POOR COPY

of these counties. The whole of this area was held by 19 gentlemen. Noticing this fact, and that these people have the monopoly of the lands for ten years, he failed to see the point of the solicitor general's argument that there were more small operators now than ten years ago. He disputed the fact that in the county of Northumberland there were more small operators now than ten years ago; indeed there were less Under the old system if a man wanted certain lands all he had to do was to wait until the auction the next year and he could get them. Now he had got to wait seven years. In looking over the list of licenses in Northumberland county he found one man who held 68 miles and who paid a yearly rent for stumpage per mile of $18.10, which, including the $4 for renewal of lease, amounted to $22 10. Of the 2,886½ miles held in his county he figured that the average stumpage was $27.29 per mile, and $4 per mile for renewal, which gives the government only about 2 per cent. for their investment. This he did not consider fair management. He found that one man holds 249 miles and that he pays therefor only $25.10 per mile. Another man who holds 19 miles pays $106.60. This, on the face of it, appeared to be both unjust and unreasonable. Then again another individual has 19½ miles and he pays in stumpage $39 30 per mile: another holding 30 miles $21.54; another holding 406 miles contributes $35 per mile; another with 72½ miles pays $4.02, while there is another holding 70 miles who pays nothing at all. If this was fair he failed to see it. The crown lands should not be shut up to monopolies. The evil is the small operators have not got the land and can't get it. It was monstrous that all the lands in his county should be held by 19 individuals, and that they should hold it for a period of ten years, The reduction of stumpage would not help matters in this respect. He had pleasure in saying that the provincial secretary's address was concise and lucid. He thought the government had a right to be proud of the provincial secretary, who is an excellent financier. He should not be a deacon any longer; he ought to be made a prior.

The house went into committee of supply, Mr Palmer in the chair, when the following grants were made:—

For equity chambers and judges' chambers, St. John	$ 450
Agriculture	4,000
Blind asylum, Halifax	750
Contingencies	12,000
Deaf and dumb institution	2,500
School houses in poor districts, including revote	2,143
Fisheries protection and London exhibition	1,500
Expenditure free grants act	5,000
Pay and travel of members of legislature	20,600
Librarian's salary, insurance on library and books	1,050
Officers and messengers of legislative council and house of assembly	3,020
Lunatic asylum	35,000
Natural history society and N. B. historical society	250
Public hospital	2,000
Public printing	11,000
Rifle association	300
Crown land refunds	600
Surveys and railway inspection	2,000
Unforseen expenses	2,000

Progress was reported, and leave granted to sit again. Supply will be the order of the day for Monday, at 2.30 o'clock.

The provincial secretary introduced a bill to further amend chap. 22, consolidated statutes, on agriculture, and it was read a first time.

Hon. Mr. Ryan introduced a bill to protect highway bridges, which was read a first time. Adjourned until tomorrow, at 10 o'clock.

FREDERICTON, March 11th.

There was no business of importance this morning.

After dinner Mr. White gave notice of a motion that this house regards with pleasure the recent utterances of the Hon. the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, in which he promised that the claims of our province should be recognized and St. John made one of the winter ports immediately upon the completion of the Short Line railway, and that this house feels that every member representing New Brunswick in the Dominion parliament should, regardless of party, oppose to the utmost any act by which the just expectations of our people in this matter may be thwarted or delayed.

Mr. Park moved his resolution for particulars as to the government's dealings with the Maritime Bank.

Hon. McLellan said the information would be furnished.

THE SALARIES OF REGISTRARS.

Mr. Black seconded by Mr. Humphrey, committed his resolution to fix the salaries of registrars, instead of paying them by fees as at present, Mr Baird in the chair

Mr. Black said he had taken this mode of getting the opinions of members on the question. He thought registrars should be paid fixed salaries. There was no doubt that some registrars in this province made out of the fees a very large salary. His idea was $1,000 or $1,500 should be quite enough salary for that official. If the fees were paid into the county and the registrar paid a fixed salary, he thought there would be a saving to the province.

Hon. Blair, Hon. Ritchie, Tweedie, Stockton, Park, Atkinson, Killam, White and Hutchison spoke. Mr. Tweedie pointed out (and his opinion was shared in by the other speakers) that the cost of registration was too great.

Mr. Black said he was satisfied with the discussion and moved that progress be reported with leave to sit again.—Carried.

THE DOAKTOWN BRIDGE.

Mr. Park moved his resolution as to whether it was the intention of the government to rebuild the Doaktown bridge, and if so when?

Hon. Mr. Ryan said it was the intention of the board of works to enter into a contract for the building of the bridge, or to purchase the railway bridge.

Mr. Tweedie moved his resolution in reference to the removal from office of certain Northumberland officials.

