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NO. 44.

PARLIAMENT.

Says Trade in Maritime Provinces is no Better This Year Than Ten Years Ago.

Mr. Powell. in Reply Quotes Fielding's Statement That There is a Revival of

> Business from One End of Canada to the Other.

. wight OTTAWA, May 30.—Sir Wilfrid Lau-zier stated at the beginning of the sitting today that the government would not acquiesce in Sir Charles Tupper's suggestion that the gerrymander bill be withdrawn. The afternoon was devoted to the discussion of two bills from the inland

sevenue department, one relating to distillery regulations, the other defining the size and character of apple barrels. Hon, Mr. Joly got much involved in explanations of the last mentioned amendment, and the committee rose without getting through it. Commissioner Ogilvis's report of his Yukon investigation is not a long document. It sets forth that the commissioner decided at the beginning to hear no evidence relating to events subsequent to last August. When this decision was announced the miners' committee and the proprietors of Nugget newspaper withdrew from court and refused to prosecute. Mr. Ogilvie therefore investigated only three cases. One of these relates to a claim said to have been improperly given to the woman whose case was discussed in the debate on the ad-dress. Mr. Ogilvie finds that the claim should not have been allowed, but says that Mr. Fawcett allowed it under mistake as to the facts. The other cases, in which it was alleged that government officers compelled miners to take them into partnership, Mr. Ogilvie thinks were not proved. Hon. Mr. Blair moved the second reading of the Drummond railway contract bill, but on the suggestion of

Tupper and Foster the motion was wihtdrawn, pending the introduction of the Grand Trunk bill, of which notice was given last evening. The op-position leader preferred that the two bills relating to the same transaction bills relating to the same transaction should be dealt with together. The house then proceeded to the consideration of the Quebec harbor ion bill.

The Quebec harbor bill occupied atention all evening, and the house adourned at midnight. OTTAWA, May 31 .- Mr. McDougall of Cape Breton, following up the inquiry raised several times by Mr. Mc-Inerney of Kent, wanted Sir Louis Davies to state what conclusion had been reached as to the close of the lobster season. Sir Louis said that no curtailment of time would take place. Possibly in some sections the time would be extended, but he could not say whether the extension would be as long as recommended by the lobster J. Ross Robertson brought up the alien labor law and the Grand Trunk strike. He has heard that aliens are to be imported to take the place of section men of the Grand Trunk who are on strike, and read a statement of De Barrie of Buffalo that there was no truth in the statement as to the suspension of the alien labor law. Mr. Robertson could not understand why Sir Wilfrid Laurier's understanding that the alien laws of both countries should be in abeyance did not restrain De Barrie as well as the Canadian department of justice Sir Wilfrid accused Mr. Robertson of trying to make party capital by inflaming passions, and Mr. Blair followed in the same strain, declaring that he had no power to interpose in the Grand Trunk strike, and also attacking opposition members. Sir Charles Tupper could not see why Mr. Laurier's understanding should be so one-sided in its operation, nor could he agree that the government was so powerless as Mr. Blair represented. The debate continued half the after-

with his friends on the government side that nothing ought to be done by the government in the matter. He held that Mr. Blair ought to offer Mr. Blair in Defending His Railway Deal, Railway Deal, of the country, men should have to go on strike to get higher pay than 97 cents per day. The despatches that anrounced this condition of things constituted a poor kind of immigration A RESOLUTION AGREED TO. On motion to go into supply this evening, Sir Charles Tupper moved the following resolution, merely re-marking that he thought it would be found acceptable to the whole house and that the government could not object thereto. Following is the reso-lution:

"This house is of opinion that it is required by our parliamentary system that every branch of the public ser-vice should be represented directly or indirectly in the houses of parliament. "And this house is further of the opinion that the political heads who peform their duty are themselves solely responsible for every act of ad-ministration down to the minutest details of official routine. "This house is further of opinion

literature.

that ministers of the crown, having entire control over public departments. are bound to assume responsibility for every official act.

