The Provincial Wesleyan.

istria by storm, and will confine their efforts to investing and blockading the place.

FIGHTING ON THE ALUTA—THE BATTLE OF SLATINA—DEFEAT OF THE RUSSIANS.—On the 31st an engagement took place at Slatina, on the frontier of Little Wallachia. The Russians, who occupied a favourable position with 2,000 men and four guns, attacked the Turks, but the Turks, assuming the offensive, killed nearly 600 of them, and carried off their artillery. From the date and locality assigned to this battle, it must have been the sequel of that of Brancoweni The Russian force was at the latest date still falling back.

RUSSIAN TROOPS CUT TO PIECES BY THE CIRCASSIANS.—Letters from the Black Sea state that the Russian garrisons of Tonap and Anakria, on the Abassian coast, having evacuated those forts, and being on their march to join the centre of the Russian army of the Caucasus, were encountered by a body of Circassians, and cut in pieces.

CHANGE IN THE TURKISH MINISTRY.—Mehemet Pasha, formerly ambassador at London, replaces the Grand Vizier.

Halil Pasha is appointed Capudan Pasha. It is stated that Reschid Pasha has again tendered his resignation, and that this time the cause is a misunderstanding with Omar Pasha, who complains bitterly of unperformed promises in respect of the supply of indispensable necessaries for his troops. It is added that Marshal St. Arnaud has supported the complaints of the Turkish Commander, which has offended the Minister, but that this resignation, like the former, has not been accepted by the Sultan.

THE AUSTRIAN DIFFERENCES WITH SWITZERLAND.—Austria has resolved to raise the military cordon on the frontier of the canton of Tessin, the Swiss Federal Council having given satisfactory assurances for a future good understanding.

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA SHUT OUT FROM MOROCCO.—The Governments of France and England have informed the Court of Morocco of the state of war existing between them and Russia, and the obligations resulting therefrom for neutral States. The Emperor Muley-Adber Rhaman, through his Minister Sid-Mohamed-el-Katib, has expressed to the chargés d'affairs of the two Governments at Tangiers the satisfaction which that communication has given him, and he has declared that no Russian vessel, or vessel bearing a flag friendly to Russia, shall be received in the ports of his empire during the war.

The French fleet has left Kiel, and has probably joined Sir Charles Napier by this time. While at that anchorage the fleet was most enthusiastically received. From 15,000 to 20,000 tourists, from remote parts of Germany, visited the ships daily.

Various Swedish papers mention that it is the intention of the English to make Bomarsund, on the Aland Isles, *a point d'appui* in case of any bombardment of a Russian fortress being undertaken.

The latest Baltic letters are dated Hango, May 27. Nothing of importance had occurred since the affair at Eckness. As to the future movements of the fleet, it is said that the division of the fleet with Sir Charles Napier, on leaving Hango Roads, will proceed along the northern coast of the Gulf of Finland to within 20 miles of Helsingfors, Rear-Admiral Corry, with the sailing ships, at the same time, cruising off Port Baltic, on the southern coast. The two divisions of the fleet will then continue their respective cruises until they arrive in the vicinity of Cronstadt, when they will unite and anchor in a line across the Gulf, thereby cutting off the enemy's communication by sea from the capital. The French fleet are reported as having united with the squadron under the orders of Rear-Admiral Corry.

The information from the line of the Danube and Little Wallachia, is to the effect, that there have been incessant engagements, in which the Turks have been uniformly victorious. Turtukai, Sistow, and Nicopolis, still remain in their possession. On the 12th and following days there was an obstinate action near Oltenitza, after which, it is reported, 280 waggons were seen departing with the Russian wounded.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint to be Her Majesty's Advocate and Procurator-General for Her Court of Vice Admiralty at Halifax, in Nova Scotia, the Hon. William Young, Attorney General of the said Province. Commission dated 4th May, 1854, under the Great Seal of the High Court of Admiralty of Great Britain.—*Royal Gaz.*

The Import Duties collected at the Treasurer's Office at St. John, for the six months, from 1st of December, 1853, to 31st May, 1854, amounted to £57,058 19s. 8d., being an increase of £16,384 1s. 2d. over the corresponding month of last year.

The New York *Times* says:—

The Fishery and Canadian Reciprocity negotiations are finally concluded, and on terms said to be very satisfactory to Secretary Marcy. They will probably be so to the people of this country likewise, when made public. The Reciprocal Trade, proposed with Canada, will be considered as offering nearly all the advantages of annexation. The treaty makes the navigation of the St. Lawrence free, it gives us unrestricted participation in the Fisheries, and establishes reciprocal Free Trade with Canada, in all the natural products, excluding, of course, manufactures.

The British demand for an American registry of Colonial built vessels and their participation in our coasting trade was refused.

