MEETING AT NELSON

Convention of the Associated Boards of Trade.

MR. FRASER'S ANNUAL ADDRESS

A Great Many Important Subjects to be Dealt With as Outlined in the Address—Mr. J. Roderick Robertson Elected President for the Ensuing Year—Banquet this Evening.

Nelson, B. C., August 2.—(Special.)—The second annual meeting of the Associated Boards of Trade of Eastern British Columbia was opened here today with Vice-President Roderick Robertson in the chair, in the absence of Mr. J. S. C Fraser of Rossland, the president. Twenty delegates were present and two will arrive from Fort Steele.

President Holt of the Nelson Board of Trade, welcomed the delegates, and the address of President Fraser, which is an important document, was read. It was as follows:

Gentlemen: It gives me a great deal of pleasure and I esteem it a high honor to be thus enabled to greet for the second time, the representatives of the business interests of the Eastern portion of our province. I am sure you will all rejoice with me in noting that we have among us this year, delegates from several Boards of Trade which did not participate in the proceedings of our first convention. Their presence undoubtedly indicates that the work of that convention met with the hearty approval of the people of Cariboo, Yale and Kootenay, whose interests this association is primarily intended to serve. It also justifies in my opinion, the expectation of the founders of this organization, that, by meeting together like this occasionally, we would be enabled to work together harmoniously for the development and prosperity of our respective districts.

That there was need of an organization of this kind is also proved by the promptitude with which the Boards of Trade of the Interior have become members. It should be a matter of pride to us and must add great weight to the work of this convention, if we continue to act in the future on broad, conservative lines, recognizing no sectional or jealous spirit, that every Board of Trade in the province of which we have any knowledge, outside of those of the coast cities, participates in our deliberations.

Provincial Affairs.

Owing to the fact that the regular session of the Provincial Legislature following our first convention, resulted in a political crisis which has only now been brought to an end, it has been impossible to secure any legislation on the many questions affecting Provincial affairs with which that convention dealt and I would therefore recommend that the resolutions adopted last year be taken up again, and, if found advisable, reaffirmed, so that they may be brought freshly to the attention of the new ministry.

Among these are many matters about which there can be no controversy. The name "Boundary District," which has become a household word in mining circles, should be found on all maps of the province. The necessity of issuing quarterly bulletins, giving information with regard to the output of our mines, is only becoming more apparent as we realize that the wide dissemination of such information by their governments has done for other countries and colonies. The question of the best methods of obtaining funds for and properly constructing trails, roads, etc., throughout the mining districts, is even more of a burning issue now than it was a year ago. The question of increased parliamentary representation for the Interior is one which should be settled before another session. The facilities for the transaction of public court business in Yale and Kootenay are not yet what they should be and I would especially direct your attention to the injustice done the Interior by the fact of there being no resident supreme judge. The public schools are not adequately provided for, especially the matter of teachers' salaries are the same as paid on the coast, while the cost of living is much greater. Government maps showing occupied lands cannot yet be obtained. Municipalities containing producing mines are still saddled with the whole cost of maintaining and maintaining mining courts. The Nelson land registry office is overworked. No school of mines has been established. Mine owners are compelled to pay royalty on metals mined by them for mining purposes upon their own claims, in contravention of the Mineral Act, and the owners of mineral claims to which their surface rights is still undefined.

The Mining Commission.

I believe that you will all have read with pleasure that the Provincial government intends appointing a commission to inquire into the working of the various laws affecting the mining industry and mining rights. Nothing has done more to retard the province of late years than the hasty and ill-considered legislation on these subjects, and it is a matter for sincere congratulation that it now looks as if a judicial and conservative policy would first and action afterwards, instead of action first and consideration afterwards, were to be pursued. I would suggest that this convention should appoint a committee of three or more to represent the interests of this association before the commission and that the government should be so notified.

In connection with this subject I would like to say that in my personal opinion the good work this commission could do would be to give an assurance that no change would be made in the existing laws affecting the mining industry, except that the conclusions of the commissioners will be such as to indicate to governments the inadvisability of continual changes in the mining laws. Capitalists would then know exactly what conditions they would operate and would not be, as in the past, in constant dread of radical changes made without proper consideration and without consulting the parties affected, by whom I mean the capitalist, the owner, prospector, working miner and laborer.

