

# PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)  
The Product of  
Sanitary Milling and  
Careful Wheat Selection  
MANUFACTURED BY  
Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited

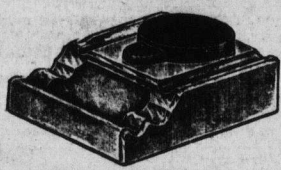
## GRANLIDEN HOTEL

Lake Sunapee, New Hampshire  
At the Gateway of the White Mountains.

The Ideal Tour Hotel at Lake Sunapee. Altitude 1,200 ft. No Hay Fever. Good golf course, fishing, excellent tennis, bathing, boating, canoeing, dancing, fine motoring, etc. Accommodates 300. Furnished cottages to rent. Write for circular; W. W. Brown. Winter season; Hotels Indian River and Rockledge, Rockledge, Florida.

## SANITARY INK WELLS

Clean and Convenient.  
Get away from the old-time ink well to the modern, sanitary kind with which we can supply you, in all styles and sizes.



BARNES & CO., Ltd., 84 Prince William St.  
Phone Main 866.

## NEW ENGLISH CLOTHS Just Received Direct

Fine Spring and Summer Suitings and Overcoats  
EDGEcombe & CHAISSON

## THE UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER

Corona Portable Typewriters, Re-built Typewriters of all makes. Machines Repaired and Rented. Supplies for all typewriters.  
UNITED TYPEWRITER COMPANY, LTD.  
66 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

## ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS

Cleans Everything  
Come in and Let Us Show You  
HIRAM WEBB & SON, Electrical Contractors  
21 Germain Street, St. John, N. B. Phone M. 1555-11  
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## GRAVEL ROOFING

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF SHEET METAL WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION  
COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY.  
J. E. WILSON, LTD.,  
Phone M. 356. 17-19 Sydney St.

## GILBERT G. MURDOCH

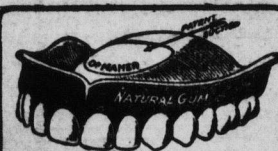
A. M. Can. Soc. C. E.  
Civil Engineer and Crown Land Surveyor  
Surveys, Plans, Estimates, Superintendence, Blue Prints, Black Line Prints. Maps of St. John and Surroundings. 74 Carmarthen St., St. John

## Wanted to buy a few carloads of hay at points along the Valley Railroad.

R. G. & F. W. DYKEMAN, 68 Adelaide St., St. John, N.B.

## CRUTCHES, TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS

THE ROYAL PHARMACY - 47 King Street



Painless Extraction  
Only 25c.

## Boston Dental Parlor.

Head Office Branch Office  
527 Main Street 55 Charlotte St.  
Phone 668 Phone 28  
DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.  
Open 9 a. m. Until 9 p. m.

## FUNERALS.

The funeral of Private George R. Manning took place yesterday after-

## GATHERING OF SPRAGNUM MOSS WAS DISCUSSED

Executives of Provincial and Local Red Cross Met Yesterday Afternoon—Professors Porter and Thompson Give Advice Regarding the Work.

Members of the executive of the provincial and local Red Cross met at the Natural History rooms yesterday afternoon with Professor J. B. Porter, of McGill, and Prof. Thompson, of Toronto, for the purpose of discussing the gathering of sphagnum moss for surgical dressings for the men at the front. Lady Tilley occupied the chair and introduced the two gentlemen who advised the members as to the best methods of going about the work. Mrs. Anglin, supported by the provincial, St. John local and Lancaster branches of the society will have charge of the work. Mr. McIntosh, of the Natural History Society, will render much valuable assistance. The surgical end of the work will be in the hands of the surgical committee of the Red Cross.

At 3.45 o'clock the meeting was opened to the public, when Dr. Porter aided by the reflectoscope outlined the history of the use of sphagnum moss and showed why it was superior to cotton dressings.

Sphagnum, he stated, was a particular variety of moss, a carpet spring-like material, having a wide range of color but more commonly of a greenish brown.

