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Five Thousand Residents of An Island In the New Hebrides Face Death From Volcano BUCKINGHAM PALACE CONFERENCE CLOSED TOTAL FAILURE TO EFFECT A SETTLEMENT

The Ex-President of Mexico Takes Refuge For the Present On Island of Jamaica

CAILLAUX TRIAL CREATES WIDESPREAD INTEREST IN THE FRENCH CAPITAL

Woman Who Killed the Editor of The Figaro Now Before the Court On Charge of Murder and all France is Interested

ACCUSED TELLS STRIKING STORY

Of the Events Leading Up To the Fatal Deed and of the Crime Itself—Defence Will Try to Prove the Doctor's Negligent

Paris, July 20.—Mme. Henriette Caillaux, the wife of Joseph Caillaux, one Premier of France, and former Minister of Finance, occupied the prisoner's enclosure in the Assize Court at the Palace of Justice to-day and recited in a dramatic manner the circumstances leading up to the shooting of Gaston Calmette, editor of the Figaro, with whose murder on March 16, she is charged.

Judge Louis Albanel, acted as president of the court, the procurator general, Jules Herbaux, had charge of the prosecution, and Fernand Labori, the noted advocate, who was closely identified with the Dreyfus case, was chief counsel for the defence.

Held Attention of Court

Mme. Caillaux held the attention of the crowded court room for three hours. Slight, almost insignificant in appearance, and possessing none of the outward characteristics of a figure of romance, she spoke with great assurance, addressing herself in turn to each part of the room like a lecturer. She told her story in short disconnected sentences, but showed remarkable skill in marshalling her facts, so as to represent them in the best light for her cause.

Mme. Caillaux began to cry when the court clerk, while reading the indictment, reached the words "wilful murder." She shook with sobs, and placed a handkerchief over her face from time to time, looking round as though searching for a friendly face. The clerk then called the list of witnesses, each of whom answered "present" and then left the court. The prisoner looked at each of the witnesses as he or she replied. Joseph Caillaux, the prisoner's husband, answered in a firm voice and she watched him as he left the court.

Attracts Big Crowds

Not since 1909, when Mme. Steinhil was tried for the murder of her husband and her mother-in-law, has a trial in Paris excited the intense interest exhibited in the case of Mme. Henriette Caillaux, who is arraigned in the Criminal Court to stand trial for the murder of Gaston Calmette, editor of the Figaro. The talents and attractiveness of the defendant combined with her high position in official society as the wife of M. Joseph Caillaux, former premier and for many years one of the leading public men of France, have fed the popular imagination, while hints freely circulated at the time of the Calmette assassination have led the public to believe that some startling disclosures may be made at the trial.

Thousands Want Seats

Judge Louis Albanel, president of the court which is to try Mme. Caillaux, has received thousands of applications for seats in the court room, but he has arbitrarily refused all with the exception of those made for members of the press, the bar and others directly concerned with the trial. But as the law provides for public admis-

sion to the trial of any case not heard in camera, it is likely that at least one hundred persons will be admitted to meet this requirement of the law.

With a knowledge of this phase of the situation hundreds of persons will probably flock to the court room in the hope that they may be among the chosen few. The Public Prosecutor, however, has laid down a strict rule that under no circumstances shall women be allowed to attend the sittings.

Story of the Crime

M. Calmette was shot by Mme. Caillaux on March 16. The woman went to the office of the Figaro to carry out an act of vengeance against M. Calmette, who had been waging a campaign characterized by great bitterness against her husband, who then held the post of minister of finance. She fired at least three times. M. Calmette being wounded in the chest, in the side and the abdomen. He died a few hours later.

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MOUNT ALLISON GRADUATES GET MANY HONORS

Four of Them Signally Recognised by the Nfld. Methodist Conference

DR. CAMPBELL TELLS OF HIS VISIT HERE

Believes Public Sentiment In Nfld. is Favorable to Confederation

Sackville, July 18.—Dr. Campbell got back on Saturday evening from his Newfoundland excursion in the course of which he visited St. John's, Brigus, Bay Roberts, Harbor Grace, Carbonear and Cupids, meeting with encouragement wherever he went in regard to students for the Ladies' College.

