

CHURCHILL'S FIGHT.

Making Great Campaign In North Manchester.

Loses Irish Vote But Gets Vote of Free Traders.

London, April 15.—From twenty to thirty political meetings daily, and incessant house-to-house canvassing, a constant issue of innumerable printed appeals to various interests, and a general disruption of normal conditions of life, are the features of the Parliamentary contest now going on in the Northwest Division of Manchester to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the appointment of Winston Churchill to a Cabinet position.

It is one of the hottest electoral fights that has ever occurred in this country. Mr. Churchill is keenly alive to the strength of the free trade idea in Manchester, and is playing this card to the utmost, while Mr. Jayson-Hicks, his Conservative opponent, for the same reason, is giving prominence to every issue but free trade. There is nothing yet clearly indicating a marked advantage on either side.

The Conservatives had a disappointing shock today when the Free Traders in their party announced their determination to support Mr. Churchill. There are many Conservatives in Great Britain who are opposed to the idea of a tariff as strongly as are the Liberals, and those in Manchester regard fiscal reform as a heresy, justifying the sacrifice of other party principles in order to secure its defeat. On the other hand, Mr. Churchill will get no help from the Irish voters.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, in a speech in Dublin, reviewed the Government's attitude on Home Rule, and advised Irishmen in Manchester not to support the Liberal candidate. It was not, he said, any question of Mr. Churchill's personality, but a question of the new Government's attitude towards Irish aspirations. It was to Ireland's interest to hasten the dissolution of the present Parliament.

Meanwhile both Mr. Churchill and Mr. Jayson-Hicks are anxious concerning the extent to which they will suffer from the interposition of Mr. Irving, the Socialist candidate. Socialism is fairly strong in the constituency, and Mr. Irving is a strong candidate. Mr. Jayson-Hicks apparently stands to lose most from Socialist attack, as Mr. Irving, like himself, favors tariff reform. If no Socialist candidate had appeared many of the Socialists would have probably supported Mr. Jayson-Hicks. A. G. Hales, war correspondent, the independent candidate, has withdrawn.

A WOMAN ON WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

LECTURE BY MRS. ALLEYN IN A. O. U. W. HALL.

Many Men Remain Bachelors Because Women Think More of Dress Than Anything Else.

A lecture was given last evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall by Mrs. C. F. Alleyn. Her subject was "Woman, Her Duties and Her Rights." Mrs. Alleyn said no man can ever enjoy his rights until woman has hers, for at present woman is handicapped in many things, such as reform work, visiting jails, etc. For this kind of work they needed to be protected by men, and many men are splendid protectors, but a great number are not. The speaker said she would like to see women banded together. She was tired of hearing men say that women are the worst enemies of themselves by the constant way they speak and backbite other women. Yet she believed men were equally as bad in that respect as the female sex. The duty of a woman, said Mrs. Alleyn, was not merely to be a housewife, but to be a noble mother. Many men remained bachelors because some women were so ignorant and thought more of dress than anything else. The duties of women were equally as large as those of men, outside politics, clubs, etc. The moulding of the characters of men is in the hands of mothers, and the higher and nobler they become so will better men be given to the world. Finally, Mrs. Alleyn said the schools and the young men doing more for women and their rights than any other agency.

The lecture was fairly well attended, and was especially interesting to women. Mr. S. S. King was chairman.

HAMILTON'S INDIAN NAME.

To the Editor of the Times: Sir,—Can any one give, with some certainty, an Indian name for Hamilton? Perhaps there has never been any, excepting Wahquatab, which is appropriate to the Stoney Creek Battlefield, for it was the spot where the sandbar joins the northern mainland. This name, euphonious when softly breathed from Indian lips, but not easily pronounceable by white people, was, no doubt, the origin of the vulgar "Wash quarter," which was a name sometimes bestowed upon Hamilton Bay, but, happily, not "for keeps." Yours, etc., Anacraian.

STONE CREEK BATTLEFIELD.

