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WHERE DOCTORS DISAGREE

WHAT HON. EDWARD BLAKE TOLD THE LIBERAL CAUCUS.

The Liberal Ex-Leader has no Doubt About the Constitutionality of the Jesuits Act —Hence Mr. Edgar's Wrath—Sir Richard's Reciprocity Amendment Defeated —Other Capital Topics.

OTTAWA, March 19.—It will probably be news for The Globe to learn that no less an authority than Hon. Edward Blake has given it as his opinion that the Jesuits Act is perfectly constitutional and within the authority of the Quebec Legislature. This fact was not generally known until after the famous flop-over of The Globe on Saturday last. At a Liberal caucus held a week ago the question of constitutionality was put to Mr. Blake straight. The future action of the Liberals very much depended on Mr. Blake's answer, he being such a great authority on the constitution. I am in a position to-night to state that Mr. Blake told the caucus that there was not the slightest doubt about the constitutional authority of the Quebec Legislature to pass such a measure. The only [illegible] that Mr. Blake spoke disparagingly about to his party was the nonsensical and often-recurring use of the Pope's name in the preamble of the bill.

This information is reliable in every particular.

It is no wonder then that Mr. J. D. Edgar, knowing of Mr. Blake's advice to the caucus, on his arrival in Toronto Saturday morning flew into a white passion when he read The Globe's article. Mr. Edgar at once sat down and wrote the letter which appeared in The Globe of Monday morning. This is how Mr. Edgar pitted the opinion of Mr. Blake against those writers in The Canada Law Journal and The Canadian Law Times in which The Globe took so much stock:

"Unless some much stronger arguments can be produced in the House of Commons than are supplied by those anonymous and irresponsible writers [The Law Times and Law Journal], I shall certainly, for one, remain of my present opinion, that the Act was within the powers of the Quebec Legislature, and will vote against disallowance."

Colonel Amyot's Argument.

OTTAWA, March 19.—A letter from Lt.-Col. Amyot, M.P., appears in to-night's Free Press, in which that gentleman argues that the Pope is not an alien or foreigner in Canada, because as head of the Roman Catholic Church he was granted jurisdiction in matters pertaining to that church by the treaty of Paris in 1763.

Colonel O'Brien to be Talked With.

OTTAWA, March 19.—A caucus of the Parliamentary supporters of the Dominion Government has been called for Thursday to consider the course to be adopted with reference to Col. O'Brien's resolution respecting the Jesuit Bill. It is said that a final effort will be made to induce the Colonel to abandon his intention of moving his resolution as an amendment to going into supply.

No Compromise.

NAPANEE, March 19.—The County Orange Lodge met to-day in the Orange Hall and passed a resolution condemning in the strongest terms any attempt to a compromise with the Jesuit Bill. The meeting was well attended and there was but one opinion on the question.

To Petition the Queen.

MONTREAL, March 19.—At the quarterly meeting of the Montreal Presbytery to-day the Committee on the Jesuits Estates Act reported that His Excellency the Governor-General-in-Council had refused to disallow the act of the Quebec Legislature and a resolution was adopted declaring that the presbytery regards the reasons for this refusal as ill-founded and insufficient, and resolving to humbly approach Her Majesty the Queen praying her to disallow the said act. A committee was appointed to give effect to this action of the presbytery.

How the Flop Was Brought About.

On Friday John Y. Reid and John F. Taylor, directors of The Globe, got hold of the Deacon and insisted on a change on the Jesuit question, as they claimed that The Mail was making hay at The Globe's expense. Saturday's morning edition accordingly contained the flop-over article. James David Edgar, M.P., also a director, arrived up from Ottawa Saturday morning and was horrified at the change.

The Globe's Flop.

From The Montreal Star.

The intimation that The Globe has come out in favor of the Dominion Government disallowing the Jesuit Bill has taken its readers by surprise. Supporters of the Mercier Government are unable to understand the meaning of it, seeing that up to a few days ago it argued to the effect that the Quebec Legislature had a perfect right to do as it pleased with its own. But the explanation of The Globe's change of course is simple enough. It desires to increase the feeling against the Dominion Government and is swimming with the tide in Ontario, instead of trying to stem it. It is the old cry reiterated of "Anything to beat John A." The odd part of the matter is that while the Liberal organ is condemning the Government for not disallowing the Jesuit Bill the Liberals at Ottawa are dumb. It is said that the Liberal leaders have even gone so far as to suppress the efforts of those of their followers who showed a disposition to take the subject up. If the Jesuit Bill should have been disallowed by the Government why does not the Opposition at Ottawa say so? It would be interesting to know what effect in changing The Globe's attitude on this question the feeling aroused by The Mail's course has had. The articles in The Mail have deeply stirred the Protestant heart in Ontario, and The Globe seeks to turn to good account against the Government the feeling so aroused. Politics makes strange bed-fellows, and it looks queer to see The Globe and the Orange lodges under the same quilt.

