## THE COURTER



Wednesday, October 21, 1914

#### THE SITUATION.

In tremendous numbers the Kaiser's troops hurled themselves repeatedly at the far-flung lines of the Allies, but without any result. French, British and Belgians alike repelled the blows with notable pluck, and even at points took the aggressive. They are well entrenched, and the German losses must have been enormous. Not very much longer can this kind of thing be kept up in such desperate style. It is the best of the German forces thus far brought into action, and pretty soon it will be the case of using younger and older material. Meanwhile it is in reality a veritable tug-of-war, with neither side thus far having much, if anything, of the pull. The Russians at this juncture do not seem to be making much headway, while the French are fighting with a vim and dash worthy of the

Napoleonic period. easily become the first nation in ex-This is the anniversary of Trafalgar porting to these countries." Day, when the British navy under Nelson smashed the combined French istic in regard to the commercial fuand Spanish fleets. Now the anomaly ture of Canada. The war, he said is presented of French and British would have practically no effect upon fighting shoulder to shoulder together the industrial output of the Dominion in greatest amity against a common within the next few weeks, as the imenemy. Of a truth history makes mense orders which will be received strange bed-fellows. from the allies will keep many indus-

#### THE PRECEDENT OF 1870

Mr. Lloyd-George, in his speech at the Queen's Hall, London, recently, brought out one point in the case against Germany. He said:

This was not the only country to defend Belgium and her integrity. Russia, France, Austria, and also Germany-they are all there. Why did the last two not perform the obligathe last two not perform the obliga-tion? It is suggested that when you Hearst who prints "yellow" newsquote this treaty, it is purely an excuse papers across the border, and who on our part. It is our low craft and hates everything British. cunning, just to cloak our jealousy of attemting to destroy.

Our answer is the action we took in 1870. What was that? Mr. Glad-stone was then Prime Minister. Lord Granville, I think, was then Foreign doing the wheels of industry will be Secretary. I have never heard it alleged to their charge that they were ever Jingo. What did they do in 1870? We called upon the belligerent powers to respect that treaty. We ever Jingo. What did they do in 1870? We called upon the belligerent powers to respect that treaty. We called upon France, we called upon Germany. At that time, bear in mind, Germany. At that time, bear in mind, Germany to Relgium came calling in the assistance of the busithe greatest danger to Belgium came calling in the assistance of the busifrom France and not from Germany. ness men, would only end in good re-We intervened to protect Belguim against France exactly in the same way. We invited both the belligerent powers to state that they had no intention of violating Belgian neutrality. What was the answer given by Bismarck? He said it was superfluous to ask Prussia such a question in view of the treaties in force." France gave a similar answer.

In same, would only end in good results must be sults. Most of the men out of work are citizens of some community, and it is the bounden duty of the powers to see that means are found to give employment to those who are in want of it.

Here's Good News.

(Kingston Whig.)

A financial man in Kingston said

a similar answer. We received the thanks at that time of the Belgian people for our intervention in a very remarkable document. This is in a very remarkable document. This is in a document addressed by the municipality of Brussels to Queen Victoria after that intervention:

"again selling municipal securities," said he, "and that is always a promising sign."

after that intervention: "The great and noble people over whose destinies you preside have just given a further proof of its benevolent given a further proof of its benevolent sentiments towards this country. The voice of the English nation has been heard above the din of arms. It has asserted the principles of justice and right. Next to the unalterable attachment of the Belgian people to their independence, the strongest sentiment which fills their hearts is that of an imperishable gratitude to the people of Great Britain."

That was in 1870. Mark what follows. Three or four days after that

That was in 1870. Mark what follows. Three or four days after that document of thanks the French army was wedged up against the Belgian frontier. Every means of escape shut up by a ring of flame from Prussian cannon. There was one way of escape. What was that? By violating the neutrality of Belgium. What did they do? The French on that occasion preferred ruin, humiliation, to the breaking of their bond.

The French Emperor, French marshals, 100,000 gallant Frenchmen in arms preferred to be carried captive.

arms preferred to be carried captive to the strange land of their enemy rather than dishonor the name of their defeat. Had they violated Belgian neutrality the whole history of that war would have been changed. And yet it was the interest of France to break the treaty. She did not do it.

It is the interest of Prussia to break
the treaty, and she has done it. Well,

why? She avowed it with cynical con-tempt for every principle of justice. She says treaties only bind you when it is to your interest to keep them.
"What is a treaty?" says the German
Chancellor; "A scrap of paper."

## CANADIAN ORDERS.

That the present war will mean the spending of millions of dollars in Canada by the Allies in purchasing Amid the sad and heartrending tales that come from the warring countries, occasionally runs a gleam of humor. The following prayer was offered at a Methodist praper meeting in a certain city in Wales:

Dear Lord, we understand that the Kaiser is praying for Thine help, with like earnestness that we impart to our supplications; but to avoid complications, will it please Thee to remain neutral while we finish up the Germans.