Agent-General's Office.

The government. I am pleased to note that it has decided to finance the Agent General's office in London, on a basis commensurate with the amount of good it can do if properly officered. In this connection I would suggest that this convention impress upon the Government that the greatest usefulness of the office to the province lies in the way of properly bringing to the attention of the capitalists of Great Britain, the unequalled mineral resources of the country and this can only be done by choosing for Agent-General and the members of his staff, persons thoroughly familiar with the variety, extent and value of the mineral wealth of our province, and who are not in any way connected with the promotion of public companies, either local or foreign.

Glasgow Exhibition.

While on the subject of interesting the capitalists of Great Britain in our mineral resources, I would suggest that you urge upon the Provincial government the advisability of arranging for a really interesting and adequate presentation of the mineral wealth of our province at the Exposition at Glasgow, Scotland, next year. Besides a thoroughly comprehensive display of our ores, it would be well to have a report specially prepared by the Provincial Mineralogist, giving up-to-date statistics of the province's production and brief descriptions of the principal mines, of which a large enough edition should be printed to permit of every interested visitor being given a copy, and the different Boards of Trade might supplement this report with brief bulletins on their respective districts. A good collection of photographs should also be exhibited and some special feature, such as a stamp mill in operation or a working model of a big mine, should be added to make the exhibit striking and attractive.

Platting of City Additions.

A matter of some importance to which I beg to draw your attention is the necessity of a law requiring the approval of the local municipal authorities before permitting the plat of an addition to an incorporated city to be registered by the Department of Lands and Works. In several instances lately, especially at Rossland, additioins have been platted whose streets do not conform to those of the orginal townsite, the arangement being strongly disapproved by the municipal authorities, who are, however, helpless in the matter.

Incorporation of Companies.

I hear constant complaint of the excessive cost of incorporation under the company laws of the province, especially as they affect mining, and I am glad to note that this most important subject will be brought up for discussion by the Kaslo Board. Another complaint needing investigation is that concerning the excessive cost of registering titles to mineral claims.

National Questions.

In regard to matters coming under the control of the Dominion government, I am pleased to report that the Hon. Mr. Mulock, the postmaster-general, personally investigated the complaints of this body last year, with the result that our grievances were speedily redressed and the postal service throughout Yale and Kootenay very materially improved. I have no doubt that in so rapidly growing a community as this there will from time to time, be defects in the service, but think, that reasonably grounded complaints from this association or from any of the Boards of Trade in the district, will always be promptly attended to.

I have also the pleasure of reporting to you that the Hon. Mr. Bair, Minister of Railways, succeeded in securing the passage of a bill dealing with the grievance we brought to his attention, namely the ignorance of established towns along their lines by new state-aided railways.

The Lead Question.

One of the most important matters dealt with by this association at its last meeting, was the lead question. This has since been dealt with by the Dominion government on the lines recomended by us, and I am glad to say that everything is working smoothly and this country is now receiving the full benefit to be derived from treating its own lead ores within its own boundaries, and an industry heretofore non-existent in Canada has been successfully established.

Military School.

Since we last met, the military spirit of our citizens has been aroused by the war in South Africa, now happily nearly over, in which our contingent has by its valor, added new lustre to the name of our fair Dominion. When volunteers were called for, the Interior of British Columbia responded in such a manner that a whole regiment could easily have been recruited. Since then there has been a marked increase in enthusiasm for service and the local battalion of militia could, with proper encouragement from the Dominion government, be at least doubled in strength, while, acting on Lord Salisbury's suggestion, rifle clubs have been organized all over the district. I would, therefore, suggest that this convention urge upon the Minister of Militia the advisability of establishing an Infantry School of Instruction in the district, pointing out that though there have been at various times, a Dominion School of Artillery at Victoria and a troop of Mounted Police at Fort Steele, there is not now any corps available for the purpose in the province except the garrison at Esquimalt.

In conclusion, I would suggest that as the Provincial House is in session, you should appoint a committee to pesent the result of your deliberations to the Ministry. I thank you for the kindly hearing you have given me.

The address was warmly applauded by the meeting.