The treaty will have to be acted upon by Congress and the British Colonial Governments before it is complete.

EFFECT OF THE WAR IN THE CARRACH.—A rather amusing instance of the effects of the war occurred here lately. A man (whose knowledge of politics certainly did not exceed far,) hearing of the preparations making to defend our coasts, took it in his head that the Russians were just landing in Scotland; and, accordingly, like a true-hearted Scotchman, he was to do all he could to repel the invaders. Next morning he might be seen going to his daily occupation, armed with an enormous broad-sword, which had hung and rusted on the wall for upwards of half a century. His fellow-workmen were naturally surprised at seeing him come so unusually armed, and asked him the cause. "O," replied the honest Gael, "hav you no heard o' the great war?—wha wid ken but the Russians may be a' in owre the broom knowe in a crack, so I fush my sword to gae them a fleg.—*Aberdeen Journal.*

The Emperor of Austria is popularity-hunting. On his marriage, the other day, with a pretty girl of sixteen, he gave full pardon to 245, and partial amnesty to 111 other prisoners. He has squashed all criminal suits for treason: he has declared the state of siege, in Lombardy and the Venetian territory, to be ended on the 1st May: he has given 200,000 florins to the poor; and has promised to take his wife, as *Queen* of Hungary, to visit the Magyars.

An inquest was held at the Loading Ground, on Monday last, before Edward Rosch Esq., one of the coroners of the county, on view of the body of James Walker, late seaman on board the American brig *Havanna*, commanded by Samuel M. Reid. On Sunday the 11th inst., the body was discovered lying on the bottom of the narrow water course beneath the loading ground wharf; and as no marks of violence were visible, the jury were of opinion, that the deceased had fallen off the bridge and not being able to swim, was accidentally drowned.

The captain spoke in terms of praise of the deceased, as a lad of much promise, and stated that he was about 16 years of age, a native of Halifax, Nova Scotia, where his mother, a widow, resides. The body was decently interred by the coroner and captain Reid, in the burying ground near Mr. Simon Fraser's, Fraser's point.—*Com. to Eastern Chronicle June 15th.*

The following despatches are from Washington, by the Courier & Enquirer. They are important, if of sufficient authenticity

Official despatches from Mr. Soule state that in audition to the remission of the fine on the Black Warrior, the Spanish Government accords to steamers of that line all the privileges and exemptions of British mail steamers.

England and France have demanded of Spain twenty four thousand men, for the occupation of Greece and of Palestine. Spain refuses, unconditionally.

England denies officially that she has tendered either ships or men to protect Cuba against the United States, or to promote the Africanization thereof

Official despatches from Mr. Gregg only state that violent discussions have taken place in the Sandwich Islands about annexation to the United States. He has made no treaty, but will make one as soon as practicable.

FREE NAVIGATION OF THE ST. LAWRENCE.—A citizen of Chicago has obtained from the Government the privilege of loading his vessels at Quebec. We presume a like privilege will be granted to all who apply for it, so that in reality the St Lawrence is at last opened to the vessels of the United States coming from the Upper Lakes. We understand that there is no law by which an American vessel can be prevented from going to Quebec, and there is no penalty. If this is so, it would be difficult to say how much we have lost during the past five years by preventing American vessels from navigating the Lower St. Lawrence.—*Montreal Herald.*

SUBMARINE WRECKING.—We understand that the Boston Submarine and Wrecking Company, who have been negotiating for some time in relation to the San Pedro contract with the Government of Tenezuela, have closed an arrangement with Mr. Wipple for working the wreck, by which the entire wreck is to be removed. The statement of the Government is that there were $2,000,000 in specie in the ship at the time of the wreck besides the plunder of the city by Gen Morill, of which amount only $300,000 have been recovered. We hope that this enterprise of our countrymen will prove successful in which case it will amply reward the parties concerned for their enterprise and perseverance. The proofs already given of the power of this invention to operate effectually, and at the same time, (with the exercise of the requisite skill and precaution,) safely, in deep water, justify the presumption that there can be no doubt of the result.—*Boston Advertiser.*

Items

An Expedition has recently left England for Africa, in the Steamer *Pleiad*, to explore the rivers Niger and Tchadda. Three medical gentlemen form part of the expedition, which, it is believed, will be of great advantage to the scientific world.

The Right Hon. T. B. Macaulay, M. P., has been unanimously elected President of the Edinburgh Philosophical Institution in the room of the late Professor Wilson.

The Newfoundland Assembly has refused to grant any supplies for the civil service of the Colony, as well as to vote a farthing for the protection of the northern fisheries this year.

The tender of Messrs Cameron, Frazer, and Turnbull, of Pictou, for grading the first six and a half miles of Railway from the Governor's farm, being the lowest, say £22,925, has been accepted by the Commissioners.