To the Editor of the Times: Sir,—I beg to appeal to the public through the columns of your paper for donations on behalf of the various British Veterans' Associations of the city and county, who have formed committees for the purpose of erecting a monument to the memory of those British soldiers, who fell and were interred at that spot, where the final and decisive struggle took place. We feel sure the public will respond to this appeal, as it is purely a local enterprise, and under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General. Any donation will be thankfully received by Mrs. Clementina Fessenden, city.

"Duff" Hanna, for some time connected with the editorial staff of the Toronto Telegram, died at Sarnia on Tuesday, a victim of tuberculosis and paralysis. Before going to Toronto, he had been engaged in newspaper work in Sarnia. He leaves a widow and two children.

The Daily Fashion Hint.



Coat suit of lavender linen, with collar and cuffs of linen in deeper shade. White straw hat with bow of violet velvet and aigrette.

GAS AND CHEMICALS

USED TO DOCTOR UP SARATOGA WATER.

Adulteration Excused as Being the Only Method that Can Save Great United States Health Resort—The Springs Giving Out.

Albany, April 15.—The hundreds of thousands of persons who quaff Saratoga waters drink a medicine or beverage, doctored with salt, citric acid and other chemicals, carbonated with vitriol and marble dust. This charge was made before the Senate Committee on Judiciary yesterday afternoon by Robert C. Morris, former chairman of the New York Republican County Committee and counsel for a carbonic gas company.

Defenders of the springs confessed that in some instances the charge might partly well founded, but excused the adulteration by saying that this method was the only one that could save the great national health resort from ruin. "One spring gave out in 1890," said Mr. Morris. "A pump was installed. Ordinary water was put into the bottling house tanks in a private room, and after the injection of chemicals, it was sold to the trade."

"At another spring large quantities of salt were delivered, consigned as sugar. Cylinders of gas were shipped by a Philadelphia company. Carboys of vitriol and boxes of marble dust were used to generate gas. There was a fresh water spring from which the water flowed into tanks. The pipe led from these tanks through a carbonator to the main spring in the pavilion where the water was served to the public. The water was sold as a natural Saratoga water."

"At another spring a solution of coarse salt and citric acid crystals was put into the tanks. This was mixed with water and sold as the genuine natural Saratoga beverage."

THREE MEN KILLED.

Explosion in the Old Mine at Canmore, Alberta.

Winnipeg, April 15.—Three men were killed and four others seriously burned in an explosion at what is known as the Old Mine, Canmore, Alberta, shortly after 10 o'clock this morning. The dead are: Gus Capleson and Matt Saari, Finlanders, and Mr. Wilmott, an Englishman, acting as fire boss. The latter leaves a wife and family of four little ones, who only came out here a few days ago. It is not yet known what caused the explosion, and the fire has not been extinguished as yet. The four injured men are in the General Hospital. The coroner will be brought from Mankhead as soon as possible for the inquest.

MONEY FOR JUNKETING.

Claim That Former Winnipeg Council Was Disqualified. Winnipeg, April 15.—The street railway has entered a remarkable defence in a suit brought by the city to compel the company to pay damages for failure to fulfill the running schedule demanded by the traffic. The company will maintain that when the council of 1907 passed the by-law under which the action is taken, a majority of the Aldermen and Controllers present were disqualified, through having accepted expense moneys for junketing trips through the United States, contrary to the charter. It created a sensation in civic circles.

DEAR 'PHONE RATES.

How Roblin Fooled Farmers With Promise of Cheap Telephones.

Winnipeg Free Press of April 11.—It is safe to say that many farmers in Manitoba who voted for the Roblin Government in the last election in the expectation of thereby securing cheap telephones are now beginning to understand that they have been victimized. The election won, the Government proceeded to sit down and wait. Instead of at once constructing 1,000 miles of long distance 'phones and entering on an energetic policy to give farmers 'phones at \$12 a year as promised, and greatly to reduce the cost in cities and towns they merely constructed ten miles of conduit in the city of Winnipeg, and thirty miles of pole line. To do this work they also engaged a couple of engineers who between them received within a few days of the rate of salary paid to the President of the Bell Telephone Company.

