Jesus Teaches Humility.-John 13: 1-20. Print John 13: 1-15.

Commentary.—I. At the suppose. 1-2). I. Before the feast—The They were in the upper room which had been given them for the occasion (Luke 22: 12), but the supper had not yet been served. Jesus knowing (R. V.)—He was fully conscious of his approaching agony and death. Should depart, efc.—Death is referred to as though it were merely taking a journey from this forld to the Father. "He was conscious not only that his hour of agony was come, but that that have was the great the that that hour was the gate to the eternal glory with the Father. The light from beyond shone back even upon this world, confronted with its troubles and difficulties, after he had left them. Loved them unto the end—l. To the uttermost limit of love (R. V., margin). 2. With a love without end. "God's love never changes, never ceases, any more than the sun ceases to shine, although men may hide in caves and dungeons from its light."

2. Supper being ended—'During supper."—R. V. A better reading is "when supper was beginning."—Cam. Bib. It was customary to wash the fect before the Passover with His disciples? When did Judas bargain to sell His Lord? What led Jesus to wash His disciples? How did He prepare for light, would be gried to great the grant of the bound of the world, to add one another in the week spend and how a love conscience and of a wholesome and holy life."—I. M. Lang.

Questions.—How did Jesus spend the week before the Passover? Where did Judas bargain to sell His Lord? What led Jesus to wash His disciples? How did He prepare for light of the bound of the bound of the world, to add one another in the week before the Passover? Where did Judas bargain to sell His love? Where did Judas bar

per."—R. V. A better reading is "when supper was beginning."—Cam. Bib. It was customary to wash the feet before was custom.

sitting down to a meal. As there

in servant the disciples should have done
this for each other as well as for their
divine Master; but 'it appears from
Luke's account that as they took their
reclining couches at the table, a strife
arose for precedency, and by this is explained the washing of the apostles' feet
by Jesus—a reproof and a lesson on

Devil

PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS.

Why? What did Jesus and What did
Jesus tell him? How did Peter receive
to six months' imprisonment. To six months' sitting down to a meal. As there was having already put (R. V.)—The plot to perform this dastardly deed was no doubt formed by Judas at the time of the supper (Matt. 26: 14), five days before this. 3. Jesus knowing—The condescension, humility and infinite love of Jesus is here brought out in bold relief. He knew he was the Divine Son of God, possessed with all power and authority, tossessed with all power and authority, Judas was a thief (John 12: 6) and a traitor and would soon betray him with a kiss into the hands of his murderers; yet Jesus did not denounce Judas, but manifested to him the same kindness manifested to him the same kindness and love he did to the others. He even 1. R. V.). A father, mother and child

turned he found the child living, but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child living, but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child. That mother dead of the child living but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child. That mother dead of the child living but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child. That mother dead of the child living but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child. That mother dead on the child living but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child living, but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child living, but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child living, but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child living, but the mother dead. In the bitter cold she had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child. That mother dead in the deputation had come to Ottawa. Mr. Aylesworth replied that he would deal with the case promptly.

If this arrangement be carried out, and there seems to be no question that it will, these troublesome characters will be got rid of, so far as Ontario is concerned. It will then devolve on the Saskatchewan authorities to look after them. It is an open secret that to Christ.

It in loval service. "Jesus knowing that the supineness of the Saskatchewan the child." It is an open secret that to Christ.

It is a clearly and to urge the exercise of the pardoning power, that the deputation had stripped herself to wrap her own garments around the child. It is a rich will be got rid of, so far as Ontario is concerned. It will the

had taken their places at the table. laid aside his garments—His outer garfull dress of a servant or slave. A bold contrast between the Master, who was their stations in life."

should be the greatest (Luke 22:24). It should be remembered that according to the custom of that time they reclinded away from the table and not under it.