Hon Mr Blair said the government would be happy to furnish any proper information on the subject.

Mr. Labillois moved his resolution in reference to the appointment of Thomas Russell, as scaler in Restigouche. He had no fault to find with Mr Russell, but he understood the appointment was made without either himself (Labillois) or his colleague being consulted.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell said there was no correspondence on the subject. Mr Russell was appointed in the usual way after having passed the proper examination

ABOLISHING THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Hon Mr Blair moved his resolution in reference to abolishing the legislative council His object in moving in the matter so early was that it might be dealt with thoroughly. He made motion for the purpose of eliciting the opinions of members on the subject. He had intended looking up the past history of this agitation. The subject was first taken up in 1879, the governor's speech that session containing a reference to the proposed change in the constitution. The abolishing of the legislative council was also the declared policy of the then opposition and present government. The present feeling in the country is decidely in favor of doing away with the council. When the question of abolishing it was first voted upon in this house, the resolution was carried by a very large majority, only some few voting against it, and he believed that they voted against it on the ground that they did not think the government was sincere. Since then the feeling to abolish the council has grown very strong. The last house were almost unanimous in the opinion that the council should not exist, and if he were to judge by the speeches of honorable members previous to the last election, he would conclude that the present house were quite as unanimous in favor of the proposed change, and therefore they would find no difficulty in voting for this resolution, the feeling being strong throughout the country against the upper chamber. He did not think it was asking too much to request them to bow to the public will. He desired to meet the members of that branch in a proper way and he desired to respect their feelings and opinions. This resolution proposed a fair conference and the matter could be settled amicably. He was disposed to treat the members of council fairly. He knew that in the past he had occasion to severely criticize some of their actions, and considering that this government had such a large majority of the people's representatives he believed that their measure should have been fairly considered by the council instead of being attacked. However, these things were now passed, and his desire was to deal fairly by the council. He did not believe in applying harsh language to them. He regarded the result of the provincial elections as a mandate from the people to the government to carry out this reform of abolishing the upper house. We think we are entitled to demand that this change be made in the constitution of the province. The change proposed is not an unprecedented one. He referred to Manitoba and Ontario, in each of which the affairs of the country are managed by one branch, and could see no reason why one branch could not manage the business of this province. The change in the constitution would not be followed by any disastrous result. He hoped that the council themselves would consent to the change. If they did not, then the government will have to consider another way of abolishing it. There is an impression that the government can cancel the commissions of legislative councillors. He was not quite clear on that subject, he said, but despatches from the colonial secretary down to as late as 1844 show that the governor had the authority to cancel the commission of legislative councillors. It may be that the governor has still that power, and the government may find it necessary to have some of the commissions cancelled. Another way would be to pass an address to the imperial parliament. The government were thoroughly sincere in their efforts to abolish the council, and would use every possible effort to have the will of the people carried out in reference to this matter.

The motion was seconded by Hon. Ritchie and carried unanimously.

SHORT HAND REPORTING.

Hon. Mr. Ritchie committed the bill amending the act providing for short hand reporting, Mr. Black in the chair. Hon. Mr. Ritchie explained that the bill intended that short hand reporting be introduced into courts trying contested election cases. At present the law only applies to circuit courts.

Mr. Tweedie said that short hand reporting greatly facilitated the business of the courts and he would be glad to see it extended to the county courts.

Hon. Mr. Ritchie said it was quite probable that the commission referred to in the speech would consider this among other matters and some few more stenographers might be engaged.

The bill was agreed to.

Adjourned.

FREDERICTON, March 12.

Bills introduced yesterday were read a second time and bills agreed to yesterday were read a third time.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell introduced a bill to amend chap. 110 of Consolidates Statutes of fences, trespasses and pounds.

Mr. Young gave notice of motion for all papers, etc., relating to the building of a bridge across Little Pass at Caraquet, in Gloucester; also notice of motion for copies of all contracts for repairs to Big River bridge, Bathurst, in 1883, or subsequently, and all correspondence in relation thereto between the contractor and the government or any member thereof, a memorandum of all payments made on account of such repairs and all correspondence in relation thereto between said contractor or any person on his behalf and the government or any member thereof.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to establish liens in certain cases.

Shortly before 11 o'clock, Hon. Mr. Blair said there seemed to be a general desire for an adjournment, and he therefore moved that the house adjourn till 2 30 p. m. on Monday. Carried.

FREDERICTON, March 14.

Mr. Labillois moved for the correspondence in connexion with applications to purchase the fishing rights which still remain ungranted on the Restigouche river and its tributaries; also, a statement showing the quantity of all ungranted and available fishing grounds in all rivers, streams, and lakes in Restigouche.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell said the information in the first part of the motion has already been promised. The information asked for in the second part of the motion will be given without address.