E. W. S. supplies was stated by Hon. Robert Rogers, who passed through Toronto last night en route to Winnipeg, where he will superintend the purchasing of three million bushels of oats and 40,000 tons of hay, which will be used by the Canadian expeditionary force, and will be shipped to England immediately.

We have received word from the French and Russian Governments that

TO REGAIN HEALTH CLEANSE THE BLOOD

shirts, which will easily total \$7,000,-

000. These, Hon. Mr. Rogers said,

were only the first orders to be re-

expected within a few days.

ceived, and that even larger ones are

"There will also be many large or

ders to be expected in the immediate

future from France and Russia beside

Great Britain," said Hon. Mr. Rogers

"Those that we have received are

only the vanguard. I think that you

will see there will be many millions

of dollars spent by the allies in pur-

chasing Canadian goods before the

war is over. The Government is do-

ing everything in its power to turn

every order possible to the Canadian

nanufacturers, and we have been re-

markably successful. Canadian goods

will get such a showing in the markets

of France and Russia that it should

Hon. Mr. Rogers was very optim-

tries running at full speed to fill them

Press Comment

No Relations at All.

(Calgary Herald.)

W. H. Hearst, Ontario's new Pre

Our Best Service.

(The St. John Globe.)

The best service the Canadian can

A financial man in Kingston said

A Good Suggestion.

(The Kingston Standard.) Sweden has decided to incorporate

"The crew went in two life-boats which the submarine quickly towed five hundred yards from the Glitera. Three Germans remained aboard for a sew minutes, searched the ship thoroughly and rapidly, and one of them evidently opened the bottom valves, because the rear of the ship began to sink. Then in a short time the Glitera disappeared quietly beneath the waves.

Glitera disappeared quietly beneath the waves.

"We in the lifeboats were ordered to row to the shore. When
we reached the Norwegian Sea
territory we met a small pilot
boat which towed us until a Norwegian torpedo boat took us on
board. We were landed at Skudesnes. The Glitera was not insured."

TO AVOID COMPLICATIONS."

The New York Times:

Port Chester, N.Y., Oct. 8, 1914.

Amid the sad and heartrending tales

To the Editor of

"Already we have received orders from France for 15,000 saddles and from Russia for 20,000. Great Britain has already ordered 10,000, while Canada will also purchase another 10,000. Besides this orders have also been placed for about 6,000 sets of harness. The total monetary value of these orders will be almost \$4,000,000." When your blood is impure, weak, thin and debilitated, you cannot pos-sibly enjoy good health. Your system becomes receptive of any or all diseases, and germs are likely to lodge in some part of the body.

Put your blood in good condition, and do so at once.

Hood's Sarsaparilla acts directly Hon. Mr. Rogers stated that he beieved the coming year would be an exceptionally busy one for the Canalian manufacturers, and that the vari-

and peculiarly on the blood—it puri-fles, enriches, and revitalizes it and builds up the whole system. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not a cure-all. It is the best blood medicine on ous industries would be running at op speed before many weeks had bassed. He said that the British Gov-

supplies possible in Canada, and that already orders had been placed for various articles, such as blankets and shirts, which will easily total \$7,000.

(Continued from Page 1) Armentieres, and the other sou erly to Fournes, through a country which enclosed and thickly populated

The French reports contents itself with the assertion that these roads are held by strong forces of Germans, while the Berlin communication claims a viclin communication claims a vic-tory on them. The operations along these roads may also mere-ly be a reconnaissance movement, checked by the Germans, but all reports agree that the German resistance at Lille continues to be of the most stubborn nature.

Only the most meagre reports arrive from the eastern war area, but it is clear that the Russians are at least holding their own. Both sides are evidently entrenching, and the Vistula River region tle of the Aisne.

The allies console themselves for the Russian withdrawal from Western Galicia and the advanced positions near the Russian Polish border, by the belief that the Germans having committed themselves to an invasion of Russian Poliand, will not be as likely to send reinforcements to the armies in the west as would have ies in the west as would have been the case if the Russians had suffered a great reverse nearer

Outside of the purely minitary operations, interest centers in the Russian Emperor's ukase against vodka, and the efforts being made to care for the Belgians still in their own country, and to feed and repatriate those who have taken refuge in other countries. Berlin states that no oustaries will be placed in the way of this necessary work, but at the same

will be placed in the way of this necessary work, but at the same time claims that Germany has done all possible, in view of minitary exigencies, to relieve the distress in Belgium.

