EASTERN STEAMSHIP CO'y ADDITIONAL DIRECT SERVICE.



at 6.30 p. m.
Returning from Boston,
Wednesdays and Fridays at 8.15 a. m.
From BOSTON DIRECT, Mondays
and Thursdays at 12.00 noon.
Freight received up to 5.00 p. m.

# Star LineS.S.Co.

One of the Mail Steamers, VICTORIA and DAVID WESTON, will leave St. John, North End, for Fredericton and intermediate landings every morning (Sunday excepted), at 9 o'clock, and will leave Fredericton every morning (Sunday excepted), at 8.00 c'clock.

Freight received daily up to 6 p. m Manager.

#### MILLIDGEVILLE FERRY.

Leaves Millidgeville daily (except Saturday nd Sunday) at 9 a. m. and 3.30 and 5.30 p. m. and 3.30 and 5.30 and 5.30 and 4.30 and 4.50 m. and 4.15 p. m. Saturday leaves Millidgeville at 7.15 and 9 a. m. and 3.30, 4.30 and 6 p. m. Returning at 6, 8 and 9.45 a. m. and 4.15 and 6.45 p. m. Sunday leaves Millidgeville at 9 and 10.30 a. m. and 2.30 and 5.15 p. m. Returning at 9.45 and 11.15 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m. In the property of the second s

JOHN McGOLDRICK.

TO LET-From the 1st May next, the factory and warehouse on Smythe street, at present in occupation of Messrs. T. S. Simms & Co., Ltd. The boiler with engine of about one hundred horse power now in the building can be purchased on reasonable terms. W. M. JARVIS, 118 Prince William

O LET—That valuable store and premises
19 Charlotte street, at present occupied
F A. Dykeman & Co. Apply to E. T. C.
HOWLES, No. 8, Palmer's Chambers, City.

#### HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this Head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance. WANTED.—A smart boy about 15 years of ge to work in grocery store. Apply to R. IcCONNELL, 603 Main street.

ANTER-A smart boy. Apply at once ONERAL AGENTS WANTED in each of fir special, accident, sickness, indention policies and general insurance busi-Liberal terms to reliable men. Write 375, Montreal.

## HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

Advertisements under this Head: Two ords for one cent each time, or Three cents word for ten times. Payable in advance. WANTED.—A girl for general housework family of two; no washing or ironing pply to MRS, S. A. JONES, 163 King stree

WANTED.-A girl for general housework pply to MRS. A. A. WILSON, 144 Carmar

WANTED.—A Cook. Apply to MISTHORNE, 15 Mecklenburg street. WANTED-A gilr for general housework pply to MRS. R. FINLEY, 78 Sewel

WANTED.—Girl wanted for general house ork. Apply at 166½ Sydney street.

## FOR SALE.

Save money in the purchase of a SEWING MACHINE.

VAPOR BATHS Niagara Vapor Bath Cabinets can be ob-tained at 137 Charlotte street. Vapor Baths are said to cure Rheumatism. McGREGOR, Oruggist.

SHOW-CASES A bargain for some one ter Nickle Cases for sale cheap. Call and see them at W. TREMAINE GARD'S. Jeweler and Optician, 48 King street.

Advertisements under this Head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cent word for ten times. Payable in advance. LOST.-A cuff link, between Water streamd the ferryboat, Carleton. Finder plea leave it with the engineer of the ferrybo

SATURDAY REVIEW ON TARTE.

LONDON, Sept. 20—The London Sat-urday Review, in its issue today, says, referring to recent utterances of the Canadian minister of public works: "Mr. Tarte as a politician is always inclined to say more than he means. His undoubted popularity with a large section of people does not mean, how-ever, corresponding confidence. Sir Wilfrid Laurier will need all his skill and suavity to prevent a breach in the party."

Str. Oruro clared at Halifax Saturday for the West Indies.
Str. Dahome left Bermuda at 1.30 p.m. Saturday for St. John.

nn, New Brunswick, ever cept Sunday) at \$3 a year.

# ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPT. 22, 1902.

#### TRANSPORTATION.

No more pressing question is before the people of Canada than that of transportation. The rapid growth of production in the far west makes urgently necessary, in the interests of both east and west, the provision of produce and merchandise through purely Canadian channels. It is a fact of which too little notice has been taken that the proportion of Canada's trade carried through Amercian channels has enormously increased. It will be a national disgrace if the country does not remedy this state of affairs. Mr. Tarte has the facts behind him when he dwells upon the importance of the transportation problem. Not only must there be ample provision for bringing Canadian products to the seaboard through Canadian territory, but the ports of the St. Lawrence and the maritime provinces must be equipped to handle them. It is a great national question, that grows more and more pressing every year. An American whose words to a Winnipeg newspaper the Star quoted last week, sharply rebuked Canadians for looking so much to the United States. "Why," he said, 'do they look to the States for every thing? Why do they allow the Ameri cans to take their money?" He went on to tell of the American made goods he found on every hand, that should be replaced by Canadian, and dwelt lying at the very door of the people We in the east may fairly apply his words and ask: "Why do we allow our trade to be carried on through Ameri can channels?" Such a condition has existed entirely too long. St. John is vitally interested, and in this great question its interests and those of the St. Lawrence ports are indentical. Every pressure should be brought to upon the government to hasten

# frid Laurier solemnly pledged himself MR. BLAIR.

when in St. John some years ago.

the equipment of our national ports Canadian channels, to which Sir Wil-

Now that the Hon. Mr. Blair has returned from England we may expect to hear of an early conference between him and Messrs. Tweedle and Pugsley. There can be no doubt whatever that the government, realizing how poor a chance it has to survive on its merits will implore the minister of railways to throw his influence into the balance wherever it may be expected to enlist eympathy or support. He will be urged to bring his personal influence to bear upon his friends, to exert the power of his department, and to throw out suggestions here and there to the effect and Pugsley is in some sense essential to the welfare of the liberal party in federal politics. There is of course no means of knowing in advance what attitude the minister will assume toward his old associates in the provincial house, but it would be a grotesque performance if he should call upon the old line liberals to support either Mr. Tweedie or Mr. Pugsey on federal grounds. The opposition have of course to face such a possibility, but as there are in the opposition ranks many who were liberals in federal politics long before either of the gentlemen named made any such professions, it is fair to assume that they matter. Mr. Blair will no doubt look over the situation a little carefully be-fore deciding to ally himself with a discredited government, which can only hope to win by playing one federal is a possibility of doing it with any as it will try to induce Mr. Blair to will it have the opportunist at work wherever it is thought the game will The duty of liberals and conservatives alike is to unite and defeat

## BLIGHTED HOPES.

A Youth of 40 Sues a Widow of 52 Years. Smith was tried. The plaintiff, a man of 40, resiling near Brussels, sued defendant, a woman of 52, with a grown-up family, who now resides at Guelph, for breach of promise of marriage, and he wanted \$2,500, not for wounded feelings, it for some other cause not quite clear. except that the widow had declined to keep her promise. The defence, adnitting the technical right to sue, had paid in one cent as compensation, but this was not sufficient for the disappointed suitor, hence the suit. The correspondence shown was amusing and liberally adonned with Scriptural quotations.

The jury's verdict gave the widow

tural quotations.

The jury's verdict gave the widow back her one cent, and decided against

## THE PRISONER

On the Witness Stand for About Eight Hours.

But the Rigid Cross-Examination Fails to Shake Him in an Important Point-Counsel Exchange Compliments.

At 4 o'clock Saturday afternoo Frank Higgins, with a long breath of elief, stepped down from the witnes ox, where for nearly eight hours he

box, where for nearly eight hours he had been making such a fight for his life as compelled the wondering admiration even of those to whom his guilt has never from the first been a matter of doubt.

It was quarter past three Friday afternoon when the prisoner with his pulses nervously racing, but his face as calmly expressionless as ever, walked from the dock to take the stand in his own behalf. The telling of his story to Mr. Mullin in direct examination took only about an hour.