On motion of Hon. Mr. McLellan the further consideration of supply was postponed.

Mr. Tweedie introduced a bill to exempt certain property in the town of Chatham from taxation.

Hon. Mr. Blair introduced a bill respecting the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Mr. Murray gave notice of a motion for all correspondence, etc., relative to the claims of this province against the Dominion government for occupancy, by the Dominion government, of the inland fisheries of the province.

Mr. Speaker appointed the following committee, in accordance with the resolution seeking to abolish the legislative council: Hon. Messrs. Blair and McLellan; Messrs. Stockton, Black and Hutchison.

Mr. Young gave notice of inquiry, as to whether it was intended to build, this year, a bridge over Big Lameque, Gloucester, Co., at or near Auguste Paulin's.

Mr. White made the following motion of inquiry: Is it the intention of the government to keep the horses imported last year on the stock farm during the winter season?

Hon. Mr. McLellan—We are not in a position to give a definite answer. Much will depend on the cost of erecting suitable buildings on the farm.

Mr. Hetherington gave notice of inquiry: Is it the government's intention to continue the stock farm in its present locality? if not, when and where is it proposed to remove the same?

Mr. Young gave notice of inquiry: Is it the government's intention to provide a scow and rope for the ferry at Shippegan, at or near Hon. Mr Taylor's.

The house adjourned.

FREDERICTON, March 15.

Mr. Young gave notice of a motion for particulars of the dismissal of certain Gloucester County officials.

Hon. Mr Ritchie said to-day and Friday had been set aside for the consideration of private bills, and suggested that the committee get together after Mr Speaker left the chair, so that the bills might be ready for this afternoon, a suggestion with which Mr Speaker agreed

Recess till 2.30

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

STORES &c., to let. See advt.

SCOWS FOR SALE,—See Mr. Baldwin's advt.

MILL AND STEAM-USERS' SUPPLIES,—See Mr. Ruddock's advt.

A TRAIN bound from Halifax came in collision with a coal train on Friday near Sackville and partially smashed two hoppers.

AN AGENCY of the Merchants' bank of Halifax has been opened at Woodstock under the charge of E. C. Jarvis.

A "Shoo-Fly" Card.

Mr. Gillespie's nominor published a card in that gentleman's local organ last Saturday, making charges against the editor of the *Advance*, which he, of course, knew to be as untruthful as some of the stories he had been privately circulating around town in Mr. Gillespie's interest against this paper and its editor. We do not propose to pay any attention to our little friend, for, as everybody knows, he talks so much, so excitedly and so fast that he is not at all times accountable for his statements. We feel much as General Butler did when he was attacked by a number of his opponents in Congress, some of whom were men of ability and influence and some otherwise, "Sunset Cox," the little senator from New York being among the latter. The General made a defence, in which he disposed of those who were worth replying to and then said—"as for the remarks of the hon. gentleman from New York—well, I can only say—*Shoo-fly!*".

The little Senator was no longer "Sunset", but "Shoo-fly Cox".

Fatal Accident on the N. & W. Railway.

MARYSVILLE, March 12.—Allan Hanson lost his life at Marysville about a quarter to eleven this morning. Hanson who had been engaged at work on the snow blockade on the Northern and Western railway was standing on the platform of the Marysville station when the train in charge of Conductor Harry Pickard arrived. When the train was ready to leave the station the engineer backed the train about 50 yards in order to be well underway when the up grade was reached. As the train passed the station again it was going at a fairly rapid rate when Hanson sprang on one of the flat cars to go down the line. He lost his hold and fell between the cars, four wheels passing over his right leg completely severing it from the body. When the wheels passed over him the leg was bent so that the knee was cut off separately from the leg. His skull was cut in to the brain and the face was badly cut and bruised. After the leg was severed in two places from the body, the unfortunate man was dragged about a hundred yards down the line, where the snow, red with blood, marks the spot where he was picked up. Dr. Sharp was called and Drs. Crocket and Coburn were telegraphed for, but the man was beyond all human aid. He died about three quarters of an hour after the accident. Hanson, who was unmarried, was about 25 years of age and was a steady, industrious man. He belonged to Durham, on the Northern & Western railway, and is a son of Robt. Hanson of that place.

Disfranchising Electors.

