From the Debate.

WASHINGTON, D.U., May 10 -Mr. Hoar's resolution for a stenographer to take official reports of the debate on the fisheries treaty raported in secret executive session today as slightly amended by Senator Tellar, day as slightly amended by Senator Tellar, and it is probable the debate will be published from day to day in the Record. The question of giving publicity to the reports of the Foreign Relations committee, adverse to and in support of the treaty, was then disand in support of the transfer was removed from both. The majority report, after an extended review of the objections after an extended review of page objections urged and criticisms of the method of negotiation, summarizes the objections as fol-

1. The United States recognize as British I. The Course Council I coordings as Diffish tarritory and renounce forever all claim of territory and right in all the great bays along the British North American coasts named in the treaty, and admit that all such bays form a part and are within British Territorial sovereignty and jurisdiction.

2. Of the few of such great pays that are left to be visited by American fishermen, the larger part are understood to be valueless, and some of them are subject to French fishand some of their chan our own, if they are

3. If bay fishing is not profitable now it ritish baye. may be in the future.

4. Whether profitable or not, the United States ought not to give up, upon any consideration whatever, the right of its vessels of every character to visit and carry on business in any part of the public seas.

5. The treaty surrenders the claim and right of the United States, which has been acted upon and exercised for now more than acted upon and exercised for now more than a century, of its vessels engaged in fishing or other occupations, to visit and to carry on their business in these great bays, and the principle of which claim and right has once been tolemnly decided against Great Britain by a tribunal organized under a treaty with that Government,

6. The new area of delimitation described in the treaty greatly increases the danger of our fishermen unintentionally invading prohibited waters, and thereby exposing them

elves to scizures and penalties.
7. The treaty, by its fifth article, renounces any right of the United States in any bay, ste, however large, that cannot be reached from the sea without passing within the three marine miles mentioned in article 1 of the convention of October 20, 1818, thus excluding vessels of the United States from all waters, however extensive, and the distance between whose headlands, however great, the sailing channel to which may happen to be within three miles of the shores.

6. The treaty is a complete surrender of

any claim of a right now existing, either under the treaty of 1783, the treaty of 1818, the acts of Congress and the British orders-incouncil of 1830, or the twenty-ninth aratole of the treaty of 1871, for vessels of the United States engaged in fishing anywhere on the high scas and even having a commercial character also to enter any port of British North America for any commercial purpose what-ever, and puts in the face of these clear rights, which in respect of British fishing vessels exist in the United States to the fullest extent, greatly restricted and condiional rights as arising solely from a present

grant of Great Britain. 9. It binds the United States to be con-tat with whatever is given by this treaty as he full measure of its right, and to be content with it for ever, or until greater hospitality and freedom of intercourse can be obtained by further concessions of consideration

10. In the face of all this it leaves British forth American fishing vessels possessed of il commercial rights in all the ports and

raters of the United States.
11. Whatever privileges of commerce cr lity of humanity thus provided for in he treaty are to be obtained only upon cosdition that no fishing vessel of the United States shall receive any of them unless such fitting vessel shall, under regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United Sistes, he branded with an official number on each bow, and that suon regulations shall, before they become effectual, be communicated to Her Majesty's Government.

12 It provides that general, and even then much limited commercial rights and rights of transhipment, as mentioned in article 13, shall be obtained only at the price of exempting all Canadian fishery product from our customs duties.

13. Its provision concerning the executive and judicial treatment of American vessels and lishermen that may be seized and arrested for supposed illegal conduct are, to make the most of them, nothing other and proba-bly something less than a statement of what the laws and conduct of any administration of every government professing to be civilized should adopt and exercise as an act of

duty and justice.
14. Instead of diminishing sources of irritation and sources of difficulty, different interpretations and disputes, it will, the committe thinks, very largely increase them. Various other suggestions adverse to the wiedom of ratifying this treaty might easily be made, but the committee does not think it no seary to go into them. The majority report concludes as follows :- The committee cannot but hope that, if these ill-advised negotiations, which, as is known to all the world, cannot properly commit the United States in any degree till they shall have received the constitutional assent of the Sonat, shell fail to meet the approval of this body Her Majesty's Government will take measures to secure justice and fair treatment in her North American Dominion to American vessels and American citizens in all respects and under all circumstances and that that Government will see the justice and propriety of according to American vessels engaged in the business of fishing all the commercial rights and facilities in her North American ports that are so freely and cheerfully accorded to her own in the ports of the United States, and that thus the friendship and good feeling which cught to exist between neighboring nations may be finally established and secured. The majority resent the President's action in declining to submit all the correspondence incidental to the negotiations to the treaty. The assumption that a portion of such correspondence could be entrusted exclusively to the discretion and control of the Executive and properly withheld from the Senate is believed to be contrary to the es-sential nature of the constitutional relations. between the President and the Senate and in violation of the continuous practice from the

