

is arbitrary and conventional, owing to the agreement of men among themselves." M. 10, F. 5.

4. Punctuate the following sentence in two ways :

"Richard Green Parks says James Russell Lowell is a great genius."—M. 2.

5. Accentuate *vehemently*, *vagary*, *laboratory*.—M. 3.

6. Parse the italicized words in the following sentences :

They were all rescued *to* a man.

I *had rather* be a *doorkeeper* in the house of the Lord *than dwell* in the tents of wickedness.

These documents prove my title *good*.

He falls, like Lucifer, never *to hope* again.

Music hath charms *to soothe* the savage breast.

Once upon a time there lived a prince.—M. 12, F. 1.

7. Explain what you mean by inflection. Give examples of all the inflections of the language.—M. 10, F. 5.

8. State which of the following expressions are correct, giving your reasons :

The (passing or passage) of the bill.

I differ (from or with) you.

The honor (bestowed or conferred) on me.

Such expressions sound (harsh or harshly.)

(Whom or who) do you say that I am.

It is a long time since I (have been or was) devoted to your interests.

As two (is or are) to four, so (is or are) four to eight.

It is better to fall among vultures than flatterers, for (those or these) devour only the dead, (those or these) the living.

Less than a million tons (are or is) produced in a year.

The temper, as well as the knowledge of a modern historian (require or requires) a more sober and accurate style.

In reality more than one principle (has or have) been contended for.

The following is the mode of (proceeding or procedure) in such a case.—M. 24, F. 12.

9. What is the difference in meaning between

A king of France and a French king,

A serial story " a serious story,

Politic " political,

Practical " practicable,

An age of faith " an age of credit,

The silent man " the taciturn man.

Ingenuous " ingenuous.

Conciliate " reconcile? M. 16, F. 8.

10. Criticize the following definition :

A verb is a word which may be used as the predicate in a sentence without a copula. M. 8, F. 5.

11. Give the roots of altitude, city, recluse, deign, hypothesis, autocrat, phrase, school, boon, call, chain, chief.—M. 12, F. 1.

ENGLISH LITERATURE.

1. What are the distinguishing features of the school of Pope? What characteristics have Gray and Goldsmith in common with it? and in what does each differ from it? Value, 14.

2. "Hence every state to one loved blessing prone,
Conforms and models life to that alone,
Each to the favorite happiness attends,
And spurns the plan that aims at other ends?
Till carried to excess in each domain,
'This favorite good begets peculiar pain."
—*The Traveller*, ll. 93-98

(i.) State, quoting the words of Goldsmith, if you can, 'the favorite good' and the 'peculiar pain' of each of the nations to whose cases he refers in support of his argument. Value, 14.

(ii.) Show to what extent the subsequent history of each of these nations bears out his views. Value, 8.

(iii.) Explain the meaning of 'domain.' Value, 1.

3. "But all the gentler morals, such as play
Through life's more cultured walks, and
charm the way."
—*The Traveller*, ll. 235 and 236.

Explain fully what is meant by 'the gentler morals.' Value, 2.

4. What were Goldsmith's views as to the dangers to which freedom and good government were exposed in England when the *Traveller* was written? Explain these views by referring to the history of the time. Value,