

POOR DOCUMENT

NEW UNDERTAKING --:-- ESTABLISHMENT.

TO the Citizens of Fredericton and Surrounding Country:

The Undersigned wishes to inform the Citizens of Fredericton and Surrounding Country that, having secured the services of A FIRST-CLASS MAN AS UNDERTAKER, he is now in a position to fill all orders with which he may be favored.

I HAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

COFFINS --AND-- CASKETS.

OAK, WALNUT, FRENCH BURL AND CLOTH COVERED.

As I Manufacture Caskets and Coffins on the premises, I claim to be in a position to sell the same quality of goods cheaper than can be purchased elsewhere in the city.

Full Stock of Shrouds, Gloves, etc. always on hand

A First-Class Hearse in Connection with the Establishment

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL, WIRE, OR TELEPHONE WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. Special Rates for Country Trade.

W. J. SCARR,

Funeral Director and Undertaker.

No 14 YORK STREET - - - TELEPHONE 53

I would call your attention to the fact that I am prepared to attend to all orders for Cabinet Making and the Repairing of Furniture. All such work called for and delivered anywhere in the City Free of Charge. W.J.S.

ADVERTISE IN THE "Fredericton Globe."

The "Globe" is now the most attractive paper published in the City, and has an ever increasing circulation.

The Advertising Rates are Right and our constant aim will be to give every patron the best of satisfaction.

A. J. MACHUM,
Proprietor.

AGRICULTURE

Notes and Suggestions of Practical Utility

FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND DAIRY.

Gleanings of Interest for Our Country Readers.

CABBAGE A PAYING CROP.

A Suggestion for Growers—Cows That Eat a Great Deal More Profitable Than "Easy Keepers"—Cut Straw and Ground Fruits as Cattle Food.

Experiments made in New Jersey this season, with ordinary late Flat Dutch cabbage, and the use of about 400 pounds of mixed fertilizer per acre, show that by supplying an abundance of plant food, and the use of the best seed, cabbages can be made an important crop. One plot of 250 cabbages now average 12 inches across the heads, some of them being 15 inches. It is plain that such cabbages will bring at least 10 cents each later in the season, and as from 4000 to 5000 can be grown on an acre (according to the distance planted), a large profit should be obtained. It does not pay to grow inferior cabbage.

The land was plowed with a two-horse plow and well harrowed. Early dwarf peas were planted, harvested and the ground again plowed for cabbage, the fertilizer broadcasted, but a small proportion was withheld for use around each plant. The rows were four feet apart, the plants being about three feet apart in the row. They were cultivated once with a one-horse cultivator, and then with a hand-wheel hoe during the remainder of the season. The plants were set out the middle of July, and in the proportion of 3500 plants per acre. A slight sprinkling of fertilizer was applied around each plant for a few days after they stood up. For a while the season was very dry, but not sufficiently so to do much injury, as the location is somewhat damp. The plants were worked after each rain, so as to keep an inch of the top soil always loose. The size of the heads makes the crop three times as large, by weight, as was ever before grown on the land, the secret being the liberal use of fertilizers, good seed, and keeping the soil stirred and loose.

The cabbages will be stored away roots down. The usual custom of burying the heads in New Jersey is that they become sealed up when frost is in the ground, and they then rot when the frost leaves. Last winter (a cold one) the cabbages were placed in a row, roots in the ground and heads out; then another row close to the first, and so on, the whole forming a compact mass of cabbages, which had of cabbages was covered with six inches of salt hay, stalks placed on the hay and a few boards (to shed water) placed on the stalks. When cabbages were wanted the hay was removed, the heads cut from the stalks and the hay replaced. They could be had at any time, and were always green and fresh-looking. Not one rotted, although they were frozen. The hay prevented sudden thawing. When the cabbages were gone the hay was removed, and the stalks produced early greens. By this method the cabbage plant is kept over winter alive, as the sprouting of the stalks in the spring demonstrates. Cabbage growers should try it.

ALL FOR THE FARMER.

The World's Fair Dairy Tests—Green Food and Steamed Grass.

The dairy test at Chicago showed that, while some cows were capable of producing more milk and butter than others, the cost of the product for each cow also differed. The cow that the farmer should have is not the easy keeper, but the one that can eat a large quantity of food and convert it into milk and butter. It matters not how much the cow eats, provided she produces accordingly.

Green food that has been preserved, such as ensilage, differs greatly from that which has been first dried and then steamed. When the water is evaporated from grass there is a rearrangement of the particles, and an amount of water added afterward will restore it to its original condition. The natural juices are solvent that cannot be replaced by any artificial methods. Ensilage contains the juices of the plants at the time of harvesting, and is therefore, more easily digested than corn fodder that has been moistened or steamed.

