[From The Daily Colonist, May 25]

THE TWENTY-FOURTH.

It Was the Quietest Queen's Birthday Seen in Victoria for Many Years.

All the Business Places Were Closed and People Enjoyed a General Holiday.

It has been many years since Victoria saw so quiet a holiday as yesterday's observance of the Queen's Birthday. The business portion of the city was dead; everyone was away—some on picnics, others at the lacrosse match or out boating, or engaged in other recreations suggested by individual inclination. For the first time in eighteen years the thunder of the royal salute from a warship's guns was not heard in Esquimalt harbor, for all the men-of-war are away just now, the Imperieuse at Comox and the Comus and Pheasant in Departure Bay.

The small boy who finds it very hard to crawl to school in time on Monday morning was up long before 6 o'clock, and the packing of lunch baskets, clattering of carriages as they drove off with their merry parties of old and young, and the sound of preparation and departure made the early morning hours decidedly wakeful.

Flags waved everywhere on the breeze, even the dilapidated big one on Beacon Hill spread itself and tried to look as if the huge rents were only ventilators for the hot weather.

Down in the harbor the vessels of every kind, big and small, had their bunting spread, from the big steamers of the C.P.N. fleet down to the little yachts. The boathouses along the waterfront had on their gayest looks, and did a rushing business, for there was no lack of families who had boats for the day to make a picnic trip up to the Gorge.

The big attraction of the day in town was the lacrosse match, and everyone who had not left town for the day seemed to go to the Caledonia grounds in the afternoon to see the first game of the season.

The band concert and the Victoria Gun Club tournament out at Oak Bay drew their share of people, and in the evening the fireworks proved a great attraction.

The prevailing quietness in town even reached the lock-up, where Jailer Mitten sat in his chair "all by his lonesome." "Bedad, I'm dyin' with enwee," he exclaimed, "as the Frenchies used to say in Montreal, where I was on the foorce onct. Not a blessed drunk even have I seen this afternoon to cheer me up, and all the beautiful cells just as clane and invitin' as soap and water can make 'em. Never since I have been in Victoria have I seen the Twenty-Fourth go by before widout wan or t-o locked up just to keep 'em out of mischief."

AT NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, May 24.—(Special)—In the celebration sports to-day Nanaimo won the firemen's races. Nanaimo was also ahead in the yacht race, but there is a protest against the leading yacht on account of the time limit, the course not being covered inside of the two hours. The race may have to be sailed over again.

THE CITY.

Admiral Palliser has leased Mr. Henry Croft's beautiful residence on Esquimalt road for several months.

The Sons of St. George, including all lodges in the city, met in the A.O.U.W. hall last night and spent a convivial time, with song, instrumental music and other forms of entertainment.

Notwithstanding the number of excursions to the country and other counter-attractions in the city, a large number of old and young spent a most enjoyable afternoon and evening yesterday at the garden party given by the Ladies' Aid of St. Paul's church, Victoria West, on the manse grounds, Frederick street.

Six more of the lepers who form the Darcy island lazaretto colony has succumbed to his malady, leaving now only six survivors; and two of these are in the worst stages of their disease. Such is the news brought by Dr. Fraser and sanitary officer Chipchase, who made their quarterly visit to the island on the tug Sadie on Sunday. About two weeks ago the death occurred, the leper being among the first taken out to the island. Dr. Fraser says that there is no truth in the report made a few days ago that white prospectors are operating on the island.

In the window of the Poodle Dog restaurant, Yates street, are exhibited the first strawberries in the market this year. There is a very promising outlook for a fine crop of strawberries this season, but the weather has as yet been hardly warm enough to bring the fruit to maturity. On the Washington side, the condition of the weather for the ripening of a perfect berry has been better, it is said, than for five or six years, and it is to Washington that Victoria will no doubt look for her first supplies. Cherries should also be plentiful this season, and some of the orchards close by the city indicate an early and abundant yield. Other small fruits, though a little backward, look well and promise good crops.