The executive committee then reported the constitution and bylaws which were adopted. The new constitution provides that the officers shall be: A president and secretary-treasurer, and as many vice-presidents, of which will be ex-officio vice-presidents of the association, thus giving each board three votes.

J. Roderick Robertson of Nelson, was elected president for the ensuing year, and Mr. W. H. C. Jackson of Rossland, secretary. The convention then proceeded to act on the resolutions of which there are 31 on the order paper. Fifteen were disposed of at the three sessions held today. The delegates will be banquetted at the Phair hotel by the Nelson board tomorrow evening.

Delegates were present from Rossland, Nelson, Kaslo, Kamloops, Fort Steele, Moyie, Greenwood Phoenix, Grand Forks and Trail. Many important subjects are being considered. The convention adjourns tomorrow evening. The next annual meeting will probably be held in the Boundary country.

LE ROI NO. 4.

It Has Been Floated in the Market in London.

Late advices from London are to the effect that the Columbia and Kootenay group has been incorporated as the Le Roi No. 4, the capital stock is £500,000 shares in £5 shares. The stock was all taken as soon as offered. The sum of £50,000 has been set aside for working capital. This is the fourth subsidiary company to be floated by the British America corporation, to wit.: The Le Roi No. 2, Le Roi No. 3, and Le Roi No. 4. Le Roi No. 4 group consists of the Columbia, Kootenay, Tip Top, Copper Jack, Kootenay Fraction and Black Eagle Fraction. The properties have been developed by a series of tunnels and a shaft down to the 1,000 foot level. There is a great deal of ore in the mine, and it has been estimated that it could ship as high as 750 tons per day with proper appliances.

THE GOLD MINES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Boundary Creek district is Southern British Columbia (says a writer in Chamber's Journal for July) include an area of some four hundred miles square, and is said to show the widest vein of gold-bearing copper ore in the world. It owes its beginning to the workers of placer-mines. Thirty years ago $50,000 was estimated to have been taken out of the creek in dust and nuggets; but, not proving lasting, the district was deserted. In 1886 another set of placer-miners journeying through found some likely-loking quartz in Copper Camp; but they passed on without following up their discovery. In the next year, however, another prospector located Smith's Camp, and mining proper was at once commenced. The district embraces Kettle river and Grand Forks division, and the Knob Hill mine near Greenwood produces almost solid ore free from waste, the vein of chalcopyrites being over four hundred feet wide. Greenwood bids fair to rival Rossland and Nelson, as the Columbia & Western branch of the Canadian Pacific railroad, which now reaches it, will materially aid in the shipment of ore ,and smelters are to be provided close at hand. The Canadian Pacific Railroad company has strong faith in the mines of the Kootenays, and evinces a determination to provide means of reducing ore, looking for profit from hauling and the prosperity which follows settlement. The Kettle river, rushing through a narrow canyon with a descent of one hundred and twenty-five feet, gives a force estimated at twenty thousand horse-power. Near Cascade City free milling ore is being developed; and Grand Forks, known the Gateway to the Boundary, is a rapidly-growing town, with a new smelter. Up the north fork of Kettle river is a mineral belt of importance, Pathfinder mountain, carrying valuable mining properties, in the vicinity of which show little copper, the gold values existing in hematite iron. Knob Hill, Old Ironsides, Winnipeg, Brandon and Golden Crown are the most important mines, and are well equipped with machinery. The B. C. mine in Summit Camp, seven miles from Greenwood, was two years ago bought for $80,000 and was recently sold for three hundred thousand. Pass Creek, Long Lake and Deadwood Camp, as yet but little developed, afford good showing, and numerous other locations are so situated in proximity to paying mines that probably any of them may produce mines equal to the best in Boundary Creek district when they shall have entered more extensively into development work.

Some 18 miles south of Nelson lies the town of Ymir, situated on Salmon river, with Wild Horse, Bear and Quartz creeks entering it within the town limits. These drain a mineral district rapidly assuming a prominent position. English companies own the most promising mines and it is said that no camp in British Columbia has greater popularity upon the London Stock Exchange. The largest stomp mill in the province has been erected at the Ymir mine, treating 100 tons of ore per day; and sufficient ore is in sight to maintain this rate for two years without further develoment. The Dundee and Porto Reco mines are giving large yields, the latter in one month extracting 590 ounces of gold from 542 tons of crushed ore. The output of the Ymir mines for 1899 is estimated at 1,600 tons per week, closely rivalling Rossland. It is believed that other claims quite equal to those now so productive lie undeveloped in the surrounding hills.