He reports that three Mount Allison graduates have been appointed members of the General Conference delegation from Newfoundland—the Rev. Dr. L. Curtis, 1889; Rev. T. B. Darby, 1892; and the Rev. F. R. Matthews, 1902, the latter, of whom, by the way, has been elected president for the current year.

Made Beneficiary.

Mr. Darby was also made the beneficiary of the Campbell Macpherson fund, the income of which annually provides a trip to the Holy Land for the minister who secures the suffrages of his brethren. To make this excursion a more agreeable one it has been arranged that it shall not be made till the appointment of two has been made. Mr. Darby, therefore, will start on his pilgrimage some time in the next confederal year, accompanied by the brother, unknown, as yet, for whom the ministerial vote shall be cast.

Change in Sentiment?

Since the Doctor was last in Newfoundland, two years ago, quite a marked change in public feeling has taken place, so he states, favorable to confederation with the Dominion.

Dr. Campbell has not yet completed the organization of his teaching staff in his literary and musical departments, but expects soon to have the unsettled details satisfactorily arranged.

In consequence of the serious ill-

MILITANT HAS BOMB FOR COURT

So She Tells the Magistrate When She is Committed For Trial

London, July 20.—"The next bomb I explode will be in the police courts, and I hope it will be this one." This was the parting shot at the magistrate at Westminster, by Annie Bell, the militant suffragette, as she was committed for trial to-day on the double charge of attempting to destroy on May 10th the Metropolitan labor temple in South London, and on June 12th the old church of St. John Evangelist.

Miss Bell enlivened the sitting of the court by singing the "Marseillaise," and shouting and struggling with the court attendants. She chaffed the magistrate on the futility of sending her to prison, saying, "if I have been there ten times, I have never yet served my sentence."

SUFFRAGETTES WORRY THE KING

Two 'Noblewomen' try to Approach His Majesty With A Document

London, July 24.—Two suffragettes, belonging to the British "nobility," Lady Barclay and Edith Fitzgerald, were arrested to-day at Buckingham Palace, where they made persistent attempts to present to the King a letter written to His Majesty by Mrs. Pankhurst.

ness of her mother, Miss Flora M. Curtis, a very highly esteemed teacher of elocution, may not be able to resume her duties.

WAR CLOUDS NOW GATHER OVER EUROPE

Austria-Hungary and Russia May Be Embroiled in a Conflict

DEATH OF ARCHDUKE STRAINS RELATIONS

Said That Serbia Directly Connived at the Recent Tragedy

London, July 23.—Despatches received from Vienna and other capitals indicate a growing tension between Austria and Serbia, whose relations are alleged to be becoming very strained. It is asserted by Austrian newspapers that an Austrian investigation into the recent assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife, at Serajova, tends to establish at least the indirect complicity of Serbia, and that the Austrian government will make representations at Belgrade on the subject.

A prominent Cracow newspaper declares that Austria is determined to use this opportunity to settle in her own favor both the Serbian and Albanian questions and that she is negotiating to this end with Turkey and Bulgaria.

There was a semi-panic on the Berlin and Vienna bourses yesterday due to rumors of a possible war.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

VOLCANO MAY WIPE OUT ISLAND

Lives of Five Thousand People Are in Imminent Danger

Sydney, N. S. Wales, July 24.—The island of Aoba, in the New Hebrides is in imminent danger of collapsing from incessant earthquake shocks. Already there have been several fatalities.

If the steaming volcano erupts the whole population, numbering 5,000, are doomed.

PREPARING FOR WAR WITH SERBIA?

Austro-Hungarian Reservists Ordered to be Ready For Mobilisation

Vienna, July 24.—All the Austrian and Hungarian reservists living abroad were warned by the Army authorities today to be ready to join their regiments at 24 hours notice.

GERMAN PAPERS FAVOR ACTION

Berlin, July 25.—With the exception of the Post, the Berlin afternoon papers endorse the step taken by Austria, which they deem necessary to put an end to the campaign of assassination and sedition.

They assure her of Germany's support if that is necessary.

ST. JOHN STRIKE SETTLED.

Halifax, July 25.—The St. John St. railway strike is settled.