Then the counsel for the crown took hold and until 6 o'clock that evening; from 10 until 1 Saturday morning, and from 2.30 until 4 Saturday afternoon, the boy accused of the fiendish murder of William Doherty, stood under the fire of Mr. McKeowi's cross-examination and wavered not a hair's

the fire of Mr. McKeown's crossexamination and wavered not a hair's
breadth.

His demeanor for the most part was
alertly cool, his voice clear and confident and his replies given without hesitation and apparently without
thought. Yet for all that he never
once contradicted himself in a point
of any importance; he remembered
perfectly everything that he had said
and when occasionally' Mr. McKeown
by clever questioning would lead him
into an apparent cul-de-sac, he would
extricate himself without harm and
with an ingenuity that once or twice
almost drew applause from the crowded court room.

Every time he was led around to his
narrative of the murder he would take
it up, wherever the question might
have started him and dash along in
his yoluble monotone with precisely the
same words, accent, inflection he used
when first publicly telling the story.
Mr. McKeown started him again and
again upon this recitation with a view
of impressing upon the jury the fact
that to obtain such familiar fluency
the witness must have committed his
story to memory from writing.

Along this same line he called attention to the witness' habit, while telling
this story, of referring to the time
the boys left the graveyard that fateful day as "one-thirty o'clock" instead of the more common expression
of half-past one; while in referring
to the time in every other instance he
used the latter method.

HAD HIS STORY BY HEART.

#### HAD HIS STORY BY HEART.

All this was intended to convince the jury that Higgins was merely repeating a lesson which had been prepared for him. But its effect was partially depreclated when in re-examination by Mr. Mullin, the prisoner said he had written the story himself in jail while the events were fresh in his memory in order that he might forget nothing.

mony which may give the crown a chance was his persistency in claim-ing that though he knew of many of

chance was his persistency in claiming that though he knew of many of the burglaries which have startled St. John and outside places during the past year, and in some instances knew they were going to be committed, he never in any instance was mixed up with them. He more positively and repeatedly stated that he had never robbed or assisted in robbing in his life, though he admitted once being a sharer in stolen goods.

His memory, so ready when directed to anything he had covered in direct examination, failed decidedly when he was questioned concerning matters therein untouched, and when pressed closely he declared he could remember nothing except what he had told his counsel in direct examination. When asked insistently about certain alleys I utterances of his, he would declare that he could not remember them. But he was careful not to swear that he had not seid them, contenting himself with saying that if he did he had forgotten. tenting himself with saying that if he did he had forgotten.

There was one particular instance where his answers were confused and contradictory. This was when he was closely pressed about his possession of a \$2.50 gold piece with which he had purchased his revolver and which he got from a bank the last of May.

He denied positively that this was part of the proceeds of a burglary in Brownville and swore that he had earned it after he returned from that place. Later he said he got back from Brownville May 26, and when confronted by Mr. McKeown with the difficulty of earning that money doing odd jobs between May 26 and the end of the month, Higgins changed his testimony and said that he remembered that he had earned the money before he went away but had not taken it with him. Some time previously he had sworn that when he went to Brownville he took \$1.75—all fe had.

As the afternoon wore on, Higgins, under the prolonged strain, showed signs of nervousness. He shuffied uneasily about the box and twisted his body constantly to and fro. His hands, heretofore held quietly by his sides or on the railing in front, were thrust nervously in and out of his pockets under his coat and occasionally he folded them back of his head as he stood and faced his questioner. When he did rest them on the side of the box his fingers played a constant and irritating tatoo on the rail. But his face never changed, his voice never faltered and his replies rebounded quickly and sharply from the insistently hurled questions.

The crowd in the court room all day and especially in the afternoon, was the largest of the week. It was an eager and intensely interested assembly, and each one followed every bit of evidence intensely. Every clever question or ingenious reply was appreciable to the full.

The number of ladies present was

nusually large. Throughout the day trs. Goodspeed sat in the middle of se room and watched, her motherly the drawn with anxiety, every movement of the witness, whose testimony urled such terrible accusations gainst her fourteen-year-old son.

