

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET
Quotations furnished by private wire of
J. M. Robinson & Sons, St. John, N.B.
Friday, Nov. 19.

| | Previous Closing | Opening | High | Low |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| N. Y. Air Brakes | 148 | 148 | 148 | 148 |
| Am. Car & Ferry | 82 1/2 | 82 1/2 | 82 1/2 | 82 1/2 |
| Am. Locomotive | 69 1/2 | 69 1/2 | 69 1/2 | 69 1/2 |
| Am. Beet Sugar | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 |
| Studebaker | 168 | 168 | 168 | 168 |
| Am. Sugar | 117 | 117 1/2 | 117 1/2 | 117 1/2 |
| Am. Steel Firms | 62 1/2 | 62 1/2 | 62 1/2 | 62 1/2 |
| Am. Smelters | 97 1/2 | 97 1/2 | 97 1/2 | 97 1/2 |
| Am. Tel. & Tele. | 128 1/2 | 128 1/2 | 128 1/2 | 128 1/2 |
| Am. Cotton Oil | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 |
| Am. Soda Mining | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 |
| Atch. To & S. Fe. | 107 1/2 | 107 1/2 | 107 1/2 | 107 1/2 |
| B. R. T. | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 |
| Balt. & Ohio | 94 1/2 | 94 1/2 | 94 1/2 | 94 1/2 |
| C. P. R. | 185 1/2 | 185 1/2 | 185 1/2 | 185 1/2 |
| Bethlehem Steel | 46 1/2 | 46 1/2 | 46 1/2 | 46 1/2 |
| Distillers Securities | 40 1/2 | 40 1/2 | 40 1/2 | 40 1/2 |
| Erie 1st pfd | 40 1/2 | 40 1/2 | 40 1/2 | 40 1/2 |
| Erie 2nd pfd | 32 1/2 | 32 1/2 | 32 1/2 | 32 1/2 |
| General Electric | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 |
| Gr. North pfd | 127 1/2 | 127 1/2 | 127 1/2 | 127 1/2 |
| Hide & Leather pfd | 52 1/2 | 52 1/2 | 52 1/2 | 52 1/2 |
| Inspiration | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Lehigh Valley | 83 1/2 | 83 1/2 | 83 1/2 | 83 1/2 |
| Missouri Pacific | 75 1/2 | 75 1/2 | 75 1/2 | 75 1/2 |
| National Lead | 65 1/2 | 65 1/2 | 65 1/2 | 65 1/2 |
| Nevada | 16 1/2 | 16 1/2 | 16 1/2 | 16 1/2 |
| N. Y. Central | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 |
| North Pacific | 116 1/2 | 116 1/2 | 116 1/2 | 116 1/2 |
| Pennsylvania | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| Pressed Steel Car. | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 | 68 1/2 |
| Reading | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 |
| Rep. Ir. and Steel | 31 1/2 | 31 1/2 | 31 1/2 | 31 1/2 |
| Rock Island Old | 19 1/2 | 19 1/2 | 19 1/2 | 19 1/2 |
| Soo Railway | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 |
| South Pacific | 102 1/2 | 102 1/2 | 102 1/2 | 102 1/2 |
| St. Paul | 95 1/2 | 95 1/2 | 95 1/2 | 95 1/2 |
| Sloss Sheffield | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 | 88 1/2 |
| Southern Ry. | 24 1/2 | 24 1/2 | 24 1/2 | 24 1/2 |
| Union Pacific | 141 1/2 | 141 1/2 | 141 1/2 | 141 1/2 |
| U. S. Steel | 84 1/2 | 84 1/2 | 84 1/2 | 84 1/2 |
| U. S. Steel pfd | 87 1/2 | 87 1/2 | 87 1/2 | 87 1/2 |
| Utah Copper | 75 1/2 | 75 1/2 | 75 1/2 | 75 1/2 |
| Yr. Caro Chem | 47 1/2 | 47 1/2 | 47 1/2 | 47 1/2 |
| West Electric | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| Western Union | 92 1/2 | 92 1/2 | 92 1/2 | 92 1/2 |
| Mrs. Petroleum | 92 1/2 | 92 1/2 | 92 1/2 | 92 1/2 |
| United Fruit | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Sales to 11 o'clock 209,701 shares. | | | | |

NEW CORDUROY VELVETRENS

At M. R. A's

Customers who have been waiting for these materials will be interested to know that there has just been received in the silk department new corduroy velvetrems in black, white, navy, Copenhagen, green and brown.