"This house is further of opinion that ministers of the crown should not permit blame to be imputed to any sub-rdinate for the manner in which the business of the country is transacted, except only in cases of personal misconduct, for which the political heads have the remedy in their own hands. If ministers find that permanent officers of departments do not work well under them then it is their duty to devise some remedy for this inconvenience, but the responsibility should not be divided. It should be imposed only upon those who are able to answer for themselves in the houses of parliament."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier accepted the resolution, stating that the govern-ment had no intention of disclaiming responsibility for its officers. The premier stated that Sir Charles Hibbert **Fupper's** reflections on Major Walsh were conceived in wanton malice and had been rebuked by the electors of Brockville. The government had been forced to dismiss several officers with whom they could not get along, and he was prepared to accept the resolution with all his heart.

Sir Hibbert Tupper called the attention of the speaker to the statement of the premier that his charges against Major Walsh were conceived

against Major Waish Were concerved in malice. Speaker Edgar said Mr. Laurier's language was most unparliamentary. Mr. Laurier withdrew his language and observed that he regretted Tup-per's conduct was such that he could lot describe it in parliamentary language Sir Hibbert observed that this was an extraordinary apology to come from a man whose reputation rested chiefly on his manners. He assured the premier that his Yukon charges were in the public interest and he made them because public business was injuriously affected by Walsh's drunkenness and immorality. He intended to prefer them again in more olemn form on another occasion. The resolution was agreed to. WILL REDUCE BUUNTLES. WILL HEDUCE BOUNTIES. The government proposes to gradu-ally reduce the bounties on steel in-gots, puddled from bars and pig from made in Canada. These bounties to-day are practically \$30 per ton. From April 23rd, 1902, to June 30th, 1903, the bounties are to be 90 per cent of \$30; for the following year 75 per cent for the following year, 75 per cent. From July 1st, 1904, to June 30th, 1905, 55 per cent; for the year follow-ing the bounties are to be 35 per cent, and from July 1st, 1906, to June 30th. 1907, 20 per cent. On the latter date these bounties will cease altogether. If any steel ingots are made from puddled iron bars manufactured in Canada, no bounty is to be paid on

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE. The public accounts committee de-voted the whole morning to an at-tempt to get information respecting Sir Oliver Mowat's criticism of Mr. Siften's excessive payments to his Manitoba friends in connection with the bogus prosecution of 1898. Sir Oliver, then minister of justice, protested against these charges and pay-ments in a letter to Mr. Sifton. This letter was seen by some of the offi-cials of the department of justice, and one of them gave testimony about it last year. A copy of the letter was sent by Mr. Sifton to his agent in Winnipeg. The origin went to the auditor general, with the papers connected with the account of the accounts and paper are a paper of the second connected with the account and paper of the accounts and paper of the account of down to the account was found that this withdrawn. The swore this morning letter off the file a Sifton at the latte

with Mr eded Sir Oliver Mowat. He did i on the ground that it was a private and confidential letter. Mr. Borden of Hall'ax, who was examining, asked the witness what Mr. McDougall's reason was for supposing

the letter was private. The solicitor general and Sir Louis Davies objected to this question, and it was ruled out. An appeal was made against the decision of D. C. Fraser, the chairman, but at this point the objection was withdrawn. The auditor general stated that he formed this opinion from the contents of the letter.

Sir C. H. Tupper asked whether the letter was not wholly devoted to the discussion of nayments of public money

Messrs Davies and Fitzpatrick again objected, and Mr. Fraser ruled the opestion out. Sir C. H. Tupper appealed, and the

chair was sustained by a straight party vote of thirteen to ten.

OTLAWA. June 1.-Hon. Mr. Blair moved the house in committee on the new Graad Trunk contract. He devoted the first hour of the dis to the attempt to show that the pres-ent tariff arrangement between the government and the C. P. R. was injurious to the traffic of the Intercolonial. He asserted that Mr. Powell and other members who wanted returns of revenue and expenditure were asking for impossibilities, but contended that he could furnish proof that the extension to Montreal had been pro-fitable. The minister said that the revenue for the year ending June 30 on the whole Intercolonial system, the last two months of which was esti-mated, would be \$3,660,000. In the year ending June 30, 1897, the revenue was

