. C. and H. B. Schofield. Each agreed to put up \$200 apiece.

Mr. Turney's lecture was listened to with marked interest, and he was required to answer many questions regarding various phases of the problem of starting commercial orchards. His statements that the experiments of the department had shown that it was possible to get returns of 25 or 35 per cent. on investments in apple orchards evidently astonished the financial men of St. John. Yet it looked as if most of them had known something about orchards in their youth; at any rate when two boxes of apples from the illustration orchards were distributed the excitement of the usually staid assembly suggested a gang of small boys making a foray into an orchard.

In opening the meeting the president stated that the council of the board had approved the proposition of the building committee to purchase the Troop building, and had authorized the collection of \$10,000. Inside of a week \$7,500 had been subscribed. As the option expired on the 8th inst., the council had purchased the building. The cost price was \$9,500, and about \$2,500 would be needed to fit up the building for the board's purposes.

H. B. Schofield moved that the full board ratify the action of the council in purchasing the building, and appoint a committee to take charge of the work of remodeling it. The motion was adopted unanimously.



KING COLE TEA

You'll like the flavor

Last year we thanked the public for the best year we had ever had. This year we give most hearty thanks for a very much better one. Our new term will begin Tuesday, January 2nd. Send for Catalogue.

S. KERR, Principal.

Store Fixtures

Counters, Shelving, Mantle Racks, Show Cases, Umbrella Cases, Display Tables and Wall Cases.

The Christie Woodworking Company, Ltd.
(Two Factories.)

245 1/2 City Road Erin Street

20% Discount For January

Off Our Entire Line of WATCHES which is comprised of the best lines of American and Swiss movements in any style of case you may select. We are offering a very fine 17 Jewel Adjusted Movement in an All Gold Filled Case, Ladies' or Gentlemen's size at \$18.00.

We would be pleased to have you examine these lines. All Watches Fully Guaranteed.

W. TREMBAINE GARD, Goldsmith, Jeweler and Optician 77 Charlotte St.

Real Estate Signs

ST. JOHN SIGN CO.
143 1-2 Princess St., St. John, N.B.
Phone, Main 676.

The president then referred to the action of the council in providing for the admission of young men as association members for a fee of \$5.00. He said that 75 applications had already been received for association membership at once.

More Applications. M. W. Doherty said there was no doubt that there would be more than 100 applications, and moved that the 75 applicants be admitted to association membership at once.

Walter C. Allison seconded this. G. S. Fisher wanted to know what the standing of associate members would be.

The president said he understood the associate members would not have representation on the council at present, though they might get it later on. The object of admitting the young men was to enlist their service in the work of booming the town. The motion to admit the 75 applicants was adopted.

A. G. Turney, provincial horticulturist, then delivered an interesting lecture on commercial orcharding. He illustrated with a large number of views of orchards in different parts of the province. He said that of late there had been much discussion of the possibilities of commercial orcharding in this province, and the newspapers were full of articles, regretting that the people here ignored their own opportunities, and invested their money in other parts of Canada. He thought the reason why more money was not put in orchards was that there was no concrete knowledge available in regard to the operation of orchards.

Recognizing the need of providing such information the Department of Agriculture had taken hold of a number of orchards, with a view of demonstrating what could be done with them, and securing definite information regarding costs of operation and profit obtainable.

One of these illustration orchards was at Mayville, Sunbury Co. It was not in a very good condition when taken in charge. But it was given the best of care, and the results were encouraging. As a result of spraying with sulphate of lime, this orchard was not troubled by the tent caterpillar, though for 30 miles down the St. John river other orchards were denuded of their foliage by this pest.

On this orchard the department expended \$191, and secured a revenue of \$287. This meant a net revenue of \$67.00 per acre. Allowing a valuation of \$400 per acre—considerably more than the valuation of the owner of the orchard—the operations of the department gave a return of 14 per cent.

York Co. Orchard. The lecturer then proceeded to give an account of the operations at the illustration orchard in York county. In this orchard many of the trees were troubled with great patches of dead wood, the result of neglected sunscalds. All the deadwood was cut away, the sores painted and the trees pruned and sprayed with the result that the orchard took on new life.