III. A conversation with Peter (vs. 6-11). 6. then comell he—When it was Peter's turn to be washed. Lord, dost thou—Dost thou, the Son of Ged, the Messiah, perform this humble office of a servant toward me? "Peter had often seen the humility of his Lord, dost toward me? "Peter had often as in this instance, and he recoiled with an unutterable sense of shame and astonishment." The other disciples seem to have allowed Jeaus to wash their feet without protest. 7. knowest not now—"You do not see that it is a visible expression of my whole mission, in which I haid aside my glory with the Father before the world was (John 15, 5.) "And took a towel and girded himself" (v. 4.) He took upon him the Father before the world was (John 15, 5.) "And took a towel and girded himself" (v. 4.) He took upon him the Father before the world was (John 15, 5.) "And took a towel and girded himself" (v. 4.) He took upon him the Father before the world was (John 15, 5.) "And took a towel and girded himself" (v. 4.) He took upon him the Father before the world was (John 15, 5.) "And took a towel and girded himself" (v. 4.) He took upon him the Father before the world was (John 15, 5.) "And took a towel and girded himself" (v. 4.) He took upon him the Eather understanding was gained in the Master's words in verses 13 and 14; as still clearer understanding after the ferred world was the gained in termity. S. shalt never—"Not to all éternity shalt thou wash my feet." wash the not—With the higher washing of which this is only a type. If then wilt not submit to this thou wilt object to that, no part with me—Because, I. The first condition of discipleship was submission to Christ. 2. This washing was a symbol of spiritual cleansing, and so Peter understood Christ's words (v. 9).

9. Not my feet folly—He goes from the confort of others as well as to their disciples of healthy and the many p

they were above service? Promotion of-ten proves the ruin of men. Ye also ought—The servant is not greater than ought—The servant is not greater than his master, and you will do well to imitate me. "If this lesson has entered your understanding, cease all strife for position, and only surpass in service to each other." Henceforth no disciple could claim to be too great to perform the most humble and most menial service. Jesus did not institute a rite, but He did more he gave us a lesson in humble and most humble and humble a dreadful hour." His entire passion and dreadful hour." His entire passion and dreadful hour." His departure, as taking place in this one hour."—
Whedon. Having loved his own— His those who had chosen him as those who had chosen him as those who had chosen him as the command of Christ's in the fullest sense at the case at all. We obey this command of Christ's in the fullest sense the case at all. their Saviour and guide, and whom he had chosen to carry out his plans. In the world—They were to continue in the world, confronted with its troubles and poor and the down trodden. "To wash

before to wash His disbefore of that service? How did Peter object? that service? How did Peter object? What their from their their their their strife by His answer in verse 10°, What the did Jesus mean their strife by His answer in verse 10°, What the did Jesus mean their did Jesus tell him? How did Peter receive to six months' imprisonment. To-day Christ's words? What did Jesus mean their the matter. The Fort White I have been sentenced to six months' imprisonment. To-day Christ's words? What did Jesus mean their the matter. The Fort White I have been sentenced to six months' imprisonment. To-day Christ's words? What did Jesus mean their matter. The Fort White I have been sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

inhered forever. The earthquake of this factor is that the Father had given all things into that the Father had given all things into this hands, and that He was come from His hands, and that He was come from God, and went to God, ... began to wash the disciples' feet" (vs. 3-5). Rev. William F. Barton says: "We could taken their places at the table.

ment—a loose, flowing robe which would humilation:
hinder his action, girded himself—"The Jesus knowing that He was the Son of girdle represents a readiness for service. The towel was to complete the full dress of a servant or slave. A bold representative He was about to be cruwho was cified for sin; Jesus in His human na ing disciples, who were too lofty to wash washed His disciples' feet. We can ac the disciples, who were anxious about count for it on the ground of Christ's feel that the father had given all things on entering a house was customary because necessary, as sandals were worn and the feet would be soiled. This washing was a symbolical act. Jesus performed a humble, menial service that should have been, done by the disciples, and in so doing taught them a lesson holy hands in full consciousness of His worn to disciple and the same time tactify. in humility and at the same time tacitly divine glory, and full assurance that He rebuked them for their strife as to who should be the greatest (Luke 22:24). It should be remembered that according God loves to serve. Now and then man

Peter understood Christ's words (v. 9).