From The Ottawa Free Press (Reform).

By its temporisation in reference to the Jesuits Estates Bill and other public questions The Globe has put itself outside the pale of party journalism. Apparently that paper does not know its own mind for twenty-four hours at a time.

U. R. AGAIN KNOCKED OUT.

The Budget Debate Ended—Sir Richard Cartwright's Amendment Defeated.

That all the words after "that" be struck out and that it be resolved that "Mr. Speaker do not now leave the chair but that in the present condition of affairs, and in view of the recent action of the House of Representatives of the United States, it is expedient that steps should be taken to ascertain on what terms and conditions arrangements can be effected with the United States for the purpose of securing full and unrestricted reciprocity of trade therewith.

OTTAWA, March 19.—The budget debate was resumed to-day by the member for Centre Toronto. Mr. Cockburn devoted his attention largely to showing up absurdities in the arguments offered by some of the speakers of the Opposition, notably Messrs. McMillan, McMullen and Colter, who had, he said, represented the farmers as paying taxation at a rate which if counted up would make this one class pay far more than the entire taxation of the Dominion. On the question of the magnitude of our trade with the United States he read a letter from Mr. John Hallam of Toronto, a well-known Reformer, in which it was stated that while Canada was represented as largely importing wood from the United States, all such wood merely comes through the States in bond, and that we don't import a single pound of wood the product of the United States. It is the same with hides, seven-tenths of the imports being South American stock. The House listened attentively to Mr. Cockburn, who spoke for nearly an hour, and among the most attentive was Sir John Macdonald, who showed his interest in Toronto's representative by inviting him over to commence to speak, to come further forward than his seat in the House. Mr. Cockburn has a good voice, however, and decided to remain at his own desk.

He was followed by Mr. L. H. Davies, who dealt mainly with Maritime Province affairs, but speaking generally declared: "The Liberals are for the masses, the Conservatives are for the classes," and proceeded to enlarge upon that basis.

Mr. Madill followed, his speech being divided by the recess.

Then Mr. Semple spoke.

Canada and the Empire.

Hon. John Haggart took the floor and argued to the effect that reciprocal tariffs mean Commercial Union and Commercial Union means union politically as well. We had been told that annexation was apt to be our destiny in any event, because in case of war England could not defend Canada and we would have to yield before the superior strength and wealth of the United States. Those who argued in that fashion forgot the extent of the grand Empire of which Canada formed part. They forgot that one of Great Britain's possessions, India, had more wealth of itself than had the United States, and that in India the British Empire could raise an army of 20,000,000 men, an army that could not only defend the colonies but could conquer the world.

Mr. Haggart concluded one of the most interesting speeches of the debate with the statement that he knew the Liberals were indeed going to drop their present agitation in silence, and that having abandoned Commercial Union and Unrestricted Reciprocity before next general election they would have a more moderate amendment to propose to the motion to go into committee of supply. He was proud that there was in the country a sentiment so devoted to our connection with Great Britain and the conservation of the interests of the Empire that the Opposition had already seen the futility they were bringing upon themselves by the agitation they had fathered.

Mr. Paterson of Brantford followed vigorously, supporting the reciprocity resolution, and he was succeeded by Mr. Dickey who defined the Conservative policy as commercial reciprocity and that of the Opposition as unrestricted union with the United States.

Mr. Weldon of St. John followed. At 1.15 the House divided and the resolution offered in amendment to the motion to go into committee of supply was lost on a division of 78 to 121.

The House adjourned at 1.25.

MANY DEPUTATIONS.

The Government Interviewed About Combines, Postage, Flour Duties, etc.

OTTAWA, March 19.—Clarke Wallace's anti-combines bill was the subject of a protest made to the Government to-day by a large deputation including representatives from the principal cities of the Dominion. From Toronto there were A. M. Smith, J. J. Kenny, W. D. Matthews, Wm. Ince, M. McLaughlin, James Carruthers, S. F. McKinnon, H. C. Boomer, E. A. Wills, Alex. Nairn, Hugh Blain, Ald. T. Davies and W. Roaf. Hamilton was represented by J. Glastow and J. N. Sterling and London by A. M. Smith. The deputation asked that the bill should be referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce so that they might state their objections there. They claimed that there was no necessity for the passage of such a measure and that if it were passed the uncertainty as to its meaning would seriously hamper commercial operations. The deputation had able support from Senator Drummond. He is specially interested in the sugar combine, Adam Brown, M.P., was spokesman for the cotton and iron industries and Mr. Kenny spoke for the Underwriters' Association.