The carelessness of some of our Revisors in making up the electoral lists, as well as that manifested too often in copying them for returning officers' use at elections, call for amendments in the law which will provide for more thorough revision and also for penalties for either carelessness or wilful neglect of duty on the part of those who are entrusted with these important matters. A few years ago there were omitted from lists furnished to the presiding officer in a Municipal election in Chatham some twenty or thirty names of ratepayers, some of whom were among the most prominent in the town, while all were fully entitled to vote. In the election of yesterday a similar thing occurred in the lower district of Newcastle. It may be said it was an accident, but, if so, it is one of the class of accidents which should not be of constant occurrence, and whoever is responsible should be punished by penalty or otherwise. If the law, as it now stands, does not reach this kind of official neglect, the sooner it is amended the better. Those who were disfranchised in Lower Newcastle yesterday should follow the matter up and ascertain where the fault lies, with a view of preventing a repetition of their experience. We understand that the names omitted from the list were those of well known ratepayers and this fact seems to make the demand for explanation the more urgent.

In this connection, we may refer to the fact that many names of residents of the different parishes, which should be on the lists are not on them, because the parties themselves do not apply to the revisors as the law requires, but there is no good reason why the name of any man who is assessed and pays his rates should be omitted from the Revisors' lists. Such omission is an offence against the person so omitted and either a wilful or carelessly negligent act on the part of the Revisors.

Successful Marine Insurance Company

The Boston Marine Insurance Company, is favorably known in the Maritime Provinces for its prompt and honorable business methods. A recent issue of the Boston Advertiser, says that, "Probably the most pronounced and uninterrupted record of success in the insurance business is that of the Boston Marine Insurance Company.

This company is now thirteen years old and has made in net profits during that time the large sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars, which is fifty per cent more than its entire capital—of this profit eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars has been divided among its stockholders, and six hundred and fifty thousand dollars added to its surplus. This is a record of which any company may well be proud, and reflects great credit upon its able efficient and management.

The Broken Bank.

People all over the province are interested in the disaster that has befallen the Maritime Bank, which suspended payment on Tuesday of last week. It seems that, although the last return made by the bank to the Dominion Government showed, on its face that the assets of the institution were sufficient to redeem all the notes it had issued, pay all its depositors, return to stockholders all they had invested in it and leave some $400,000 besides, there will hardly be enough left out of the wreck to redeem the notes in circulation.

A more than usual interest is manifested in the disaster on the Miramichi because of the alleged connection with it of Messrs. Guy, Bevan & Co. and Messrs. R. A. & J. Stewart. It is stated that the former firm has become bankrupt, although the report is not confirmed, while various reports of the connection of Messrs Stewart with the affair and their consequent position are in circulation. The firm of J. R. Greenshields & Guerin of Montreal, acting for the Maritime Bank, made a seizure on Saturday last of timber and other property of J. Stewart in the Ottawa district. We also observe that on 9th inst. a transfer of timber, logs, etc. of Messrs Stewart at Bathurst was recorded in favor the New Brunswick Trading Company, for a large amount, while, on the next day, a similar transfer for an amount not stated was recorded in favor of the People's Bank of Fredericton.

It is claimed that the Maritime Bank management have been doing business in a reckless way and, in behalf of Messrs. Stewart, it said that the bank is more indebted to them than they to the bank and that had it not been for assistance rendered by Messrs. Stewart the institution would have ceased to exist a year of two ago.

It is stated that the Bank of British North America at St. John has rendered itself liable to a heavy lawsuit in connection with the affair. A certified check on the Maritime Bank, said to have been for $20,000 and drawn by Messrs. Stewart, was presented on Monday of last week at the British Bank and held until after bank hours, when it was dishonored. Messrs. Stewart claim that in consequence of this and the reports coupling their name with the affairs of the broken bank, their credit has been seriously injured, so much so that they have been obliged to suspend payment.

The following telegram from Montreal to the St. John *Sun* throws some light on the position of affairs:—

MONTREAL March 13.—The authorities of the Maritime Bank and others interested in failure are making Montreal their battle ground for the present The litigation which promises to arise from the suspension will doubtless overshadow the long and numerous lawsuits consequent upon the failure of the Exchange Bank.

On Saturday the ball opened with the serving of a writ on Messrs. R. A. & J. Stewart, at the suit of the bank, for the sum of $219,298. Writ is for seizure before judgement in hands of the Montreal Bank and Geo. A. Grier & Stewart. The firm, on the other hand, will, it is stated, retaliate with actions against the Bank of British North America and other institutions which they allege destroyed their credit without good grounds. The whole matter is very much involved at present and the law will have to solve the chaos.