9. Not my feet folly—He goes from one extreme to the other. He shrinks from the possibility of being sundered from Christ.—Bib. Mus. It appears tha Peter entered into our Lord's meaning, and saw that this was an emblem of a spiritual cleansing; therefore he wishes to be completely washed.—Clarke. 10. He that is washed—Bathed; for it was the custom of the Jews to bathe twice. In preparing themselves for the paschal solemnity. Ye are clean—You are upright and sincere. But not all—This was a pillow for the tired head. "Now," right and sincere. But not all—This was a pillow for the tired head. "Now," a rebuke which only Judas could understand (v. 11). a rebuke which only Judas could under-

IV. Christ teaches humility (vs. 12-14). 12. Know ye what I have done—Consider what I have done—the meaning and significance of it. That he intended His disciples to grasp the spiritual meaning of this act is seen from what follows.

13.—Master and Lord—One who has authority, whose example should be followed, and whose commands obeyed.
14. If I then—The Master lost no dignity, authority or power, by His condescending love. He was truly great, in that he stooped to necessary humble work when others refused to do it. Did those disciples think because they were chosen apostles of the Lord Jesus that they were above service? Promotion ofburn, chafe and accomplish nothing. Re-freshing water is God's own word spok-en in love (Eph. 4; 15.) This is the spir-itual restoration which can only be done in the spirit meckness (Gal. 6; 1.) Readiness for service is too often lackring in many who profess to be his disciples. The Master sought to uplift others, and he is our example of true greatness. Christ did nothing from selfish motives. He ever had in mind the glory of God and the worth of immortal souls.

PARDON DOUKS.

Those at Port Arthur Will be Sent Back to Saskatchewan.

they had come.

The leaders of the party at Fort

The leaders of the party at Fort William had undertaken that the band would return to Saskatchewan provided Executive elemency was extended to the ineteen men and women sentenced to jail, and it was for the purpose of stat-ing the arrangement which had been reached, and to urge the exercise of the

Government. In the first place they hold that the Doukhobor pilgrims should never have been permitted to

NEWFOUNDLAND

Fishery Dispute May be Referred to the Hague.

Washington, April 20.-The British and the United States Governments are planning tu submit to the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague the task of interpreting the Newfoundland fisheries treaty of 1818. The ratification of the general arbitration treaty recently negotiated between the two countries will be necessary before The jurisdiction, but this ratification is predicted in well-informed quarters.

In settling this controversy, The Hague tribunal will have to decide whether state or colonial laws and regulations shall be permitted to interfere with the terms of a treaty. This latter question has recently confronted the American administration in the Japan-

ese school question in California.

That under the treaty of 1818, Americans were granted the same fishing rights in Newfoundland waters as British subjects, is the American contention The Tritish view of this question is that Americans were given such rights only as British subjects then, or at any subsequent time should possess. To accept this view, the American rights would be subject to change at the will of Newfoundland expressed in the en-actment of local regulations.

VISITS HIM DAILY

Stoessel's Wife Has Free Entry by

Permission of the Czar. St. Petersburg, April 20.—Surrounded the dank grey walls of his cell which St. Fetersourg, April 20.—Surrounded by the dank grey walls of his cell which flanks the dreary prison yard where the moisture always stands upon the stones, "the prisoner Stoessel," formerly Gen. Stoessel, of the Imperial Russian

army, daily receives his wife.

The Czar has granted permission for Mme. Stoessel to call upon her husband whenever she chooses, and the loyal wife daily makes a journey to the fort.css of St. Peter and St. Paul, where her husband is confined.

Madame Stoessel always calls the for-

mer general her "hero husband," and their simple greeting is marked by the simplicity of their devotion. Although Stoessel's fare is not that of the prison kitchen, his wife daily brings some little token or tidbit to the prison.



TORONTO MARKETS. Farmers' Market.

Owing to the unsettled weather and bad roads, the receipts of grain to-day were nil.

Hay, quiet and steady, with sales of a dozen loads at \$17 to \$19 a ton. Straw,

easy, a couple of loads selling at \$14 to \$15 a ton.

Dressed hogs are in limited supply,

with prices firm. Light sold at to \$9. and heavy at \$8.50. Wheat, white, bush \$ 0 91

Do., No. 2, bush... Red clover, No. 1, ... Timothy, 100 lbs.... Butter, dairy
Do., creamery
Chickens, per lb..... Onions, per bag Potatoes, per bag Beef, hindquarters Do., forequarters Do., choice, carcass . Do., medium, carcass Mutton, per cwt..... Veal, prime, per cwt....