A deputation from the Toronto and Hamilton Boards of Trade in company with Messrs. Brown, Mason, Roome and Curran, M.P.'s, waited upon the Postmaster-General to-day to protest against the proposed increase in the rate upon drop letters and also against the proposed increase for registered letters. Lastly, they asked that a better quality of mucilage be put upon the stamps. Hon. John Haggart said he would lay the views of the deputation before the Government, but the department must be made as nearly self-sustaining as possible.

Ex-Mayor McMurrich of Toronto formed the head of the deputation which to-day interviewed the Government in the interest of a grant to the Nipissing and James' Bay Railway. They were accompanied by Messrs. Brown, Small Cockburn, Denison and White of Cardwell. They asked a Dominion Government subsidy for the first 80 miles of the road, which with other subsidies promised would suffice to build it from North Bay to Lake Temiscaming. Sir John promised consideration, but said the Government could not satisfy everybody in the matter of railway subsidies.

The Toronto Board of Trade deputation interviewed the Government on the matter of binder and flour duties, asking a readjustment. Sir John in reply admitted the force of the claim made and said the question was at present receiving the consideration of the Government.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

The Atlantic Mail Service—Civil Service Examiners' Report.

OTTAWA, March 19.—Since Sir Charles Tupper's arrival there has been a general understanding that the contract for the fast Atlantic service would be awarded to the Andersons, who have the Canadian Pacific Railway at their back. This means a quasi-amalgamation of the Pacific and Atlantic services and subsidies, and a handsome thing for the Andersons, who as agents will get ten per cent. on the gross earnings of the new company, including the subsidies. The shareholders are not likely to realize a fortune, but the agents will. Such a service as that of the Umbria and Etruria to New York will not at the start pay to Halifax for half the year, even if it should do so in the summer months to Quebec. But it will boom Canada and our transcontinental highway, and as long as it lasts will be a-so-far-so-good sort of arrangement. The introduction of a new and powerful corporation as a candidate for its share in the trade of the St. Lawrence will not be welcomed by the Allan and Dominion lines, which have done so much in the past to build up a business which of late years it is understood has been the reverse of lucrative.

Mr. Sproule is about to enquire if it is the intention of the Government, in view of the extensive adulterations of lard imported from the United States as shown by the report of the chief analyst, to provide against its being brought into this country either by increased duties or otherwise.

The Senate Committee on Banking and Commerce to-day considered the bill incorporating the Assets and Debenture Co., to which considerable objection has been taken in some of the newspapers since it passed the Commons. The objection is to a trust company being allowed to enter upon general business and thus lessen the security of its funds. Mr. Edgar, the promoter of the bill, agreed to having it amended, and a sub-committee for that purpose was appointed.

The bill to incorporate a company to construct a bridge between St. Helen's Island and the city of Montreal was withdrawn at the meeting of the Railway Committee to-day. Sir Hector Langevin stated that the Government were opposed to it as likely to interfere with the navigation of the St. Lawrence.

In the report of the Board of Civil Service Examiners just issued, they thus express themselves: "The Board deem it proper here to remark that generally speaking the candidates who presented themselves at the qualification examination in November last were very much under the average of the proficiency exhibited by the candidates on former occasions." It is stated that grave irregularities occurred at the last examination, in relation to which inquiries have been instituted.

Only two more days to get cheap bargains at C. & J. Allen's, 15 King-street west; don't miss your chance; they are packing up and going to remove their whole stock.

LIBERALS WANT TO TALK.

HARCOURT AND GLADSTONE OBJECT TO BEING MUZZLED.

Lord Salisbury Says the Conservative Funeral Will Be Delayed Until the Corpse Is Ready—Exciting Scenes in the Hungarian Diet—General Cable News.

LONDON, March 19.—Sir William Vernon-Harcourt, in opposing the motion of W. H. Smith, the Government leader, to give precedence to the vote on account until it was passed, accused the Government of shirking discussion and of trying to introduce a new and surreptitious form of closure. He said the time was drawing near when the House of Commons would become simply a vestry for the registering of Government transactions. Sir William announced that he intended to challenge the conduct of the Government in placing Irish officials, paid by the public, at the service of The Times in connection with that paper's charges against the Irish members of the House. He also announced that on the vote for Attorney-General Webster's salary he should ask what state services the Attorney-General had rendered during the last nine months and why any salary should be paid to him.

Mr. Gladstone denied the right of Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, to calculate beforehand what time should be allowed for the discussion of the votes. He said that questions of great delicacy must be discussed. He denied the right of the Government to take away the right of the House to the time necessary for a full discussion.

Lord Salisbury Will Stick It Out.

LONDON, March 19.—In a speech at Watford this evening Lord Salisbury stated that nothing short of a vote of want of confidence would bring the Government to a premature end and that those who thought otherwise were amusing themselves with vain dreams.

Stocks Firm in London.

LONDON, March 19.—The stock exchange closed firm.

The Paris Bourse Quiet.