A reporter called on a St. John lumber merchant deeply interested in the matter on Saturday and asked him for an interview. The gentleman preferred to give a statement rather than undergo an interview and the result was the following information:

Reports originating from St. John, N. B., and the maritime provinces as to the cause of the failure of the bank should be received with considerable reserve, as an effort appears to be made to shield the bank authorities and lay the blame elsewhere. The bank is supposed to have been in a very weak condition for a long time, the assets being largely locked up in dead accounts and there seems to be a great effort made to show that R. A. & J. Stewart had something to do with the failure of the bank. Another rumor is that the New Brunswick Trading Company are borrowers from the bank but I have reason to believe that they are creditors of the bank. The bank stopped payment on Tuesday, 8th March, and the same day an interview is reported in a Montreal paper as having taken place with Mr. Thomas of Molson's bank, in which he is said to have stated that the failure was caused by that of Messrs. Stewart of St. John, N. B. During the excitement following on the stoppage of the bank on the 8th inst., the Bank of British North America refused payment of two cheques of Messrs. R. A. & J. Stewart, although the firm had a considerable balance at their credit and no obligations in the bank. The news spread rapidly that Messrs. Stewart had suspended payment and these reports were telegraphed to London and appeared in the newspapers of that city on the following day, and the first intimation the St. John firm had was a cable from London asking what was the meaning of them and stating that they would do great harm. Messrs. Stewart contend that whilst the bank has suspended payment Messrs Stewart and their corresponding house in London were meeting all their engagements as usual, and whilst it is not denied that the failure of the bank would have been a great inconvenience, fresh arrangements were in course of negotiation, but the widespread currency given to the different reports was of such a character as to ruin the credit of the firm, and that they were advised to suspend payment some days after the failure of the bank. It is said by Messrs. Stewart that instead of their being a source of weakness to the bank they have on more than one occasion been the means of saving it from suspension. Some years ago, on the suspension of Messrs. Carvill, McKean & Co., the bank would have suspended payment had not Messrs Stewart provided $70,000 or $80,000 to enable it to tide over the run made on it at the time. The Stewart firm claim that very considerable assistance has been rendered by them on more than one occasion to the bank. It is said that very considerable and costly financing had to be resorted to by the bank to provide money for different undertakings in which it was engaged, and if the sums which are reported to have been advanced to the different firms mentioned are correct, the question arises, where did the money come from?

The *Sun* of Monday says:—

"On the 11th inst a bill of sale dated the 9th inst. was filed, transferring all R. A. & J. Stewart's deal property and scows in St. John to the New Brunswick Trading Company, which includes about 70,000 feet of lumber on board the bark G. H. Gordon and 262,000 feet in the Young Eagle, work on both of which vessels has been suspended. The deals were sold by F. Tufts & Co. to Messrs. Stewart."

The Globe of Monday evening says:—

The following is the order in which the recent bills of sale and deeds have been recorded in the registry office at Bathurst:

(1) Bill of Sale: R. A. & J Stewart to New Brunswick Trading Company, dated March 7th, 1887, recorded March 9th, 1887; consideration, $38 509, viz.: 3 woodboats; 10 shares Restigouche Boom Company's stock and 10 debentures Restigouche Boom Company; mill requisites; and supplies; trade requisites 1 fire engine; booms; lumber licenses; 4 shares Miramichi Steam Navigation Company's stock; household furniture; logs in Tetagouche river (estimate), 736,000 sup. ft.; logs in Milstream river (estimate), 1,550,000 sup. ft.; logs in Grant's Brook (estimate), 375,000 sup. ft.; spruce and pine deals and other sawn lumber, 1,982,000 sup. ft.; spruce logs and birch timber on the Big and Little Tracadie rivers and Pokemouche river (estimate) 5,000,000 sup. ft.

(2) Deed dated 31st December, 1886, recorded 9th March 1887: John Stewart to N B Trading Company: consideration, $33,400, viz: The "farm" formerly owned by Hon J Ferguson, the "homestead" formerly owned and occupied by Hon J Ferguson, the store, wharf and mill property, engines, boilers, furnaces, mill machinery, booms and water and all other privileges connected with the mill

3. Bill of sale dated 7th August 1884, recorded 10th March, 1887, R. A. & J. Stewart to People's Bank, Fredericton—consderation $1, and also, in consideration of advances made, viz.: All cows, horses, grain, etc., on the "Farm." All stock in store, books and book debts, notes, cases in action, etc. Also, all logs and lumber to be manufactured from the logs.

4. Deed dated 4th April, 1883, recorded 10th March, 1887, John Stewart to A. F. Randolph, president of the People's Bank of Fredericton—consideration $1, and also in consideration of advances made or to be made, the "Farm," the "Homestead," the store, wharf and mill property dwelling house, etc., etc.

The Tracadie mill property was transferred to the New Brunswick Trading Co. in 1886 and duly recorded.

Whatever may be the result of the crash to individuals, we are glad to know that the position of the New Brunswick Trading Company will not necessarily be affected. This will be reassuring to the many who are anxious over the matter, chiefly on account of the employment which the business of the concern affords in the community.

