

Strengthens U. S. Grip on Canada. "What is going to be our future re-lation with the United States? I rend the argument presented by the hon. mem-ber for North Toronto (Mr. Foster) upon that aspect of the case. I see no possible answer to it. It seems to be perfectly clear to me that every day on which we

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ches long, and have storm collars, lapels and cuffs of western sable. The furs are all of good quality and serviceable, and the workmanship throughout good. Lined with satin. A price like this on fur coats should make good buying any time of year, for the saving is an extraordinary one. Ten only. at each 15.00 Women's Near

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aste Paper Business iso buys ink and me inks. metals. etc. all in the city. Carlo de towns. Phone M ide and Maud Sts.



Continued From Page 2. ency is to break down the system of the present prosperity of the Province to be discussed that the farmers of the not so sure when this question comes of Ontario and the other provinces. Under that system, Mr. Chairman, brought about by the policy which my hon filends upon the treasury benches pursided for the last thirteen years, the

arming in the Province of Quebec than

tion of it.

ut I am going to ask him to ad-

great Province of Ontario raised \$250.-000,000 worth of farm produce last year, and nobody heard that there was no "Take the Province of Quebec-My friend, the minister of agriculture, is going to follow me. I believe, and he f course knows indinitely more about into that market, he will get more for

his wheat.' J. J. Hill's Arguments.

dress bimself to one question in con-nection with this agreemnt, because I nection with this agreement, because I have not been able to get any light on it in favor of the treaty, and if there is any light to be thrown on it. I would and a very fine man, and in a way a friend of my own, he says: The duty does not make any difference. It is true the Dakota farmer gets a little like to get it. The Province of Quetter has bright prospects before it at the present time. Our transportation system is growing so enormously, the City

more for his wheat, but it is not on account of the duty; it is on account of the local circumstances. Now, Mr. Chairman, Mr.Hill is either right or he of Montreal,'s growing so enormously, the prospects of the pulp and paper inare so good, that unquestionis wrong. There are just two ways to look at it. If he is right, and the duty in the Province of Quebec in a govy years there will be an enormous does not make any difference, then the Manitoba farmer will not get any mor market-perhaps the largest

a market of any province in the for His wheat when the duty is taken off. That's clear. If he is wrong and A Bonus on Poor Farming. "The province of Quebec is not very well farmed at the present time-there is good farming in some parts of it, immense exportable surplus of the Can-immense exportable surplus of the Canre is poor farming in a good por- kota market, then the Dakota brand and moderate farming in | kota market, then the Dagota brand other portions of it. The agricultural of wheat goes down to the export level, problem of the province of Quebec is and the Dakota man gets less, but the to induce the farmer to keep his hay Manitoba man does not get any more. It have and lost very heavily, but they have a full to induce the farmer to keep his hay Manitoba man does not get any more. at home and to follow a system of in-tensive farming. That is the agricul-happened already. York Evening

tural problem of the province of Que-bec. Lately we had the deputy minis-ter of the department of agriculture of Ontario at Quebec. He came there at my special request to deliver a care.

my special request to deliver a care- it says, speaking of wheat: Quotes New York Evening Post. fully-prepared address upon the sub-

" As the matter stands now values ject of the improvement of agriculture. are off 24 cents from the season's top. The range of May wheat this season the province of Ontario, explaining at great length and with great care magnificent system of agriculture, has been from \$1.15 to 97-9 cents, the highest price having been made Nov. 4. With the adoption of the treaty there would be 13,000,000 of Canadian education and improvement which has lately developed in the province of Ontario as the result of thirty or thirty-five years of laborious work, wheat now in sight, which would be available for moving into the U. S., which is now approaching its period of provided it is needed. This, with the 43,000,000 bushels in the U. S. visible fruition in that province, and beginning to have its influence felt. (Hear,

come up as to what was going to represented them for 23 years, that will secure for them within a reason-benefit the farmer, and as to what the Manitoba farmer will get less for would be in his interests, and I am his wheat in the long run as the result but six or seven cents a bushel more

northwest will be impervicus to reason (applause), and common sense and good j udgment when they get the case this agreement put before them, "It was first said: 'Well, but the farmer pure. We had an Inspection "It was first said: 'Well, but the farmer pure. We had an Inspection farmer of the Northwest is going to Act--upstairs in the house of com-get more for his wheat; the price of mons here we labored for weeks, yes, wheat south of the line of Dakota is for months, to get that Inspection Act higher than it is in Manitoba.' That is true. It is a little higher, it always or nearly aways rules a little higher, perly graded, with the object that it and they said: 'If the farmer can get into the will set more for the English market in a nure condition the English market in a pure condition.