There were in Canada, he thought, about thirty kinds of sphagnum masquerading under innumerable different appearances. The Irish warriors in ancient times when wounded in battle were bound in bog moss. It was suggested for surgical dressings in the Napoleonic wars and later in the Franco-Prussian war. This was, however, before modern surgical methods were introduced. With modern surgery, dressings became a matter of business, and were especially made from gauze, absorbent cotton, etc. In 1884 the Germans began to make a study of the possible usefulness of sphagnum, and previous to the present war had stocked up enormous quantities.

It was first used in the British Empire about six months before the outbreak of war. About two years ago the British government experimented with several hundred sphagnum dressings, and as a result agreed to accept them as a substitute for cotton dressings. Since about a year ago Great Britain has been producing several hundred thousand sphagnum dressings a month. Had it not been for the submarine menace the Canadian Red Cross would have been sending many hundreds of thousands of dressings to England in 1917. But as it was still considered of doubtful value, shipments were restricted because of the lack of space on the boats. However, several months ago the Canadian Red Cross received a request for a million dressings and the committee and the admiralty has authorized all shipments.

Although there are many kinds of sphagnum that are of no use, the kinds useful for surgical dressings are easily distinguished.

Dr. Porter explained that while absorbent cotton dressings would absorb a certain amount of moisture, the bulk of the water or pus lies between the fibres. In the formation of the minute sphagnum leaves there are innumerable little air spaces, water, thus a dressing made of sphagnum will take up much more moisture than a cotton one, while at the same time it is lighter and cooler.

Dr. Porter was tendered a hearty vote of thanks by the assemblage.

MODUS OPERANDI.  
"I met your friend Spongely this morning."  
"How did he strike you?"  
"Said he'd left his change at home in his other trousers."

## A SLUGGISH LIVER CAUSES LOTS OF TROUBLE

When the liver becomes sluggish it is an indication that the bowels are not working properly, and if they do not move regularly many complications are liable to arise.

Constipation, sick headache, bilious headache, jaundice, heartburn, water brash, catarrh of the stomach, etc., all come from a disordered liver.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are a specific for all diseases or disorders arising from a slow, sluggish, lazy or torpid liver, and they have been universally used throughout Canada for over 20 years with the greatest success.

Mrs. W. A. Harrison, 7 Poplar Grove, Halifax, N.S., writes: "I take pleasure in writing you concerning the great good I have received by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills for a sluggish liver. When my liver got bad I would have severe headaches, but after using a couple of vials of your pills I have not been bothered any more."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c. a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## BISHOP RICHARDSON TELLS HIS EXPERIENCES ON FIGHTING LINE

Large Audience Listen to Interesting Address in High School Hall—His Lordship Spent Four Months with the Soldiers—Stories About Drunkenness and Vice Among the Men are Untrue.



The chair was taken by A. M. Belding who in a few words introduced the speaker of the evening.

At the close of the address a vote of thanks was moved by Rev. H. A. Goodwin and seconded by Mrs. J. B. Vanwart, and the meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Bishop Richardson said he had come back from four months overseas and much of the time he had spent in close touch with the Canadian soldiers. This was one of the most precious experiences of his life for several reasons.

The first was that it had enabled him to get a more intelligent understanding of the war although in the time that he spent at the front it was not possible to get much more than a superficial knowledge of what was going on.

He was glad to have been able to make the trip because it had given him an opportunity to take a message from the land the boys loved, to the boys the land loved, and to note the splendid spirit with which they were doing the job before them. It had also given him a chance to study the life of the boys over there, and he wanted to say in the most emphatic manner that the stories about drunkenness and vice among the men was absolutely untrue. In all the time that he was away he only saw one man in khaki drunk and he had not seen one in the ranks. The same was true of England, he had not seen a civilian drunk.

The stories about vice among the troops also should be discounted about 90 per cent. Sir Arthur Currie had told him that since the war began not one single Canadian soldier had been charged with a crime against a woman and this he considered a record to be proud of and he did not know of any more splendid tribute that could be paid to any army. These stories were to a very large extent German propaganda.