mated, would be \$3,660,000. In the year ending June 30, 1897, the revenue was \$2,360,000, showing a gain of \$300,000. Of course allowance must be made for increased mileage, but the receipt per mile this year would be \$2,740, while two years ago it was only \$2,490 per mile. The increase in mileage was 14 per cent; the increase of revenue 28 per cent. This extra 14 per cent must per cent. This extra 14 per cent. must have been due to but one cause, and that was the extension to Montreal. As to expenditures, he could only speak of ten months. He had infor-mation from Moncton bringing re-turns down to the end of April. For these ten months the receipts were \$3,063,000 and the expenses \$3,001,000, leaving a net surplus of \$62,000. Mr. Blair claimed this was an improvement of \$170,000 over the same period sion to Montreal. in 1896. He would not accept the explanation that the growth of traffic was due to the general increase of trade in the country. Mr. Blair said this reason would not hold, because the condition of business in the mari-time provinces was no better this year time provinces was no better this year than it had been any time during the last ten years. There remained only the Drummond extension to account for this gain. At the beginning of the third hour of his speech Mr. Blair be-gan to expound the bargain before the house, pronouncing it to be "the very best, cheapest, wisest, most effective, and most satisfactory railway bargain ever made in this country." He was critical. ever made in this country." He was trying to reach out for western traffic and was now trying to make arrangements with the Canada Atlantic to ments with the Canada Atlantic to run the same palace cars from Ottawa straight through Montreal by the In-tercolonial railway to Haifax. The idea was so business-like and progres-sive that there was no sense in talk-ing about a ten or twenty dollar bill in connection with it. Mr. Blair was still speaking at 6 o'clock. Resuming in the evening, Mr. Blair excused the allowance of 5 per cent, by the government to the Grand Trunk by saying that the extension would soon make money enough for the country to extinguish the capital, or

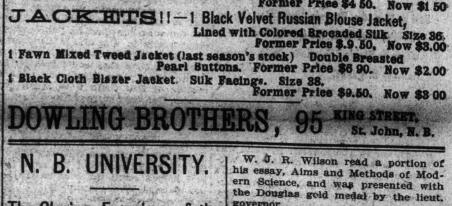
3 Fawn Rubber Waterproofs, with Cape. Sizes 54 and 56. Former Price \$3.90. Now \$1.00 would cost at the present site some four millions, and the value of the terminus was almost incalculable. On 2 Brown Rubber Waterproofs, with Cape Sizes 56 and 58. Former Price \$4.50. Now \$1.50 the whole the bargain was a splendid one. He predicted that when the ninety-nine yeavs for which this con-tract would run should have expired, it would be renewed by general con-8 Navy Waterpreofs in Rubber Serge, with Cape. Sizes 56, 58 and 60. Former Price \$4.50. Now \$1.50 1 Black Rubber Serge Waterproof, with Cape Size 56 Former Price \$4 50. Now \$1 50 It would be renewed by general con-sent of all parties. The method pro-posed was the best possible. The gov-ernment could not buy out the pro-perty, as it was subject to bond obli-sations. He closed a four hour speech by saying that if he performed no other nublic service, he would have great reason to be proud of this one, not only because he had gained access to Montreal, but chiefly because he had o fine a

MR. HAGGART

MR. HAGGART followed. He began by showing the incorrectness of Blair's charge that the traffic agreement with the Cana-dian Pacific hampered the Intercolon-ial of facilities in securing business for the government road. He declared that Blair' would never get a better bargain with the C. P. B. if the lat-ter road continued to do business ar St. John. He argued that H Mr. Blair had succeeded in increasing the rev-enue of the Intercolonial by \$\$00,000 he had only done it by an increase of \$\$0000 he expenditure, showing a loss of \$\$150,000 by the operation. He went into the cost of the property, declarinto the cost of the property, declar-ing that Blair's valuations were simply culous. Mr. Blair seemed to be im ed upon by some one. The fact posed upon by some one. The fact that the present pill made important changes as compared with the first bill, showed the stupidity of the first aprangement. But Mr. Blair in all his abrangement. But Mr. Blair in all his long speech had not even mentioned these changes. Mr. Haggart would not charge corruption as to the deal with the Grand Trunk, whatever might oe his view as to the Drum-mond deal, but if this agreement did not bear marks of rascality it bore marks of stunddry. This was a still

marks of stupidity. This was a still here hopeless case. A rascal might eform, but there was no remedy for tupidity. MR. POWELL

rose to justify his own previous criti-cisms, to which Mr. Blair had alluded in his speech. Mr. Powell repeated his calculation to show that every dollar of additional traffic gained by the Montreal extension had cost one dollar and thirty-two cents. The gain of Intercolonial traffic was not as great



BARGAINS

A FEW GARMENTS AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

Year Well Attended.