The *Globe* representative had an interview with Mr. Maclellan, Manager of the Maritime at noon on Monday last who, though not in a position to make any statement of the bank's affairs, said, however, that the directors had met in the forenoon and had decided to apply on Thursday (to-day) for the appointment of a liquidator for the Bank. When asked what had caused the downfall of the Bank, he said that it had been swamped by big lumber accounts. He had hoped all along that the disaster would have been averted, and so had the directors, but it had come sooner than was expected. He was confident that the notes would be redeemed at the face, and he also thought that the depositors would get something. When asked the grounds upon which he based his hope he said that there were only $300,000 in notes and that the bank possessed more than sufficient assets to meet these, without calling upon the stockholders to pay the double value or their stock. He thought it possible that the Bank would realize something out of the seizure at Ottawa,—perhaps $100,000; perhaps not so much and, perhaps, more. He would not say how much of the Bank's money Messrs. Stewart had obtained.

N. B. S. S. Association.

A meeting of the Executive committee of the N B S S Association was held at the Clifton House, St. John, on the evening of Tuesday, the 8th inst. In the absence of the chairman Mr Jas Frier was called upon to preside.

Present: Messrs. S J Parsons, Jas Frier, S L Peters, G McLeod, G J C White, T S Simms, J G Forbes, W Peters and Rev. T F Fotheringham.

The corresponding Secretary stated that he had been forbidden by his medical adviser to engage in reading or writing owing to an affection of the eyes and asked the committee to provide for the conducting of the correspondence or the association. Much sympathy was expressed for Mr. Parsons, and after discussion, the former cor. Sec., Rev. T F Fotheringham, agreed to relieve him of this portion of the work. Mr. Parsons will, however, continue to advance the interests of the association in various parts of the province and will expect the active assistance of the members of the Exec. Com., and local workers in their several localities. All correspondence until next convention, should be addressed to the president, Rev. T F Fotheringham, St. John.

The issue of collecting cards was left to a committee and also the preparation and issue of blanks for statistics.

Members of the Executive are asked to send in to the president, as soon as possible, the names of any who wish to attend the International S S Convention at Chicago, June, 3rd. From names thus sent in the Committee will elect our quota of eight. Names must be sent in by the middle of April at the latest.

The Cor. Sec. reported that 2600 copies of the proposed cheap edition of "Teaching and Teachers" had been subscribed for. The matter was referred to, Mr. Johnston who had offered to take charge of its publication.

Do Not Let a Good Chance Slip by Now.

Time rolls ever on; so does the Wheel of Fortune under the management of The Louisiana State Lottery at New Orleans, La., with the supervision of Gen'ls G. T. Beauregard of La., and Jubal A. Early of Va., who (as usual) had the entire conduct of the 202d Grand Monthly Drawing on Tuesday (always Tuesday,) Feb. 8th, 1887. The amount scattered was $535,000. The tickets were $10 each. No. 73,987 drew the First Capital of $150,000. It was sold in tenths at $1 each—one was won by a "combine" of twenty-two car drivers of the Lombard and South St. Railway of Philadelphia, and was paid by Adams Express Co.; one was paid to Joseph Strang of Auburn, N. Y., one to Marton & Jordan, No. 92 Commercial St., Portland, Me.; one to Fred. Tegtmeier, Cleveland, O.; one to Gattman & Co., Aberdeen, Miss.; one to Harmon Netterfield, of Kingsland, Wells Co., Ind., paid through First Nat'l Bank of Fort Wayne, Ind.; one to Dr. J. A. Tigner, B. F. Clark, and Miss Abbie Webb of Rome, Ga; twotenths were collected by Wells, Fargo & Co's Bank of San Francisco, Cal; the remainder elsewhere. No. 45,151 drew Second Prize of $50,000—also sold in tenths at $1 each; two were collected by Jas W. D. Stokes, Detroit, Mich; two were collected by Thos. Alexander of Washington City, D. C.; one was collected by the German Bank of Memphis, Tenn; one by E. Rosenbein, No. 82 Beale Street, Memphis, Tenn.; one was collected by the First Nat'l Bank of San Francisco, Cal.; one by the Wells, Fargo & Co's Bank of San Francisco, etc., etc. The Third Prize of $20,000 went to No. 14,105—sold in tenths at $1 each, one went to C. H. Perrow, Morristown, Tenn; one to W. E. Bargett, St. Johnsbury, Vt.; one to Geo. Schilly, 7, 9, & 11 W. Court, St. Memphis, Tenn.; one to D. N. Vance, cashier of Nat'l Bank of Carrollton, Ky., one to Felix Clavere, Los Angeles, Cal.; one to M. Hollister, Wayland, Polk Co., Neb., one to the Bank of California, San Francisco; etc. etc. The two Fourth Prizes of $10,000 went to No. 86,267—one-half sold at $5 to G. Barthol, New York; and No. 99,469—sold in fractional parts to parties in Galveston and San Angelo, Texas, Chicago, Philadelphia, Sanford, Fla., Carrollton, Ky. &c. &c. The 204th Grand Monthly Drawing will take place on Tuesday, April 12th, and any information desired can be had on application to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. Do not let the opportunity slip this time.