loundation of the Government. The report of the minority opens with a statement that the objections of the majority tree based on the claim: 1, That, the treaty was negotiated by persons not duly empowered to conclude a treaty. 2, That on its merits the treaty is not expedient and should not be ratified. The minority claim that in sometime to the Senate as sometime to the Senate as streaty and referring it to a committee, the consumption in any of its stages, than Dr. Willow, Senate has already waived any informality. If the treaty as a subject of consideration. The minority them proceed to the consideration. The minority them proceed to the consideration. The minority them proceed to the consideration and experience and experience, and in the present form can be become the first proposation from the state of the proceed to the consideration. The minority them proceed to the consideration of the objections arged against the free on application. The report of the minority opens with a statement that the objections of the majority

treaty and claim that there is no just ground for its rejection or dissatisfaction with its provisions. It is claimed that in view of the grave emergency presented by this old and harassing controversy, objections of a purely formal and technical character should not be pressed. The minority claim that the interest of the entire country, and especially of the class engaged in the North Atlantic fisheries, justify and demand the ratification of the treaty. The minority report then proceeds with a review of the historical developments of the fishery dispute. It is claimed, that it is better to resort to a treaty arrangement for the re-gulation of our fisheries rights than to depend simply upon the law of nations: The treaty under consideration will, it is believed, lead to a full and amicable adjustment of all the troubles which have arisen and is far in advance of anything that has heretofore been demanded of the British Government. Measures of retaliation, non-intercourse and other forms of hostility are deprecated and it is claimed that in the negotiation of the treaty the President has only performed a plain duty, and has transferred to the Senate the grave responsibility which he has properly discharged. The protocol the treaty or modus vivendi is de-fended as an honorable and friendly overture of the British Government, which should be allowed to develope by actual experience, the influence of the treaty on our fisheries and commerce. The report reviews the provisions of the treaty in detail and defends every position, claiming that nothing is yielded that is of any value to our fishermen, that precedents have been carefully followed, that Great Britain has yielded her headland theory and

ierce's The Original OUN BITOTS PILLS.

made other important concessions, and that

the treaty presents the only practical and ex-

pedient solution of the long rending difficul-

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Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically scaled. Always fresh and reliable. As a laxative, alterntive, or purgative, these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

Billous Headache,
Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion,
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derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently
cured by the use of Br.
Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.
In explanation of the remedial power of these
Pellets over so great a vritety of diseases, it
may truthfully be said that their action upon
the system is universal, not a gland or tissue
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SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasai passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a lensation of dizziness, with mental depressich a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting hi?f of the above symptoms, result in construption, and end in the grave. No disease is 20 common, more deceptive and angerous, or less understood by physicians.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza, and Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza, and Catarrhal Headache.

Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents.

"Untold Agony from Catarrh." Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of thaca, N. Y., writee: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold a vny from chronic massi catarrh. My famil'v physician gave me up as incurable, and said i must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so boarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage'; Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a wellman, and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting." "Constantly Hawking and Spitting."
THOMAS J. RUSHING, ESQ., 2903 Pine Street,
St. Leuts, Mo., writes: "I was a great sufferer
from catarrh for three years. At times I could
hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking
and spitting, and for the last eight months
could not breathe through the nostrils. I
thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sago's Catarrh
Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe
it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now
manufactured, and one has only to give it a
fair trial to experience astounding results, and
a permanent cure."

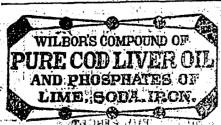
Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.

Eli Robbins, Rungan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa., says: "My daughter had catally when slic was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent ourc. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

FINE BUGGIES,



Phaetons, Village and Road Carts, Gladstones, Jump Seat Surries, &c. NICE! GOOD! CHEAP!



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\$1.00 PER TICKET.

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drawing ä in The Post of the week of the 19 St. James TICKETS r Tickets appears i severy week, except S. E. Lefebyre, No. 1 3 for for to S. Order Witne his form of k, and Thus money addre Street **1**8 ADDRESS.

NOTES FROM IRELAND. DAVITT CONDEMNS COUNTY GGVERNMENT-HAR-COURT ON THE PAPAL DECREE—BE-BISTING EVICTION.

LONDON, May 11.—Michael Davitt, in a speech here last night, said that to secure county government for Ireland before obtaining Home Rule would be a fatal blunder. He feared that if the Parnellites continued to ask for the extension of ounty government for Ireland, the Ministry would adopt Lord Randolph Churchill's advice and take them at their

vord. Sir William Veroon Harcourt epoke at Groydon. Referring to the Papal reserior, he said that, with all respect to the Pope, he would remind his audience that the Court of Rome had not been successful in its dealings with temporal politics. It had, in fact, been distinguished for having allied itself with the

worst forms of oppressive government.
An exciting struggle took place at Cormack, near Thurles, Ireland, yesterday, between a force of emergency policemen and tenants, whom they sought to evict. The police used a battering ram in effecting entrances to the houses. The tenants threw boiling water at toem, and assaulted them with sticks and

stones.