. . . The Rev. H. Tindhall, Wesleyan Missionary in South Africa, speaking of conversations held with African heathens says:—I found that of all the discoveries of modern science and works of art, they were most astonished at the electric telegraph and the Thames Tunnel. One of them asked me if Englishmen had ever put breath and spirit into men. Upon my answering in the negative, he replied, "Then it is about the only thing they cannot do."

A newspaper is the life preserver that rescues those who would otherwise sink into—oblivion.

Lamartine is said to be engaged on a life of Washington, which will be published within this year.

A petition to Congress praying for the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law, is now in the Merchants' Exchange Reading Room, and has been signed by many of our most eminent merchants.—*Boston Atlas.*

The construction of the great tubular iron bridge across the St. Lawrence, opposite Montreal, has commenced. One of the immense coffer dams, made of timber, in which the piers are to be built, was launched on Friday and towed to its place, and others are in progress. Some 1500 men will, it is said, be employed on the bridge the coming summer.

A trial has lately taken place at Cayuga, U. C. and a verdict of £540 damages returned against the Grand River Navigation Company, for allowing an old tree to remain in the river, in consequence of which a barge laden with wheat was sunk in passing down the stream. The tree was below the surface of the water, and although the Company were aware of its position, no signal had been placed to warn navigators of the danger.

The *Louisville Times* tells of a newly-married couple, who went to Niagara on a visit, and while there, the gentleman in order to convince his *dear* that he was brave as well as gallant, resolved to go down to the "cave of winds." Finding that he was resolved upon the deed, she very affectionately requested him to *leave his pocket book and look behind.*

Perhaps eight out of every ten of our readers have experienced the annoyance of laying down carpets; have felt the rush of blood to the head—the straining of the nether garments—the unpleasant rapping of tops of the tacks, which that employment is heir to. The foreign correspondent of the Newark *Advertizer* writing from Florence, suggests the basis of a reform which all housekeepers will appreciate and desire. "Here" he says, "iron rings are fastened in the floors when the carpets are laid, and they have hooks in the binding, for these rings are eyes so that there is no taking out and nailing in of tacks, and carpets are raised and laid as noiselessly and easy as bed covers" There are a good many people about this time, we imagine, who will approve of the hook and eye system for carpets and the abolition of tack hammers and bruised fingers.

The Washington papers announce that reliable intelligence has been received from the city of Mexico, by our Government, that Santa Anna will accept the Gadsden treaty, as amended by the Senate.

It appears from the army estimates for 1854 that the sum required & estimated to pay General officers and staff, in Canada is £5,020 7s 11d; medical staff, £3,786 17s 6d; clerks, &c., £4,085 6s 3d. Total £13,901 18s 8d.

We learn from Wasington that a fisheries treaty, on principles of reciprocity, has been concluded between Secretary Marcy and the British Minister, and that it is expected the two Governments will promptly ratify it. Of course, the terms of it are not known, all pretensions to the contary notwithstanding, but it is reported to be exceedingly liberal.—*New York Spectator.*

The New Brunswick Elections have resulted in the return of Messrs Partelow, Wilmot, Gray and Ritchie for the County. A scrutiny has been demanded of the votes given to Messrs Wilmot, Gray and Ritchie. The city of St. John has elected the old members Messrs Harding and Tilley. For the County of York, Messrs Fisher, Taylor, McPherson and Hatheway, have been elected. The County of Kent has re-elected Messrs Cutler and McPhelin.

Mr. Giles, we learn, arrived at Halifax by the last steamer, and may be expected here early in the week. We have been shown a handbill posted in Boston and New York, offering a free passage and a dollar and a quarter a day, for a thousand labourers to work on the Railway at the Bend. We observe also that, in addition to the rock cutting at the head of the Marsh, several parties have commenced the work of grading on the line leading from the city.—*St. John Courier.*

Among the many charitable societies in England is a new one, formed in London on the 4th May last, called the "Clergy Provident Society." Its object is to enable clergymen to insure a weekly allowance, not exceeding two guineas, in time of sickness, or when incapacitated from the discharge of their public duties, and for assisting the clergy, whose net incomes are below £300 per annum, in the payment of the premiums necessary for such an insurance.

The Toronto *Leader* says:—It is understood that the unseemly conduct of Mr. Justice Mondelet, in describing, while in the halls of justice, the belligerent powers in the Russo Turkish war as "cut throats," attracted the attention of the Government, and was not adjudged to pass unrebuked. The judge who by this act, incurred so much of popular displeasure, at the same time brought upon himself an expression of disapprobation from the Executive, which may serve as a corrective of his future conduct, if it cannot ensure atonement for the past.