Live Stock.

Receipts of live stock at the City Market, as reported by the railways, were 59 carloads, composed of 898 cattle, 689 hogs, 383 sheep and lambs, 300 calves and three horses There were some good lots of cattle but many more of the common and half-

Trade was not as brisk as last week but prices held about steady, and had there been a heavy run it is aitogether

likely that there would have slump in prices.

Exporters—Few export cattle were on sale, but prices were quoted at \$5 to \$5.70 per cwt. for steers and \$4 to \$4.75 70 per cwt. per cwt. for bulls.

Butchers—George Rowntree, who bought for the Harris Abattoir eight bought for the Harris Abattoir eight carloads of cattle, quoted prices as fol-lows: Loads of fair to good at \$4.85 to \$5.25; a few choice picked cattle at \$5.-35 to \$5.70; medium butchers and good cows, \$4.25 to \$4.65; fair to medium cows, \$3.60 to \$4 per cwt. Feeders and Stockers—H. & W. Mur-

by report having many orders on hand, but few cattle are being offered wherewith to fill them. One load of stockers, 600 lbs. each, sold at \$3.60 per cwf.

Milkers and Springers—A limited number of milkers and springers sold at \$30 to \$45 each.

Veal Calves—Seccipts of veal calves,

so called, were again liberal, the quality of the bulk being common to medium, as many of them were from dairy herds, judging from the breeds on sale. Prices ranged at from \$3 to \$6 per cwt., with an odd one here and there at \$7

per cwt.
Sheep and Lambs.—Taken altogether the quality of the sheep and yearling lambs was better than for some time, there being some of the best yearlings seen on the market this season. Export selects and \$6.15 for lights.

Sugar Market. St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as follows: Granulated, \$5 in barrels, and No. 1 golden, \$4.60 in barrels. These prices

are for delivery; car lots 5c less. Winnipeg Wheat Market. Following are the closing quotations on Winnipeg grain futures: Wheat—April \$1.02 7-8 bid, May \$1.02 7-8 bid, July \$1.06 3-4 bid, Oats—April 38 3-4c bid, May 39 3-8c

British Cattle Markets London.-London cables are steady at 12 to 13 1-2c per pound, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is quoted at 10 3-4c per

Spot copper in London advanced 10s and futures were 10s higher.

New York banks gained \$4.438,000 through sub-Treasury operations Friday last.

Bradstreet's Trade Review.

Montreal: Another advance sample of spring weather has not been without its efect, and for a while increased sorting orders in some lines of wholesale trade seemed to point to renewed activity all along the line. But that trade has again fallen off slightly, and the volume of business is about that of a week ago. Spring rail freights have gone into effect and the movement of heavy goods has been large. The wholesale trade is still waiting on warm weather, the movement being light. A late Easter has further put oif buying. Cotton mills have not yet put out price lists, nor will they do so until the demand is brisker. The hardware movement is moderate, although there is more demand for pig iron for delivery on the opening of navi gation here. Groceries are fairly active,

with prices generally firm.

Toronto: Little change is noticed in the volume of business moving here. As the season advances sentiment seems to improve and a big sorting up business is beginning to be expected. Country trade is only fair, and there will be little improvement until the roads are in better shape and seeding operations are completed. Produce is coming forward freely and there is a general tendency towards are in prices in prices. towards easiness in prices. Wools are dull and inclined lower. Hides are quiet Gen. Stoessel has constructed a little wooden platform outside the barred window of his cell, and at mealtime always slightly firmer tendency. Leather is steady with a moderate demand. Hogs and provisions are firm.

Winnipeg: Trade prospects continue to improve. While there has been no de-cided warm weather yet, the sorting trade has been fair and there should be a real improvement with the first dehid-ed signs of spring. Vancouver and Victoria: There is a

good normal tone to all lines of trade Provincial industries generally are showing greater activity.

Quebec: Business shows little improvement over that of the preceding week, climatic conditions are not favorable and it is anticipated no change is likely un-

til warmer weather sets in, Hamilton: Business continues to show slight improvement. The retail demand is more active and the sorting trade has a better tone. Local industries are mostly fairly active, although there is hardly the rush of this time last year. Collections are feir and in contact accounts.