And why? Because we know that if the Canadian wheat is put upon the English market in a pure condition it will bring an average of from three to four cents per bushel on the higher grades more than any other wheat in the world. A few years ago we revised the Inspection Act. and the resuit was that our wheat was put upon the market pure for a year or two, but somebody found out how to get around the act and the grades began to go off, and the grades have been off for several years past, and the farmers have been complaining, and properly complaining, in regard to the condition of things in the terminal

elevators. "These terminal elevators have been in the hands, to some extent, of men who are themselves buying and selling grain and handling millions of bushels of other people's grain while they were buying and selling their own. What happened? Grain mixed, grades have Now, the government has introduced in the senate, a bill to appoint a comin the senate a bill to appoint a com- is a reason for taking one object mission for the purpose of taking and dealing with it in an intelligent charge of that wheat, and I believe way. The farmers' delegation which that government policy is good, came here recently said to the gov-and if the commission takes charge ernment: We wish also to draw at-of this business as they ought to the taking anger we are in: we

they can only solve the trouble by tak-ing control of the elevators first, not ewning them, but controlling and in-A Back Yard to Chicago. specting them properly, and keeping

control of the wheat right thru until it gets to Liverpool. It Can Bo Done."

than they get in any other possible way. But if that is to be done, you

What Would Happen ?

"Now, what is to happen? I wonder likely to stand that for any length of if my hon. friends of the government time? I do not. I tell you that if you have thought of that in connection have had delegations from the North-with this treaty? The grain exchange west, you will have them again if this has met in Winnipeg, and has passed treaty goes through. After it has been a resolution to the effect that the in- in force for a few years, I venture to spection act must be changed. What say that there will not be any question

must be done under this treaty? We of the duty on agricultural implements must change the Inspection Act, and or on any other goods, for we shall we must make the grades the same as the American grades; that is, we must off, and have practically commercial permit of mixing, and to all intents union with the United States. (Loud and purposes we must hand the cost applause)

and purposes we must hand the con-trol of our grain market over to Sin- "As men of commonsense, let us apneapolis. That is the position. To this question the same business a better price. No. (Hear, hear.) "Then there is the question of cat-"Then there is the question of cat-the world. Read the list of favored tle, and there is the one question in resepect of which there is no doubt that the farmer will get the benefit under this agreement, for the present at least. There is no doubt that the market for the second grade of cattle marketable, it can be shipped and in the prairie provinces is a poor mardumped into the Dominion of Canada. ket at the present time-why? Because cannot conceive of what our friends it is a new country. It is only a short in the government were thinking of. time since the country was sufficiently,

settled to have a su cient production (Cheers.) A Monumental Mistake. to organibe this business. In fact, we "I leave this question of markets and prices and record my conviction that have hardly got to that point yet. The result is that there is at the present if ever a government made a monu time a very poor market for cattle in mental mistake, of ever a government the western provinces. .

got in wrong on a subject from first to last, my friends have got in wrong "But that is no reason for throwing the country away or for concluding that we can never have a market. That on this subject. (Loud and long ap-plause.) The house may think I am way. The farmers' delegation which not break away from the political came here recently said to the gov- party with which I have acted for 22 is a reason for taking up the subject of this business as they ought to, tention to the danger we are in; we I were not in carnest about it. (Hear, there is no geason why they should not leave the opportunity of on the hear.) keep control of that wheat. And, sir. United States meat interests to xp- "What is the commonest phrase in the termine to the mean of the mean of the mean of the mean."

"What are they going to do now?" said Mr. Sifton. "They will capture and control a the cattle of the Northwest-the very last hoof will be con-trolled from Chicago. What I say is

the scattered provinces of Canada to-gether. IT BINDS, BUT IT BINDS THE OTHER WAY; IT BINDS BRIT-Hard, We wanted it explained in the province of Quebe, continue that we are printing above, but the state data protocol that can be done by a competent of the province of Quebe, to unditable the droping of the endot of the track of the commission of maps willows and the commission of the province of Quebes to unditable the drift of the rank the drop of the rank the drop of the rank the two sides of the two sides of the rank the two sides of the rank the two sides of the two sides of the rank the rank the two sides of the rank the ran that we shoud establish the chilled meat industry. It has been done in

that statement, but the difference is

public affairs of Canada in the most humble capacity I shall continue to support what I believe the loyal policy that the people of Canada desire to have followed. (Applause.)

"We know yhy it is that the other policy is being supported. We know why the milling trust of St. Paul and Minneapolis are in favor of this proposal. Because they want to get the hard wheat of the Canadian Northwest without paying duty and drive our millers out of the export market. That is just as easy as adding two and two together. The Northwest millo "f the United States get \$2 or \$3 a ton

more for his offal than the miller in Canada, and that makes the difference: the Canadian miller has no chace in men, we read it in the editorials of the Canadan miller has no chace in newspapers; we even see it in the compositions of our school boys—what is it? Binding the scattened provinces of Canada together. I would like to set the wheat free now if he could. The meat trust would ge meat free if the scattened to bind

We Can Understand.

The sequence of the case of th

Should Have Stood Firm.

that I believed it then, and I believe it now, and so long as I have the hon-or to have anything to say about the public affairs of Canada in the most humble capacity I shall continue to support what I believe the loval policy

Continued on Page 7, Column 1.

nad a Distressing, Tickling Sensation in The Throat. COULD NOT SLEEP AT NIGHT.

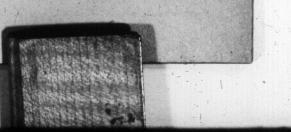
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"There is no other way, it is not dif-ficult, it is not half as difficult as it