The man who manages the dairy will sometimes complain of his failure to secure a profit, and ascribe his lack of success to his stock, when he is at fault in lacking knowledge of his business. Years ago in following old methods are sometimes wasted. It is the man who is not afraid to learn, and who does not know it all who succeeds.

The manure from a horse or cow, according to experiments made at Cornell University, is estimated at about eight cents per day, or \$29.20 per year. In estimating the receipts from each animal the value of the manure should be included, and it may change a supposed loss into a profit, as the manure is as valuable as the crops.

A point not to be overlooked in the World's Fair Dairy Test, was that a large number of cows were rejected as lacking in constitutional vigor. They were cap-

able of producing more than the average amount of butter, but could not stand the test of feeding at the Fair, owing to close inbreeding and the hot-house condition under which they had been kept.

Try irrigating a small plot next year, by way of experiment. The windmill will supply the water. It will at least teach something, and may even lead to a revolution, especially in the cultivation of small fruits and vegetables.

The sources of fertilizers are inexhaustible. A few years ago the suggestion that a valuable fertilizer would be obtained from rain would have been received with doubt, but basic slag, one of the richest substances in phosphoric acid is now derived from the iron furnaces.

Home-made manure is more valuable than any other because it contains a greater variety of substances than commercial fertilizers, but its quality depends upon the materials of which it is composed, and their preservation in the heap. No two loads of manure are alike, and unless it is of the best quality the manure may not pay for the cost of hauling to the fields.

HONORED BY HER MAJESTY.

New Titles for Sir John Thompson and Christopher Robinson.

OTTAWA, Nov. 27.—The Right Honorable will hereafter be part of the Canadian Premier, Sir John Thompson's title. He has been created an Imperial Privy Councillor for his valuable services in Paris in the Behring Sea arbitration.

Sir Christopher Robinson will hereafter be the proper title for the well-known and popular Toronto Queen's counsel, who was associated with Sir Richard Webster and Sir Charles Russell in the case. The latter gentlemen have been honored with the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.

Christopher Robinson, K. C. M. G., Q. C., is the third son of the late Sir John Beverley Robinson, for a long time Chief Justice of Upper Canada, and subsequently Chief Justice of the Court of Error and Appeal, and looked upon as the most prominent jurist in Canada. Christopher was born in Toronto about sixty years ago, and was educated at the Upper Canada and King's colleges, graduating with honors from the latter in 1850, when he was called to the bar. He has been for a considerable period editor-in-chief of the Ontario law reports, and is looked upon as a leading man at the bar, and one of the first men in his vocation in Canada. The rapid strides he made in his profession soon earned for him an appointment as Queen's Counsel, and he has since been engaged in some of the most important trials in the history of the country, among the more interesting being the one in which Whelan was tried for the murder of Thomas D'Arcy McGee at Ottawa.

In this case Mr. Robinson acted for the Crown and conducted the final steps of the prosecution, his speech on the occasion having created a sensation among the profession as well as the public. He also acted for the defence in the famous suit of the Queen vs. Wilkinson, and introduced the application to the court to have the late Hon. George Brown committed to gaol for contempt of court for his attack on Judge Adam Wilson. He was also sent to England as one of the leading counsel, when the boundary case was argued before the Privy Council. In appearance, Mr. Robinson is anything but imposing, in fact, he assumes a weakness of manner well calculated to lead a stranger into the belief that he would make but a poor fight. While prosecuting he shows that he possesses to an eminent degree a judicial rather than a partisan mind, and in his large experience of crown cases his fairness to prisoners has been long established, although he has the reputation of pressing where he finds evidence of guilt, and gives nothing away to which the Crown is entitled.

In a recent case in which he took part, the opposing counsel paid him a homely compliment by remarking, "My learned friend's logical conclusions have long been recognized, and I must admit his mill grinds exceedingly sure." He puts a sheep in at one end, and out comes a boiled leg of mutton and a roll of parchment. For the past eighteen years he has been a partner of Henry O'Brien. In politics he is a strong Conservative, and in religion an active member of the Church of England. He is looked upon as a good man and a grand lawyer, one in whom the people have the fullest confidence, and one who could not be influenced in any way in the performance of his duty.

One Honest Man.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down, men who suffer from the effects of over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, do not despair, do not give up!

There is Hope, there is a Cure. I have a remedy that never fails. So confident am I that it will cure even the worst cases, that you need not pay until you are cured. If I do not cure you you will not owe me anything. This surely is fair and honest. Correspondence strictly confidential. Write to-day. Everything sent sealed and secure from exposure. Address, naming this paper: GEO. I. HUDSON, 175 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Michigan.