Another reason was the he had been privileged to have for the entire time the company of a man he had come to love, the moderator of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, who measured up to the highest standard as a Christian gentleman.

The speaker then went on to describe some of the things which had appealed to him on the trip. He referred to the men of the mercantile marine and paid a graceful tribute shown by these men who were daily and hourly risking their lives to carry the snows of war from this land to the old and never saying a word about it or striking for more pay.

The men of the navy, and those manning the trawlers, also came in for praise for the splendid way they were carrying on.

The speaker said he got a new idea of the part the women of England were playing in this struggle. They had taken hold of the tasks laid down by the men, and in the munitions factories alone had released 30,000 men for active service on the army, while they made the shells and other munitions of war.

The men of England also deserved praise. It had been said that England was holding back and letting the others do the fighting. This was not so. Of a total enlistment of 7,500,000 sixty per cent. were English and 80 per cent. of the casualties were English.

He made a passing reference to the care of the soldiers and assured his hearers that everything possible was done for their comfort and in this respect he paid a tribute to the work of the Y. M. C. A.

out to care for the men coming back from the front wounded. He had been told while there that the Canadian doctors and nurses were regarded as the best, and all the soldiers wanted to be sent to a Canadian hospital. He was especially struck with the small percentage of deaths from disease and he had been told that the deaths from disease in France were only one half what they had been in barracks in peace time. As an instance of the great curative work performed he was told that 98 per cent. of the men at the base hospitals recovered from their wounds.

The speaker next took his hearers to France and told them something of the destruction wrought by the Hun which he had seen with his own eyes. He gave a few instances of German "Kultur". At Bapaume when the Germans were forced to retire they had placed bombs with time fuses in every house and when he was there not a single building was standing entire, they had also rifled the graves in the cemetery at this place. He had seen another city which once had a population of 25,000 absolutely wiped out, and the Somme was the abomination of desolation. The ruin wrought was enough to make angels weep and men swear.

He had been struck by the care lavished on the cemeteries and many of them were better kept than those at home.

When he visited Vimy Ridge he realized the task which had been accomplished by the Canadians in taking that place.

He described a day spent with Lieut.-Col. F. C. Magee, of St. John who had shown him something of life in a battery and it had been a most interesting day.

The men from Canada had made good in all branches of the service and most of the railroad work was being done by them as it was realized that for speed and efficiency they could not be beaten.

In closing he reminded his audience that it was up to the people at home to back up the boys at the front and the speaker made an eloquent plea for all to make any necessary sacrifice in order that there might be no lack of the needed reinforcements for the men.

## COMMON COUNCIL COMMITTEE MEETING

Department of Public Works Employees Ask for Increase in Wages—Scale of Wages Adopted.

In the absence of Mayor Hayes the chair was taken by Commissioner Bullock at the committee meeting of the council yesterday. Those present were Commissioners McLellan, Bullock, Fisher and Hillyard.

Commissioner Fisher brought up the matter of wages for the men of his department and stated that unless he could increase the wages he would be impossible for him to get men to do the work. He presented a petition from the men on the stone crusher asking for an increase of 50 cents

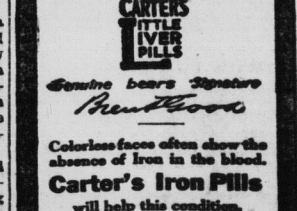


## Nature's Way Is Best

Nature's laxative is bile. If your liver is sending the bile on its way as it should, you'll never be constipated.

Keep the liver tuned right up to its work.

Take one pill regularly (more only if necessary) until your bowels act regularly, freely, naturally.



Colorless faces often show the absence of iron in the blood. Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

## NOTICE

On February 1st we change our method of business and will sell for CASH. All telephone orders must be C. O. D.

Smith's Fish Market  
25 Sydney St. Phone 1704

## CAT'S PAW CUSHION RUBBER HEELS

Why make living so much harder Than a kindly Fate now deals? Make it easy—take it easy—Wear a pair of "Cat's Paw" Heels.



per day and the communication said that unless the request was granted they would quit work.