PARIS, March 19.—Societe des Metaux shares closed at 40f. and Rio Tintos at 279f. The Bourse closed quiet.

The U. S. Copper Market Not Affected.

NEW YORK, March 19.—There was practically no interest in copper on the Metal Exchange here to-day. Cables from London and Paris indicate a quieter and easier market.

The Bank of Paris Shaken.

PARIS, March 19.—A pessimistic feeling prevails regarding the position of the credit houses, especially of the Banque de Paris, which is much discussed. It is reported that the bank is deeply involved in the copper troubles and is not expected to pay a dividend for the past year. Moreover it is stated that the directors of the concern announced at the bankers' meeting last evening that they were unable to subscribe for the relief of the Comptoir d'Escompte, having themselves lent 27,000,000 francs on copper warrants. The decline of Societe des Metaux shares is attributed to a report that the concern had definitely suspended payment and operations. Nevertheless there was a large amount of buying and re-purchasing in the copper mine market to-day, the demand for Rio Tintos being especially strong.

Defiant Deputies.

PARIS, March 19.—Senator Naquet and Deputies Laguerre and Turquet, who are being prosecuted by the Government for their connection with the Patriotic League were arraigned before an examining magistrate to-day. They refused to answer the questions put to them and declared that as their prosecution was of a purely political nature and illegal they would only justify themselves publicly before the Correctional Tribunal.

An Exciting Day in Hungary's Diet.

PESTH, March 19.—In the lower house of the Diet to-day Herr Eotevoes, a member of the Opposition, charged Premier Tisza with procuring the construction of railways where he owned estates, for the purpose of increasing their value. Herr Tisza, who was received with cheers, refused the charges. Herr Barvith, Minister of Public Works, also repudiated the charges and condemned the attempt to slander the ministers. The House, only the Independents dissenting, resolved to take formal notice of the replies of the ministers. Count Stefan Karolyi said that although he was opposed to Premier Tisza he did not approve Eoetove's tactics and he moved a resolution that the House emphatically repel the calumnies against Herr Tisza. The House applauded but the resolution was not put, Herr Tisza declaring that the manner in which he had been received completely satisfied him.

In the vestibule a man supposed to be a lawyer insulted Herr Rohonczy, a Liberal deputy. The latter fired a revolver at the man, hitting him in the thigh. The wound is not serious. The shooting caused great excitement among the students, who had assembled in large numbers outside, but they dispersed quietly.

German Notes.

BERLIN, March 19.—A Government detective named Wichman has been sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment at Altona for falsely accusing two men of being anarchists.

A cotton mill at Unterhausen near Pfenlingen, Wurtemberg, was burned to-day. Loss 1,500,000 marks.

The Queen Dowager of Bavaria is dying of dropsy.

To Connect the Elbe and Trave.

COLOGNE, March 19.—The Prussian Government has granted 6,000,000 marks to aid in the construction of a canal connecting the Elbe and Trave Rivers.

Ex-King Milan at the Austrian Court.

PESTH, March 19.—Emperor Francis Joseph granted an audience to ex-King Milan of Servia to-day. The Emperor will give a dinner to the ex-King to-night.

The Pope and the Universities.

ROME, March 19.—The American College gave a grand dinner this evening in honor of the leaders of the American pilgrims. Many prelates were present. Bishop Keane, President of the new Catholic University at Washington, spoke in English, Latin and French. His remarks were much applauded. The Pope's vicar, Cardinal Parocchi, delivered a powerful Latin oration on behalf of the Pope. He expressed the Pope's admiration of American institutions and spoke of the deep interest taken by His Holiness in the birth of the Washington University, which he regarded as one of the chief glories of his pontificate. Cardinal Schiaffino spoke in Italian. He sketched the work of the Catholic Church in establishing universities in all ages and in all countries.

Rector Pacquet of the Quebec University tendered his congratulations on the birth of a sister university, and wished it prosperity.

The Pope presented his portrait by Ugolini.

A Change in Saturn's System.

GENEVA, N.Y., March 19.—Prof. Brooks, director of the Smith observatory, has obtained several observations of the new white region on Saturn's ring and announces his discovery that the light is variable and that pulsations of the light at irregular intervals have been detected by him. This evidence of a change in Saturn's system is of the highest scientific interest.

Notice.

A general accident policy in the Manufacturers Accident Insurance Co. costs but $5 a year in the preferred class, giving $1000 in event of accident or death, and $5 a week for disabling injury. No medical examiner required. Accidents are occurring daily; we are paying claims daily, see that you are protected by a policy in above Company.

The best that money can demand are the essentials of White's shirts in workmanship, material and fit—these cannot help but make a name for the goods. A. White, 65 King-street west.

MALONEY AGAIN REMANDED.

Bail Refused—What the Defence Will Try to Prove.

