

a decisive and intelligent speaker on the legislation coming before us. His work in committees was also of the greatest value.

All on this side of the House join with the honourable leader of the Government in expressing to Mrs. Griesbach our deepest sympathy in her bereavement.

Hon. G. V. WHITE: Honourable senators, having been intimately associated with our late colleague Senator Griesbach ever since he became a member of this House, I should like to pay a tribute to his memory. He was a man who made a valuable contribution to both the public life and the armed forces of this country. Although I had known of him by reputation for many years, my first acquaintance with General Griesbach was during the last war.

He was a patriotic Canadian and a firm believer in the maintenance of our partnership within the British Empire. His military record, which has been referred to by the honourable leader of the House, was one of which any man might be proud. His first venture, while still a very young man, was to serve with the Canadian Mounted Rifles in the South African War. Retaining his interest in military affairs, in 1906 he took a commissioned rank in the 19th Alberta Dragoons. At the outbreak of the Great War, in 1914, he proceeded overseas as second in command of that unit, which was the First Canadian Division Cavalry Squadron. Promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in December, 1914, he came back to Canada to raise and command the 49th Infantry Battalion, with which, in 1915, he returned overseas. Later he was promoted to Brigadier General, in command of the First Canadian Infantry Brigade. As the honourable leader has stated, our late colleague received many decorations for his war services and was mentioned in dispatches no fewer than six times. In September, 1921, he was raised to the rank of Major-General in the Canadian Militia.

In the present war General Griesbach again offered his services to his country, and he was appointed to an important position; but unfortunately, owing to ill health, he was later compelled to retire. He was, as we all know, a very strict disciplinarian. Nevertheless, he always enjoyed the esteem and confidence of every officer and man who served under him. This was due to the fact that he was fearless and would not order his subordinates to assume any risk that he himself was not willing to take.

The public record of General Griesbach in the service of his country is, I am sure, well known to every honourable member of this

Hon. Mr. BALLANTYNE.

Chamber. In his demise the Senate of Canada has suffered a serious loss. I join with my colleagues in extending to Mrs. Griesbach our deepest condolences.

Hon. WILLIAM DUFF: Honourable senators, as one of the members of this honourable body from the province of Nova Scotia, I feel it my duty to rise on this occasion and say a few words especially with regard to one of our deceased colleagues. No one will expect me to say much about General Griesbach, for I was only slightly acquainted with him; but I appreciate the tributes that have been paid to him as a fighter. Members of this Chamber, in common with the people of the country, admire a man who fights. There is no question that Senator Griesbach was never afraid to express his opinion. He was always fearless and said just what he thought.

My chief object in rising is to say a few words about the senator from Nova Scotia who has passed away since we last met here. I had the honour of knowing Senator Logan since 1896. That goes back to the first election in which I cast a vote. Mr. Logan was a very young man at that time, but he was virtually the idol of Cumberland county. He was a lawyer, practising in the town of Amherst, and he had a good practice; but when the call for public service came he, like young David, took his sling shot and went out and slew a giant. In other words, he defeated one of the Cabinet Ministers of the Government of that day, the Honourable Mr. Dickie. In 1900 he ran again, and was re-elected. That time his opponent was Honourable C. H. Cahon, who afterwards became Secretary of State in the Bennett Cabinet. Mr. Logan was again re-elected in 1904. He was a candidate in 1908 and 1911, but on both occasions he was defeated by another gentleman from Nova Scotia who later on graced the Speaker's chair in another place and, still later, was summoned to this Chamber. I refer to the late Senator Rhodes.

In the wartime election of 1917 which, I may say was a very difficult election for anyone in Nova Scotia—Mr. Logan was chosen by the people of Cumberland, but he was defeated by the overseas vote. Again his opponent was the late Senator Rhodes. In 1921 his people elected Mr. Logan once more, and he came back to the other Chamber for another four years. Then, in 1929, he was appointed to this Chamber, of course for services which he performed in the interests of the Liberal party in Nova Scotia.

We in Nova Scotia, who knew Senator Logan best, appreciated the fact that he was a square shooter. In spite of what was said,