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE.—The numbers of *The Living Age* for March 5th and 12th, contain the House of Douglass, Edinburgh; An Old Couple, and About Fiction, Contemporary; Robert Southey, National; Among the Transylvanian Saxons, and The Doctor; an Old Virginia Fox-hunter, Blackwood; A Lover of Leisure, and Wit and Wits, Temple Bar; The Seventh Earl of Shaftesbury, and An Obscure Archipelago, Leisure Hour; The Evangelical Revival of the Eighteenth Century, Macmillan; The Dead Cities of Belgium, Gentleman's; with instalments of "Major and Minor," "The Strange Story of Margaret Beauchamp," "A Secret Inheritance," and "Richard Cable," and poetry.

For fifty-two numbers of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,300 pages a year) the subscription price ($8) is low; while for $10·50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American $4.00 monthlies or weeklies with *The Living Age* for a year, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

MARRIED

At Blackville, on the 12th inst., by the Rev. T. G. Johnstone, Mr. Wm. John Bateman of Blackville, to Miss Elizabeth Hubbard of Nelson.

BILL.

A bill will be presented at the pending session of the Legislature for an Act to authorise the issue of Debentures to the amount of $5,000 for the purpose of Building a Fire Engine House and hose tower and obtaining, if deemed advisable, an improved water supply in connection therewith and for general fire purposes, said debentures to run for 25 years and to bear interest at five per cent. per annum.

New Advertisements

Wrought Iron Pipe
AND
FITTINGS.
GLOBE & CHECK VALVES.
BABBIT METAL.
RUBBER PACKING.
Cotton Waste, Etc., Etc.
J. M. RUDDOCK.
Chatham, N. B.

TO LET.
The WHARF, STORES and OFFICES in Chatham at present occupied by The New Brunswick Trading Company of Loudon, possession first May. Apply to,
JOHN SHIRREFF, Chatham, or WM. J. FRASER, Halifax,
14th March, 1887.

SCOWS FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale five large scows, four of which are decked over. They are built of Pine and Hackmatac. Two of them are two years old, two are three and one four. They are sound and tight. If not sold by May first they will be offered by public Auction.
DAN'L BALDWIN,
Nelson.

ADVERTISERS
Can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American Papers by addressing
Geo. P. Rowell & Co.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce St., New York.
Send 10 cts. for 100-page Pamphlet

CALL AT THE
NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE
FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS.
VEGETINE, CUTICURA,
Kidney Wort, Maltine, Hydroline, Quinine Wine, Quinine Wine & Iron, Beef, Burdock Blood Bitters,
Acid Phosphate, Warner's Safe Cure, Liquid Rennet, Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract, Emulsion Cod Liver Oil, Cod Liver Oil
(Skrei Brand)
COD LIVER OIL
(Morse's Norwegian),
Dr. Pierce's Medicines,
Dr. Grosvenor's Liveraid,
Allen's Lung Balsam.
HAIR BRUSHES, CLOTH BRUSHES, NAIL BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, VIOLET POWDER, TOOTH POWDERS, SOZODONT, TOOTH SOAP, DENTORINA, SPONGES, SOAPS, Etc
E. LEE STREET, Proprietor.
Physicians' Perscriptions carefully prepared.
Newcastle Sept. 3, 1886.

LABRADOR HERRING &c
40 BARRELS LABRADOR HERRING,
200 TUBS X X LARD,
100 BOXES NEW LONDON LAYERS,
100 do do VALENCIA RAISINS.
3 Tons Brandram's Genuine White Lead.
GEO. S. DEFOREST,
15 South Wharf.
St. John, N.B. Nov. 16th.

TINSHOP.
As I have now on hand a larger and better assortment of goods than ever before, comprising
Japanned, Stamped
AND
Plain Tinware,
would invite those about to purchase, to call & inspect before buying elsewhere, as I am now living below former prices for cash
The Peerless Creamer,
ROCHESTER LAMP,
The Success OIL STOVE
—Also a nice selection of—
Parlor and Cooking Stoves
with PATENT TELESCOPIC OVEN,
the lining of which can be taken out for cleaning, thereby doing away with the removing of pipe or oven as is the trouble with other stoves.
A. C. McLean.

