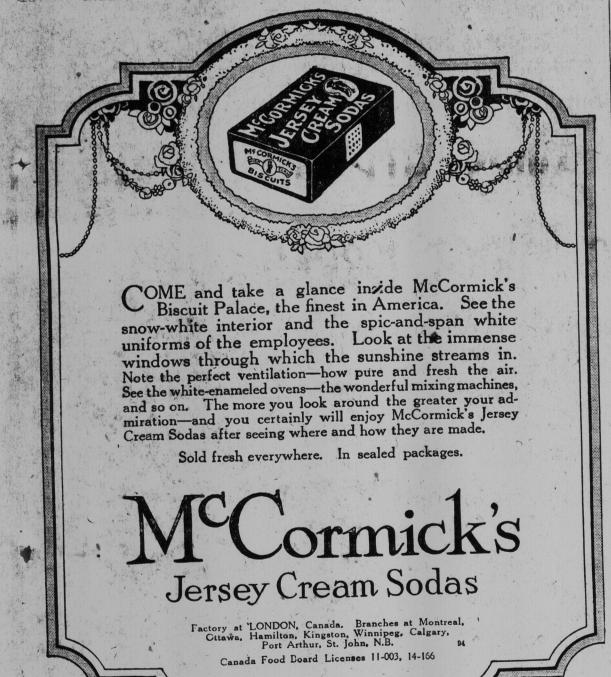
POOR DOCUMENT

in the United States has been loaned to the allies. We hear a lot about sacri-fices that the people of Germany are making. I don't believe them; they are given publicity for a purpose. Every single activity every form of human activity in Germany for the past forty years has been the result of forty years' training in the art of war skill and to-day's business in Germany is done on the basis of war skill. I don't look for a revolution in Germany. The only











were turning out where turning out planes a day.

"We had a fuss in the United States recently about airplanes," he proceeded.

"But we have got it straightened out and are doing business on a big scale. It was rather significant that this airplane scandal in the United States was introduced in the middle of the third Liberty Loan campaign. I am not going to make any prophecies here, but I am curious to know what Mr. Justice Hughes is going to say in his report of this matter.

Hughes is going to say in his report of this matter.

"The Allies are supreme in the air," continued the speaker, "and they are going to hold it. By next spring there will be so many airplanes in the sky over Germany that the Germans will think there is a total eclipse of the sun." (Prolonged cheering.)

Mr. Gardiner stated that before the war the total world output of sulphuric ether was 2,000 tons. While in London the commission of which he was a member was privileged to visit a plant which had sprung into existence since the outbreak of the war that last year alone manufactured 35,000 tons of sulphuric ether. Out of the 18,000 employes in the plant 12,000 were women, who work ten hours a day and receive a remuneration of thirty-five shillings a week. These women were under the care of the British government, which demanded efficiency. In one shipyard they went through of the 11,000 employes 3,500 were women, performing duties of all kinds. These were a few illustrations of what women were doing toward the winning of the war while the manpower combated the atrocious Hun.

Treatment of Enemy Prisoners.

Referring to the basis of economy practised in London by the rich as well





T a time like this—when economy is preached and practiced to the fullest extent—it is particularly important for the housewife to know how best to make old things look "new." Your furniture may be made to "look its best" by frequent cleaning and polishing. Use for this purpose O-Cedar Polish. It will make your furniture look its best; each polished surface will become a mirror to reflect the sunlight.

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Use it as directed on the bottle There is only one correct way to use O-Cedar—you must follow directions in order to have true economy in your polishing. This is the O-Cedar way: A wet cloth—a few drops of O-Cedar on it—a light rubbing—a brisk polish with a dry cloth—this gives you the remarkable "O-Cedar Result." Every finger mark—every trace of that bluish film—will quickly vanish. O-Cedar gives a surface that cleams like glass—a surface so hard it will not require further attention for weeks.

To have floors clean and brightly polished, you need an O-Cedar Polish Mop—and on your mop always use O-Cedar Polish. On your linoleums too, O-Cedar is the only correct polish. Keeps them from cracking—keeps them fresh and clean. O-Cedar Polish Mop, two shapes—price\$1.50.

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"CLEANS AS IT POLISHES"