Orations by Dr. Parkin, Prof. Bailey,

and Others Mr. Sweet the

Valedictorian.

FREDERICTON, June 1.-Friends

of the University of New Brunswick

crowded its halls and library this af-

ternoon to listen to the interesting

"Science in New Brunswick in Re-

lation to the University" was the title

of the address in praise of the foun-

ders, delivered by Dr. L. W. Bailey, professor of chemistry and natural

After referring briefly to the colle

giate work of the past year as having

been satisfactory, he proceeded to

sketch the gradual growth of scienti-

fic study in the province both within

and without the college walls. The

first pioneer in this direction was Dr.

Cresner, who in 1539 and the two fol-lowing years made a geological ex-

ploration of the province and gather-d the data for construction of the

first geological map of the latter,

bored in connection with the latter until the time of his death in 1861. Af-

ter reviewing at some length the im-

animals, minerals, etc., by special en-quiries, by the establishment of a Summer School of Science and in

many other ways. Considering next the subject of science within the university, refer-

ence was made to the admirable foun-dations laid by Dr. Robb, first in the

origination of a chemical laboratory,

and second in the establishment of a

geological and natural history muse-um, a museum which has since ex-

panded until at the present time it is unexcelled by any other in the mari-

time provinces for the value and ex-

tent of its collection. Reference was

also made to the wide range of study

embraced in the science curriculum of

the university and the high estima-

the university and the high estima-tion in which students pursuing the latter were held at Harvard, McGill and Edinburgh. At the same time the impossibility, in view of the advance of modern science in every direction,

of any one person covering this ex-tensive field was urged, and the sug-gestion made that in view of the re-

gestion made that in view of the re-signation of Prof. Downing, the chair now occupied by Dr. Balley be divid-ed, the subject of chemistry being united with that of physics, while

the work of Dr. Bailey during his re-maining years be confined to subjects more purely biological and geological. This, according to Dr. Bailey, would

not only enable better work to be done

in each of these departments, but, by making it the duty of each professor

to give courses of lectures both in and

outside of the University, at farmers'

institutes and elsewhere, along the di-

rection in which their respective branches bear upon agricultural interests. The plan would meet the wishes of the agricultural community for assistance towards gaining a more scientific knowledge of their special

industry. The address delivered by J. H. Sweet, valedictorian of the class of '99, met with hearty applause. Chancellor Harrison presided, and among those occupying seats on the platform were: His honor the lleuten-

industry.

encoenia exercises.

science

The Closing Exercises of the governor. The presentation of the alumni gold medal to W. H. Harrison by J. D. Hazen, president of the Alumni Soci-ety, and the Montgomery Compbell prize to Miss McKeen, were followed by the announcement of G. G Craw-ford, class of 1900, as winner of the Brydon Jack memorial scholarship.

The Ketchum medal for proficiency in engineering was presented to Percy H. Smith by Judge McLeod, and Chief Supt. of Education Inch made the presentation to Peter J. Hughes of the governer general's gold medal for proficiency in English and French. Chancellor Harrison then announced the honors and distinctions in different classes, as previously published in the Sun:

The degree of Bachelor of Engineering was conferred on Percy H. Smith, the first of the kind ever conferred by

the N. B. University. Dr. G. R. Parkin, C. M. G., now principal of Upper Canada College, delivered the alumni, address this evening to a large and representative gathering. The address was followed by a reception and dancing, ar-ranged for by members of the Alumni Society. Music was furnished by the 71st band