The Emperor's ukase is said to have been issued in response to a widespread demand of his people who have been astonished by the effect on the country of the proeffect on the country of the pro-hibition of the use of vodka, which followed mobilization.

Patriotic Britons to-day are making a mecca of Lord Nelson's monument, decorated in honor of the anhiversary of the victory of Trafalgar. From an early hour, enormous crowds surged about Trafalgar Square and nearby streets. A strange reversal of history is the number of floral tributes placed on the monument to the French navy.

# MEASURES FOR

(Continued from Page 1)

in certain eventualities to provide food for rural population between the Maas and the French frontier. However, the Belgian Govern-ment observed that the duty of feeding the people was Germany's This observation likewise was made by France and Great Britmade by France and Great Britain, who, moreover, opposed the
carrying out of our plan. In their
opinions the neutrality of the
Netherlands would be placed in
the balance in view of the fact
that Germany, while evading its
duty to support the population,
would have at its disposition increased facilities for feeding its
army.

"In these circumstances her majesty's government has to desist from carrying out the plan."

The German legation in giving out the above correspondence,

"These documents prove that the German military administra-tion has since the outbreak of the war borne in mind the need of taking every precaution against an eventual state of destitution of the Belgian people. It may be that these measures have not met with the success expected of them in the interests of the Belgian people. The cause of this, how-ever, can be clearly deducted. It is clear that the German military administration is not to blame."

LONDON, Oct. 21-10.10 a.m-The Bordeaux correspondent of The Star sends the fellowing: "On Tuesday day the Germans made another great effort to burst the narrowing circle of steel that is hemming them in. They tried vainly at no fewer than six points to discover a weak spot on the allied front, the main effort being made at La Bassee."

Continued from Page One nts which reached them by way

Meanwhile, coincident with this operation, and with it, forming an integral part of the whole manicure, to pierce the incomplete junction between General Von Kluck's force and that of the German army, which marched south from Antwerp, determined thrusts are being delivered by the Franco-British troops in the general direction of Lille, held by a strong German force, and the strategic key to an important German line of communication in West Flanders.

from time to time of strong forces from other sections of the line, are influenced to a great extent by the successful operation of the network of railways and the condition of the lines under control. In this regard the Germans are not likely to be as well served as are the allies, for, while the territory behind the allied front in the north has for the most part not north has for the mest part not been contested, that behind the German lines, in all probability, has been destroyed with most of the bridges and culverts.

# SURPRISE WAS

(Continued from Page 1) six miles southwest of Ostend. He says that cannon has now been placed near Ostend and adds that most of the German wounded had been removed from Bruges,

The Daily Mail's Rotterdam correspondent, under date of Tues correspondent, under date of Tues day night, says that according to a German message a fierce battle is still raging between Furnes and Dunkirk. He continues:

"On the march on Dunkirk the Germans met a large and unexpected body of troops which attacked them horse, foot and artillery, while the British warships co-operated with the land forces. The Germans are reported as falling back in confusion on Ostend and troops from all over the west of Belgium, have been hurried to

Nieuport.

"The Germans have received the greatest surprise of the war. A despatch from Ghent says that the result of this fighting has caused anxiety among the German officers, one of whom, a German general, committed suicide. Festivities announced to celegrate German successes, were suddenly cancelled yesterday."

## Look at Child's Tongue if Sick

ious Give "California , Syrup of Figs"

need a gentle, thorough cleansing at 17,000 men respectively.

the genuine, ask to see that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with while the French army was made up

## LANGFORD

[From Our Own Correspondent]

Rev Mr Plylie preached on Sunday morning and gave a splendid sermon.

Miss Ellen Laing, Toronto, returned to her home last week after spending some time with Mrs Arthur Ram-

Charles Burnham, aged 65, trember of a very old family in the counties of Northumberland and Durham, was found dead in bed.

# RECALLS PROPHECY

d, but would be set on fire, the monk said, after which the French people would rise up and annihilate their foes. The end of the war would see the disintegration of the Germanic Empire, the banishment of the Em-peror Wilhelm, who would be the last of the Hohenzollerns to sit upon the throne of Germany, and the establishment of a peace to which practically all the nations of Europe would be

The Senator declared that recently he read in a French newspaper published in Paris that the German people were exceedingly superstitious regarding the Hermann prophecy, and that even the Emperor, though ready for war at that time, feared to court a realization of the monk's prophetic

The monk said that the second struggle between France and Germany would occur forty-three years after the first war.

