

The Morning Times Star

VOL. XIV, No. 107.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

DAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1915

TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

PROPERTY COST \$2,417,875.66 CAPITALIZATION IS \$5,199,000

The Meat in the Coconut in the New Brunswick Power Company Deal—Why the People Are Asked to Pay More for Street Car Fares, Gas, Electric Light and Power—What the Auditor's Report Reveals

PREMIER OF AUSTRIA AND CABINET RESIGN

Action Due To Opposition Of Polish Deputies

SITTINGS POSTPONED

Dr. Von Seydler Had Brought Country Through Labor Crisis By His Announcement Of Peace Policy And Internal Reforms

Amsterdam, Feb. 8.—Dr. Von Seydler, the Austrian premier, has tendered the resignation of his entire cabinet to Emperor Charles, according to a despatch from Vienna.

The resignation of the Von Seydler cabinet, it is understood in parliamentary circles in Vienna, is due to the opposition of Polish deputies against special debates and the provisional budget. The opposition of the deputies makes a majority for the budget doubtful.

President Grass, of the lower house, announcing the resignation, said that according to the constitution it was necessary to postpone temporarily the sitting of the house.

The cabinet of Dr. Von Seydler, which was formed last June, is reported to have resigned during the recent labor crisis in Austria-Hungary. This report, however, was not confirmed.

Dr. Von Seydler was able to bring about the cessation of the strikes by informing labor delegations on January 20 that it was the wish of the Austrian emperor to end the war at the earliest possible moment by a honorable peace.

Other members of the government promised labor and military reforms, after which the labor leaders ordered their followers to return to work. This virtually ended the strike in Vienna.

Bolesheviki Not Serious? Amsterdam, Feb. 7.—Advices from Budapest say that Count Julius Andrássy, former Hungarian premier, declared in the lower house that he was convinced the Russian Bolsheviks were not serious in their peace intentions.

Count Andrássy added:—"The Bolsheviks are hoping to succeed through their agitation in organizing an army in our midst that shall terrorize the government."

"We understand now why they demand that Poland shall decide its own destiny when our troops have been withdrawn. In that event Poland would be unable to decide its fate, free of territorial interference, because the Bolsheviks interfere in its affairs just as now they are interfering in the affairs of the Ukraine and Finland."

A Prussian Problem. Amsterdam, Feb. 7.—During a discussion Wednesday in the Prussian lower house in regard to the estimates of the ministry of justice, the deputy minister declared at length the demoralizing effects of the habitual infringements of the war regulations, especially in connection with food.

Minister of Justice Spahn said that in Prussia alone nearly a half million sentences have been inflicted for infractions of the war regulations and imprisonment had been dealt to quite half of the transgressors. The minister also declared that the figures of juvenile criminality were extraordinarily serious.

Explosion in Prussia. London, Feb. 7.—A despatch from Oldenzaal, Holland, to Reuters, says that an explosion has occurred in a powder factory at Vowinkel, near Barmen, Rhenish Prussia. Many persons were killed or injured in the explosion.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE WHEN OTHERS MET DEATH. In a letter recently received by Mrs. A. I. Campbell of 25 Exmouth street, from her son, Gunner Charles H. (Bert) Campbell, he tells of an episode in the Flanders battle which nearly cost him his life. He was standing with a company of men beside one of the British guns when a single shell exploding in their midst, killed all but two, he being one of the fortunate soldiers. He was in hospital for some time as a result of the explosion. Gunner Campbell enlisted with the 7th Siege battery and has been almost two years in France.

SENATOR ON THE WITNESS STAND IN BOLO CASE

"Have Me Arrested" Humbert Shouts At Prosecutor

UPROAR IN COURT

Bois's Investment In Le Journal Discussed—Witness Says He Was Asked To Sign On One Article—Papers Testimony Snakes The Prisoner

Paris, Feb. 8.—The proceedings late yesterday in the trial of Bois Pauba, who is charged with treason, were marked by several situations which aroused excitement in the court room.

During the cross-examination of Senator Humbert had become a verbal exchange between Bois Pauba and the witness. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Senator Humbert gave his testimony through a interpreter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

Up to this time the testimony of Senator Humbert had been a political matter. He said that Bois Pauba had invested a million francs in Le Journal, that he served as Bois's legal director in the article and made "a place on me. Do not treat me as an accused."