A committee of students, and another representing the Alumni Society waited upon he university senate this morning and talked over the project for securing an engineering building. The senate agreed to go which, however, was never published. A little later came the work of Dr. Robb, the first professor of natural science in the university, and who in-bored in connection with the latter ahead with the undertaking upon receiving assurance that the sum of \$10,000 had been pledged for the pur-

HALIFAX.

str Pawnee, en E Kenney, dorning Star, Monte Moro Caprivi, Neil-nita, Melene, Vesuvio, for barks Dilbur, Iney, CB. NB, to load el; St Louis, Mary A Law, tin, for An-St John; Jen-cla May, for lunter, Bessie Leonard B, Doon, Onward, nhilda, H M I, W H Wat-Salamanca.

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str · Aurania.

4-Ard, sch B load for Yar-

str Phoenicia,

May 24-Ard,

Athena, King Mosher, from

ark Culdoon.

bark Gazelle.

bark Bessie Island via

Kings County,

Hillside, Mor-Harry Smith, Palmas; schs

Palmas; schs bina, Dutch for Sackville,

rmouth. Egeria, for Wetmore,

Engelhorn, B C Bor-

Glenafton

mouth,

lenator, Harbark Hillside, River Plate; ackville, NB. Ark North-k; 28th, bark ; 29th, bark port. barks Argen-; 26th, Ari-fore reported

May 21, sch from Philaship Blythe-for Portland, str Glasgow, 21, str Men-Janeiro for 11, from St bark Belvi-Janeiro for o load for

barks Rob-hip Island; scagoula. cola for A Liverpool on 41.20. be for Bel o for Balti 0.10 S. lot

RS.

ght E 7, tonight

Mr. Logan of Cumberland, who spoke last, said he could not agree

the ingots. The greater part of the evening was occupied with votes of supply to Sir Louis Davies for fishery inspection and protection service. The mulister had to undergo a rather severe ex-amination in reference to his appoint-ments and dismissals, as to prices paid for services and as to the sale of a government cruiser on the lakes to political friends of the government.

Electric, Imperial, Hartford and Dunlop Tires, Wood Rims,

Inner Tubes, Repair Kits, Patching and Wood Rim Cement,

Tire Tape, Bicycle Oil, Luggage Carriers, Cork Grips, Victor

Gas Lamps, Everlit Oil Lamps, Chain Lubricant, Bells, Toe

Clips, Cyclometers, Pedals, Hand Pumps and Tourist Foot

Pumps, Flexible Christy and Brown's Saddles, Coasters,

Wrenches, Oil Cans, Lamp Brackets, Trouser Guards and

BICYCLE SUNDRIES

The committee rose at 12.20 without passing all the items in the fisheries vote, and the house adjourned soon after. the other. Mr. Fielding interrupted, stating he had not claimed the same amount of prosperity in the east as in the portant work of Dr. Robb, Prof. Bailey next referred to the condition in which science education was in New Brunswick at the time of the advent

Mr. Powell-But he claimed there of the latter, contrasting it with that was an increase. The member for Westmorland went on to give particuof today. He pointed out that science as now understood was then al-most wholly unknown here, one school lars of the increase in the railway business in Nova Scotia. The fact only in the entire province making was that Mr. Blair had made a sur-plus on the old part of the Intercolthe slightest attempt at instruction in this direction. In contrast with this he showed how at first, largely through the influence of Dr. Robb, a onial and a heavy loss on the exten-

sion to Montreal. Mr. McMullen followed, he and Mr. Gibson defending the contract. The resolution was reported, and it was ordered that the report be con-sidered tomorrow. The house adjourn-ed at midnight. NOTES. An opposition caucus was held in room No. 6 this morning. The party reached the unanimous conclusion that the gerrymander must be resisted to the last extremity: Ontagio conserva-tive members protest strongly against Mr. McMullen followed, he and Mr. through the influence of Dr. Robb, a taste for enquiry in this direction had been originated, and how this taste in latter years found rapid development in the organization of the Natural History Society of St. John, in the bers of the latter, in the origination of the science teaching in the schools, in the establishment of a science de-partment in the Normal School, in considerable progress made in the in-vestigation of our natural plants, animals, minerala, etc., by special en-An opposition caacus was held in room No: 6 this morning. The party reached the unanimous conclusion that the gerrymander must be resisted to the last extremity. Ontagic conservative members protest strongly against the bill, which they say is grossly un-fair, dishonest, inconsistent and hypo

RUSSIAN JUSTICE.

