TANA BA

TEMPERANCE ADVOCATE.

DEVOTED TO

TEMPERANCE, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS, &c.

VOL. XIV.

MONTREAL, APRIL 1, 1848.

No. 7.

CONTENTS. Railway Travelling .- Plans for averting fires 101 Canada 102 New Brunswick-England 105 ACELTANEOUS. 106 The Temperance Sun 107 AND STALL Committee on Intemperance..... Ladies' Temperance Society 108 Agent's Report for March 109 Notice to Correspondents 110 Reportion.—The Source and Fountain of Disease 4 Miculture.—Scientific Agriculture. 111 Time.-Monies Received.-Prices Current....... 111, 112

STEPS TO RUIN.

BY MRS. JANE C. CAMPBELL.

James Boynton was the first born of his parents, and a ad and happy mother was Mrs. Boynton, when her friends shered around her to look at her pretty babe. Carefully he tended, and all his infantile winning ways were secured as so many proofs of his powers of endearment.

in wisdom has the Almighty hidden the deep secrets of whity from mortal ken. When the mother first folds her minty from mortal ken. mint to her heart, could she look through the long vista of isks, and see the suffering, the sin, the shame, which may the portion of her child, would she not ask God in mercy take the infant to himself? Would she not unrepiningly, y, thankfully, bear all the agony of seeing her little one, the straightened limbs, and folded hands, and shrouded carried from her hosom to its baby grave? and of all the thousands who are steeped in wickedness d'erime, but a mother's heart has gladdened when the teye first looked into hers, and the soft cheek first nest-tion her own. And—still more awful thought!—not one Il these Pariahs of society but has an immortal soul, to which, the Son of God left his glory, and agonised whithe cross!

James grew up a warm-hearted boy, and among his young apanions he was a universal favourite. "Jim Boynton is good-natured to refuse doing anything we ask," said Granger one day to a schoolfellow who feared that would not join a party of rather doubtful character, was forming for what they called a frolic. And this the truth. Here lay the secret of Boynton's weakness was too good natured: for this very desirable and truly able quality, unless united with firmness of character, is productive of evil. But we pass over his boyish life, look at him in early manhood.

He has a fine figure, with a handsome, intelligent counteand his manners have received their tone and polish the free intercourse in refined circles. He passed his

indecision of character, hesitated in choosing a profession. At this time, an uncle, who resided at the south, was about retiring from mercantile life, and he proposed a wish that Steps to Ruin. 97 retiring from mercantile me, and a property of the Mr. Kellogg, the Temperance Lecturer. 98 James should enter with him as a junior partner, while he Sermon on Temperance. 99 would remain for a year or two to give his nephew the would remain for a year or two to give his nephew the benefit of his experience. The business was a lucrative one, and the proposal was accepted.

James left his home at the north, and went to try his fortunes amid new scenes and new temptations. His uncle received him warmly, for the old man had no children of his own, and James was his good child. His uncle's position in society, and his own frank and gentlemanly demeanour, won him ready access to the hospitality of southern friends, and it was not long before he fell in love with a pretty orphan girl, whom he frequently met at the house of a common acquaintance. That the girl was portionless, was no demerit in his uncle's eyes. Not all his treasures, and they were large, had choked the avenues to the old man's heart, and the young people were made happy by his approval of

After a visit to his friends in the north, James returned with his bride; and in a modern house, furnished with luxury, the happy pair began their wedded life. And now, who so blest as Boynton? Three years pass away, and two children make their home still brighter. Does no one see the cloud, "not bigger than a man's hand," upon the verge of the moral horizon?

Boynton's dislike to saying "no," when asked to join a few male friends at dinner, or on a party of pleasure; his very good nature, which made him so desirable a companion, were the means of leading him in the steps to ruin.

"Come, Boynton, another glass."

"Excuse me, my dear fellow, I have really taken too much already."

"Nonsense! it is the parting glass, you must take it." And Boynton, wanting in firmness of character, yielded to the voice of the tempter. Need we say, that, with indulgence, the love for the poison was strengthened?

For a while the unfortunate man strove to keep up appear-He was never seen during the day in a state of intoxication; and from a doze on the sofa in the evening, or a heavy lethargic sleep at night, he could awake to converse with his friends, or attend at his counting room, without his secret habit being at all suspected.

But who that willingly dallies with temptation can foretell the end? Who can "lay the flattering unction to his soul," that in a downward path he can stop when he pleases, and unharmed retrace his steps? Like the moth, circling nearer and still nearer to the flame, until the insect falls with scorched wing a victim to its own temerity, so will the pinions of the soul be left scathed and drooping.

Soon Boynton began to neglect his business, and he was secretly pointed out as a man of intemperate habits. At last he was shunned, shaken off by the very men who had led him astray. Who were most guilty? Let Heaven judge.

Here let us pause, and ask, why is it that so many look upon a fellow-being verging to the brink of ruin, without te examination with credit to himself; but, from sheer speaking one persuasive word, or doing one kindly act, to