HOLM DOWN FROM DORCHESTEI

A large part of Mr. McKeown's questions had to do with the prise or's relations with the Holm boys no. In Dorchester, and Higgins.was very positive in his denials of any compileity with these in any burglaries. He also denied emphatically saying anything to Holm about Doherty stealing from him part of his share of the proceeds of the Brownville burglary, insisting that he had no part in the affair and only got a watch and chain which Doherty and Holm had voluntarily given him.

herty and Holm had voluntarily perhim.

While Higgins was giving his testimony he absent-mindedly pulled a piece of paper from the side pocket of his coat. The crown council demanded it, but it proved to be merely a type-written copy of part of Goodspeed's evidence in the police court, which Mr. Mullin had given his client. The judge remarked that this was within Mr. Mullin's right. After some questions by juror Merritt, Mr. Mullin re-examined Higgins and brought out the fact that he had written down the story while it was fresh in his memory.

DR. WHITE'S EVIDENCE.

DR. WHITE'S EVIDENCE.

DR. WHITE'S EVIDENCE.

Dr. W. W. White was then called by
Mr. Mullin and sworn. He was questioned regarding the effect of bullet
wounds such as Doherty had received.
He said he had considerable experience as a surgeon and was eleven
years connected with the hospital staff.
He had heard the evidence in the case
almost continuously. Read Mr. Macauley's testimony. Heard Fred Goodspeed's account and Higgins' story of
the murder.

"From your knowledge of the case,
and speaking from your experience as
a surgeon, which account do you think
the more reasonable?" asked Mr. Mullin.

in.
Mr. McKeown objected, and the Mr. Mokeown objected, and the question as given was ruled out.
Mr. Mullin then asked:—"Assuming that the evidence of Higgins is true, and assuming that the wounds in Doherty were as described by Dr. Macaulay, what would you say of the reasonableness of Higgins' account?
This also was objected to and ruled out

Mr. Mullin returned to the attack:-

Mr. Mullin returned to the attack:—
"From your experience as a surgeon and physician, how long would you say a man would live after receiving pistol shots through the kidneys, liver, ilium, left lung and scapula?"

"A few minutes," was the reply. "No accurate limit could be set. In the majority of cases I think immediate collapse would follow. The opposite would be exceptional, but not impossible. It would be possible for a man so, wounded to run 10 or 15 feet and struggle, but I would consider it improbable.

To Mr. McKeown:-There have been however, when a man has run distance with a bullet through

some distance with a bullet through his heart.

Witness admitted that he had not studied the case and Mr. McKeown read over to him Dr. Macaluay's cross-examination, and questioned him on different points thereon. Witness could not state how long it would take for death to occur after such wounds. The man's vitality had something to do with it.

Mr. Mullin then called Morris Doherty and Will Mackin, but neither was in court. He asked for permission to have them sent for, as they were necessary to his case, which he would close with their evidence.

"Where will you find them?" asked his honor. "Will they be in the tanyard?"

COUNSEL IN A SCRAP.

## COUNSEL IN A SCRAP.

Mr. McKeown asked for Higgins to be recalled that he might question him regarding the story of the evidence he said he had written down. But Mr. Mullin strenuously objected.

"I am here to protect the interests of my client," said he; "he has been on the stand ail day and since four o'clock yesterday afternoon and Mr. McKeown had all the chance he wanted to ask his questions. That boy has been nailed to the cross."

"What's that." said Mr. McKeown.

"What's that," said Mr. McKeown, sharply. "What do you mean by say-ing that? You have used a most ir-reverent and blasphemous expression."

call of Higgins. Mr. McKeown accepted the situation with a remark to the effect that he was not anxious to recall the prisoner, especially as the jury could see his counsel was so eager to cover something up.

to cover something up.

"I have covered nothing," retorted Mr. Mullin. "I have courted the fullest inquiry and I will stand no such insinuations. I want no impertinence from you."

"I couldn't be impertinent to you, Mr. Mullin," was Mr. McKeown's sarcastically gentle reply.

