

facts from my grandfather's lips have fixed the whole thing on my memory too firmly to be doubted or forgotten.

I was born in 1807—Grandmother of sound mind and remarkable memory to the last, died in 1835. I might offer further proof of this statement but perhaps it is not necessary to make the story longer.

Yours truly,

JOHN QUINTON.

*P. S.*—Hugh Quinton died in 1792. Miss Peabody, named herein, was afterwards the wife of James Simonds, named at the commencement.

J. Q.

The account given by Mr. Quinton in his letter is equally circumstantial with that of Moses H. Perley, and it is difficult to reconcile the two. Both are equally in error in claiming that James White was one of the party. The papers and memoranda of James White, which are now in the hands of a gentleman living in this city, prove conclusively that throughout the year 1762, and part of the next year, Mr. White was actively engaged as agent for Samuel Blodget, a Boston merchant, in furnishing supplies to the commissariat department of the British forces at Crown Point, and he was the greater part of his time stationed either at Crown Point or at Albany.

The statement contained in my article in the last number of ACADIENSIS is strictly accurate. The party which arrived at St. John harbor in 1762 was merely the vanguard of the colony that established the settlement at Mauderville on the St. John river the following year, whither all the first arrivals (with the exception of James and Richard Simonds) seem to have proceeded. The first permanent settlement at the mouth of the river was that under James Simonds and James White in April, 1764.

The company of which they were members included, in addition: William Hazen, merchant, of Newburyport; Samuel Blodget, merchant, of Boston; Richard Simonds and Robert Peaslie. Articles of partnership were drawn up and signed by these gentlemen March 1, 1764 (a facsimile of the signatures is here given), and shortly after-