While the orchard which was located on the slope of a hill, was not composed of the most productive trees, the crop turned out well, and a net profit of \$89.00 per acre was secured. Continuing the speaker said that at the illustration orchard in Albert Co. a net revenue of \$181 per acre was secured. On a valuation of \$500 per acre, this would mean a return of 36 per cent. He then directed attention to views of orchards at French Lake and Burton, and various other places.

Unsuitable Stock. It was to be regretted, he said, that a good deal of nursery stock had been brought into the province which was unsuitable.

DIZZY HEADACHES CURED IN ONE NIGHT

If Troubled with Head-Fullness Ringing Noises, Specs Before the Eyes, the Stomach is at Fault.



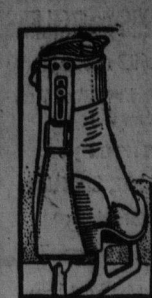
"I had terrible pains in my head. My appetite faded away and when I did eat anything it disagreed and made me very sick for hours after each meal. I suffered excruciating pains in my stomach and the dizzy headaches I had to endure almost set me wild. Sometimes attacks came on so severely that I had to go to bed. I would feel so weak, depressed and utterly miserable that for hours I wouldn't speak to my family. My system was poisoned with wastes and nothing helped me till I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Without this grand system-cleaning remedy I would be sick but each day brought me better health and spirits. I was cured and made as strong, ruddy and healthy looking as one could wish, and will always use and recommend Dr. Hamilton's Pills."

"MRS. B. C. CURRAN."
"Westport, P. O."
Thousands who are in an ailing, low state of health need nothing else but Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They cure blood disorders, pimples, rashes, bad color, biliousness, liver, stomach and kidney troubles. Mild, certain and safe. Beware of imitations and substitutes, 25c per box or five boxes for \$1.00, at all dealers or the Cataractine Company, Kingston, Ont.

WATCHES

The most critical judge of beauty of design as applied to the handicraft of watch production, will of a surety be more than satisfied with The Artistic Merchandise that we are showing in this branch of the Jeweller's art. For this season's trade, GOLD WATCHES, GOLD FILLED WATCHES, also watches cased in Silver, Gun Metal and Nickel. LADIES' AND MISSES' BRACELET-WATCHES of various styles and prices. The prices throughout the whole wide range of our watch stock are Quality for Quality, the lowest obtainable.

FERGUSON & PAGE, Diamond Importers and Jewellers, 41 KING STREET.



Perfection Ankle Support

This simple device is made of best quality steel and is designed to give weak ankles perfect support while skating.

A hinge and sliding attachment allows the ankles to bend forward and backward freely, but absolutely prevents them from going sideways.

Made for men, women and children. It has been widely adapted by hockey players.

Per Pair \$1.00

T. McAVITY & SONS, Ltd., 13 King St.

Stationery Supplies

A Full Line of Account Books Figuring Books, 2 to 16 columns

All sizes of Loose Leaf Binders and Holders in stock and made to order.

BARNES & CO. Ltd., 84 Prince William St.

not adapted to conditions here, as the poor results obtained from bud stock and given a set back to orcharding.

Another difficulty was the failure of the people to realize the importance of giving proper care to their orchards. In one case two men owning a fine orchard had gone off fishing just when they should have been spraying their trees, with the result that tent caterpillars stripped the orchard of foliage and prevented it bearing—a loss of at least \$5,000.

One advantage the orchardist of this province had over the fruit raisers of British Columbia was that irrigation was not necessary here, as it was in the West.

Best Soil. In reply to a question, the lecturer said the best soil for apple trees was medium clay loam—such as could be found all around the St. John valley. In concluding the lecturer suggested that the St. John Board of Trade might do something to encourage fruit raising by putting the money to establish an illustration orchard. Good land for this purpose could be had within 20 or 25 miles of the city for \$40 an acre. An orchard of 1,000 trees could be planted on 10 1/2 acres at a total cost of about \$900.