MONTREAL, March 19.—Detective Howie and Jeweler P. W. Ellis of Toronto arrived to-day in connection with the Maloney case. Reinholtz is stated to be in New York. Mr. Greenshields this afternoon argued that Maloney should be set free under bail, as it was not fair to hold his client under arrest simply in order to give the detectives a chance to work up a case against him. He offered any bail the court would ask.

Judge Desnoyers replied that such an outrageous act as the one of which Maloney stood accused, namely, of appropriating $14,000 worth of jewelry in the manner charged, was not one for which he could accept bail. Of course Maloney might be innocent of the crime as charged but the suspicion was against him, the goods or a large portion of them having been found in his possession. He would therefore remand him until next Friday but he would take bail on that day if nothing special turned up.

It is stated that a bill of sale of the jewelry from Mr. Ellis to Van Reinholtz, showing it was the property of the latter, will be produced. The defence also stated that Van Reinholtz was offering the jewelry all through the city and that among the articles he offered to a well-known jeweler a $600 gold watch for $300.

FROM THE PRAIRIE PROVINCE.

Indications of a Cabinet Shuffle—An Elevator at Carberry Burnt.

WINNIPEG, March 19.—Hatfield, the wife murderer, was sentenced this morning to fifteen years' imprisonment for manslaughter.

Spence, charged with criminal assault on his step-daughter, was found not guilty.

There are indications of a general re-construction of the Provincial Cabinet before long.

Ronison & Co.'s elevator at Carberry, with 12,000 bushels of wheat belonging to Adam Mackenzie of Brandon, was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is $17,000, on which there was a light insurance.

Two Mennonites nearly killed an old lady named Mrs. Herbert, living near Gretna, yesterday during her husband's absence.

Donald McQueen of Wapella yesterday lost a little boy by drowning in a pool of water two feet deep in which he was playing.

DECIDED TO AMALGAMATE.

St. John (N. B.) and Portland Vote for Union—48,000 Population.

ST. JOHN, N.B., March 19.—The electors of St. John (east and west) and Portland by their vote decided to-day on amalgamation, by which the united population of the new city, which will be called the city of St. John, will be about 48,000.

Woodstock Notes.

WOODSTOCK, March 19.—The temperance people are taking a verbatim copy of the petitions for the repeal of the Scott Act. They report that nearly one-third of all the names are from the town of Woodstock, although the whole county was thoroughly canvassed by the repealers. At least 100 of the Woodstock names are duplicates, some of them quadrupled. A large number of Scott Act meetings are being held just now throughout the county and the temperance people are resolved that the white flag shall not come down in Oxford.

Rev. W. McKinley has resigned his charge of the congregations of Innerkip and Ratho. Rev. Messrs. McKay and Robertson with their respective elders are to confer with the people in regard to the matter.

These are the commissioners from the Paris Presbytery to the General Assembly to meet in Toronto next June: Dr. Cochrane, Rev. W. T. McMullen, Rev. John Thorburn, Rev. G. Munro, Rev. W. A. McKay, Rev. D. M. Beattie. Six elders are yet to be appointed.

Where is Walter?

HAMILTON, March 19.—A warrant was issued this morning for the arrest of Henry Walter, who came here from Cincinnati last fall and opened a mantle store in Copp's block. He is charged with receiving money by false pretence from John Malloy, from whom he got a phaeton valued at $165. It has also been reported to the police that a horse and set of harness he got from E. W. Ware have disappeared and have not yet been paid for. Walter cannot be found. His store is empty. The police believe he will not go back to the United States. He has been heard of there under the name of Henry Novack, Henry Wise, Frank November and Henry Engleman, in addition to Henry Walter.

Peel Reform Convention.

BRAMPTON, March 19.—The Reformers of Peel met in convention here to-day, 120 delegates being present. Mr. K. Chisholm, M. L. A., was selected as the party standard-bearer for the Local House, and Mr. Joseph Featherstone of Toronto Township for the Dominion House.

Hamilton Presbytery.

HAMILTON, March 19.—At the meeting of Hamilton Presbytery to-day it was decided to apply for these home mission grants: Niagara, $150; Blackheath, $65; Merritton, $100; Wentworth-street, Hamilton, $90; Port Dalhousie and Louth, $150; Haynes-avenue, St. Catharines, $150; St. David's, $150; Dunnville, $200; St. Ann's, $100. A call from Ancaster and Alberton was sustained and accepted by Rev. John McClung, formerly of Shakespeare. The induction will take place on April 5 at Alberton. Rev. D. H. Fletcher nominated Rev. Dr. Laing of Dundas, on behalf of the Hamilton Presbytery, for the position of moderator of the next general assembly. The nomination was carried unanimously.

To Investigate Canadian Railways.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—At a meeting of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce to-day arrangements were made for pursuing the investigation of Canadian transportation matters ordered by resolution of the Senate Aug. 3, 1888. It was determined to meet in New York City May 15 and spend a week there examining witnesses. It is probable that before the summer is over the committee will go as far west as Duluth, if not over the entire length of the Canadian Pacific road.