THE POISONED DISH. THE BEAR: "It has a horrible smell of annexation." THE ALLIES: "Don't touch it! It's poisoned."

DEATH OF GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS IS RUMORED

Fresh Outbreak Of Rioting And Looting In Petrograd—Nothing But Unconfirmed Rumors From Best-Litovsk

London, Feb. 8.—An exchange of telegrams between Amsterdam and the German newspapers report the death of the former Grand Duke Nicholas Constantinovich, as the death of the famous Russian military commander, the Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolayevich, and the Nachrichten, of Danzig, is quoted as saying that he died suddenly and under mysterious circumstances. This is not confirmed from Russian sources which are reported to be in the hands of the German government.

London, Feb. 8.—Fresh outbreaks of rioting and looting in Petrograd are chronicled in special dispatches from the Russian capital. Wine cellars, jewelry shops and clothing, food and drug stores are being plundered.

Troops employed to suppress the disturbances did much shooting, in which it is estimated that 120 persons were killed. By firing on the mobs the rioters have been able to quell the rioters at intervals during the last three days and nights, but the orgy begins again elsewhere.

Fighting between the Bolsheviks and the Cossacks is said to be increasing in the south and southeast of Russia, where the Cossacks are joining the Bolsheviks in increasing numbers. Generals Kaledin and Alexieff are reported to have fled from their headquarters in the north.

London, Feb. 8.—Silence concerning the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk continues, except for unconfirmed rumors in the German newspapers. It is reported, without confirmation, that a deputation of Russian troops from the Bukovina front is on its way to Brest-Litovsk.

The judgment of the court in the case of the Russian revolutionaries, who are charged with treason, is expected to be handed down in the near future.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

UNITED STATES UNDISMAYED BY TUSCANIA DISASTER

Loss of Men on Transport Arouses Fresh Determination To Carry On The War—British Comment—Must Keep The Sea Lanes Clear—Total Of Missing Now Placed At 113; But Later Estimate Says May Be Nearer 200

Washington, Feb. 8.—Advices to the war department accounting for all except 113 of the 2156 American soldiers who were aboard the Tuscania when she was torpedoed Tuesday night, remained unchanged today and officials anxiously awaited additional details expected to clear up the conflict with foreign figures on the losses.

Reports that the British destroyer which was convoying the Tuscania pursued and sank the submarine lack confirmation and the report of the British admiralty is eagerly awaited. Navy officials are inclined to the view that the Tuscania incident is an isolated case and have no reason to change their view that the submarine menace has been overcome.

HOW THE SOLDIERS STOOD THE TEST. London, Feb. 7.—How American soldiers behaved when they found that the boats assigned to them on the Tuscania had been smashed is told by an American officer who landed at an Irish port. The officer said that his men behaved as he had expected them to. Two full boat loads under his command assembled on the deck when the torpedo struck the liner and marched to the boats assigned to them. Arriving at their station they found that both boats had been destroyed.

"The men lined up on deck at attention," said the officer, "and all preserved the utmost composure until a destroyer came along side and effected the transfer from the gradually sinking deck.

"We stood alongside until the last man was taken off, who might be expected, was the commander of the ship. The 100 men in the ship's hospital, including several cases of scarletina, and fever, were among the first taken off."

London, Feb. 8.—Revised figures indicate that the loss of life on the Tuscania probably was considerably in excess of yesterday's revised estimates. It is now believed complete returns will show the number of dead to be nearer 200 than 100.

London, Feb. 8.—That the sinking of the liner Tuscania will stimulate the United States to even greater resolve and sterner efforts on behalf of the fight for democracy is the opinion generally expressed in editorial comment in the morning newspapers.

Satisfaction is expressed and congratulations are extended that this, the first disaster to many American transports, should have occurred in the hands of the German fleet, and that the submarine would render the transportation of the American armies impossible and would intimidate the American. Nevertheless, it is declared, it is too much to hope that the Tuscania would be the last victim, though the conviction is expressed that the American nation realize fully the difficulties ahead and is prepared to meet them.

Some of the editorials say that the submarine menace has not yet been mastered and remains a grave problem to which the Allies, especially Great Britain and the United States, must devote all their energies in view of the imperative need of keeping the Atlantic route open.