CAPTURED BY WOMEN

Women speakers will take charge of the Socialist meeting next Sunday night. Girls and women of St. John this is the chance you've been looking for. Route yourselves and learn something of a great world wide movement. Socialist Hall at 54 Union street.

Wait Till I Tell You!

Phone 938-11 Main 77-21

PARKINSON'S Cash Stores

Cheapest and Best Stores, North End

NOTE OUR PRICES—TEST THE QUALITY OF OUR GOODS

- Finest Granulated Sugar, 15 1/2 lbs. \$1.00
Best Pure Lard.....15c. per lb.
20 lb. Pails.....\$2.50
Orange Pekoe Tea.....Only 25c. per lb.
Pure Ground Coffee.....35c. per lb.
New Buckwheat.....15c. lb. 6 for 25c.
Onions.....3c. lb. 12 lb. for 25c.
Raspberries and Strawberry Jam, 9c.
Corn, Peas, String Beans, 3c. 3 for 25c.
Red Cross Beans.....12c. per can
Peanuts.....12c. per can
Vanilla and Lemon Extract, 9c.
Lard Sugar, 9c. lb.....3 for 25c.
Cornflakes, 9c. 3 for 25c.
Prunes, 10c.....3 for 25c.
Peaches, 10c.....3 for 25c.
Butter—Choice Dairy.....30c. per lb.
Good Cooking Butter.....25c. per lb.
Finest Cheese.....15c. per lb.
Good Fresh Eggs.....34c. per dozen
Clark's Beans, 13c.....2 for 25c.
Catsup, 5c.....6 for 25c.
Surprise Soap, Fairy Lifebuoy, 5c.

- Apples.....20c. and 25c. peck
Choice Manitoba Flour, 95 lb. bag, \$3.20
(Equal to Half Barrel)
New Currants.....15c.
New Raisins.....15c.
Lemon Peel.....15c.
Orange Peel.....15c.
X Peel.....20c. per lb.
Other Goods Equally Cheap

ASEPTO

Both Cleans and Sterilizes

A better cleanser than soap—harmless alike to fabrics and hands

ASEPTO

Soap Powder is a germicide as well as a superior washing compound. Everything washed with ASEPTO is thoroughly disinfected. The ASEPTO powder is the only one that requires a laundry soap—and gives you a better result.

Manufactured by The Aspto Mfg. Co. St. John, N.B.



CHOICE MODELS IN Women's Footwear

WHEN A WOMAN puts her foot into a pair of our handsome Fall Shoes a look of pleasure and satisfaction beams in her face at once.

Our Women's Shoes are particularly well made, are particularly well shaped, are particularly well styled and they are

Particularly Well Liked

Any woman can please herself with shoes at this store. We've the best productions of the world's best makers of women's shoes.

Any particular right thing that any woman wants in shoes for any purpose, can always be found here.

Dress Boots, Street Boots, and Stormy Day Boots. The best dull or bright leathers. Button or Lace styles in all the new toes and heels.

The Military Boots, the Gaiter Boots, the Gypsy Boots, the Handsome Cloth Top Boots, etc. Every variation of size and width for perfect fitting.

We desire today to call special attention to the splendid and unusual values we offer in Women's

Shoes at \$2.85, \$3.35, \$3.85 and \$4.35

WIEZEL'S CASH STORES

243 - 247 Union St.

GREAT GIFT TO YALE

Will Receive Nearly \$1,000,000 by Will of Justus S. Hotchkiss

New Haven, Conn. Nov. 19.—Approximately a million dollars is to go to Yale under the will of Justus S. Hotchkiss of this city, filed for probate here. The will disposes of an estate appraised at about \$8,000,000. Mr. Hotchkiss was a retired lumber dealer.

Of the estate, \$700,000 goes to relatives.

His friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

ves and friends. Several public institutions receive gifts, and when all are paid Yale is to have the remainder, creating a fund the income from which is to go equally to the academic law and theological departments.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day."

"Yes, and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

GERMANY IS NOT NEAR STARVATION

But is Reduced to Status Of Besieged Fortress

SEMI-OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Shortage of Fodder, But Enough Food to Last a Year—Government Will See Food is Uniformly Distributed

London, Nov. 19.—Replying to reports of "famine" in Germany a semi official denial is published in the Frankfurter Zeitung. The newspaper admits that Germany has been reduced to the status of a besieged fortress, but says that successful steps are being taken to defeat the enemy's policy of starvation.