Picnics, private and public, were the order of the day yesterday, and every congenial spot in or about the city for miles saw the holiday man, woman or child with the inseparable lunch basket. The largest gatherings of the day, however, were to be found at Sidney, up the Arm and at Cordova Bay. At Sidney hundreds of boys and girls, together with many older folk, spent a pleasant day on the sandy beach of that pretty railroad terminus. The picnic was under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of St. John's church and the V. & S. trains going to and from the grounds were taxed on every trip. At Cordova Bay the Christian Endeavorers of the First Presbyterian church were encamped, while up the Arm the Epworth League of the Centennial Methodist church were to be found in strong numbers.

THE PLEBISCITE

To the Editor:—Your leader in Friday's issue of the Colonist and under the head of "The Proposed Plebiscite" is of vital importance to every citizen. The collection of $8,000,000 less the present cost of collecting the same will make a material difference in the system of taxation if prohibition is adopted, but after all it is the people who pay the taxes and such a change would simply mean the shifting of $8,000,000 now paid by those who drink and distributing it equally over the whole population, each one of which having the right to contribute their just proportion towards the government of the country. In another column Mr. Laurier is reported to have pointed out forcibly that "if the people of this country want prohibition they must prepare to pay $8,000,000 in direct taxes" and that "there will be large additional taxation for all the temperance people of the country." Suppose the prohibitory liquor law to go in force in 1898 and a direct tax levied on those who contributed the $8,000,000 in 1897 to make good the loss to the revenue of the excise and duty, which would be the darkest picture that could be portrayed against such a proposition; but even then, allowing the direct tax in lieu of the customs revenue to be one-fifth of the drink bill, the man heretofore spending $100 for drink would pay over and above his ordinary taxes $20 but would have $80 to spend on little shoes, school books or back debts as the case might be, but much less a hardship would it be when every citizen contributed his just proportion. According to Mr. Laurier the chief sufferers would be the temperance people, but even they will be more than compensated by the lessening of contributions to charitable institutions besides the many who now squander their means in drink will be able to pay their bills. If the friends of prohibition only are appointed as police your suggestions regarding the cost of policing the whole country may be modified. As to how the municipal revenue would be affected, I refer you to "Glasgow, Its Municipal Organization and Administration," by Sir James Bell, Lord Provost of Glasgow, page 110, where he states: "It is safe to say that were the drink eliminated from the city at least three-fourths of the duty of the magistrates would disappear, for it cannot be doubted that the bellicose and outrageous behavior of a large portion of the fighting and rioting offenders is directly due to the excitement and recklessness caused by undue indulgence in alcoholic stimulants. Eliminating the drinking and fighting elements and putting aside the hopeless habituals whom the police have always with them, the criminals and offenders of Glasgow are reduced to a fractional proportion of the inhabitants." From a financial standpoint, which is the lowest aspect of the question, there are weighty arguments in favor of prohibition, and if the press will take the pains to fully inform the public on both sides of the question, the friends of prohibition will hail with delight the addition to the influences now at work in favor of good government.

Mechanic.

TRAIL-ROBSON RAILWAY.

The new standard gauge railroad from Trail to Robson will be completed in five or six weeks, says the Rossland Miner. The road starts on the plateau on which is built the Trail smelter, and here there is abundant room for the yards, which are now being laid out. Nearly the whole of the smelter plateau will be occupied by the smelter works and the two railroads that terminate there. After the road crosses Stony creek it finds an easy grade down to the river bank, which it reaches in about two miles. When the grade gets down to the river's level, that is on to the first bench above the mines, the ascending grade is the same as that of the river, which is scarcely perceptible, and this it keeps all the way to Robson. Mr. Tye, the chief engineer of the road, was fortunate in having for most of the distance an easy country through which to locate his line. Any close observer is immediately impressed with the thought that the road has been built for permanency and heavy traffic. It is thoroughly substantial in all its details and when it is finished it will be a credit to British Columbia.

The scenic features will be excellent. Starting north from Smelter hill, above Trail, the traveler over this line will have the beautiful Columbia far below him to the right, while beyond are some high and very picturesque mountains. By and by he will get down close to the great river and ride along it west bank, crossing every now and then a roaring mountain stream coming down from the high snow-clad ranges to the west. It will be an attractive ride all the way up to Robson.

What the road is going to do when it gets to Robson is a question not yet answered. Perhaps it is to go on to Boundary and perhaps not. We shall know pretty soon. One thing is certain—so well constructed a road as this was never intended simply to run between Trail and Robson.

FARMER'S MASS AT NANAIMO.