The Daily Telegraph says: "The Americans have defied the perils all these months and we are convinced that the executive of the labor organizations throughout the world will represent the defense of the Atlantic."

"A thousand men will step forward to fill the gap left vacant by each of the men who have fallen," says the Daily Mail. "Americans are looking the task straight in the face and dangers and difficulties, even disaster, will only serve to stimulate and steady them."

The Daily Express declares that the United States will not permit the loss of the day's work for Germany. It adds: "America will shed proud tears, then her hands will be clenched and the Tuscania will be the battle cry of victory."

Will Carry On. Baltimore, Md., Feb. 7.—Submarines or no submarines, the United States will continue fearlessly to send troops, supplies and munitions to the front. Mr. Daniels tonight, in referring to the torpedoing of the Tuscania, in an address before the Baltimore Press Club, said: "Just as fast as our ships can carry men to Europe, they will go," continued Mr. Daniels "and just as fast as they are equipped they will be sent, and ships will carry them, and no man living will ever again see the day when our goods will be carried across the Atlantic except in ships flying the flag of the United States."

British People Stirred. London, Feb. 7.—Few events of the war in the past few months have stirred the English people more deeply than the disaster to American troops approaching a British harbor on a British transport. Such an eventuality had been feared.

Captain Was McLean. London, Feb. 8.—The captain of the Tuscania was Peter McLean, not J. L. Henderson, the Times says. Captain McLean last month was awarded the Order of the British Empire for his recommendation of the board of war. He has been in the service of the Anchor Line for twenty years and during the war has carried many cargoes of munitions and foodstuffs safely through the danger zone.

An official statement issued in London early Thursday afternoon said that Captain J. L. Henderson was commander of the Tuscania.

SOUTH MAY USE COAL. Washington, Feb. 8.—Heating Monday have been suspended in all states south of Virginia. In announcing this today, Fuel Administrator Garfield said improved weather and traffic conditions had made further enforcement in the south unnecessary.

Organized Labor Will Be Represented. Their Duties. To Have General Supervision Over Matters Affecting Production, Imports and Exports—Not to Affect Controllers. Ottawa, Feb. 7.—The government has decided to create a war trade board. The members are: Sir George Foster, minister of trade and commerce; Frank P. Jones, Montreal; John W. McConnell, Montreal; James H. Gandy, Toronto; Charles B. McLaughlin, Toronto; and J. Gibbons, Toronto.

C. W. Macfarlane as fuel controller and the Hon. H. Dapault, as chairman of the war production commission, are to be members of the board as ex officio. The minister only serve to stimulate and steady them.

The board will elect a vice chairman. The executive of the labor organizations throughout the world will represent the defense of the Atlantic.

A thousand men will step forward to fill the gap left vacant by each of the men who have fallen," says the Daily Mail. "Americans are looking the task straight in the face and dangers and difficulties, even disaster, will only serve to stimulate and steady them."

THE BEAR: "It has a horrible smell of annexation." THE ALLIES: "Don't touch it! It's poisoned."

DEATH OF GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS IS RUMORED

Fresh Outbreak Of Rioting And Looting In Petrograd—Nothing But Unconfirmed Rumors From Best-Litovsk

London, Feb. 8.—An exchange of telegrams between Amsterdam and the German newspapers report the death of the former Grand Duke Nicholas Constantinovich, as the death of the famous Russian military commander, the Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolayevich, and the Nachrichten, of Danzig, is quoted as saying that he died suddenly and under mysterious circumstances. This is not confirmed from Russian sources which are reported to be in the hands of the German government.

London, Feb. 8.—Fresh outbreaks of rioting and looting in Petrograd are chronicled in special dispatches from the Russian capital. Wine cellars, jewelry shops and clothing, food and drug stores are being plundered.

Troops employed to suppress the disturbances did much shooting, in which it is estimated that 120 persons were killed. By firing on the mobs the rioters have been able to quell the rioters at intervals during the last three days and nights, but the orgy begins again elsewhere.

Fighting between the Bolsheviks and the Cossacks is said to be increasing in the south and southeast of Russia, where the Cossacks are joining the Bolsheviks in increasing numbers. Generals Kaledin and Alexieff are reported to have fled from their headquarters in the north.

London, Feb. 8.—Silence concerning the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk continues, except for unconfirmed rumors in the German newspapers. It is reported, without confirmation, that a deputation of Russian troops from the Bukovina front is on its way to Brest-Litovsk.