The Oshawa Separate School Feud.

OSHAWA, March 19.—The controversy over the Oshawa Separate School and its funds has not abated any and formed the sole topic of conversation throughout the town to-day. Some of the Roman Catholics are now sorry they did not follow Mr. McSweeny's course five years ago. It is said that nothing will settle the quarrel between some of the members but a court of justice.

Oklahoma Boomers Fired Upon.

CHICAGO, March 19.—A Topeka (Kan.) special says: "The United States District Attorney has just received a telegram from Oklahoma Station stating that the boomers at that point had been fired upon by the regular troops and that further violence was hourly expected."

Burnt at Sea.

NEW YORK, March 19.—A cable received here from Rio Janeiro states that the steamship St. Cloud, which left here for Batavia Jan. 21, had taken fire and been abandoned near that port and the crew landed there. The vessel carried a cargo of oil but no passengers. The vessel was totally destroyed.

Local Option Repeal in New Jersey.

TRENTON, N.J., March 19.—In the Assembly to-day the Wertz local option repeal bill was passed. All the Democrats and one Republican voted for it.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.

NEW YORK, March 19.—A mad Newfoundland dog created a panic in the 9th ward this morning. Two men and a woman were badly bitten. The dog was killed.

Don't fail to call at C. & J. Allen's, 15 King west, and secure what you want in jewelry, watches, diamonds, china ornaments and plated goods. Only two days more.

DONE UP BY SKIN GAMBLERS.

A Gilded Youth and His Money—Here the Squealers Squeal.

The gamblers of the town are considerably excited over a case of "doing up" of one of our gilded youth, and there may be some trouble in certain quarters before the thing is over. There are two or three rival gambling camps in down-town Toronto, and when one can get a crack at the other the opportunity is generally taken advantage of. Therefore the rivals of the party who skinned the young man in question are talking a good deal about the manner in which the lamb was fleeced. He is a young man of means and of good family, and it is said that this gambling escapade has somewhat entangled his domestic affairs.

This gilded youth was caught in a certain resort east of Yonge-street. He was roped into a game of poker and drank freely of liquor. Considerable money he dropped in the place referred to, and the scene of the game was later on transferred further west. Here the sharpers gave him a good dose of their brace game, and when the chips were cashed in, the rake-off paid, and the gas turned down the young man found that he was out $400 in cash and the sharpers held his check for a large sum, said by some to amount to $1000. Payment on the check was stopped at the bank, and there is not a little hot talk over the matter.

The man that got most of the money is a Hebrew, and he has a very crooked record as a poker player. Not long ago he "done up" a certain bailiff for $265, but he only got $165 of the money. The bailiff has been heard to proclaim him a thief and a scoundrel. Evidently some one is going to make it hot for this Hebrew before long.

"I'LL HAVE NO MORE BOTHER!"

Printer John Armstrong Watkins Throws Up His "Case."

John Armstrong Watkins, an old time printer, residing at No. 102 Mutual-street, met a sad end at a late hour on Monday night. The causes which led up to his death are shrouded in mystery, as his domestic relations were all that could be desired, and he had sufficient of this world's goods to assure him of a peaceful and happy old age.

The story told The World concerning the unhappy affair is as follows: Mr. Watkins had been down town all evening, returning to his home about 10.45. He almost immediately retired to his room, taking with him his younger son, who slept in the same apartment. Before disrobing he took up a small flask containing carbolic acid and remarked: "I'll have no more bother." Then he swallowed the contents, throwing the empty bottle out into the yard immediately afterwards. His son rushed down-stairs to Mrs. Watkins and told her what had occurred. She at once sent for Dr. Wilberforce Aikens and Dr. Pollard. This was about 11.15.

Both doctors arrived at the house inside of ten minutes, and used every possible means to save the unfortunate man. After the commission of the rash act Mr. Watkins had lapsed into unconsciousness, and despite the united efforts of both medical men he died at 12.20 yesterday morning.

Drs. Pollard and Aikens informed Coroner Duncan yesterday of the circumstances attending Mr. Watkins' death, and he after personal inquiry came to the conclusion that an inquest was unnecessary. Nevertheless, in order to protect themselves and the family, the medical men made a postmortem examination of the body, the results of which demonstrated plainly the cause of death as given above.

Mr. Watkins was a printer, but had not worked at the trade for several years. He held "cases" on The Globe and Mail in the old days, but retired from active work ten years ago, having amassed a sufficient competence. He was a member of L.O.L. No. 1689, the secretary of which has been notified of his death. He had a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The funeral takes place this afternoon from his late residence to St. James' Cemetery. He leaves a widow and four children, his age being 42.

DUE TO DRINK.