After a year of this masterly policy of "bribery," they just on the eve of the Legislature meeting, took upon themselves to conclude the bargain they had been negotiating secretly with the Bell Company, and paid, it is alleged by experts, a million dollars too much. This means apparently the impossibility of any reduction in the rates and towns. Mr. Howden, the present Minister of Telephones, declared in March 1906, that the cost of installation of the Bell plant in Winnipeg made any reductions impossible under that system. If, as seems established, the Government paid more than it cost to install, the reduction has become more impossible in 1908 than in 1906; and in fact telephone rates in Winnipeg have been raised to doctors, nurses, and other users.

Farmers have doubtless been clinging to the hope that the Government meant to keep their pledges to them, and that the \$12 a year 'phones, which were so distinctly promised by the members of the Government, by their experts who produced figures to show the cost and by their official literature. Practically, therefore, the farmers are worse off under the Roblin administration than they were when they had to deal with the Bell.

His Happy Thought.

Belgrade, April 15.—At a banquet in Belgrade, M. Uzunovitch, a prominent supporter of the Government, excused himself from proposing a toast, but when a friend called out encouragingly, "Say the first stupid thing that comes into your head," he jumped up and cried: "Long live our present wise ruler, King Peter!" He has been requested to resign his seat.

Vesselsmen are expecting a quiet trade on the lakes.

SAVE THE CHILDREN

Insure Them Good Health

Ninety per cent. of children, under twelve years of age, are being poisoned and parents don't realize it. Irregular bowels are the chief cause. You parents know that your bowels should move every day. You know you must be as regular as clock-work, or the blood will become tainted.

Don't you realize that the children must be as orderly in getting rid of the waste matter of their system?

Then, if you find that any of the little ones go two or three days without action of the bowels, don't run to castor oil, senna tea, calomel, cascara or harsh "liver pills." Those simply purge the child—strain the bowels.

"Fruit-a-tives" are the ideal medicine for children. They are fruit juices and tonics in the form of a pleasant tasting tablet. "Fruit-a-tives" stimulate the liver, causing more bile to flow. It is the bile, given up by the liver, which moves the bowels. "Fruit-a-tives" regulate the liver and bowels, and thus completely cure constipation. They sweeten the stomach, and are the highest tonic in the world to build up the system and make children plump and rosy. 50c a box—six for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price if your dealers does not handle them. "Fruit-a-tives" Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

TOOK FIRST CHANCE

NEVER MET A MAN UNTIL SHE WAS 29.

Colony of Women Who Regard Marriage as a Sin.

Philadelphia, April 15.—Back of the marriage of Miss Adah Pratt, of 1,437 Irving street, Washington, to B. Franklin Hoover, of Philadelphia, an hotel clerk, Saturday, lies a story of unusual romance.

Miss Pratt lived until she was twenty-nine years old without forming the acquaintance of a man. She was born and raised in a community of women taught to believe that marriage was a sin. She was bound by teaching and belief always to remain single. Then she married the first man to whom she ever had been introduced. She did more than half the courting herself.

Nearly thirty years ago, in Texas, where Mrs. Hoover's mother lived at the time, a Mrs. Martha McWhirter of Waco, announced that she had had a visitation from the Almighty, and had been told that it was sinful to live with man. Accordingly, she left her husband and, gathering about her a small party of women followers, went to the little town of Beitton, where they established headquarters of the new creed.

It was called the Woman's Commonwealth. Its members were all well to do and self-supporting. Some were spinsters, some had been married and some had children. Mrs. Pratt was one of the converts of the religion, and, leaving her husband, she joined the colony, where, two months afterwards, the present Mrs. Hoover was born. There were ten children in the colony, all girls.

Ten years ago the "commonwealth" moved to Washington, taking up a farm of 172 acres in Montgomery county, Maryland, and a large house in the city. The children were taught to beware of men. They were never permitted to have acquaintance with any of them. Of course they saw men, Mrs. Hoover says she often had noticed them. But she never paid attention to any of them until she met Hoover. To-day she told her own story.

"Five of the girls grew up," she said, "and then slipped away to be married. Of course they were regarded as sinners. I thought them bad. But about a year ago I went downtown with a girl friend and she introduced me to Mr. Hoover."