The Times says that the annual election of the executive of the Cook branch of the National League brought the Fenian element into greater prominence than ever.

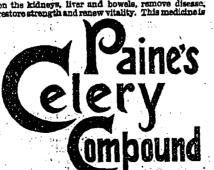
DILLON SENTENCED TO SIX MONTHS.

DUBLIN, May 11.—The trial of John Dillon, charged under the Crimes act with inciting tenants not to pay rent, was concluded to-day at 'fullyvalen. Mr. Dillon was convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment without the distance of the property of hard labour. Mr. Dillon took an appeal after his sentence, and the hearing was fixed for June

Point of observation-The needle point of th .o:: pass.

> For The Nervous The Debilitated The Aged.

Medical and scientific skill has at last solved the problem of the long neaded medicine for the next yous, debilitated, and the aged, by combining the best nerve tonics, Ceiery and Coca, with other effective remedies, which, acting gently but efficiently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, remove disease, restore strength and renew vitality. This medicine is



The British of the many the

CANADA, PROVINCE OF QUEBEO,
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. No. 379.

and District of Montreal, wife of Edmond François Bourdon, of the same place, furrier, judicially authorized à ester en justice, Plaintiff Edmond François Bourdon, of the same place, furrier, Defendant.
An action for separation de corps has, this day,

Dame Eugénie de Combe Porcheron, of the City

been instituted as above set furth.
Montreal, 12th / pril, 1888.
ADAM & DUHAMEL, :7-5 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

CANADA, ROVIN & OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, SUPERIOR COURT, No. 550. Dam: Elmire Let-urneau, of Montreal, has this day instituted an action "en sevaration de beens" sgainst her husband, bimeon Circer dit St. Michel of the same place Montreal, 24th Pedruary, 1888.

GIROUARD, DE LORIMIER & DE LORIMIER, 365 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

CANADA, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, SUPERIOR COURT, Montreal, No. 637. Dame Rosina Indermuble, of Montreal, has this day instituted an action "en sepa.stion de biens" against her husband,
Heuri Eggers, of the same place.
Montreal, 71st March 1888.
GIROUARD, DE LORIMIER & DE LORIMIER.
265 Attorneys for Flaintin

ANADA, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, SUPERIOR COURT, No. 509. Dame Julie Bousquet, of the City
and District of Montresi, wife of Hector Dubois. of the
same place, Restaurant Keeper, duly authorized to
ester en justice, Plaintiff, vs. the said Hector Dubois,
Detendant. An action for separation as to property
has been instituted in this cause on the twenty-third
day of February, 1888.
Montreal, 5th April, 1888.
BUHAMEL, RAINVILLE & MARCEAU.
36 5
Attorneys for Pinintiff.

Y TEALTH FOR ALL HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

This Great Household Medicine Rank

Amongst the Loading Nocossa-ries of Life. These Famous Pills Purify the BLOOD, and

most powerfully, yet soothingly, on the LIVER STOMACH KIDNEYS&BOWELS Giving tone, energy and vigor to these great MAIN SPRINGS OF LIFE. They are confidently recommended as a never-failing remedy in cases where the constitution, from what ever cause, has become impaired or weakened. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to Escape of all comes and ailments.

incidental to Females of all ages, and, o Gen. eral Family Medicine, are unsurpasse HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Its Searching and Healing Properties are Known Throughout the World,

FOR THE OURE OF Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds

Bad Legs, Had Breasts, Old Wounds
Sores and Ulcers!
It is an infallible remedy. If effectually rubbed on the Neck and Chest, as salt into meat, it Oures Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and even Asthms. For Glandular Swellings Abscesses, Files, Fistulas, Gout, Rheumatism and every kind of Skin Disease, it has never been kown to fail
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Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly, and the Grand Quartery Drawings regularly overy three months (Barch, June, September and December).

"We do hereby rity that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-timiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."



We the undersigned Banks and Bonkers will pay all Prizes drain in The Louistana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters. R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiona Nat'l Bk. PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State National Bank. A. BALDWIN, . res. New Orleans Nat'l Bank

GRAND QUARTERLY DRAWING In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, June 12, 1888.

CABL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank,

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000.

100 Prizes of \$500 approximating to \$300,000 Prize are. 50,000 Prize are. 500,000 Prize are. 500,000 Prize are. 500,000 Prize are. 5100,000 Prize are. 550,000 Prize are. 500,000 Prize are. 20,000 Prize are. 20,000 1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided ny...\$300,000

3,138 Prizes amounting to.....\$1,055,000 For Club Rates, or any further information, apply to the undersigned. Your bandwriting must be distinct and Signature plain. More rapid return mail colivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address.

