## Canada Temperance Advocate.

Temperance is the moderate use of things beneficial, and abstinence from things hurtful.

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## PROGRESS OF INTEMPERANCE.

How often is a child exposed to temptation. He sees the bottles on the side-board or on the table. And though he may not be allowed to drink, yet it is like denying him any thing else that he like denying him any thing else that he supposes must be very good,—he becomes the more anxious to taste because it is forbidden. He thinks there is something very much like being a man in drinking and smoking. And if he dare not do it at home, he will find companions enough to help him on. He begins, perhaps, by learning to smoke segars. He thinks this is a very manly accomplishment; and though it makes him deadly sick, he will go to some secret place and make the trial, until he is able to bear the taste of the tobacco, and the effects of the smoke. tobacco, and the effects of the smoke. If his parents do not discover this, he If his parents do not discover this, he enusiders it a great victory, and becumes bold enough for the next step. The segar gives him an unusual thirst. He thinks then of the bottle, and watches an opportunity to steal a taste from the side-board, or to drink the dregs of the tumblers at the dinnertable. These secret habits will bring him into the commany of the worst hove him into the company of the worst boys in the school or neighbourhood. They are, perhaps, older than himself. They take him to public resorts, such as gar-



dens where refreshments are sold, and hippor among the rest. He meets them in the evening to stroll about the street. Their conversation is mixed with indecency and profamity. They lead him into oy-ter-cellars, and call for heer or brindy. They stop at the doors of the circus or theatre, they see just enough of the brilliant appearance of the house, and hest enough of the music and applicate, to excite their currosity to go in. They are afraid to renture. But by degrees they become bold; and by saving their money, or using some false excites, they easily get enough to pay for their admittance. dens where refreshments are sold, and enough to pay for their admittance

using some lares excise, row easily general to pay for their admittance.

By this time, perhaps, the parents begin to suspect that their son is going wrong. He is away from home, and they know not where he has gone. His own account of himself is unsatisfactory; but the father says it will not do to be too-strat with boys, and that he is too young to get into had company. The mother is not so easy, but is alraid to seem suspicious, and amout believe that her son is any thing worth that her son is any thing worth that her son is any thing worth that the son is any thing worth that her boy comes home quite drunk, or has been brought back by some friend of the family who has found him in a quarrel. some friend of the ta found him in a quarrel.

## TWO BOTTLES OF OLD IRISH WHISKEY.

exert his utmost energy to banish the fell destroyer divided among all. alcohol from the walks of social life?

## THE WATCH HOUSE.

A small tenement, No. 32, M---- street, was the home—the happy home of three families. Unlike most houses inhabited by more than one family, this was quiet, clean, and respectable. The first floor was occupied by Patrick Callaghan, a shoemaker; the front room as his shop, the back serving him, his wife, and their troop of children, for kitchen, sitting room, and bed chamber. The second floor was tenanted in front by a cartman, called Farrell, a married man, but without children; the back room by a merry, light-hearted labourer, Dennis Doyle, his wife, and their infant, little short, the first.

or any adventitions ties, were united in the firmest, only by her frequent attempts to cheer on the mother

The following thrilling narrative, "a tale of real life," into one common stock; the joys to swell the general we copy from the Illinois Temperance Herald, where mass of the happiness of their common home; their it is published under the head of "Prison Sketches, No. sorrows, they scarce deserved the name, so much was 3." Who can read such a narrative and not resolve to the burden of grief lightened to each, when so equally

Thus they had lived together for near two years when, sometime last winter. I was called to prescribe for Doyle's little boy. The spectacle presented by these three united families, living in peace and love, was delightful. At first, I had some difficulty in ascertaining to which couple the little sufferer belonged, so equal was the interest evinced by all. The shoemaker almost ceased work lest little Phelim, "the darlint," should be disturbed by the noise of his shoe-hammer. Lis wife scarce allowed her children to enter the house during the day, fearful that their racket might break Phelim's sleep. Farrel came home from his work ten times a day to ask how the baby was, and each time " must and would take one look at the sweet face of Phelim, the finest, prettiest, best natured, smartest-in him, just to see, with his own eyes, if the life wasn't more in him." As for his wife, her whole time, care, These three families, though unconnected by blood and thought, were devoted to the "baby," and 'twas friendship. Their joys and sorrows were all thrown that a stranger would have guessed he was not her own.