WASHINGTON, June 1.-The president has been appealed to by Adolph Lipszye, a veteran of the civil war, to intercede for him with the Russian intercede for him with the Russian government and secure a pardon for him. He went to Russia in 1886 to obtain a portion of his father's estate. He was arrested, but being a natural-ized American, was released and ban-ished from Russia. The petitioner re-cites that he thinks this an auspicious time, during the disarmament con-gress, to obtain a pardon and thereby obtain his portion of the property.

PERSONAL.

Harry Ingersoll and Benj. Gaskill of Grand Manan, Charles Dunnfield, Anngance; Harry Johnson, Campo bello; Emram Steeves, Petitcodiac; Wm. R. Catherwood, Fairville, have entered the Currie Business University this week. All are taking full

ANTIGONISH.

COUTSes.

ANTIGONISH, N. S., June 1.-Eva McDonald, the two and a half year old daughter of Roderick McDonald blacksmith, was drowned today. With a number of other children she was playing by the Clydesdale river, and fell in. The other children became frightened and ran home without giv-ing an alarm. The child was seen floating down river by Sarah McGill-ivray, who drew her ashore, but life was extinct. vas extinct.

TRURO.

ant governor, Premier Emmerson and other members of the government. Judge McLeod, Judge Wilson and J. D. Hazen, M. P. P. The exercises were opened by an address on behalf of the faculty by Prof. Bailey. TRURO, June 1 .- Three barns on W. H. THORNE & CO. (Limited), Market Square

HALIFAX, N. S., June 1.-Albert L. Jackson, yardmaster of the Interco-

lonial railway at Halifax, was drowned in a lake near Enfield while fishing. He and Messrs. Steele and Malcolm, foremen shunters, went to Enfield at midnight and this morning took a boat on a lake back in the woods. Steele fell out of the boat, and in the attempt to rescue him the boat upset and all three were in the water. They started to swim for the shore, but Jackson sank within ten feet of land and was drowned. The body has not yet been recovered.

Rev. Alfred Gandier, pastor of Fort Massey church, Halifax, was married in Newark, N. J., today, to Miss Jean Waters, nelce of the late Rev. Dr. Waters.

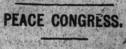
Dr. A. I. Mader of this city was married today to Miss Eva Waddel, daughter of W. H. Waddel.

The customs receipts at this port for May were \$72,682. This is within one hundred dollars of the amount collected in May of last year.

ONTARIO NEWS.

NEWMARKET, Ont., June 1.-Mrs. S. Jewett of West Toronto Junction, this evening smashed in the head of her six months' old baby with an axe and then committed suicide by drown-ing herself in a small creek back of the house. Mrs. Jewett has been in bad health for some time.

BROCKVILLE, June 1.—The Meth-odist conference today passed a reso-lution condemning the statement made by Hon. J. I. Tarte some time ago, that the Methodist resident in Anti-costi were wreckers, and demanding a full apploar for the statement full apology for the statement. The secretary of the conference was instructed to send a copy to Hon. Mr. Laurier.



THE HAGUE, June 1 .- The American mediation scheme was unanim-ously adopted at yesterday's sitting of the sub-committee, which embodied as article 7 the scheme prepared by the sub-committee, with few altera-

The first communisation, by a vote of 18 to 3, had adopted a resolution pro-hibiting the use of dumdum (or flat-tened bullets.) Italy, Australa and Great Britain formed the minority. It was also resolved to prohibit the use of explosives from balloons and ex-plosive builtets.

An agreement was found to be im-possible on all the important propos-als, and the conviction is growing more than ever that the work of the first commission is doomed to failure. The second section of the Red Cross committee is also encounter and committee is also encountering dif-ficulties, as the American and Brit-ish members are opposed to the pro-posed regulations as being too strin-gent

Frame Protectors, Valves, Valve Stems and Lacing Cork.