A New Yorker Cuts his Throat with a Penknife at Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, March 19.—A man named H. D. Smith, aged about 32 years, from Gloversville, N.Y., committed suicide at the Henderson House in this city at 9.30 this evening. He had retired to his room in the second story of the hotel about 9 o'clock and in about half an hour he committed the deed. The instrument used was a small penknife, which he thrust into his neck in close proximity to the right ear, cutting the jugular vein. He then smashed the window and jumped to the sidewalk below, a distance of about 15 feet. He was immediately carried into the hotel, but breathed his last before medical aid could be summoned. The cause which led him to commit the deed is unknown, but it is supposed to be drink.

THE MIMICO CANNERY.

Meeting of Creditors of William Burgess—He Claims a Surplus.

The creditors of William Burgess, the Mimico canned goods man who has absconded, met in the office of G. M. Gardner Monday afternoon. As Mr. Gardner was unable to present a statement the meeting adjourned till 2.30 p.m. next Monday.

Mr. Burgess has prepared a statement which shows his liabilities to be $28,040, with $33,450 as assets. This leaves an apparent surplus of $5410. The assets are made up as follows: residence, Gladstone-avenue, $1200; factory at Mimico, $19,750; cash, $11,500; stock, $1000. The largest claims are those of the Ontario Canning Company, Hamilton, $8702; M. & L. Samuel, Benjamin & Co., $8640; Wm. Hope, Hamilton, $4000, and the Imperial Bank $2500.

Only about a week before his sudden departure Burgess himself, or Mrs. Burgess, purchased a pair of houses in Lorne-crescent, Parkdale, which with the lots are valued at $4500. It is said by those who know that an effort will be made to recover this property.

Other Financial Embarrassments.

The following assignments were reported yesterday: Thomas Harten, carriage maker, blacksmith, etc., Merrickville; James Johnson, general dealer, Morpeth; A. Black & Co., furniture manufacturers, Orillia; W. E. Brown, wholesale boots and shoes, Ottawa; G. R. Cook, fancy goods, Simcoe; J. A. Grossoup, merchant tailor, Windsor.

J. A. Beauvais, dry goods, Montreal, has assigned. An estimate of assets shows about $15,000, against liabilities of $23,000. One claim alone, that of Gault Bros., is $18,561.

James P. Kennedy, builder, Dufferin-street, city, has called a meeting of his creditors. He places his assets at about $6000, with $5000 liabilities. The trouble seems to be that he is unable just now to realise on money invested, and is compelled to seek an extension.

Styles of Spring.

When day with gentle hand has plucked the roses of the dawn,
And sparrows chirp beneath the eaves and chatter on the lawn,
When the sun hangs out his banner and the robins gayly sing,
Then young men doff their winter ties and get quinn's styles for spring.

Adams' Tutti Frutti for a cough.

Patrick Burns' Coal Duty.

The Court of Appeal gave judgment yesterday in the case of E. R. C. Clarkson, assignee of P. Burns' estate, against the Attorney-General of the Dominion and others. The point involved is whether or not the Government is entitled to a preferential claim for duty on coal which had been disposed of by Burns previous to the assignment. Chief Justice Armour held that the claim was not well founded, and the Court of Appeal unanimously sustain that judgment.

The peremptory list for to-day in the Court of Appeal is as follows: McDonald v Cameron, Grant v Cornock, Ketchum v Scripture, McFee v Campbell.

Adams' Tutti Frutti is delicious.

A BOLT IN THE ASSEMBLY.

TEN OF MR. MOWAT'S FOLLOWERS ARE RAILWAY SORE.

They Do Not Think That the Resolutions Deal Justly With Their Districts—But the Government Will Pass Them All the Same To-day.

There is sore trouble in Mr. Mowat's camp over the railway resolutions which are to be discussed in the Assembly to-day. There is talk of open revolt and it is said that at least ten of the Government supporters will bolt when the vote is taken. The air was thick with the disapprobation of the malcontents yesterday and last night. The trouble principally is that the gentlemen named below think that their districts have not been fairly dealt with in the railway resolutions, but some of them have other scores to pay and they will take the present opportunity of liquidating. The principal malcontents and probable bolters are:

W. D. BALFOUR—South Essex.
ALBERT EVANTUREL—Prescott.
PETER GRAHAM—East Lambton.
Colonel JAMES MORIN—Welland.
R. FERGUSON—East Kent.
ALEXANDER ROBILLARD—Russell.
Dr. McMAHON—North Wentworth.
J. A. McANDREW—South Renfrew.
GASPARD PACAUD—North Essex.
E. H. BRONSON—Ottawa.

What They Are Thinking About.

Mr. Evanturel is very, very sore over his inability to get a grant for the Prescott & Ottawa Railway. Prescott, though a well-settled county, has not a line of railway, and in that Mr. Evanturel thinks he has a strong claim on the Government for a grant.