TAILORING.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to tender his thanks to the public of Miramichi who have so liberally patronized his business at his late stand and to inform them that he has removed to his premises on Water Street, next door to the store of J. B. Snowball, Esq., where he will be glad to welcome all old customers and to make the acquaintance of new ones. He has on hand a most complete new stock of
All Kinds of Cloths,
out of which selections may be made for a
Suits or single Garments
inspection of which is respectfully invited.
F. O. PETTERSON.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents: five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO.,
New York City.

REAL
PULL ME TO YOU PLAIDS.
The above new plaids for Ladies Wraps, also a fine assortment of PLAID WINCEYS
—A special lot of—
GREY ALL WOOL FLANNEL AT 25CTS.
GREY UNION FLANNEL AT 20cts.
Nearly all my FALL STOCK now ready for inspection. A large assortment and very cheap.
FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.
If you are going to Furnish your house go to
B. FAIREY'S, - - - Newcastle.
The Handsomest Bed Room Sets at $23,00 ever seen. 10 different styles to select from. All prices to $75.00. PARLOR SUITS from $15.00 IRON BEDSTEADS a specialty, WOOD BEDSTEADS, extra value, CHAIRS, TABLES, &c. &c.
All Kinds and Prices.
B. FAIREY, Newcastle

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS.
7,000 ROLLS 7,000
NEW PAPER HANGINGS!
For Rooms, Halls, &c. Also Bordering and Plain and Fancy Paper Blinds
4 CASES 4
Beautiful Silverware
(NEW DESIGNS.)
And Rogers Bros. A 1 SPOONS, FORKS, &
85 PIECES NEW PRITS—
Light, Medium and Dark.
New Dress Goods!
A Fine Assortment
EW CARPETS, & FLOOR OILCLOTHS.
500 SUITS
MEN'S AND BOYS' NEW CLOTHING
Equal to Custom Work.
40 doz. New Hats
IN FELT AND FUR.
NEW WATERPROOF GOODS
Ladies' and Misses' Circulars, Men's & Boys' Coats, all American made, and I will give Satisfaction.
NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.
'CHEAP CASH STORE.'
JAMES BROWN.

CONFECTIONERY
FRUITS ETC.
Fresh Goods of Superior Quality
Always to be found at
M J. STAPLES'S
Vondy Building.

Dr. J. A. Thomson
DENTIST.
All work done carefully and at reasonable rates.
EXTRACTION OF TEETH
made painless by a
New and Simple Method.
FEES MODERATE.
Rooms at residence, Duke St., a short distance asto Masson Hall.

WIN more money than at anything else, by taking the agency for the best selling Book. Beginners succeed gradually home full. Terms free. HALLET BOOK CO., Portland Maine

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
ROOM PAPER. WINDOW SHADES.
B. FAIREY has received the largest and best assortment of ROOM PAPER, PAPER BLINDS and WINDOW SHADES ever shown in this county.
OVER 7,000 ROLLS,
From 5c. to 75c Per Roll.
Window Shades with patent Rollers made to order or sold separate.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
On or about the 1st April I will move my stock of Furniture and Dry Goods to the store at present occupied by Mr. Geo. Stables, Hays' Building, facing the Public Square. This is owing to my increasing business, my present stand being too small. To my numerous friends I return my sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, knowing that my effort to sell goods at small profit, keeping good articles, has been appreciated by the public.
B. FAIREY, Newcastle.
Newcastle, March 12, 1887.

General Business.

MERSEREAU'S
PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS
Being desirous on placing First Class Photographs within the reach of Residents of Chatham I have engaged
Mr. J. A. E. Morrell,
late of 98 King Street, St. John,)
Who has arrived and is now ready for work.
We have now the
BEST GALLERY.
BEST LIGHT.
BEST PROCESS
& BEST OPERATOR
North of St. John.
Give us a Trial and be convinced.
—GALLERY—
Stothart's Building - Chatham.

LANDING
1 Car Granulated Sugar.
2 " Refined "
190 Tubs Lard.
40 Cases Sugar Corn.
20 " Green Peas.
100 Boxes Soap.
130 " Spices.
30 " New Cheese.
DeForest, Harrison & Co.
and S North Wharf, Saint John, N. B.

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.
THE PARISH LIBERAL ASSOCIATION of NEWCASTLE will hold their regular Monthly Meetings on the
FIRST FRIDAY IN EACH MONTH
—IN THE—
LIBERAL HALL, Hennessey's New Building
Newcastle. Meeting open at 7 30 p. m. Newcastle time. All Liberals are invited to attend.
E. P. WILLISTON, Secretary. (Sgd.) P. HENNESSEY, President

FIRE BRICK.
Ex S. S. Clifton
20