The ladies and gentlemen who rendered Farmer's Mass in the Institute Hall a few weeks ago went to Nanaimo on Saturday at the invitation of Mr. James Dunsmuir and repeated it to a fine audience in the Opera House, the performance being for the benefit of the hospital. The people of Nanaimo showed their appreciation of the kindly act of Mr. Austin and those associated with him, and also of Mr. Dunsmuir, who furnished transportation for the whole party, by entertaining them royally at the Hotel Wilson. On their arrival a light lunch was served, and at the close of the performance a sumptuous supper. The mass and the special additional numbers were done in excellent style and the audience were hearty in the reception of the various features. At the close Mr. Thomas Kitchen returned thanks for the people of Nanaimo, to which Mr. Austin made an appropriate reply. About one half the party returned the same night on a special train which left at midnight and reached the city at half-past three. The others returned on Sunday, a few of them coming part of the way on their bicycles. The whole affair was an enjoyable one to all concerned, and Mr. Dunsmuir's thoughtfulness in putting the train at the disposal of the party elicited many warm expressions of appreciation.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

BOUND FOR THE YUKON

Steamer "Mexico" Will Carry Many Miners From Victoria for Northern Gold Fields.

Death From Smallpox on the "Sam Mendel"—Fire on Shipboard.

Over twenty passengers have been ticketed to leave on the steamship Mexico, sailing for Alaska early this morning, and in addition to these there is promise of ten others, who will embark here. Several of these are young men from the East, who are bound North to join the many fortune-seekers in the Yukon gold fields. Others are from near home and have outfitted here for extended mining expeditions. In the matter of cargo the ship's accommodation will be wholly utilized, a large portion being devoted to a miscellaneous freight for Northern mining camps from Simon Leiser of Co. of this city. The Mexico has coal from New Whatcom for the government at Juneau, commercial coal for Juneau, fifty head of live stock and other general freight for the different points where she will call. On the 8th of next month the excursion business to Alaska will begin with the sailing of the Queen which will as usual be devoted exclusively to this traffic for three months ending August 18, at which date she will be due back on her fifth and last trip of the season. The Alaska Commercial Company's steamer will sail from Sitka for Unalaska, in Behring sea, 1,200 miles distant on or about the 8th of each month making close connections with the City of Topeka at Sitka as she has for the past few months. A round trip is made in from 25 to 30 days, three days of which time is spent at Unalaska, from where a side-trip is made to the Boqesloy Volcano, 40 miles distant. Stoppages are made at Yakutot, Prince William's Sound, Cook's Inlet, Kodiak, Karluk and Unga. The rate for round trip fare from Sitka, including berths and meals on the boat, are $120 for cabin and $80 for steerage passage.

THE "SAM MENDEL'S" TROUBLE.

The sickness aboard the British bark Sam Mendel, in quarantine since Saturday, is an attack of smallpox, which Capt. Lewis, the master of the vessel, has now about recovered from. On leaving Antofogasta for British Columbia there was a passenger on board who was on his way North to mine. A few days after leaving this man fell sick with smallpox and on the 10th day out died. A week later Capt. Lewis took sick of the same disease, but his trip having occupied over 50 days his case had plenty of time for development, and in consequence he is now considered out of all danger. On arriving at quarantine the ship and her crew were put through the regular courses and it is not probable that she will be detained long. Mr. Van Rheim, the proprietor of the Globe hotel, who with the owner of the launch which bore him out to the vessel just as Dr. Watt was making his examination of her, was taken to quarantine, was allowed his liberty again after getting a sulphur bath and being vaccinated. In addition to the smallpox excitement there was a special attraction out at William Head yesterday morning in the shape of a small fire, which fortunately was extinguished before damage was done. The fire was aboard the Sam Mendel, and the Lorne was summoned by telephone, but luckily by the time she was ready to leave the outer wharf another telephone message was received stating her services were not required.

THE "BOSCOWITZ" LEAVES.

It will require very little freight from Vancouver to give the steamer Barbara Boscowitz, sailing from here last evening, a full cargo for Northern British Columbia ports. It is a mixed load she carries, and the bulk of the freight is cannery supplies. Among her passengers were: Rev. Dr. Ardagh and wife, of Metlakatla; Mrs. Crossby and child, Capt. Harris and S. Pierce. Capt. Harris was one of the passengers to arrive on the Boscowitz last week, and he is returning North, it is understood, with the object of taking the schooner E. B. Marvin, of which he is master, down from Port Simpson to the West Coast.