London: Wholesale and retail trade London: Wholesale and retail trade has been helped by warmer weather, al-though no settled improvement can come until spring is still more in evidence. Ottawa: Trade has shown considerable improvement during the past week.

ONLY TWO.

Roosevelt Will Not Get the Four Battleships.

Washington, April 20.-In spite of the President's urgent recommendation, contained in his special message, sent to Congress vesterday, that four battleships be provided for in the naval appropriation bill, that body is not likely to authorize more than two at this ses-

"The Naval Committee will make provision in the naval bill for only two bat-tleships," said Senator Hale, chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, in an interview. "That number is sufficient and there is a possibility that only one may be provided for before the bill is finally passed. There is a strong senti-ment at both ends of the Capitol in favor

ment at both ends of the Capitol in favor of only one ship, although, as I said before, appropriation will probably be made for two, but no more."

John Sharp Williams said that more than two-thirds of the Democrats would vote against four battleships, and the Republican leaders appear confident that at least half of the Republicans will do

IS NOT AN ANARCHIST.

Mr. Cy. Warman Addresses the Guelph Canadian Club.

A Guelph despatch: Speaking at the Canadian Club banquet here last night on the subject of "Labor and Capital," Mr. Cy. Warman, the wellknown writer, expressed himself strongly against the continual and unongly against the continual and un-baiting of capital. Two things, he said, were necessary to make a nation, and these were capital and labor. Either was utterly helpless without the other. There were some men in America who were rich out of all rea son, and the wealthy were wasteful and sometimes arrogant and oppressive, but there was a growing tendency on the part of the political upper crust and the social under crust to crust and the social under crust to rate all railway officials as a semi-criminal class, who were happiest when hunting along the line which separates the land of lawful things from the land of things unlawful. Referring to the war on capital, par-ticularly the attacks that had been di-rected against the railways Mr. War-

line projected in the United States at the close of last year not more than 8,000 miles would be put under construcseen on the market that seems of the market that seems of the state of the seems of ers were concerned there would ultimately be a combination of both for self-protection. The railroad and its employees would in time learn that an injury to one was the concern of the other.

DISCHARGED MAN

Shoots and Fatally Wounds Man Who Discharged Him.

Northampton, Mass., April 20 .- John Tracey, a discharged employee of the street department, shot and fatally wounded George F. Birge, Superintendy ent of Streets, in the latter's office, and immediately returned home and shot himself. Neither man is expected to survive. Tracey, who is 60 years old and married, was an employee of the street department for ten years. No cause for the shooting is known other than the discharge of Tracey on Friday on account of lack of work.

BOMB EXPLODED.

Twenty-Eight Families Thrown In Panic by Black Hand.

New York, April 20,-Agents of the dreaded Black Hand late this afternoon exploded a bomb in the hallway of a tenement house at Twelfth street and Second avenue. There were twen-ty-eight families in the building at the time. The stairways were blown out and the panic-stricken people were cut by flying debris, but no one was seriously hurt.

The bomb was set to punish an Italian banker who occupied the base-ment for a business place and lived with his wife and seven children upstairs. He had refused to give up \$500 to the Black Hand and had been

threatened.

The people in the house had no warning. The concussion shook the building. Many reached the street via the fire escapes.

A great crowd gathered in the streets and the reserves of the Fifth street station had to club their way through

LOOKS BAD FOR PEACH CROP.

HORTICULTURALIST AT VIC-TORIA PARK HAS MADE TESTS.

And the Buds De Not Develop in the Greenhouse-Trouble Seems to be in the Bark.

