## MAN, THE WORKER.

## By Rev. Dif. Harvex, St. John's, N. F.

'luere are various forms of human iudustry, and an infinite variety of employments in our busy world; and under the term "work" I would include them all. Whatever man accomplishes in grappling with facts and realities, and moulding then to some genuine purpose, whether it be done by hand or brain, by power of thought or strength of musele, by tongue, or pen, or arm, all may rightly be named " work." He is a worker who handles spade, or axe or trowel-who plies the loom or the fishing line; but he, 100 , is no less truly a worker who, in his countiug-house, guides the wheels of commerce, or, at his desk, shapes the thought that will enlighten or gladuen the soul and mould the destinies of uuborn gencrations.

The beneficent Creator has opened a thousand paths for human indusiry; but the noblest and most instructive lesson for our life's guidance is this-that every one of us has got work to do ; that this is H hard-working world in which there are to be no idlers; and that labour is the ordinance of Heaven. Just as you see it sometimes written over the entrance of some huge factory, as a warning to idlers and loungers, " no admittauce here except on business," so, over the world, a similar placard is posted, with heavy penalties attached, in case of transgression. Nature permits none of her children to be drones; she will not tolerate the indoleut; and her stern, though kiud voice, to each and all is, "go work,-under penalties be not idle; the night cometh when no mau can work."

By the very constitution of his uature, man is clearly a born worker in this world. Why has he been endowed with the strong arm, the inventive brain, the courageous heart? Why has he been placed, by the great Creator, in the midst of seemingly untriendly elements, in a world that fiows thorns and thistles, and is full of dark, taugled forests, and dismal swamps and roaring cataracts, where the ocean billows rise and threaten to overwhelm him, and the storms of winter howl, rad the very soil is cursed with barrenness? Is it not that he, "lord of the lion heart and cagle cye" may, by his strong arm and stout heart, subdue these elemeuts before him-may smite down the stubborn forest and convert it into a harvest field waving with the golden grain-that he may drain the pestilential marsh and change it into the greeu flower-clad meadow, ou which the sportive lamb may skip-tha: he may bid the stately eity rise where the tiger's jungle meets the eyeand that he may launch the strong-knit barque, and riding upon the whirlwind and defying the storm, may bind together contincuts and islands, and. bridging over the restless, roaring sea, may make it a highway for the uations of the earth? Such is man's allotted task; such his own constitution and that of the material universe; and, being thus fitted for work, in that, and not in idleness, can he ever find hap-