Mr. Balfour said to The World on Monday night that it was not on account of a grant not being given to the Windsor road that he was dissatisfied with the Government. It was the Government's policy that he objected to. This is to be taken with a grain of allowance. It is well known that he felt very bad when the caucus decided not to subsidize his line.

Mr. Balfour assured The World last night that the Government's railway policy would be discussed in the House to-day. He was silent with regard to his rumored resignation, but there is now but little doubt that he will give up his seat in the House.

Mr. Pacaud is interested in the construction of the same road that Balfour is interested in. If it were built it would benefit him as much as Balfour.

Messrs. Bronson, Robillard, McAndrew, Ferguson, Graham and Morin are all interested in local roads.

Dr. McMahon Has an Old Grievance.

Dr. McMahon's ill-will to the Government dates farther back than the recent caucus meeting. The Government taking out of his hands the appointment of a local official some time ago caused him to think that his rights were invaded to suit the fancy of a couple of members representing constituencies near North Wentworth.

The Government will present the motions to-day for discussion, and it is their intention, so a gentleman high up in the party told The World last night, to pass them bolt or no bolt.

A supporter of the Government said last night that they would have a majority of at least twelve.

The Government can hardly do anything else than pass the motions. If they were withdrawn the big kicks would come from Messrs. Conmee, Lyon, Armstrong, and possibly Mr. Levy and Col. Gibson, the latter, as representing Hamilton, Toronto being interested in the construction of the Nipissing & James' Bay Railway, an enterprise that will boom both cities.

One of Mr. Mowat's supporters said last night that the Government would pass the resolutions if they had to go to the country on them.

HE FELL INTO A COAL HOLE.

And Then He Was Arrested Upon a Charge of Trespass.

In the Civil Assizes yesterday the sealed verdict returned by the jury in the case of Ashley v Johnson, malicious arrest and prosecution, was opened and found to contain an award of $1 damages. Mr. Justice Rose declined to make an order for costs, and said that the plaintiff would get only what the law barely allowed him. In the case of John Thomas Cuff against Alderman Edward Hewitt, to enforce the specific performance of a clause in a contract for the sale of land, there was a verdict by consent for the plaintiff, the defendant being ordered to pay $172.61 damages and $100 for the costs of the suit.

Then there was the case of the Toronto Ammonia Company against the firm of Inglis & Hunter to recover $1000 for stock alleged to have been subscribed and for $500 damages. The defendants claim that the stock was not legally subscribed for, and the jury found a verdict in their favor.

That eminent lawyer, Dalton McCarthy, Q.C., appeared in the role of a plaintiff, together with Messrs. Osler, Hoskin and Creelman of his firm, suing the St. Catharines and Niagara Central Railway Company to recover the amount of a retainer and other legal services. They were awarded $500 with costs.

Dr. Theodore Schmidtborn sued Arnold G. Wahl on a $960 promissory note for 32 shares in the Michigan Ammonia Works and was awarded $1047.40.

Rather strange was the suit brought by Fred Steele against the Toronto Coffee House Association. On January 24 last Steele, who was then employed by the late firm of Risley & Kerrigan, was passing the Shaftesbury Hall Coffee House when he fell into an open coal hole, and was so injured that he became unconscious, besides being disabled for life. Interested at the instance of the manager, who thought he had been in the coal hole for a dishonest purpose, he was arraigned in the Police Court on a charge of trespass, which was dismissed. He sued to recover $5000 damages, while the Association disclaimed all responsibility for the coal hole being left open. The case will be concluded to-day.

The list for to-day is: Llewellyn v. Order of Workmen, Saul v. Johnston, Mendelsohn v. Brinsmeal, Lyons v. Lemon, Beard v. Robinson, Bank of Commerce v. Kidd.

ONTARIO'S EXODUS.

Ten Trains of Settlers and Their Effects Left Last Night for the Great Northwest.

The second C.P.R. excursion for Manitoba and the Northwest was sent off last night. It consisted of ten colonist trains, consisting of about 150 cars of stock and freight, having a colonist sleeper attached to each train, and two passenger trains of 10 cars containing about 600 passengers. The specials carried 425 passengers, making a total of 1025. The company send a man in charge of each train. The passengers are nearly all from Western Ontario, but come from as far east as Peterboro. Another train will join the excursion at North Bay from Brockville, consisting of two colonist sleepers and 36 cars of freight.

The Newest Hat.

For the information of gentlemen who have not yet procured their springhats—the style for this season is a small brim and round crown. Dineen has the new hats in stock in all the new colors.

It was a Brutal Blow.

Mrs. Jane Banks lies in a precarious condition at the residence of her mother, No. 15 Lewis-street, suffering from the brutality of her husband. The couple have been living apart for the past six weeks, and last evening, happening to meet at Pemb