The recent construction of the Crow's Nest Pass railway has opened a coal mining centre, where enormous quantities of coke are now manufactured for use in smelters. At Fernie, about halfway along the line, one of the greatest coal deposits in the world is being worked, the product of which, tested by the British fleet on the Pacific station, has been pronounced superior to all others. The company working it has some 70 or 80 beehive coke-ovens, and intend to erect 200 in all. It is developing 12 seams of coal, and the amount in sight is estimated to run into millions of tons.

Volumes could be written if all the mines located as well as operating were described. With all the existing activity, the vast district is to a great extent unexplored. There are streams and canyons wthin the known mineral belt where no prospector has yet penetrated, and where doubtless as rich rewards await the toiler as any that have yet been won in the most productive camps. No one can accurately predict the future of British Columbia, but if within the next five years the development of new mining fields proceeds as in the past five years it will be the most productive as well as the larget field of wealth-producing power in the American continent, and its population will rank with that of any of the older settled districts of the Dominion of Canada.—St. James' Gazette.

American Eagle Gold Mining Co.

The annual meeting of the American Eagle Gold Mining company has been adjourned until Tuesday, the 4th day of September, when it will be held at the offices of the company in this city.

Mr. Arthur Pipe left last evening for Toronto, where he will make his future home. He has been a resident here for the past two years, and has made many friends during that period.

WORK ON THE SUNSET MINE

IT HAS BEEN OPENED UP TO THE 200-FOOT LEVEL.

An Important Find of Galena in the Lardo Country—A Find on the Nickle Plate.

Mr. H. Johns, manager of the Sunset mine, in the Deadwood camp, is in the city on a business visit. The Sunset group joins the Mother Lode on the East. There are four claims in the group, which is operated by the Montreal and Boundary Creek Mining company. In speaking of the Sunset yesterday, Mr. Johns said: "We are sinking two shafts. One is on the Sunset, and has reached a depth of 200 feet and drifts and crosscuts have been made both on the 100 and the 200-foot level. There are about 800 feet of drifts and crosscut on the 100-foot level and 500 on the 200-foot level. There is a good showing of pay ore on both these levels. A shipment of ore from the 200-foot level is on its way to the smelter now. The other shaft is on the Crown Silver. This shaft is 140 feet deep, and the last 50 feet is in ore. The main ledge is from 60 to 70 feet in width, but it has not yet been crosscut for its full width. The ledge is similar in many respects to the one on the Mother Lode. It is in the same mineral belt and has practically the same sort of ore and similar ledges. The Sunset has the half of a 20-drill compressor, and the intention is to enlarge it before a great while. There is also an 80-horse hoist and two 80-horse boilers. Besides we have a 30-horse power hoist on the Crown Silver. We have large quantities of ore in both the Sunset and Crown Silver, and expect to ship to the smelter at Greenwood when it begins operations in October. Once shipments are started they can be kept up indefinitely. The mine is in good shape and everything is running along smoothly." Mr. Johns intends to remain here for the next three or four days, and his headquarters are at the Clarendon.

A Strike of Galena.

The Lardo-Duncan is the scene of the last big strike of ore, and the fortunate prospector is a Frenchman. He has made a big find on a claim on Meadow creek, which lies between Copper creek and the Lardo river. He has two and a half feet of ore. The first indication which he met was a stringer of galena running down the mountain side. He tunnelled in all alone for 15 or 20 feet, when he met the big ore body. The news was brought down to Kaslo by J. Ulvin, and he says there has been quite a rush from Argenta and Duncan City to the neighborhood. The new find was made two miles and a half above the Great Britain group, which has recently been bonded by Hartman, Birks & Co., of Rossland. These latter have 14 men at work developing and four more constructing a trail over which to send out 10 tons of high grade ore now on the dumps.

A Find on the Nickel Plate.