The judgment of the court in the case of the Russian revolutionaries, who are charged with treason, is expected to be handed down in the near future.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

ALLIED MISSIONS REPORTED DRAWN FROM PETROGRAD

Said To Be On Way To Swedish Border, According To Unconfirmed Story—News From The War Fronts

Washington, Feb. 8.—An unconfirmed report that all the Allied missions at Petrograd had been driven out by the Bolshevik government and are on their way to the Swedish border, was received today at the state department through American Minister Morris at Stockholm. The department was not heard from Minister Francis at Petrograd since February 2.

The suit of Hawkes vs. Hawkes came from Albert county, A. T. Goodwin of noncont, proctor in residence. Mr. Lydon the court stated that it was clear that the plaintiff had abandoned and deserted his wife, also that he was not satisfied with the plaintiff's evidence concerning the desertion by the wife, and that the conduct of plaintiff was such that it added to the offense proved on the part of the defendant and so the plaintiff was not entitled to relief at the hands of the court.

THOMAS H. LYDON. Thomas H. Lydon, of Lakewood, superintendent of the Little River reservoir, died this morning at his residence after a lingering illness. He was forty-nine years old. Mr. Lydon, prior to accepting the position as superintendent of the Little River reservoir, was the day clerk at the Water and Sewerage department. Besides his wife he leaves five sons, Russell, Murdock, LeBaron, Kilborn and John; six daughters, Catherine, Helen, Marjory, Beatrice, Dorothy and Carmela, all at home; two sisters, Mrs. Frederick R. Nash of Lynn, Mass., and Mrs. Arthur Hickey of Guilford, Miss. The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon from his late residence. Mr. Lydon was a very popular citizen and his death will be learned with general regret.

ENGAGEMENT DENIED. Amsterdam, Feb. 8.—The engagement of Dr. Von Kuchlmann, the German secretary of foreign affairs, to Frau Von von Kuchlmann, was reported in a telegram sent to German newspapers by the semi-official Wolff Bureau of Berlin.

THE BETROTHAL OF DR. VON KUCHLMANN AND FRAU VON FRIEDENLIEBE, who is said to be one of the richest women in Germany, was reported in an Amsterdam despatch received in London Feb. 5.

PROPOSES INCOME TAX OF FOURTEEN PER CENT. Paris, Feb. 7.—The minister of finance has proposed to raise the income tax from 12 1/2 per cent to 14 per cent.

THE BEAR: "It has a horrible smell of annexation." THE ALLIES: "Don't touch it! It's poisoned."

DEATH OF GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS IS RUMORED

Fresh Outbreak Of Rioting And Looting In Petrograd—Nothing But Unconfirmed Rumors From Best-Litovsk

London, Feb. 8.—An exchange of telegrams between Amsterdam and the German newspapers report the death of the former Grand Duke Nicholas Constantinovich, as the death of the famous Russian military commander, the Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolayevich, and the Nachrichten, of Danzig, is quoted as saying that he died suddenly and under mysterious circumstances. This is not confirmed from Russian sources which are reported to be in the hands of the German government.

London, Feb. 8.—Fresh outbreaks of rioting and looting in Petrograd are chronicled in special dispatches from the Russian capital. Wine cellars, jewelry shops and clothing, food and drug stores are being plundered.

Troops employed to suppress the disturbances did much shooting, in which it is estimated that 120 persons were killed. By firing on the mobs the rioters have been able to quell the rioters at intervals during the last three days and nights, but the orgy begins again elsewhere.

Fighting between the Bolsheviks and the Cossacks is said to be increasing in the south and southeast of Russia, where the Cossacks are joining the Bolsheviks in increasing numbers. Generals Kaledin and Alexieff are reported to have fled from their headquarters in the north.

London, Feb. 8.—Silence concerning the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk continues, except for unconfirmed rumors in the German newspapers. It is reported, without confirmation, that a deputation of Russian troops from the Bukovina front is on its way to Brest-Litovsk.

The judgment of the court in the case of the Russian revolutionaries, who are charged with treason, is expected to be handed down in the near future.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.

London, Feb. 8.—The German government has announced that it has received a message from Sofia, as saying that the Bulgarian revolutionaries have taken possession of the city of Koflik, and are preparing to march on the city of Koflik.