Mr. Roderick Cameron, horticulturist at Queen Victoria Park, Niagara Falls, has been testing peach buds, by develop-ing them in the greenhouse, and he writes as follows about his observations: In looking at the trees the buds never looked better than they do this spring, but in starting them in a greenhouse I find that the buds develop only about half way, and then drop all but a few. I also find that there is something wrong with the young branches, the fruit-bearing wood

The disease, or whatever it may be called, acts as follows: A ring, uneven in size, forms round the young twigs about a quarter of the way up from the old wood. The bark round this ring shrivels and feels sponger, and in reold wood. The bark round this ring shrivels and feels spongy, and in removing the outer bark I find that the inner bark or cambium is brown and dead, and the sap is prevented from flowing up past the above mentioned rings. From here up the bark, for the want of sap, begins to shrivel, and the buds loseen and drop to the ground. buds loosen and drop to the ground.
As far as I can see there are none of
the buds injured by frost. The injury is in the bark of the young wood, and my own belief is that the wood was not properly ripened last fall, and the frost has injured it during the winter. I also find that the varieties that I proved to be hardiest for several back are the tenderest this year. hardiest varieties in former years were the late varieties, particularly Elberta and Longhurst; but this year they are the tenderest and less productive. early varieties show up best in this

The following is the finding: New Prolific, one-third of the buds sound; opened. Early Crawford, a fifth of the buds sound. Yellow St. John, from young trees, three per cent. buds sound. The Globe, about one per cent. of the buds sound. Yellow St. John on old trees three per cent of buds. of the buds sound. Yellow St. John on old trees, three per cent. of buds sound. Elberta, from old trees, about one per cent. of the buds good. Wheatland, hardly one per cent. of buds sound and the wood in this one wors in transand the wood in this one more injured that the rest. Jaquis Rare Ripe, three per cent. of buds sound. Fitzgerald, about one per cent. good buds. Niagara, about one per cent. good buds. Garfield badly injured and few buds. Golden padly injured and few buds. Golden Drop will produce a good crop. Elberta from young trees, about five per cent. good buds. The Sneed, a quarter of the buds sound. Triumph, about three parts of the buds good.

of the buds good. of the buds good.

My observation leads me to think
that the peach trees should be pruned that the peach trees should be pruned as soon as the wood is made, so as to force the formation of flowering buds on the base of the young wood that is more apt to be ripened before winter begins. The flowering buds are generally very few on the base of the young shoots. They develop from the centre of this wood to the top, and when pruning in the spring the flowering buds are cut away, or they may be injured, as I stated above, by freezing the undeveloped wood. This statement the undeveloped wood. This statement should not be taken for all peach farms, as soils will make a wonderful difference.

AWFUL CRIME

Poisoned Child by Order of the Mother.

Chicago, April 20.-Francesca Nicolozo yesterday declared that the death of Mary Renda, eight years old, who died several days ago under suspicious circumstances, was caused which he had placed in the flour at the

suggestion of the girl's mother.

No object is known for the alleged crime, except that Mrs. Renda was angry with her husband, who desired to move from their present residence, while she wanted to remain. She threatened to have revenge unless he consented to abandon his plans, and it is thought by the police that she poisoned her daugh-ter to revenge herself on her husband. Nicolozo was a friend of the Renda family, and declared yesterday that the woman asked him to buy the poison and, after he had done so, requested him to mix it with the flour. When this confession was read to the woman in the presence of Nicolozo, she made a vicious attack on him, and it required the full strength of two polices officers to drag her away.

A BOY STABBING CASE.

Earle Cooper, of Embro, Seriously Wounded by a Companion.

Woodstock despatch: Farla Copper a fifteen-year-old Emoro lad, was serious-ly wounded a day or two ago by one of his comrades. Cooper was standing in front of his father's shop, when the lad came along and asked him if he wanted

to fight. Cooper said that he did not, but that he was not afraid.

The other boy then raised his hand, it is alleged, in which he had an open jack-knife, and struck Cooper in the breast. The blade penetrated an inch and a half, just above the heart. The

lad bled very profusely, and his condi-tion is somewhat serious.

The offender, who is the son of a prominent citizen, will probably be pro-

CAR RUSHED DOWN HILL.

Iwenty-One Workmen Were Injured at Butler, Pa.

Butler, Pa., April 20.—In • wreck on the New Pittsburg, Harmony, Butler & Newcastle Street Railway at Evans City, near here, to-day, twenty-one workmen, a majority of whom were foreigners, were severely injured, three perhaps fatally.

While mounting a steep grade a

While mounting a steep grade a car loaded with workmen and coal broke from the engine and started backwards with great speed. A sharp curve was encountered and the car left the track, plunging into a flour mill. All the workmen were thrown