tance 5 miles. This point is low, and has a ridge of rocks lying off from it to the S. W. for about $\frac{2}{3}$ of a mile, on which the sea breaks in bad weather. This is the only danger in St. Mary's Bay, that will take a ship up.

From Pointe La Haye to the south point of the entrance into St. Mary's Harbour, (called Double Road Point,) the course is N. E. distance 11 mile: the tand between these points is low and barren.

The entrance into St. Mary's Harbour is formed by Double Road Point and North East Point: they lie N. E. and S. W. of each other, about 1 mile distant. In sailing into the harbour of St. Mary's, you must give Ellis's Point (which is a low point on the south side, about } a mile within Double Road Point) a small birth, there being a sunken rock lying off it. Vessels generally anchor on the south shore, just within this point, in 4 or 5 fathoms water, on a flat, which runs off from the beach, on which the fishing-stages and houses stand. The best anchorage in this harbour is about 2 miles up, in 9 fathoms water, good ground: here you will lie handy for wooding and watering. In turning in or out of this harbour, you must stand close to the north shore; but on the south shore, near a mile within Ellis's Point, lies a ledge of rocks, near a cable's length from the shore; and about 12 mile farther up, on the same side, from off a stony beach, lies a shoal, about one cable's length off, which continues at that distance from the shore about 1 mile farther up the bay, where it terminates.

Mali Bay lies to the westward of North East Point, and is about 1 mile broad, and better than 2 miles deep. There is no good anchorage? in this bay, being open to the sea, and generally a heavy swell setting into it. Vessels may occasionally anchor near the head, in 5 or 6 fathoms water, good ground.

From Cape English to the south west point of Great Colinet Island, the course is N. 13° W. distance 3 leagues. This island is of a moderate height, about 1 league long, and 1 mile broad. On either side of this island is a safe passage up the bay, taking care to give Shoal Bay Point a birth of $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile, there being several sunken rocks lying off this point.

Shoal Bay Point lies $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile distant off the east side of Great Colinet Island. On the north side of Great Colinet Island is a stony beach, from off which lies a bank for about $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile, on which is from 7 to 17 fathoms water, rocky bottom.

Little Colinet Island lies $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Great Colinet Island; is above 1 mile long, and $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile broad.