Another invention of the concentrated food kind has been brought under the notice of the authorities in England—"meat cakes," which may be eaten dry, or mixed with water, make soup. By stowing a dozen of these away in his knapsack, a soldier is to be rendered independent of the commissariat for twelve days.

It is said that her Majesty designs to place apartments in Hampton Court Palace at the disposal of the widow of the late lamented Judge Talfourd.

Commissioners have been appointed to inquire how far the position which Sir J. Brooke holds in Sarawak is advantageous to the commercial interests of Great Britain.

Spurious half-crowns are in circulation in England. They are produced from the dies in brass, and are then electroplated with silver; the milling round the edge is perfect. Altogether these are pronounced the best imitations of the coin yet produced.

James Clack, one of the Bristol and Exeter Railway Company's servants has been in that company's employ twelve years and nine months, and during that period has travelled a million of miles, a distance equal to 40 times round the globe.

Derbyshire has for centuries been noted as a rich mineral country. It has now been proved to be rich also in gold and silver. Gold has been found in the range of the hills situate at the Lower Peake, the hamlet of Over Haddon.

The aggregate declared value of British and Irish produce and manufactures exported from the United Kingdom to the Australian settlements, in 1851, £2,807,356; in 1852, £4,222,205 and 1853, £14,596,632. In 1851 the number of ships cleared from the United Kingdom to the British settlements in Australia was 272, and the tonnage 245,164; and in 1852, there were 565 ships, and of 335,717 tonnage; and in the year, 1853, 1,291 ships, of 553,088 tons.

The first portion of the cable for the Mediterranean electric telegraph is completed, and only waits for a steamer to convey it from England to Corsica. This section is 110 miles long, and weighs 800 tons. It will extend from the Continent to Corsica.

It is very currently reported in Paris, that M Thouvenel is nominated ambassador at Constantinople in place of General Baraguay d'Hilliers.

The tone of St. Petersburg is becoming daily more melancholy. Thousands of the higher classes have emmigrated, and want begins to appear among the working classes.

Portugal has declared neutrality in the present war.

The *Falkirk Herald* mentions the return to that, his native town, of Mr. J. Johnston, who has been for twenty years past principal engineer of the Admiralty Works of the Emperor of Russia, at Kolpino, on the Neva, and under whose superintendence many of the finest steamers in the Russian navy have been built and fitted out. On the present war breaking out, Mr. Johnston at once resigned his situation, and though offered by the Czar the office of engineer-in-chief of Cronstadt, first on condition of becoming a Russian subject, and afterwards (when he declined) without this condition, Mr. Johnston refused to remain in the service of our enemy.

The misery, the disappointment, the interminaible expense of ineffectual "physic-taking," are now happily superseded by the use of Messrs. DU BARRY'S REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD, which, by a pleasing and natural action on the system, removes chronic and exhausting disease, and replaces langour and pain by vigour and health. Those whom it has restored to the enjoyment of life include persons belonging to all social grades and professions, and it is a proof that the emotion of gratitude is more general than cynics imagine, when we find upwards of FIFTY THOUSAND of the individuals thus relieved publicly expressing their sense of the benefits they have derived. The peer and the clergyman, the lawyer and the physician, the naval and military officer, the merchant, tradesman, and even the poor mechanic, have joined in this unanimous and unparalleled testimonial. Their acknowledgments partake of the same spirit which characterizes the communication of Mr. Evans Pepperall, who commences his letter by saying:—"For many years I have been a martyr to indigestion, acidity, heartburn, constipation, and nervousness to such a degree, that I was unble to stay alone in my room, or walk out alone, being constantly filled with unaccountable fears; and I have had several fits, remaining unconscious for about half an hour. I had the advice of three eminent physicians, and taken their prescriptions for a long time, but my ailments only increased under their influence. Your excellent Food produced, I am happy to state, an immediate change for the better, and I am now, after two weeks' use of it, a wholly different being, with excellent appetite, clear tongue, free from acidity and heartburn, regular in my functions, and getting stronger every day. My nerves are perfectly tranquil, and I sleep most refreshingly. With gratitude to you for so happy a change, I remain, &c., &c., EVANS PEPPERELL." Another gentleman, who, like most others, invites Messrs Du Barry to refer sufferers to him, thankfully declares:—"I have found your incomparable Food an infallible preventative of the gout." The ladies are equally emphatic in their acknowledgments. Thus, Miss M'Lelland expresses her thanks for the "removal of dyspepsia and constipation from which she had suffered for many years Miss M. considers Mr. Du Barry's Food a most invaluable article of diet for invalids, being highly nutritious, strengthening, and restorative, and she will feel great pleasure in recommending it to her friends." What invalids most require is a CERTAINTY that the article recommended to them is capable of affording relief; that they will not have again to undergo (as they have so often done) the bitter process of trial and disappointment. This certainty they now possess, and it is no extravagance to express our confidence that it will prove the harbinger of glad tidings to millions. For further particulars we refer our readers to Messrs. Du Barry's advertisement in our to-days' columns.