THE FRISCO STEAMERS.

Voyagers from San Francisco on the Walla Walla yesterday morning outnumbered by several those sailing for the Bay City on the City of Puebla in the evening. The Walla Walla arrived at 7 o'clock and, having considerably over 200 tons of freight to land, was detained longer than usual in port. A list of her passengers has already been published, while a list of those leaving on the Puebla is as follows: Miss Wilson, Miss Falkner, Mrs. E. S. Swift and two children, Mrs. L. E. Erb, Miss F. Demmerliff, Sister M. Stephen, Sister M. Seraphim, Sister Pudmticom, Sister M. of the Passion, J. H. Martin and Mrs. Martin. Among the Puebla's passengers from the Sound were 16 sailors off the U. S. man-of-war Oregon, now at Seattle, who are being transferred to San Francisco. Their appearance on the street created the impression that an American cutter was in port.

Mr. Longfield, the new organist of St. John's, is a great acquisition to musical circles in Victoria, his wonderfully fine playing at the recital at the church on Sunday evening showing what a mastery he has over the instrument. The selection was from Mozart's First Mass. Mr. Longfield played the organ and his son, Mr. Jesse A. Longfield, the violin, with good effect. Besides the instrumental music Miss Stoddart and Mr. Ives sang Love Divine, and Mr. Ross Monro Resignation (Lindsay).

From all parts of the compass comes a report that every fair day brings out wheelmen in greater force than ever before. If the cycle is a fad, it is still on the ascending scale.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

SPORTS OF THE DAY.

Vancouver Vanquishes the Blue and White by Three Goals to Two.

Albions Ahead at Cricket and Victoria's Gun Teams Win at Oak Bay.

"The best team won," was the verdict of those who saw yesterday's lacrosse match—Victoria vs. Vancouver. This, the opening match of the season, drew an audience to Caledonia park which must have made glad the hearts of the management. The play was a bit ragged, but as this is the first lap, so to speak, in the race for the pennant, better form was hardly to be expected. The boys from the Terminal City showed much better combination than their competitors, and to this they owe their victory. A synopsis of the different games follows:

The first game opened with a scrimmage in centre, and in a few moments Bland, securing the ball, dropped it in front of goal. The play surged behind the flags, where Campbell passed out to Stevens. He tipped to Wilson, who made the first shot at the flags. Quann stopped it beautifully. After some hard work Ken. Campbell scored first for Vancouver. Time, 7 minutes.

In the second game Victoria returned the compliment taking their first goal in exactly the same time as Vancouver had done. It was varied by a little unpleasantness between Quann of Vancouver, and Snider of Victoria, both being sent to the rails to cool their heels for that game. Williams and Ken Campbell tried to score but Belfrey the reliable, relieved and a moment later Bland had a shot at the visitors flag, but the ball went wild. Finally F. Cullin secured passed to George Coldwell, who scored for Victoria. Time 7 minutes.

From the face off in the third game McIntyre secured for Vancouver after a short scrimmage and some combination play between Bland, Coldwell, Snider and F. Cullin was spoiled by Smith getting the ball out of danger for the time being. The ball was then worked up field towards Victoria, but S. Norman returned it. Reynolds, who played a rattling game for the visitors, got it passed to Dave Smith and he to Wright, then Williams and Ken. Campbell, the latter trying at the flags, but his shot went high. Out of a scrimmage C. Cullin secured the rubber, but lost to Quann. There were several lively scrimmages and both teams being well warmed up the game was hotly contested. Vancouver's superior combination, however, came out ahead, the ball passing from D. Smith to Hardman, then to Williams and McGuire, the latter scoring for Vancouver. Time, 19 minutes.

Smith in the fourth game got the advantage from the start, with the resulting combination of Williams to McGuire, but the latter's shot at the flags went high. Ken Campbell dropped it in front again and Hawman got a shot, but Belfry relieved. The ball was worked down on Vancouver's flags, where F. Cullin secured it and passed to Coldwell, who dropped it in front, and R. Campbell carried it through. Time, 2 minutes.