CONFERENCE WAS KILLED BY THE FAILURE TO AGREE AS TO AREA TO BE EXCLUDED

Carson and His Followers Set Their Minimum Demand at the Entire Exclusion of Six Ulster Counties

NATIONALISTS WOULD NOT AGREE

Would Allow Exclusion of Four and Give Other Two the Right to Vote on the Matter

GENERAL ELECTION THE ONLY WAY OF SETTLING MATTERS.

London, July 25.—The formal announcement that the Buckingham Palace Congress could not bridge the narrow differences which separated the Ulsterites and Nationalists was made by the King by the Speaker of the House of Commons and to the House by the Premier.

No one sees any possibility of a settlement of the dispute unless it is by the Government appealing to the verdict of the country through a general election and such a step would be considered generally not as a compromise but as a surrender by Asquith's Cabinet.

The information given public by the Premier was brief and unsatisfying as to details. Asquith said the Amending Bill would be taken up on Wed-

nesday, July 24.—The fact that the Conference has been rendered abortive by failure to agree as to the area of Ulster to be excluded from control by the Dublin Parliament was confirmed by Mr. Asquith in the House of Commons to-day. His statement was brief.

He said that the possibility of agreeing upon an area to be excluded from operation of the Home Rule Bill had been considered, but the Convention was unable to agree in principle or in detail on such an area and this had brought its meetings to close. Mr. Asquith added that "This report is made, Mr. Speaker, by the Chairman of the Conference to the King."

He then announced that the second reading of the Amending Bill would be taken up on Tuesday next, July 28th.

Refuse Particulars.

Invited to inform the House as to the exact differences of opinion which had prevented attainment of a settlement by the Conference, the Prime Minister said in reply, "I can make no statement on the subject at the present moment." The Commons then adjourned.

Except among Radical and Labour members, who opposed a conference of any kind, and think the matter should have been fought out on the floors of the Commons, it is felt in parliamentary circles that the meeting of the political leaders at Buckingham Palace has done much good. It is pointed out that they had shown how far the opposing Irish leaders are prepared to go, and that this would assist the Government in reframing the Amending Bill.

Carson and his followers, during the Conference, had, it is understood, abandoned the demand for a clean cut of the Province of Ulster from

ULSTERMEN THOROUGHLY ORGANISED

Public Sentiment Backs Up the Uncompromising Attitude of Carson

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT

To Be Set Up When Home Rule Bill Passes—All Arrangements Made

Belfast, July 25.—The leading business men, clergymen, bankers and manufacturers who declared for an anti-Home Rule movement are unanimous in endorsing the uncompromising attitude of Carson and Captain James Craig in demanding total and permanent exclusion of Ulster from the workings of the Home Rule Bill. The business community is suffering severely through stagnation in trade and tight money. There is an unwillingness to order new stocks of goods with the fear of civil war hanging over head. A large proportion of the commercial world would endorse a settlement of the controversy on a compromise basis, but realizing that popular sentiment is against them, they dare not insist on anything less than Carson's original demands.

Awaits Carson's Orders.

The Ulster Provisional Government awaits orders from Sir Edward and Captain Craig who are still in London. It is believed here that the next step will be the general mobilization of the volunteer forces as a kind of armed demonstration which may impress the Government. If the Government is still unyielding it appears certain, according to declarations by prominent Ulstermen, that the Provisional Government will be set up before the Home Rule Bill is passed.

Belfast, probably, will be policed by volunteers drawn from four local regiments, who will be known as the Town Guard.

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the Dublin Parliament, and were prepared to accept the exclusion of six counties.

The Limit.

The Nationalists, on the other hand, agreed to have the four north eastern counties excluded, and would allow Tyrone and Fermanagh to take a vote of the question of exclusion. Neither party, however, would consent to go a step further.

The suggestion of Mr. Lowther, the chairman, that Tyrone and Fermanagh should remain out temporarily proved unacceptable to either party. Leading Liberals say that there is no reason to assume that the last word should be said (by the Conference).

The Government will probably proceed to embody in the Amending Bill the results achieved at the conference, so far as they go, added to their own concessions. The matter can then be thrashed out in Parliament.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Moderate to fresh S. W. and W. winds; fine and warm to-day and on Sunday.

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