Cleanliness is profitable; and those who use the Boston Chemical Washing Powder find it so.

☞ We acknowledge, with thanks, from the Provincial Secretary's Office, the receipt of a copy of "Reports of Committees of the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, on the subject of the Deep Sea and River Fisheries of the Province." It contains valuable information on the rather important subject of the "Artificial Production of Fish," which, if practically acted upon, will prove highly beneficial to our fishing interests. These Reports should be widely circulated.

☞ Letter from Rev. Dr. Evans, with draft enclosed for £97 12s. 6d. to be appropriated as directed, has been duly received. Particular credits to be given next week, as also to the brethren of this District for monies paid at the D. Meeting.

☞ The book Steward acknowledges the receipt of £2 from the Rev. A. McL. Desbrisey, Sydney C. B.

☞ Several Letters received from Ministers and others, which shall be attended to.

HURD'S GOLDEN GLOSS FOR THE HAIR.

Among the many preparations for the growth of the *Hair* this GOLDEN GLOSS takes the lead. Three reasons will be given why it is so universally used and preferred to all others. 1st. Because it has proved the most effectual in Baldness. 2nd. Because it imparts a beautiful dark gloss and delightful perfume to the hair 3rd. Because the Ladies, with fine discrimination, which they all possess have adopted it. Many other reasons could be given why it is a great favourite, but those who want mor have only to give it a trial. Price 25 cts. in large bottles. For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers everywhere.

D. TAYLOR, Jr., Boston, General Agent, Sold in Halifax by John Naylor and the principal Druggists. 244—269.

March 16, 1854. W. & A. 6m.

A Good Comparison.

The Rev. William Roulatt, a well-known Methodist clergyman, residing at Naples, draws the following amusing but apt comparison between Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge and a ferret:

"A ferret, when placed at the entrance of a rat-hole, enters the aperture, travels along the passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his existence, and draws the animal's defunct carcass to the light. And in like manner have I found *Dr. M'Lane's American Vermifuge* to operate upon WORMS, those dreadful and dangerous tormentors of children. This remedy, like the ferret, enters the aperture of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, lays hold of the worms, shakes the life out of the reptiles, sweeps clean their den, and carries their carcasses clear out of the system. This, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children."

A neighbor of Mr. Roulatt, Mr. John Briggs, adopts the simile of the reverend certifier, thus both giving their most unequivocal approval of this great specific, after having witnessed its operation upon their own children. Let others try it, and be satisfied.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, also his Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Agents in Halifax, WM. LANGLEY and JOHN NAYLOR. 43.

Truth Must, and Will Prevail.

It is a *truth*, that the Mustang Liniment has performed more cures of confirmed chronic and inflammatory rheumatism, than any remedy ever before used for those painful affections. It is *truth*, that *no* remedy ever before tried, has been so successful in healing old sores, or ulcers; in curing scald head, cancers, eresipelas, tetter or ringworm, or any unnatural excressence, enlargement, eruption, swelling, or inflammation of any description as the *Mustang Liniment*. It is a *truth* that it is an effectual and certain remedy for the piles, no matter of how long standing; and it is a *truth*, that *every body* is using it, and all pronouncee it good.

See advertisement in another column.

June 1. 6m. 255—280.

Holloway's Pills, an excellent Remedy for Sickness of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, and General Debility.—The wife of Mr. Thomas Ranson, boot maker, of 14, Maxey-road, Plumstead, suffered for more than seven years from sickness of the stomach and loss of appetite, and was so debilitated as to be compelled to keep her bed.—She had been to the hospitals, for advice, and under different medical men, but without any benefit, and at this time her life was despaired of.—As a last resource, Holloway's Pills were tried, and to the astonishment of all her friends, they produced immediate relief, and restored her to sound and robust health. 20.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to Wednesday, June 21st.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	31s. 3d.
" Pilot, per bbl.	25s.
Beef, Prime, Ca. none.	
" " N. S.	45s.
Butter, Canada,	none.
" N. S. per lb.	11½d.
Coffee, Laguyara, "	9½d.
" Jamaica, "	8½d. a 9d.
Flour, Am. spfi.	48s. 9d.
" Canada sfi. "	47s. 6d.
" Rye,	32s. 6d. a 33s. 9d.
Cornmeal,	26s. 3d. a 27s. 6d.
Indian Corn,	5s. 9d.
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s. 5d.
" Clayed, "	1s. 3½d.
Pork, Prime, per bbl.	85s.
Mess, "	100s
Sugar, Bright P. R.,	33s. a 33s. 9d.
Bar Iron, com. per cwt,	18s.
Hoop " "	25s.
Sheet " "	30s.
Codfish, large }	nominal.
" small }	
Salmon, No. 1, }	none.
" " 2, }	
" " 3, }	
Mackerel, No. 1, }	none.
" " 2, }	
" " 3, }	
Herrings,	36s. 3d. for new.
Alewives,	12s. 6d.
Haddock, nominal.	14s. for new.
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	30s.
Fire Wood, per cord,	20s.