Drifting west upon the body of high grade ore found near the shaft at the 600-foot level on the Nickel Plate mine, the like that was found to be pinching the ore body has been passed and a large body of good ore has been come upon at a point about 20 feet from the crosscut to the south. This is a further proving of the ore body which was discovered last March in cutting a pump station at the 460 level. This has now been come upon in several places both above and below the level of discovery.

The Winze on the Leiter.

The winze on the Leiter is now down about 14 feet, and the dip of the vein is changing. Above it dipped to the west with the slope of the hill, but now, however, it is dipping to the east or into the hill. The ore which is now being found is improving in value with depth. The ore shoot in the lead is eight feet wide.

MINING NOTES.

The compressor at the Black Bear is now in such a state of preparedness that it will be turned over today, and will probably be completely ready for work early next week.

The big wheel for the aerial tramway for the Le Roi mine has been hoisted to the landing stage. It is about nine feet in diameter. The finishing touches are being put to the lower ore bin on the Josie and No. 1 gravity tramway.

The stone foundation to the upper ore bin of the aerial tramway, just below the collar of the new five compartment shaft of the Le Roi is now in hand. The timber framing of the headworks of the new hoist is being assembled. Some eight or ten uprights are already erected.

The compressor at the Centre Star is not as yet handed over. The condensor has just been put in place as likewise the feed pumps. It is probable that the cooling tower for the circulation round the condensor will not be finished for a week to come before which period the plant will not be ready for work.

On the Nickel Plate work is still proceeding covering the power pipes on the overhead way. The ore bins are complete and the timbers for the sorting floor are being framed. The track to the bins is now complete, only some ballasting remaining to be done to insure the stability of the railroad. Shipping should shortly be in order.

Machinery Coming to Hand.

Mr. H. R. Kirkpatrick, of the Ingersoll-Sergeant company, is in the city from Greenwood. He reports that two carloads of machinery for the new plant of the Mother Lode have been shipped from the factory at Montreal, and should soon arrive on the ground in Deadwood camp. Three carloadsof the machinery for the smelter plant has arrived from the factory of the E. P. Allis company of Milwaukee, and the remainder will soon come to hand. As everything is in readiness for the reception of the machinery, it should not take a great while to put it together. The completion of this smelter is anxiously awaited by the people of the Greenwood camp.

Oriel Mining and Milling Co., Limited

Owning the Good Hope Group, Ymir, B. C.

Fifty thousand shares are now offered to the public at 15 cents.

The property is one of exceptional merit, having a clearly defined vein traceable for 2,000 feet. Samples taken from various points on the outcrop from the main workings at a depth of 70 feet, give excellent values averaging $26 in gold. The ore is of a class that can be readily treated on the ground by milling and cyaniding.

Among other well-known properties in the Ymir district are the Ymir, Tamarac, Dundee, Blackcock,, Willcock, etc. For report and prospectus apply to

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68 Canada Life Bldg, Montreal, Quebec.

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CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Last Chance mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the west slope of Sophie mountain adjoining the Portland mine.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for George M. Miller, F. M. C. No. B. 31250), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31110, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this Fourteenth day of June, A. D. 1900.

6-14-10t. KENNETH L. BURNET.

Is a Dividend Payer.

Mr. E. J. Godfrey of Portland, Ore., is at the Allan. He is interested in the Red Boy in the Granite district, near Sumpter, Ore. This is one of the best mines in Oregon. tI has paid dividends for the past six years, but the amount it has yielded is not known, for the reason that it is owned by a close corporation, the members of which pocket the dividend and say nothing. On the Red Boy is a 20-stamp mill and a cyaniding and concentrating plant. From 65 to 70 per cent of the values are saved on the plates and most of the remainder in the concentrates and in the cyanide process. Mr. Godfrey is pleased with the appearance of Rossland and thinks that it has a future of considerable promise before it.

Represents French Capital.