While waiting for the other witnesses, Thomas F. White was called and told of Higgins being in his employ about eight months. He was above the average regarding attention to his work. He left of his own accord.

ord. Mr. Mullin's witnesses not appearing, he said if the judge and jury so desired, he was willing to go to the jury with his case then. Discussion followed, during which the judge remarked that if the consel and he could finish their addresses that evening the law would permit of the jury remaining out after twelve o'clock, if necessary, and brigging in their ver-

ing the law would permit of the Jury remaining out after twelve o'clock, if necessary, and bringing in their verdict on Sunday.

"Not in St. John, your honor," said Mr. McKeown. "We have a very strictly enforced Sunday law here."

Counsel for the crown further stated he wished to call witnesses in rebuttal and he did not think the case could be finished in one more session.

The question of sitting Saturday night was left to the decision of the jury, and Juror Fitzgerald arose ponderously and said:

"Well, your honor, we've had a pretity hard week, and we've heard a lot of talk of all kinds. We're pretty tired, and if we have to sit here tonight and listen to Mr. Mullin speak, and Mr. McKeown speak, and then to your honor's address. I think it would be

# MILLINERY OPENING

# RETAIL DEPARTMENT, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY. Sept. 23rd. and 24th.

For the convenience of customers, and in order to display the large variety of new goods to greater advantage, the large room, known as the "Silk Room," has been chosen for this

# lanchester l'obertson» Allison

very painful. I guess we'd better have TRAVELLERS' GUIDE. a rest."
The court smiled, and with a laugh all around adjournment was made to 10 a. m. Monday.
For the latest particulars see the fourth page of this issue.

MORNING CABLES.

MORNING CABLES.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Daily Mail this morning says the government has decided that the New South African colonies are to be required to pay \$500,000,000 toward the cost of the South African war. The colonies are, however, to be allowed ample time in which to make this payment.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says he learns that neither Austria nor Russia is willing to support the appeal made by the United States in behalf of the Jews of Roumania. It is admitted, says the correspondent, that the treatment of the Roumanian Jews infringes the treaty of Berlin of 1878, but it is only one of numerous cases in which this treaty has been violated without the signatories protesting.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Daily Telegraph in an editorial article this morning expresses the belief that in proposing to regulate trusts by amending the constitution, President Roosevelt has undertaken a task so colossal that the remedy will be more dangerous than the disease, and that the trusts have nothing to fear for a long time to come.

#### TO BE MARRIED TODAY.

At 4.30 this afternoon an interesting ceremony will take place at the residence of Mrs. Edward Elliot, 87 High street, when her daughter, Eva G., and Charles W. Henderson, formerly of St. John, but now residing in the Yukon territory, will be made man and wife by the Rev. R. R. Morson, pastor of the Congregational church. The ceremony will be a quiet one and will be attended by only a few members of the two families. The happy young couple will take the C. P. R. express this evening for their distant home. Miss Elliot, who has been the leading soprano in the Congregational church, was waited on Saturday evening by a number of members of the choir and congregation and by them presented with a substantial testimonial of their appreciation and good wishes. Mr. Henderson has been in St. John for the past two or three weeks on a visit and has recived a warm welcome from his friends after his four years' absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Henderson will reside

## OPPOSITION LEADER.

CALGARY, N. W. T., Sept. 21.- R reverent and blasphemous expression."

"Who set you up to be a guide in Israel?" sneered Mr. Mullin.

Counsel for the defense continuing to object, the judge ruled against the recall of Higgins. Mr. McKonyn as the Sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city yeseterday from visiting the Sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city the sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city the sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city the sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city the sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city the sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city the sarree Indian reserve about the least of the city the city the le to the city yeseterday from visiting the Sarcee Indian reserve, about twelve miles out. Six miles from Calgary the rig in which Mr. Borden was seated had passed over a rough and sloping piece of ground and as the one containing others of the party was passing over the spot the driver of the rig was thrown from his place and the horses at once bolted with the vehicle and its occupants. The runaway team ran astride the rig containing Mr. Borden. He was hit by the pole and thrown in such a manner that his left knee was caught between the wheel and brake of his rig, and the furious horse was all but pinning him beneath its feet. Mr. Borden's injuries are fortunately not serious.