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 3 o'clock, Wednesday, June 21st.

Fresh Beef, per cwt.	40s. a 50s.
Veal,	4d. a 5d.
Lamb, per lb.	5½d. a 6d.
Bacon, per lb.	6½d. a 7½d.
Pork, Fresh,	5d.
Butter, per lb.	1s.
Cheese, per lb.	6d. a 6½d.
Eggs, per dozen,	7½d.
Poultry—Chickens,	2s. 6d. a 3s.
Geese, none.	
Ducks, "	
Turkeys, per lb.	7d. a 8d.
Calf-skins, per lb.	7½d.
Yarn, per lb.	2s. 6d.
Potatoes, per bushel,	4s. 6d.
Oatmeal, per cwt.	25s.
Peas, per bushel,	5s.
Apples, "	7s. 6d a 8s.
Homespun Cloth, (wool,) per yard,	2s. 6d.
Do. (cotton and wool,) per yard,	1s 7d. a 1s. 9d.

WILLIAM NEWCOMB,
Clerk of Market.

Marriages.

At Tatamagouche, on the 8th ult. by the Rev. W. M. Christie, Mr. Hugh McNeil, of Hopewell, to Miss Isabella GRAHAM, of Earltown.

On the 15th ult. at New York, by the Rev. Dr. Bethune, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Magoun, Rev. A. H. SANDERSON, of the New York Nth. Det. Episcopal Conference, to FRANCES L., eldest daughter of Jas. W. Burnham, Esqr. formerly of Halifax, in this Province.

A New Dispensation by the Rev. Mr. Duff, Mr. John McKINNON, of Prince Edward's Island, to Miss Eliza SPONAGLE.

On the 24th ult. at the Wesleyan Mission House, Lower Horton, by the Rev. E. Smallwood, Mr. James Hiram MANNING, to Miss Eliza A. FISHER, both of Greenwich, Cumberland Co.

On the 25th ult. at the Rev. James G. Hennigar, Mr. George HOWE, to Miss Ann LAFFERTEEN, both of the city of St. John.

On Tuesday, 13th inst. by the Rev. William Bennett, the Rev. Andrew W. B. BLACK, Wesleyan Minister, to Miss CAROLINE MATILDA, third daughter of the Rev. Wm. Croscombe.

Deaths.

Suddenly, at Sussex, Mrs. ELIZABETH, wife of Mr. James Dickson, in the 60th year of her age, leaving a large family to lament a kind and affectionate parent.

At Schoonerdie, Port Medway, on the 15th ult. D. B. GRANT, Esqr. aged 24 years.

On Sunday, 11th inst. Mrs. Jane DeBlois, relict of the late S. W. DeBlois, in her 74th year.

On Friday, 16th inst. Robert J. CURRIE, aged 24 years.

On the 9th June, in 82 year of his age, William Pearce COFFIN, son of Thomas Coffin, M. Pe. of Barrington, N. S.

"God bless my child!" the mother said,
As hoarse the death-rattle in her throat;
'Twas from the heart the mother prayed
And God in mercy heard her prayer.

He sent an answer from His throne,
A answer full of faithful love;
A winged angel brought it down,—
And took the little one above.

Some bitter tears the mother shed,
But soon she wiped them off, and smiled
As raising up her eyes, she said,
"I know that God has blest my child!"

On Tuesday morning, after a tedious and most harassing illness, borne with exemplary patience, aged 41 years, MARY ANN, the beloved wife of Mr. James Watt.

At Boston, on the 11th May, AMELIA McNUTT, youngest daughter of Daniel and Mary Grant, late of Halifax, in the 5th year of her age.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, June 14.

Brigts Boston Lady, Cooke, New York.
Mary, Sullivan, Cienfuegos, 21 days.
Schrs Nurse, Syvret, Cadiz.
Agnes Ross, Doane, Richmond.

THURSDAY, June 15.

Brig Louisa, Laughan, Cienfuegos.
Schrs Liverpool, Day, Liverpool, N. S.
Brilliant, Lunenburg—bound Fishing.
Brig Seraph, Smart, Liverpool.