After some discussion during which Commissioner McLellan said he would support the motion for an increase provided the extra sum was paid out of general revenue now assessed for next year. It was moved that the Commissioner of Public Works be authorized to pay the following scale of wages:

Stone crusher employees, blacksmiths drillmen, \$3.75 a day; ordinary drillmen and engineers, \$3.50; quarrymen, \$3.25, and laborers \$3; street employees, motor truck drivers, asphalt men, and cement finishers, \$3.25 a day.

This passed with the understanding that no curtailment in the work planned would take place because of the increase.

## EARN AND GIVE CAMPAIGN MEETING

Large Gathering of Boys in Y.M.C.A. Last Evening—Interesting Addresses and Thirty Pledges Received.

A large and enthusiastic gathering of boys interested in the Earn and Give campaign was held in the Y. M. C. A. last evening.

A. M. McLeod gave a thrilling account from personal experience of the work of the Red Triangle in France, telling how the Y. M. C. A. was always on hand to help the men and strengthen them both in mind and body when they were returning from the trenches fatigued and almost ready to give up.

A. D. Archibald, provincial director of the campaign, issued a stirring challenge to the boys to do their part to help their older brothers and friends at the front.

F. L. Foshay, one of the territorial men in connection with the Red Triangle campaign, spoke further on the work and the pressing need of money to carry it on.

F. L. Smith and A. M. Gregg also gave stirring addresses.

At the conclusion of the meeting practically all the boys who had not previously pledged themselves to give through this campaign signed up.

Gas and wind in the stomach accompanied by that full, bloated feeling after eating are almost certain evidence of the presence of excessive hydrochloric acid in the stomach, creating so-called "acid indigestion."

Acid stomachs are dangerous because too much acid irritates the delicate lining of the stomach, often leading to gastritis accompanied by serious stomach ulcers. Food ferments and sours, creating the distressing gas which distends the stomach and hampers the normal functions of the vital internal organs, often affecting the heart.

It is the worst of folly to neglect such a serious condition or to treat with ordinary digestive aids which have no neutralizing effect on the stomach acids. Instead get from any druggist a few ounces of Bisurated Magnesia and take a teaspoonful in a quarter glass of water right after eating. This will drive the gas, wind and bloated right out of the body, sweeten the stomach, neutralize the excess acid and prevent its formation and there is no sourness or pain. Bisurated Magnesia (in powder or tablet form—never liquid or milk—is harmless to the stomach, inexpensive to take and the best form of magnesia for stomach purposes. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no more fear of indigestion.

## BUSINESS REMOVALS

REMOVAL NOTICE.  
Removal and Change of Business.

H. L. McGowan has taken over the business formerly H. L. & J. T. McGowan, Ltd., and has removed to 79 Russell street, where he has had large workshops built to carry on house and sign painting in all its branches. Established 1889. Phone Main 697—We have used this same number for thirty years.

F. C. BREEN  
Auto Repair Shop  
FORMERLY AT 22 PEELE STREET  
WILL NOW BE FOUND AT  
15 Sydney St. Phone M. 545.  
Rear of J. E. Wilson, Ltd.

GUY H. HUMPHREY  
Coffee, Tea, Cocoa.  
FORMERLY AT 205 UNION STREET  
WILL NOW BE FOUND AT  
14 King St. Phone M. 1785.

MAGEE & CO.  
J. W. Cameron, Manager.  
TINSMITHS.  
FORMERLY AT 95 PRINCESS STREET  
WILL NOW BE FOUND AT  
137 Princess St. Phone M. 535.

S. GOLDFEATHER,  
Optician,  
FORMERLY AT 625 MAIN STREET  
WILL NOW BE FOUND AT  
146 Mill St. Phone Connection

NOYES MACHINE CO.  
FORMERLY AT 31 NELSON STREET  
WILL NOW BE FOUND AT  
27-33 Paradise Row. Phone M. 3634.  
Building formerly occupied by Maritime Garage.

W. B. WALSH.  
AUTO REPAIR SHOP  
WILL NOW BE FOUND AT  
Cor. Portland and Main St. Phone M. 3577.