Mr. Pierre Morris, the representative of a rich French syndicate, has arrived in Kaslo from Paris to inspect several properties which have either been bonded or acquired this season by S. Schwander and others of Kaslo. Among the properties which he will inspect is the Cork, one of the claims on the south fork of the Kaslo river, upon which a big strike was made last week. Mr. Schwander has just returned to Kaslo from a visit of inspection to the property. He states that the further the men go in the richer and purer becomes the ore. He intends to fix up quite a camp at the Cork. Already there are ten men at work. Bunk houses, cabins and other buildings are to be erected at once. The coming of Mr. Morris has some importance, for two distinct French syndicates are now operating on the south fork.

Work on the Green Mountain.

Superintendent W L. Lawry of the Green Mountain roperts that he is now crosscutting for the ledge on the 375-foot level. He expects to tap the ledge when the crosscut has been driven 100 feet. The ledge has been found on the 225-foot level, and he expects to find it in place on the 375-foot level. There is a good showing of ore in the Green Mountain.

Winnipeg Shipments.

Two carloads of ore were shipped from the Winnipeg mine on Wednesday, and have arrived at the smelter at Trail. There have been 34 carloads of ore sent from the Winnipeg so far, and estimating these at 25 tons each gives a total of 850 tons. Mr. Tregear is pushing the development work on the mine with a great deal of energy, and the management is pleased with the manner in which he is carrying it on.

"A Lump Like Lead."—How often one hears the dyspeptic complain of this sensation in the stomach. Through neglect or overwork the digestive organs are weakened and this symptom is the common sensation after eating. The pineapple contains a large percentage of vegetable pepsin, and is a potent aid to digestion. The discovery has given to the world nature's delightful and positive cure. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets—60 in a box, 35 cents. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

Beginning July 1st, 1900, all subscribers to the Weekly Miner by paying the sum of two dollars and ten cents will be credited with one year's subscription and will receive a copy of the Rossland Miner Map.

A limited number of maps are on hand and will be sent to subscribers promptly on receipt of one year's subscription, and ten cents for postage.

ROSSLAND MINER P. & P. CO.

A party of New Yorkers, Dr. J. S. C. Wells, together with Messrs. J. H. Everett and George Crawford, are visiting the camp.

Mr. A. S. Williamson, of San Francisco, is stopping at the Windsor.

T. Mayne Daly, Q. C. C. R. Hamilton.
W. deV. le Maistre.
Daly, Hamilton & le Maistre
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
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F. H. HALLETT. H. C. SHAW
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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS
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GREENWOOD . . . B. C.
Cable address: "Hallett." Codes: Bedford McNeill's, Moreing & Neal's, Leiber's.

THE HOMESTAKE MINES, LIMITED

Non-personal Liability.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, the 27th day of August, A.D., 1900, for shares of the stock of the Homestake Mines, Limited, Non-personal Liability, not claimed by shareholders of the Homestake Mines, Limited. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of cash, marked cheque or draft for Twenty-five per cent of the amount offered per share and must state the number of shares asked for and the rate bid per share. In the event of any tender being accepted and the balance of price not paid on demand, the deposit will be forfeited. In the event of any tender not being accepted the deposit made with such tender will be returned. The shares are offered subject to reserve bid.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

GEORGE H. BAYNE,
THOS. S. GILMOUR,
Liquidators.
The Homestake Mines, Limited.
Dated at Rossland, B.C., August 2nd, A.D., 1900.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Iron Clad, Spokane, Millie Grey, Pittsburg, Delta and Sampson mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Sullivan creek, about three miles from Columbia river.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Thomas Cameron, F. M. C. No. B. 31105; Jerome L. Drumheller, F. M. C. No. B. 30681; Edward Balfour, F. M. C. No. 31214, and H. M. Williams, F. M. C. No. B. 41087), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31110, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this Twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1900.

6-21-10t. KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Princess mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On west slope of Sophie mountain, adjoining the L'Nora and X Ray mineral claims.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Allan G. White, F. M. C. No. B. 30943, and Nicholas Reuter, F. M. C. No. 30952), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31110, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this Twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1900.

6-21-10t. KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

Notice.

Knoxville Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On Monte Christo mountain, Rossland, south of and adjoining the mineral claim Idaho, Lot 559, Group 1.

Take notice that I, H. B. Smith, acting for Joseph D. Blevins of the City of Rossland, Province of British Columbia, special free miner's certificate No. 1933, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this thirteenth day of July, 1900.

7-19-10t H. B. SMITH.