introduces scutage, 65; his contest with a Hecket, 60-71; his penance at Canterbury, 71; subdues part of Ireland, 74; his judici il reforms, 73;

Henry III., the first child king, with picture of his coronation, 80, 90; demands money to secure the Sicilian crown, 91; opposes de Montfort and tha other harons, 91-93; building during his reign, picture, 9a.

Henry IV., chosen by Parliament, sar; his Welsh campaign, 123-125; makes war upon France, 124; portrait of Henry and his court, 144; his relations with his son, 146; death 146, 148,

Henry V., as prince, 146, 177; generosity to his foes, 148; partially conquers France, 140-172; death, 134. Henry VI., unhappy childhood, 133, 134; his Pengle his his property of the propert

his French lands, 133-138; becomes insane, 139; captured by the Earl of Warwick, 141; deposed, 144; restored,

Hanry VII., betrothed to the daughter of Edward IV. of York, 151; wins at Bosworth Field and is crowned, 152; portrait, 156; methods of raising money, 157, 158; does not aid Columbus, sends the Cabots, 160; chapel of, picture, 161.

Picture, 161. Henry VIII., early traits, with portrait, 162-164; meets Francis near Calais, 164; his interest in the Renaissance, 166; becomas "Defendar of the Faith, 167; his struggle for a divorce from Katharine and his marriage to Anne Boleyn, 167-170; his persecutions, 170, 171; seines the smaller monasteries. debases the coinage, 171; executes Anne and marries Jane Seymour, 173; marries Anne of Cleves, 174; divorces her, 175; his will, 175, 177, 180, 183; planned a marriage for his son with

Mary Queen of Scots, 195. Hill, Rowland, introduces Penny Postage, 350.

History of British kings, 60; history

written, 60, 101, 102. Holland, the Pilgrims' refuge, 220; relations with England during the Protectorate, 447.

Holy Grail, legend of, 74; connection

with the crusades, 75. Holy Land, ruled by Arabs, 46, 47; ruled

hy Turks, 48, 78, 93, 126.
"Home Rule," for Ireland, 360,
Hood, Robin, ballada of, 101; their influence on the English people, 147.

Hooper, John, Bishop, 186, "Hotspur," Harry Percy, so-called, 125, 148.

Howard, Admiral, 202, 209.

Hudson Bay, 292.
Hudson Bay, 292.
Hundred Years War, cause, 107; in time of Edward III., 107-111; 115: ends, 178; effects of, 130, 141.

"Inclosing," 172, 178, 179, Independents, go to America, as; in the war between Charles I. and Parlia-

nient, 438, 241.
India, the English in, 306; English rule established in, 308; Sepoy Mutiny, 354-357; Queen Victoria becomes Empress of, 357; the acquisition and expension and expensio pansion of the Empire of, 376, 377; present government in, 377; benefita of British rule in, 377.

Inquisition, 185. Interdict, John's kingdom placed under,

Inventions, steam engine and machines for spinning and weaving, 323; of the

nineteenth century, 351, 352.

Ireland, early churches and schools in, 17; partially subdued by Henry II., 72; ruled hy John, 72; "Strongbow" in, 72; review of England's connection with, agi, aga; revolt against Charles L. 233; supports Charles II., 242; Cromwell's campaign in, 243; supports James II., 274-277; the English Parliament claims the right to make laws for, 292; Roman Catholics shut out of Parliament of, 320; Irish Parliament represents only members of the Church of England, 3211 commercial limitations of, 321; raises troops and demands reforms, 321; obliged to support the Church of England, 345; Reign of Terror, 385; Irish allowed to vote for Protestants as members of the Irish Parliament, 325; united with England, 325; attempts of France and Spain to free, 325; the Irish flag and the "Union Jack." picture, 326; famine in. 353; the "land question," 359; Church 353; the "land question," 359; Church of England disestablished in, 359; gain in the land tenure, 359; "home rule,

"Ironsides." 237.
Isabella, child queen of Richard II.,
121; sent back to France, 124. Isabella, queen of Spain, 159, 160,

Jacobites, 276, 280, 304. James I., birth, 196; proclaimed king of Scotland, 197; accession, appearance. 211; portrait, 212: confers with Puritan ministers. 213; his belief in the "divine right," 216, 217; favorites, conflict with Parliament, 217, 218; dealings with Spain, 218-220; executes

Raleigh, a19; death, 230, ames II., comes to England with Charles II., 252, 261, 263; acces-sion, 263; Monmouth's rebellion and James's revenge, a63-a65; arbitrary rule of, 267; attempt to restore the Roman Catholic Church to power in England, 268; imprisons the seven bishops, 269; portrait, 270; abdicates the throne, 270; tries to regain the throne, 276-277; death, 284.