Are You Deaf?

Or do you suffer from noises in the head. When send your address and I will send a valuable treatise containing full particulars for home cure which cost comparatively nothing. A splendid work on deafness and the ear. Address: PROF. G. CHASE, Orilla, Ont.—181.

CLOSER THAN A BROTHER.

His Spouse Kept an Eye on Alexander Nebuchadnezzar Thompson.

The cable car was going at full speed. It is the manner of this sort of vehicle that it does not gain acceleration gradually after starting, but goes on the jump at the end of the first dozen feet.

At this critical moment a young colored man dashed across the street and swung himself upon the grip car. Just at the same instant a shriek was heard and a comely woman of African descent and robust physique made a sprint after the traction train. Though the latter was by this time going about seventy miles an hour she made a grab at the rail on the last platform, and became a passenger by sheer force of muscle and athletic dexterity.

It did not take her half a minute to make her way forward to the grip car and take the seat beside the young colored man, who was most astonished to see her. Said he:

What you gwine? Gwine whar you gwine, she replied loftily and with an air of assumed indifference.

Whar's dat? Wid you. Whuffo? Just 'cause. Cause why? Cause I feel like it.

Well, I don't want you follerin' me. Alexander Nebuchadnezzar Thompson, I'm gwine to keep my eye on you.

I ain't gwine to have it, be protested. You git right offen dis car, now I tell you.

Pooh! responded the young woman contemptuously.

You hear what I say? Yeppe. Aint you gwine to mind? Not if dis lady knows herself. You gotter.

I won't. The young man looked disgusted. After spending a minute or two in reflection an idea struck him, and he said triumphantly:

You kin pay my fare.

I won't do it. Alexander Nebuchadnezzar, you're a low-down man. If I knowed you 'fore I married you as I do now you'd have had ter git some other lady for a wife.

Stop yer foolishness and git off de car, he replied angrily.

I ain't gwine to.

Then you'll git put off.

Just then the conductor came forward to take up the fares on the grip car. The colored man refused to pay for the woman, who addressed an eloquent appeal to the knight of the bell punch.

This yere is my husband, she said. I've got a p'ction dat he's got a meetin' on hand wif another woman. He got on de car to git rid of me, and I foller'd to keep an eye on him. I s'pose you're a gam-man and you wouldn't chuck a lady off.

The conductor had a heart, as was evident when he replied:

Stay on. I'll pay your fare myself.

This happy turn of events caused the young woman to giggle comely. The man, on the other, expressed his disgust with vague and semi-articulate muttering. All of this had happened while the car was going three blocks.

Just as the cable train was traveling at its most rapid gait between two corners the recalcitrant husband jumped to his feet without warning and leaped off the car. Evidently he supposed that his wife would not dare to imitate his manoeuvre but he reckoned without his host. With a flying bound she sprang off and after him. In twenty seconds she had caught him and grabbed him by the arm.

Now you full nigger! she exclaimed. Just come straight home wid me.

I'm a'comin' rejoined the man sulkily, evidently recognizing the situation as hopeless from his point of view, and the two walked away arm in arm.—Washington Star.

Stomach Ache.

We all know what it is; we acquired a perfect knowledge of the 'Pet' in our youth, after a raid on things we were expressly forbidden to touch. Our mother gave us Perry Davis' Pain-Killer then, and, strange to say, no other remedy has been discovered to this day to equal it. Old popular price, 25c. for Big New Bottle.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Pur-gative Medi-cine. They are a Blood-Building, Tonic and Re-con-structive, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to en-rich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from Poor and War-mut Blood, or from Vicious Humors in the Blood, and also invigorate and Build up the Blood and System, when broken down by over-work, mental worry, disease, excesses and indis-cussions. They have a Specific Action on the Sexual System of both men and women, restoring Lost Vigor and correcting all INDEBILITIES and WEAKNESSES.

Who finds his mental and physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

EVERY MAN should take these PILLS. They cure all sexual and irregularities, which inevitably result in sickness when neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the various youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take these PILLS. They cure all menstrual troubles, and will prevent conception of disease.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by enclosing this DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS, BROOKLYN, N.Y.

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE

DAVIS' QUININE, IRON AND WINE.

Price 50 Cts. and \$1 per Bottle.

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YOUR CHILD . . .

IS UNACCOUNTABLY LOSING FLESH REFUSING TO TAKE ITS FOOD LITTLE AND DEBILITATED

WHY DON'T YOU TRY

THE EMULSION?

IT WILL HELP WONDERFULLY