

peared, and on the fifteenth day after commencing treatment she began to menstruate, the flow being natural in quantity and continuing four days. Treatment was continued and twenty-nine days after she menstruated again, continuing this time five days. Soon after this the pepto-mangan was stopped. From now on, up to the present time, a period covering three months, her menses have appeared regularly every twenty-eight days.

Her whole appearance is changed and in every respect she appears well and strong. Period of administration of pepto-mangan, fifty-five days.

CASE II. Miss K. M.—Aged twenty. Menstruated first at age of fifteen and was fairly regular for three years, but since an attack of typhoid fever two years ago, has never had a menses when she was going to be unwell. Patient was not thin, but face was pale and yellowish, hands and feet were cold “all the time,” and her whole condition was one of “*blood poverty*.” Complained of frequent attacks of diarrhoea following constipation.

Treatment consisted of plenty of out-door exercise, good food with abundance of milk, and pepto-mangan (Gude) in teaspoonful doses after meals.

Her restoration to health has been rapid and satisfactory. She has menstruated three times since beginning treatment, the longest interval being thirty-one days. Says she is all right and her appearance certainly sustains her words.

In this case the administration of pepto-mangan covered a period of thirty-six days.

CASE III. Miss D. L.—School-girl. Aged fourteen. For two years she had been troubled with headaches, dizziness and short breath, fainting away at the slightest provocation. Had no appetite and as her mother expressed it, “for the last six months had been going down hill pretty fast.” Had been treated by a physician for heart disease, but received no benefit. Menstruated first seven and a half months ago, “but had not seen anything since.”

Examination showed heart to be normal, although it was a trifle fast, and a slight murmur could be determined when patient was in a recumbent position, evidently anemic in origin. Lungs proved to be all right.

Her general condition was anemic and she was put on pepto-mangan (Gude) a teaspoonful after meals, and sent into the country where she could be out of doors most of the time and have plenty of eggs and milk. A letter from her mother says that she has changed so that she can hardly believe that it is the same girl. Furthermore, her menses appeared twenty-one days after starting the pepto-mangan and returned again twenty-nine days after. The pepto-mangan was ordered stopped and since then I have not heard direct from the patient, although I learn from her father that she is “perfectly well” and coming home soon.

Period of administration of pepto-mangan, fifty-six days.