FRIDAY, June 16.

Government schrs Daring, Daly, Sable Island.
Schr Gold Finder, Lunenburgh.

SATURDAY, June 17.

Am brigt Panola, Wass, Philadelphia, 8 days.
Schrs Hampton, Am Edins, Fredericksburg.
Marie Reformiste, Lemoine, Quebec.
Morning Star, Hall, Bay St George.
Mary Jane, Gallant, Fortune Bay.
British Queen, Pye, Fortune Bay.
Charlotte, LeBlanc, New Carlisle.
Rapid, McFaudgn, P E Island.
Susan, Farrell, Sydney.
Mary Ann, Long, Pictou.
Mary & Charles, Lorroway, Sydney.
Emblem, Mackintosh, St Mary's.

SUNDAY, June 18.

Brigt Ariel, LeBlanc, Bay Chaleur.
Schr Pacifique, Landry, Montreal.

MONDAY, June 19.

R M Steamer Merlin, Corbin, St Johns, N F.
Brig Nancy, Grant, Mayaguez.
Brigts Plato, Boyle, Mayaguez.
Belle, Dickson, Wilmington, 18 days.
Augusta, Quebec, 12 days.
Schrs Lucy Ann, (Am) Mann, Cienfuegos.
Three Brothers, Montreal, 15 days.
Brien, Quebec; Vincent, do
Quebec Trader, LeBlanc, Bathurst.
Industry, Allard, Bay Chaleur.
Trial, Prospect.
Catherine, J. Scott, and Mary, Sydney.
Olive Branch, P E Island—bound to St John, N. B.

TUESDAY, June 20.

French man-of-war steamer L'Tonnere, Com. Audet, St Pierre, 22 days.
Schrs Adah, Rosecroft Remedois.
Magnet, Gaffin, Wilmington.
New Messenger, Siteman, Bathurst.
Success to the Fishermen, Falt, Bay St George.
Sovereign, Mallatall, P E Island.

CLEARED.

June 14—Brigt Conquest, Wood, B W Indies; schrs Mary E Smith, Boston; Ariel, Richardson, Labrador; Prudent, Bay Chaleur.

June 15—Schrs Martha Sophia, Newfld.; Queen of Isles, Frevor, P E Island.

June 16—Ship Devon, Taylor, Quebec; barque Sarah Botsford, McGregor, Quebec; brig St Agnes, Putnam, Pictou; schrs Vallonia, Swim, B W Indies; Lady Ann, Nickerson, St John, N B; Gadd, Bagg, Bay St George; Villager, Watt, Miramichi.

June 17—Brigs Billow, Rathbun, Richmond; Lucy Ann, Simpson, St John, N B; schrs J L A., Gilker, Canada; Mary, Grawson, Richmond; Belleisle, Cronan, Labrador, Compages, Kennedy, Newfoundland; Magdalen, Chessong, Souris.

June 19—Brigt Boston, Layhold, Boston; schrs Sarah, Roberts, Charlottetown; Oriental, Laves, Souris.

June 20—Barque Mora Castle, Mounce, Pugwash and London; Norwegian brig Emilia, Hansen, Shediac; schrs Garland, Nickerson, Porto Rico; Mountaineer, Morrisey, Newfoundland; Dixon, Paspebiac; Nimus, Labrador.

MEMORANDA.

Schr Union, Hale, of Weymouth, from Sydney for Boston, went on shore on the morning of the 10th inst in a thick fog, on the rocks off the Highlands of Scatterie. Vessel and cargo lost; crew saved.

Capt of schr Rapid reports—saw a ship or barque on shore at East Dover Head—bows out of water on the rocks, stern under—three masts gone close to the deck, —saw several men on the rocks, and several small vessels near the wreck; did not ascertain particulars.

Boston, June 9—arrd brigs Mary Ann, Sydney; Teazer, Londonderry; schrs Bloomer, Cornwallis; Helen, Digby.

Nuevayguez—arrd schrs Helen Maud, Halifax; Providence, do.

Ship David Cannon, of Liverpool, G B, Robertson, master, from New York for Quebec, went on shore at Big Dover Island, 8th inst. Vessel condemned.

SEEDS. 1854. SEEDS.

PER Steamer ASIA, a full supply of GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS, from the same establishment as those which for years past has given such universal satisfaction.

For freshness and purity these are not to be surpassed; and truth could not be we recommend them.

Mangle Wurtzel, Swedish Turnip, White Clover, and other AGRICULTURAL SEEDS, and all of the best quality, and at prices as low as GOOD SEEDS, can be afforded. For sale at

DEWOLFE'S SEED WAREHOUSE,
March 23. 25 Hollis Street.

Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale Twelve acres of superior LAND situated at the Harbour of Pugwash, with a two Story Dwelling HOUSE and BARN. The Buildings are new, and the property from its situation offers many inducements as a place of residence.

The land will be sold in lots of 4 acres each to suit purchasers.

For terms apply to Cyrus Bent, Esq., Pugwash, or to the Subscriber. CHARLES BENT, M. D.

Truro, June 5, 1854. Rec. Wed. & Sun 6w. 256

SAMUEL STRONG,

Has Received

PER Ships Micmac, Moro Castle, Ann Thompson, Humber, Sydney and Prince Arthur, and is now opening and extensive Stock of

SPRING GOODS.

Halifax, May 25. 6w. 254.

MARLBORO HOTEL.

Boston, Mass.

JOHN A. PARKS, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE is pleasantly situated on Washington Street, and location very central, the proprietor has recently made some very great improvements, and is now the best temperance house in town. There is social worship morning and evening in the parlors, where all who choose may be present. It is a house where the traveller will finden pleasant home.

May 4, 1854. 4m. 251.

NEWCASTLE BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR will be held in Newcastle in the early part of the ensuing Summer.

The object is the liquidation of the Debt on Wesleyan Chapel in that place.

Contributions in futherance of this design are respectfully solicited, and the smallest will be most gratefully acknowledged by the following Ladies

Miss SARGENT,
Miss WETHERELL,
Miss FISH,
Mrs. VANSTONE, in Newcastle
And Mrs. SNOWBALL, in Chatham

Miramichi, March 23. 245.

BELL, ANDERSON & CO.

HAVING Removed to their new Granite Warehouse in Granville Street, are now ready to wait upon their customers. April 20.

New Advertisements.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!

35 Boxes Reasons Long Tobacco.
25 do Reasons do do
24 do Reasons do do
1 case Twists

Just received per schr ANN from Philadelphia and for sale by

GEO. H. STARR

June 22 3w.

Choice Smoking Tobacco.

JUST Received ex Ferry from New York—Franklin—Bull of Paradise—4 Pieces 50 lb each, pound lumps. Double Mild Cut Mixture. 24 boxes 4 lb each pound lumps. For sale by

HALIFAX WAREHOUSE,
June 22 44 Hollis Street.

FLOUR!

LANDING ex Emerald and Boston Packet from New York—500 barrels Canada Superfine Flour

300 bbls Rye Flour.

For sale by

W. M. HARRINGTON

June 22

DRIED APPLES.

EX Emerald from New York—22 bbls Dried Apples

For Sale by

W. M. HARRINGTON

June 22

Notice to Mariners.

Office of Board of Works.

Halifax, May 7, 1854.

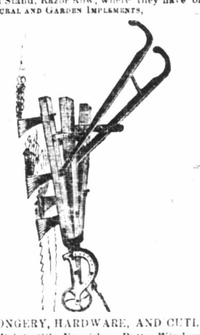
A LIGHT HOUSE has been erected on GULL ROCK, off the entrance of Ragged Island Harbour. The Building is square, painted White and exhibits a clear fixed Light at an elevation of fifty one feet above the sea level, and is situated in lat. 43.55 North, and fixed West, with the following bearings by compass:—

		miles
Cape Negro	S W by W ¾ W	11
S W Breaker or Western Bull	S W by W ½ W	2¼
Shelburne Light House	W	8¼
Western Head of Ragged Island Harbour	W ½ N	1¼
Cranberry Island or Harbour Head	N to E 1 4 E	2
Whale's Back Breaker	N E by E	0 3 8
Blow Breaker of Eastern Bull	E by N 1 4 N	1½
Southward of Thomas or Ragged Island	E by N	2½
Emulous Rocks off do	E 1 4 N	2½

May 25. All Halifax papers dis. 254.

BESSONETT & BROWN,

WOULD inform their numerous acquaintances in Town and Country, that they may be found at their Old Stand, Razor Row, where they have on hand AGRICULTURAL AND GARDEN IMPLEMENTS,



IRONMONGERY, HARDWARE, AND CUTLERY.

ALSO—Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Putty, Window Glass, Glue, Gunpowder, Shot, Wool cards, Grindstones and fixtures, Pump fixtures and Chain, &c. &c., &c.

This Stock, for variety and suitableness to the wants of the country, is fully equal to any in the City, and a continuance of that support which has been so long enjoyed, is respectfully solicited.

P. S.—The NEW ENGLAND FARMER, a very interesting and useful Publication, may be had of B. & B. for one dollar a year (in advance) five for four dollars—mailed free.

May 13. W&A 152

NO ALCOHOL, NO MINERAL, NO POISON.

OR INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE

ENTERS INTO THE

OXYGENATED BITTERS.

THE STRONGEST AND BEST