"Somehow or other I could not get him out of my mind. I found myself wishing I might see him all the time."

There are still three unmarried girls at the commonwealth. They are 23, 28 and 33 years old.

THE FISHERIES TREATY

Favorably Reported by U. S. Senate Committee.

Washington, April 15.—The fisheries treaty between the United States and Great Britain regulating fishing in the lakes along the boundary line between the United States and Canada today received the favorable endorsement of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. Secretary of State Root went over the treaty in detail with the committee and also explained the treaty providing for the demarcation of the boundary between the United States and Canada. Upon the conclusion of his remarks the committee decided to report the fisheries treaty, but final action on the other convention was postponed until another meeting.

South Oxford Conservatives have nominated Mr. Donald Sutherland for the Legislature.

Neuralgia

In the Face

Long standing case completely cured by Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food.

Headache and Neuralgia. What hosts of people seek for cure of these ailments.

And in vain. Because they are misled by going after medicines which only relieve.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food is not a mere relief for headaches and neuralgia but is a thorough cure in the only way these troubles can ever be really cured—by restoring the nervous system. Mrs. James Clancy, 714 Water street, Peterboro, Ont., states: "I was troubled more or less with severe headaches and neuralgia for nineteen years. Besides suffering I was useless as far as work was concerned. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food built up my system generally and made a thorough cure of my old trouble. It made a thorough cure of my old trouble. It succeeded in my case after a great many treatments had failed."

Neuralgia and nervous headaches are always an indication of exhausted nerves. Make the cure through using Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents, at all dealers or Edmondson, Bates, & Co., Toronto, Ont. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., the famous Receipt Book author on every box.

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FRIGHTENED TO DEATH.

Fear of Arrest Caused Collapse of Philadelphia Actuary.

Philadelphia, April 15.—Confronted with the accusation of embezzling more than \$1,500 from the Franklin Institute of this city, of which he had been Actuary and Treasurer for twenty-two years, Herbert E. Heyl was seized with what is said to have been apoplexy at his home in West Philadelphia to-day and died shortly afterward. Mr. Heyl was at breakfast when, glancing through a morning newspaper, he saw an account of the alleged embezzlement.

He arose from the table, ran into the hallway and collapsed. A physician was summoned, but Heyl did not respond to treatment. The physician while giving the cause of death as apoplexy, returned to the coroner for a post-mortem examination.

A warrant for Heyl's arrest was issued yesterday at the instance of the officials of the Franklin Institute and service was to have been made to-day. Heyl recently retired from the Institute because of illness, and a new system of bookkeeping was inaugurated.

RETURNING THE DOUKHOBORS.

Minister of Justice in Communication With Fort William Authorities.

Fort William, April 15.—Telegrams received here by Magistrate Felling from the Department of Justice indicate that the Doukhobors will be shipped west to Saskatchewan. The Magistrate received a telegram asking for a report on the nineteen now in jail at Port Arthur, and almost immediately after another telegram asking him to wire to the Minister of Justice asking pardon for them, preparatory to their being shipped back.

JUDGE IN DANGER.

Sir William Mulock's Car Struck by a Bullet.

Woodstock, April 15.—In a case in the Assize Court to-day in which James Cornfoot, of Ingersoll, claimed \$5,000 damages from the Ingersoll Fruit Package Company for the loss of a machine, it became necessary in the

opinion of the court for the jury to go to Ingersoll to see the machine. On the way back one of the windows in a car in which Sir William Mulock, the jurymen, counsel for both sides, including Mr. G. T. Blackstock, and the court constables were riding, was struck by a bullet and glass flew in all directions. Fortunately no person was badly injured, though all were somewhat startled. It is believed that the firing of the bullet was accidental, but the shooter was not discovered. The case was settled upon return by the company agreeing to pay Cornfoot \$750 without costs.

\$7,000,000 HALL FOR LONDON.

Plans of Obscure Young Architect to be Realized.