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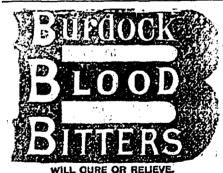
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NAUNDICE. OF THE HEAR) ACPOITY OF ERYSIPELAS, THE STOMACH SALT RHEUM, DRYNESS HEARTBURN, HEADACHE. OF THE SKIN,

And every species of discases arising from picordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD. ZUEDEUN CO., Prometore, Toronto

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OLDEST CARD HOUSE in U. S. 100 Scrap Pio-prices, 200 Styles Cards 4cts. Clinton with sample and S4-13 Clinton Helds.

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BREAKFAST By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws

Sores and Ulcers!

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Its, 22s. and 38s. each, and by a medicine vendor; throughout the civilized world; its which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and even Astams. For Glandular Swellings which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and even Astams. For Glandular Swellings are used to the fine properties of Conversion dea Infidèles." LOUIS RICARD. For the Petitioners.

Session, to obtain an Act incorporating which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of Cure of the Roll of Obtain and Act incorporating which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful applications of the fine properties of Obtain and Act incorporating which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of Cure of the Roll of Obtain and Act incorporating which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of Cure of the Roll of Obtain and Act incorporating and Act incorporating and Act incorporating which govern the deal of the Roll of Conversion dea Infidèles." L'Ouvre des Ames du Purgetoure et de la Conversion dea Infidèles." L'Ouvre des Ames du Purgetoure et de la Conversion deal Infidèles." L'Ouvre des Ames du Purgetoure et de la Conversion deal Infidèles." L'Ouvre des Ames du Purgetoure et de la Conversion deal Infidèles." L'Ouvre des Ames du Purgetoure et de la Conversion deal Infidèles." L'Ouvre des Ames du Purgetoure l'ouvre l'unité professe des ames du Purgetoure l'ouvre l'unité par le profess

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Vessels.	Tonnage.	Comen and the
Acadian	931	Commanders,
Assyrian	9.070	Capt. F. McGrath.
Anstrian		" John Bentey.
Austrian	2,408	_
Buenos Ayrea	44,005	" James Scott.
Canadian	2,906	" John Kerr.
Carthaginian	4,214	" A. Macnicol.
[Caspian	2.728	" Alex.McDougs
Ulrcassian	3.724	Lt. R. Barret, R.N.
l Corean	3.488	Capt. C. J. Menzies.
Grecian	3 619	" C. E. LeGalla
Hibernian	2.997	" John Brown.
Lucerne	. 1 99%	" Nunan.
Manitoban	2 975	" Dunlop.
Dionte Videa	n3.500	" W. S. Main.
i ivestoman	2 680	" John Francis
Newfoundian	d 919	O OUG T PANCE
Norwegian	3.523	O. O. DIVIINA
Nova Scotian	3 805	Te Carrieners
Parisian	5 250	
Peruvian	2 000	Lt. W. H. Smith, RN
Phœnician	0.405	Capt. J. G. Stephen
Polynesian	9 000	11
Pomeranian	4.003	" Hugh Wylie.
Pomeranian.	4,304	" W. Dalziel.
Prussian	8,030	James Ambur
Rosarian	3,500	" D. McKillon.
Sardinian	4,376	" J. Ritchie.
Darmatian	3.647	W. Richardson
i ocandinavian	3.068	" John Park.
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Farmatian. May 16 May 17
Parisian. 22 22 24
Eardinian. June 6 June 7
Earmatian. 24
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| Parisian | Sept | Sep Rates of passage by steamors of Liverpool Hall Line (according to accommodation), 14 Nov. 8 15 15 Rates of passage by steamors of Liverpool Hall Line (according to accommodation), \$60, \$70 and \$80, \$800rage, \$20. Nov. B

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LIVERPOOL EXTRA LINE.

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Steamships. From Montreal. Brom Quebec. Circassian. May 10 May 11 Polynesian. June 14 11 June 1 Projection. June 14 11 June 1 Polynesian. June 14 11 June 1 Circassian. June 14 11 June 1 Circassian. June 14 12 June 1 Polynesian. June 15 June 16 June 17 June

Glasgow and Boston Service.-From Boston on or hornician....Juno in These stoamers do not carry parsongers on voyage to

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H. & A. ALLAN, 80 State street Boston, and 25 Common street, Montreal.

NOTICE IS HEREB GIVEN that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, at its next Session, to obtain an Act incorporating "L'Œuvre des Ames du Purgutoire et de la Conversion des lufidèles." LOUIS RICARD,