## OTTAWA NEWS.

OTTAWA, Sept. 21-According to of ficial advices which have reached the United States authorities have just struck a severe blow to Canada. At the present time the provinces of Ontario and Quebec simpass's restrictions on the export of purp wood. Quebec reduces the stumpage from 65 cents a cond to 40 cents when the pulpwood is manufactured in Canada, while Ontario prohibits the export of timber cut on crown lands. The United States government construes these two regulations as equivalent to an export duty, and under paragraph 383 of tariff act of July 24, 1897, has added 25 cents a ton duty on ground wood and 35 cents a tone on unbleached sulphite and soda pulp. This ruling applies to Nova. Scotia, New Brunswick, British Columbia and other provinces as well as Ontario and Quebec.

Chronic constitution surely cured or have just struck a severe blow to

Chronic constipation surely cured to money back. LAXA-CARA TABLETS never fail. Small, chocolate coated, easy to take. Price 35 cents. At druggists!

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" Во	ston			6.20	p.m.
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Moncton Mixed).
Hampton (Suburban)
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Halifax,
Hampton (Suburban).
Canadian Pacific Railway Canadian Facine Maina,
Fredericton Express
Boston Express.
Montreal Express.
Boston and Fredericton Express.
Welsford Suburban arrivals.

N. B. Southern Railway.
From St. Stephen . 7.00 p.m.
STEAMERS.
Steamers of the Eastern S. S. Co.
Line, Monday, Wednesday and
Friday.
Steamers of the Dominion Allanti.

Steamers of the Eastern S. S. Co.
Line. Monday, Wednesday and 8.00 a m.
Friday
Steamers of the Dominion Atlantic
Railway, daily
T.45 a m.
Steamer for Grand Manan, Tues. 9.00 a m.
Carleton ferry boat makes twenty minute
trips from 6 a m. until 10 p. m., and half
hour trips from 10 p. m. until 11.30 p. m.
RIVER SERVICE.
Steamers Leaving Indiantown.
Steamer Clifton leaves for Hampton at 3 p.
m. every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.
Leaves Hampton at 6.30 a. m.
Steamer Hampton at 3 p.
Steamer Hampton at 3 p.
M. Steamer Steam

Steamer Hampstead runs daily to Wickham.

Steamer Hampstead runs daily to Wickham.

on return at 6 a. m.

Steamer Springfield leaves at 12 non for
Springfield, Head of Belieisie Bay, on Tuesdays and Thursdays, and at 2 p. m. on Saturdays.

Gays and inursays, and at 2 p. m. on Saturdays.

Steamers of the Star line leave at 9.00 a. m.
daily for Fredericton. Returning leave Fredericton at 8.30 a. m.

Steamer May Queen leaves for Salmon River and way points at 8 a. m. on Wednesdays
and Saturdays. Returning, leaves Salmon
River at 6 a. m. on Mondays and Thursdays.

Steamer Star leaves at 10 a. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Washademoak and Coles' Island. Returning leaves
Coles' Island at 0.a. m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

The ferryboat Poses runs from Indian'
town to Milford, making twenty minute trips

The star Majestic will leave Indiantown

the Salo no. m. daily for Gagetyna and way

to 15.30 no. m. daily for Gagetyna and way

ST. JOHN MAILS.

The Hours at Which They Close and Times
When Incoming Mails are Due.

Mails now close at Post Office as follows:
For Boston, etc 5.48 a.m.
Disby, etc 6.98 a.m.
Shore Line 6.30 a.m.
Halifax, etc 6.50 a.m.
Halifax, etc 11.00 a.m.
Fairville, Fandolph, Milford and

Mails due at Post Office:

## THE BATTRE LINE.

The new steamer Himera, Captain Lockhart, salled Saturday for Brow Head for orders with deals.

Str. Sellasia, Capt. Purdy, arrived Saturday from New York to load deals. She els at the government pier.

Bicyclists and all athletes depend of BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep the joints limber and muscles in trim.

## THE FURNESS LINE.

Str. Evangeline, from London for St. John, reached Halifax yesterday Pilot Trailor goes over after her today. Str. Carlisle City, from this port for London, arrived at Halifax Saturday via Ingram Dock.