The customary ten minutes wait was dispensed with and in the first few minutes J. Bland nearly scored. Vancouver had a couple of narrow shaves but promptly made things hum round Victoria's goal for a short time, S. Norman stopping a fine shot from W. Hawman. Bob Campbell from near centre made a fine sprint down field with the ball and passed to Coldwell but George shot wild, and then McIntyre passed it from behind the flags to Williams, who gave S. Norman another chance to show his merits as a goalkeeper. In the end the ball went up field from Quann to Smith to Hawman, then to Williams and McGuire, who put an end to the suspense. Time, 18 minutes.

With 17 minutes to play, the home team made every effort to win, but the visitors' defence was too strong for them, the score at the end of time being 3 to 2 in favor of Vancouver.

THE RACE FOR THE PENNANT.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.
Vancouver	2	1	1
Westminster	1	1	0
Victoria	1	0	1

THE GUN.

THE BIRTHDAY TOURNAMENT.

The Victoria Gun Club held their shooting tournament at the Oak Bay grounds yesterday under a strong SW. wind, which probably accounted for some rather poor scores, though taking it all through the shooting was very good. C. W. Minor made the highest average for the day's shooting, and including the average in events 1, 2 and 3, broke his 96 out of 110. The following is the score:

Team Shoot.—In this event, in which the possible was 150 birds, Victoria entered two teams and Vancouver one. The results were:

Victoria, No. 1—C. W. Minor, 44; B. H. John, 44; F. S. Maclure, 38; total, 126.

Victoria, No. 2.—W. H. Adams, 41; H. N. Short, 40; W. Bickford, 38; total, 119.

Vancouver — Capt. Thompson, 43; —, Sweet, 38; J. C. Maclure, 27; total, 108.

Event No. 1.—In this event the possible score was 15 birds. There were several ties as will be seen: C. W. Minor, 14; O. Weiler, 14; E. Wall, 13; F. S. Maclure, 13; B. H. John, 13; W. H. Adams, 13; — Sweet, 12; Dr. Gatewood, 11; W. H. Lenfesty, 10; E. Doran, 10; R Jackson, 10; C. Maclure, 10; J. Morrison, 10; W. Bickford, 9.

Event No. 2—In this the possible score was 20 birds:

C. W. Minor, 19; R. Jackson, 18; Dr. Gatewood, 16; W. H. Adams, 16; F. S. Maclure, 16; J. Morrison, 15; Capt. Thompson, 15; — Sweet, 15; E. Doran, 14; O. Weiler, 13.

Event No. 3—In this event the possible was 15 birds.

W. H. Lenfesty, 12; O. Weiler, 12; B. H. John, 12; E. Wall 11; F. S. Maclure, 11; W. H. Adams, 11; R. Jackson, 10; Dr. Gatewood, 10; E. Doran, 10; C. W. Minor, 10; Capt. Thompson, 9; J. Morrison, 9; — Sweet, 9; J. C. Maclure, 7; R. Short, 6.

Event No. 4.—This was a consolation match for those not winning prizes in events 1, 2 and 3:

J. Morrison, 8; J. Trace, 5.

Event No. 5.—This was a ten bird sweepstake, in which Capt. Thompson made the full score:

Capt. Thompson, 10; C. W. Minor, 9; O. Weiler, 9; B. H. John, 7; F. S. Maclure, 7; Dr. Gatewood, 7; J. C. Maclure, 7; W. N. Lenfesty, 7.

For the general average in events 1, 2 and 3 C. W. Minor, with 43 out of 50 birds, won the silver trophy presented by F. S. Maclure, and J. Trace, with the lowest score 24 out of 50, got the booby prize, a nice hat presented by Mr. S. Sea.

Among others who presented prizes to be competed for were J. Hutcheson & Co., Barnsley & Co., E. G. Prior & Co., Short & Sons, H. Clay, Erskine, Wall & Co., Weiler Bros., E. A. Morris, W. Bickford, B. Williams & Co.

CRICKET.

ALBIONS BEAT NANAIMO.

The match between the Albion Cricket Club and Nanaimo took place yesterday on the Albion ground, and wickets were pitched at 11 a.m.