"The hope of starving Germany will be futile in the future," the newspaper says, "as it has proved in the past. Naturally we lack the importations of peace times, especially in regard to fodder. Therefore we are short. But we have enough food, because the distribution is successfully economized, is avoiding waste, and is utilizing many things hitherto neglected. Just because we have learned to do all this, we are in respect to the vital necessities actually much better off this second year than we were the first of the war. First of all we have bread because this time the harvest, and the supply of breadstuffs have been assured for a year. A little while ago we were able to increase the bread allowance by two ounces. We have great sugar surplus, which we are not exporting as we used to do. We have cattle and meat in quantities which the opinions of many statisticians are even too large. Germany went into the war with a cattle stock of a million head. Only Russia had more in Europe. Our herd of 25,850,000 pigs is more than that of any other country. Nor is this significant stock of 47,000,000 animals from which meat was to be obtained the only sole reserve of food on which if conditions become grave we could draw.

9,000,000 Pigs Slaughtered

"As is well known in the case of the pigs at the beginning of this year in the mistaken belief that our potato supply seemed dangerously short, we slaughtered 9,000,000 swine, stored the meat in

HAD SALT RHEUM ON HANDS.

Could Not Do Her Work.

Eczema or salt rheum is one of the most common of all skin diseases. It may centre itself on any part of the body, but there are certain places where it most usually begins, such as the hands of the elbow, the backs of the knees, the grooves behind the ears, the scalp, on the palms of the hands, between the fingers, or on the soles of the feet.

It is, as a rule, not dangerous, but is very irritating and annoying to the sufferer on account of the terrible itching and burning sensation it causes.

It is impossible to eradicate this trouble from the system by external applications, as it is caused by the blood being in an impure state. What you need is a good blood cleansing medicine such as Burdock Blood Bitters. A medicine that will drive out all the foulness from the blood and make it pure and rich.

Mrs. Adelaide Theriault, Theriault, N.B., writes: "Some time ago I was troubled with salt rheum on my hands, and it was so bad I could not do my work. I tried several medicines, but they all failed to help me. One day a friend told me to try Burdock Blood Bitters, so I got a bottle, and before I had taken it my hands were better. I am not afraid to recommend B.B.B. to anyone."

B.B.B. has been on the market for the past twenty years and is manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

refrigerators and converted it into tinned provisions. In the meantime the totally unexpected happened. The declaration of our pig stock was almost fully made up by the natural increase of our cattle stock, which was somewhat reduced by slaughter, but not dangerously so.

"That is the state of affairs. Many things have grown scarce but we can and shall hold out. All the measures of the government, all the discussions and confusions in regard to the food supply are occasioned only by anxiety to ensure that the food which is actually in the country should be uniformly and justly distributed.

"The Hamburger Fremdenblatt says: 'To speak of a famine is not correct. Such a condition could be said to exist only if the employment of fats in the proportions hitherto available were impossible. It should be an easy matter for the present time to reduce the daily consumption of fats per head of the population in an important proportion without being a deterrent to health. This is necessary. Economy in fats can be greatly facilitated by the substitution of artificial honey, syrup and beet juice for butter in the preparation of puddings and vegetables and with nut oils replacing cheese with fruit. Soup in the usual form should be entirely dispensed with.'

NAPOLEON AND THE KAISER

(Canadian Courier)

Every day resemblance between Emperor Napoleon and the Kaiser grows stronger. In 1810 France stretched from the confines of Naples to the Baltic, Holland and Hanseatic towns having been the latest additions. It was possible to travel from Lubek to Rome without passing outside the boundaries of Napoleon's domain.

Shortly it may be possible to travel from Hamburg to Constantinople without passing outside the area controlled by the Kaiser's soldiers. Austria is virtually a vassal kingdom of the Prussian and Bulgaria will shortly be dominated by the same impudent power.

Another comparison lies in the inevitable end of this attempt at world-conquest. Napoleon's final defeat was inevitable from his first campaign and so is the Kaiser's. Napoleon attempted the impossible and so did the Kaiser. Napoleon's Russian expedition of 1812 has been much discussed in comparison with the Kaiser's Russian campaign of 1914. It is said to be seen whether the results will be the same, but at present it seems likely. The campaign in Bulgaria has its counterpart in Saxony in 1813. Napoleon's great victory at Dresden in August of that year only postponed the great defeat at Leipzig in October. The Kaiser may occupy Nish and join hands with the Turks, but his Leipzig will come sooner or later.

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

Between Napoleon's last victory at Dresden in August, 1813, and the occupation of Paris in March, 1814, there was only a period of five months. The downfall of the Kaiser may be less swift but it is equally certain. Will it be Elba or St. Helena?

</