London, April 15.—The London County Council has decided to proceed with the building of the proposed County Hall on the site selected on the banks of the Thames at Westminster. It is estimated that it will cost \$7,000,000 and that seven years will be consumed in building it. The architect is Ralph Knott, who, till he won the position by competition, was an obscure assistant in the city architect's office. He is 29 years old. His fees as architect will amount to about \$200,000.

DRUG MANUFACTURER FINED.

Roosevelt Insisted on Jail Sentence for Prominent Washington Man.

Washington, April 15.—As a result of the first conviction under the pure food and drugs law, Robert N. Harper, President of the Washington Chamber of Commerce, formerly President of the American National Bank, a drug manufacturer and one of the best known business men of this city, was to-day sentenced by Judge Kimball in the Police Court to pay a fine of \$500 on one count and \$200 on another count of the indictment, recently returned against him for manufacturing and selling an alleged mislabelled pharmaceutical compound. Many a man displays a lot of ingenuity in making a fool of himself.

List of Agencies

where the HAMILTON TIMES

may be had:

- G. J. MARTIN, Stationer, Rebecca St., 4 doors from James. F. W. SCHWARTZ, Royal Hotel News Stand. THOS. FRENCH, Stationer, 90 James Street North. G. B. MIDDLEY, Printer, 28a James Street North. A. F. HURST, Tobacconist, 294 James Street North. A. A. THEOBALD, Tobacconist, 358 James Street North. JAS. M'KENZIE, Newsdealer, 334 James Street North. D. MONROE, Grocer, James and Simcoe. R. B. GARDINER, Waldorf Hotel. JOHN HILL, Tobacconist, 171 King Street East. W. R. FLEMING, Barber and Tobacconist, 243 King Street East. H. P. TEETER, Druggist, King and Ashley. T. J. M'BRIDE, 666 King Street East. H. R. WILSON, News Agent, King and Wentworth Streets. J. WOODS, Barber, 401 Barton East. H. HOWE, 587 Barton East. A. W. SWAZIE, 647 Barton Street East. J. A. ZIMMERMAN, Druggist, Barton and Wentworth, also Victoria Avenue and Cannon. H. E. HAWKINS, Druggist, East Avenue and Barton. A. GREIG, Newsdealer, 10 York Street. JAMES MITCHELL, Confectioner, 57 York Street. A. NORMAN, 103 York Street. MRS. SHOTTER, Confectioner, 244 York Street. NEW TROY LAUNDRY, 357 York Street. S. WOTTON, 376 York Street. T. S. M'DONNELL, 374 King Street West. M. WALSH, 244 King Street West. D. T. DOW, 173 King Street West. JOHN MORRISON, Druggist, 112 Main Street West. A. F. HOUSER, Confectioner, 114 James Street South. BURWELL GRIFFIN, Queen and Charlton Ave. MRS. SECORD, Loc. and Canada. CANADA RAILWAY NEWS CO., G. T. R. Station. H. BLACKBURN, News Agent, T. H. & B. Station.

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SAVED HER LIFE.

School Boy Drags Old Woman From Front of a Train.

Niagara-on-the-Lake, April 15.—A young Niagara-on-the-Lake boy displayed a courage and presence of mind the other day that merits for him a medal from the Royal Humane Society. The young lad in question is Allie Coughlin, the young son of John Coughlin, of Niagara-on-the-Lake. While returning home from school, the lad saw Mrs. Stacey, an old lady, who is quite deaf, standing on the Michigan Central Railway tracks. The old lady had stepped onto the track to put on her rubbers, and being very deaf, did not hear a train approaching. Quick as a thought, young Coughlin rushed up to the old woman, and was just in time to pull her off the track to a place of safety, as the train whizzed by. No doubt the old lady would have been killed, but for the prompt and courageous action of Master Coughlin.

John Charlton's Condition.

Lynedoch, April 15.—The condition of Mr. John Charlton, for so many years member in the House of Commons for North Norfolk, has become so serious that his recovery is hardly expected. A few days ago Dr. A. R. Gordon, of Toronto, was taken up by William Charlton for a consultation with Dr. Tisdale, the family physician. For some weeks the patient has been in charge of the most experienced professional nurses. Mr. Charlton is 79 years of age.