If the board of trade would put up the money to buy the land, fertilize it and set out the trees, the department of agriculture would undertake to look after them till they came into bearing. Members of the board could take visitors to the orchard or go down week ends and watch the trees grow. The orchard would be in bearing in 6 years, would attain its full capacity in about 12 years and would be good for 35 years.

W. J. Fenton moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Turney. In doing so he commended the local government for its forward movement in behalf of fruit raising, and urged the claims of St. John county for a demonstration orchard.

H. H. Pickett seconded the motion. He said the board should express its appreciation of the department of agriculture to encourage fruit raising. The motion to extend thanks to Mr. Turney was adopted.

Full Privileges. The president then stated that he had been informed that under the terms of the resolution of the council the young men were to be admitted to full privileges of the department of agriculture would be in bearing in 6 years, would attain its full capacity in about 12 years and would be good for 35 years.

The president then announced that members of the board had subscribed \$1,000 to establish an illustration orchard in accordance with Mr. Turney's suggestion.

A musical programme followed in which Fred McKean and the Pythian quartette, took part after which the gathering adjourned for refreshments.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Calvin Powers. An aged and respected resident passed away yesterday afternoon in the person of Mrs. Julia Powers, widow of the late Calvin Powers, whose death occurred after a lingering illness at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. S. Hennigar, 26 Orange street. Mrs. Powers was in the 86th year of her age and up to a few months ago had enjoyed good health. While visiting a daughter in Houlton, Me., she was stricken with paralysis from which she never recovered. She was brought home to this city and had been confined to her bed since.

The late Mrs. Powers was born in W. C. T. U. A devout Christian she enjoyed the highest esteem of a very large number of friends. She is survived by six sons, five daughters, 24 grand children and five great grand children.

Officers Installed. Dr. Thomas Walker, P. O. M., installed the following officers in Hibernia Lodge, No. 2, F. and A. M., last evening for the ensuing year as follows:—J. R. Haycock, W. M.; H. C. Lemou, J. P. C.; E. R. Smith, S. W.; C. H. Wilkinson, J. W.; Wm. Smith, chaplain; H. Sullivan, treasurer; R. Clarke, secretary; D. D. Betts, S. D.; Wm. Pierce, J. D.; A. C. Burke, S. S.; T. Marquis, J. S.; D. A. Fox, organist; H. S. Brown, D. of C.; John Hardgrave, R. G.; G. P. Hay, trier. After the installation ceremonies refreshments were served.

L. O. L. Officers. The St. John District L. O. L. No. 1, held its annual meeting at the Orange Hall, Germain street last night. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—W. M. James G. Sullivan; D. M. G. Earle Logan; chaplain, F. McKean; secretary, A. B. Clifford; P. S. N. J. Morrison; treasurer, C. White; lecturer, W. H. Sully; D. of C., Geo. McKelvey.

Catch Basins and Gutters. C. J. Kane, contractor of 30 Richmond street, called at this office last evening to register a vigorous protest against the condition of the catch basins and gutters in the city yesterday. Mr. Kane said he had examined every catch basin from the east end of King street East to the lower end of the city, and had not found one cleared out while the gutters were also filled with snow. "There are many men working about the city looking for such work and it could very well have been done yesterday. If the business of the department was properly looked after it is easier and cheaper to clear the gutters on a soft day such as yesterday than in cold weather when the ice has to be chopped away and yet nothing was done," is the way Mr. Kane puts it and there seems to be some reason in his statement.

Palpitation of the Heart.

Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness and Dizzy Spells.

A Long Standing Case Cured By MILES' HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Many people are kept in a state of morbid fear of death, become weak, worn, and miserable, their nerves become unstrung, and they cannot sleep. To all such sufferers Miles' Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief. Mr. Peter Haldstad, Tilley, Alta., writes:—"I take great pleasure in writing you a few lines to tell you what your Heart and Nerve Pills have done for me. I had a long standing case of palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, sleeplessness and dizzy spells. I bought a box of Miles' Heart and Nerve Pills, and they did me so much good I continued their use until I had used several boxes, and they restored me to health again. They are a great remedy, and I recommend them to all my friends."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Millers Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.