The Albion team went in first and ran the score up to 65, of which H. Martin made 21 by good cricket. He was accorded poor support, until Porter came in and stayed with him while he made the majority of his runs.

On Nanaimo going to the bat, York and Schwengers carried all before them, and dismissed the side for 30 runs. Nanaimo then went in a second time and made 16 runs for 5 wickets, leaving the Albions victors in the first innings by 65 to 30 runs.

THE RING.

HOW THE CHAMPION FELL.

New York, May 23.—The instantaneous photographic reproductions of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight was last night presented for the first time at the Academy of Music. A large white cloth was stretched across the proscenium arch and the figures was presented thereon life size. The spectators saw an accurate reproduction of the contest, marred somewhat by the unsteady movement of the photographic plates. The chief interest centered on the question as to whether Fitz fouled Corbett in the last round while Corbett was down. The presentation on the screen was so vibrant and unsteady, however, that no accurate judgment of the nice point could be determined, particularly as Fitzsimmons' back was toward the camera when he struck the final blow. The general opinion was that no foul occurred. The spectators, after Corbett was pictured as down, called out: "Where was the foul?" This was accompanied by shouts of "There was none. There was no foul." The presentation as a whole was wonderfully vivid.

INDIA IS GRATEFUL.

The following is the text of a letter received by the Governor-General of Canada from the Viceroy of India:

Viceregal Lodge,
Simla, April 8th, 1897.

My Dear Aberdeen:—I have often thought of writing to let you know from myself how much we all have appreciated the sympathy and generosity of Canada. We have been taking stock of our position on passing the grand total of a crore of rupees, and though most grateful thanks are due to friends all over the world, still, outside Great Britain, Canada stands first in the aid which has been sent us. Perhaps you will pardon me if, as a Canadian-born, I mingle a little pride with my gratitude.

I have no doubt that we owe much to your own kindness, for I know how a calamity like ours would appeal to you; but from papers I have seen it seems clear that the movement in our favor has been a popular one in every sense of the word, and that cannot fail to enhance the value of the gift.

I think I am entirely justified in saying that so far as the government is concerned we are fully prepared for all present possibilities. Indeed in many districts the worst strain is probably over. They have had a fair spring crop, and by the end of next month they will be busy preparing for the summer crop. These agricultural operations at once relieve the situation; for, as I heard it put the other day, what we have had to deal with has been more of a labor famine than a food famine.

The small proprietors and occupiers of the land have, generally speaking, been able to subsist, though hard pressed by high prices; but they have been unable to employ or feed their laborers; and it has been for this class that in most cases we have had to provide relief works. Except in the districts which have suffered most severely, e. g. from the failure of more than one crop, there seems to be no apprehension that a good monsoon will not restore matters to pretty much their normal condition. But one of the chief advantages of the large charitable fund that has been raised will be that we shall be able to put the poorer cultivators, whose credit is exhausted, into a position to take full advantage of a favorable season, by providing plough, cattle, seed, and other necessaries of that sort.

There was a talk at one time of our having to import grain from America—but as yet the necessity has not arisen. There was a good rice crop in Burma, and it has been very useful; but though we have watched very closely, we have not as yet detected any sign of a general failure of food supplies. I have to-day a letter from Sandhurst, in which he gives a reassuring account in this respect of the worst districts in the Bombay presidency. If there was to be another failure of the monsoon over anything like the same area, we should have a very different state of things, and we should certainly have to take from you and everybody else all that could be spared; but in the meantime there is no reason to think that anything so dreadful is impending.

I am inflicting rather a long letter upon you; but I thought you might like to know a little of the, view I take of the situation. I don't know how you get any news of Indian affairs—I suppose through London—and many of the accounts which are, to say the least, not distinguished for accuracy or impartiality. I think, however, that all are now beginning to recognize, what I have known for months, that the officers on the spot have been working throughout with a devotion and self-sacrifice that could not be exceeded.

Believe me,
Yours very truly,
(signed) Elgin.

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For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, SALT RHEUM, SCROFULA, HEARTBURN, SOUR STOMACH, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES.
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& SONS' (DUBLIN)
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Please see you get it with
Metal Capsules {BLUE ..... One Star
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GOLD ..... Three Star
OF ALL DEALERS.
Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.—
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mr15

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
Vice Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne's was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 13, 1864.
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