## **HUGE MODERN ARMIES**

Wellington's and Napoleon's Forces
Dwarfed Into Insignificance

General Kuropatkin, who was in supreme command of the Russian forces at Mukden, had at his disposal 400,000 men and 1,500 guns. Japanese force, which was divided into four armies, amounted to 301,000 men. At the beginning of the engagement each side extended along front of nearly fifty miles. The battle lasted for nearly three weeks Cross, Feverish after which the Russians finally with drew with an estimated loss of no When Constipated or Bil-

In the battle of Liao-Yang, fough in September, 1904, the estimated strength of the Russians amounted Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels wounded amounted to 12,000 and

need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "Califronia Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a 50 cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Com-

of 71,000 of all ranks.

## HELIGOLAND

say.

. Mr and Mrs John K. Vanderlip of Brantford, were Sunday guests of H. M. Vanderlip on Sunday.

Mrs Watson, her mother, Mrs. A. Cornwell, and Master Harry Watson spent Sunday at Alberton.

Mr. Elmore Near spent Sunday out of town Mr Harlatt Hamilton was calling at Mr John Hunter's on Monday.

Mr and Mrs Gordon Duncan, city, spent Sunday evening at Mr and Mrs Gordon Duncan, city, spent Sunday evening at Mr and Mrs H. M. Vanderlip,

Several are pressing hay to ship.

Mr and Mrs H. D. Cornwell spent over Sunday at Scotland.

Mrs Ed Langs is on the sick list army and navy which are hers to-day at present.

# UNADAN SHATOR

Senator David, city clerk of Mon-freal, recalled in conversation with a reporter, a remarkable prophecy made in 1640 by a German monk named Hermann, which German as well as French papers have repeatedly pub-lished since the Franco-Prussian war

of 1870-71.

When he was interested in a French Alsace and Lorraine were lost to France, the Senator published the prophecy in his paper. In short it was that France and Germany would meet in a tremendous strubgle early in the seventies (the prophecy was made in 1649). The monk further prophesied that France would be deated, and that Paris would be sieged. The war would also mark the birth of a united Germany, and this as events showed, proved to be exact-

In the subsequent course of his prophecy, the monk Hermann, after having reviewed political and economical conditions in Europe, declared that France and Germany would again meet in a terrific struggle, in which many of the other nations of Europe would participate. It was prophesied would participate. It was prophesied that hundreds of thousands of liver would be lost, and that France would be devastated by the war.

Paris would not again be bombard-

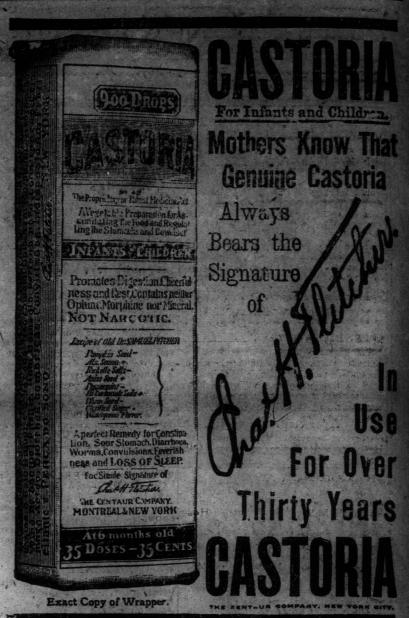
The collosal armies being used in the European struggle constitute easily a world's record. In no previous battle have more than 1,000,000 men met in combat, the battle of Mukden, in the Russo-Japanese War, hitherto the greatest battle of modern times, seeming small in comparison with the fighters in the "Kaiser's

of all ranks.

The state of the Red Cross nurses' fund.

It is unfortunate, however, that she was given Heligoland as she has en deavored throughout the twenty-four years since it came into her posses sion, to strengthen and improve her defences.

France's largest Dreadnought was successively launched at Bordeaux.



# 

the signature of

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LOCA

LL LECTURE

WEDNESDAY, OCTOB

YDRO LIGHTS BROK

WAR RELIEF FUND.

SPLENDID ADDRESS.

tional costumes of the co-der notice. The address review of Germany, France Holland, and needless to

THE LADIES' EFFORT. TIMULUS TO RELIGIO

APPOINTED DELEGATE executive of the Brantfo School Association was he ministerial room of the Y. n, which meets in Lond ek. Plans for fall and onths were discussed. The ends holding another me diately after the Londor on to complete their plan

Y. M. ANNUAL. The annual meeting of the A. will take place on Tues 27th, when the election of of the programme for the co ness. It will be reme annual meeting was held in of this year, when it was n that the officers then appoin only elected until the fall which would in future be the annual meeting. This was upon in order to have the year the same year currently membership year, to celebrate anniversary of the building.

> Satisfactory Lan FOR ELECTRICITY or

When you want the EDISON'S CLEAR TUNGSTEN LA

> VANSTONE CHINA HALL

For oil users we have

H. Hanging and Lamps. There is none b

The Cushion

THE MOST CO

Neill