be quickly adopted. Harmony would promote the spread of religious influences, and if the abolition of the merely formal religious exercires in the public schools would tend toward harmony among the people, it would be a good act to do away with these exercises. Mr. Martin's motion was defeated by six to twenty-

## Toronto Hardware Market

Rope—We quote:—Sisal, 7-16 in and larger, 8c; \$\frac{1}{4}\$, 5 16. \$\frac{2}{3}\$ in, \$\frac{1}{2}\$\tau\$. Manila, 7 16 in and larger, 19 to 10\frac{1}{4}\$\tau\$; \$\frac{1}{4}\$, 5 16, \$\frac{2}{3}\$\tau\$in, 10\frac{1}{3}\tau\$ to 11\frac{3}{4}\$\tau\$.

Green Wire Cluth-Prices are unchanged at \$1,85 to 1.90 per 100 square feet.

Pig Iron-Some carload lots of Nova Scotis, on account of orders booked last falt, have been coming ir, and a few orders for Scotch iron, delivery April 1, are snhave been coming ir, and a new order for Scotch iron, delivery April 1, are announced, but on terms that were private. Trade is, however, still quiet, and quotations are purely nominal. We quote nominally as before. Summerice, \$20.50 to 21; Carabroe, \$19 50 to 20; Siemen's, \$19.50 to 19.75.

Bar Iron—Business is still confined to small quantities at \$1.85 to 1.90 Stocks in the hands

quantities at \$1.95 to 1 90 Stocks in the hands of the mills are light.

Sheet Iron-A continued improvement is to be noted, the demand belog all round good. Prices have been shaded a little, but for quantities only, it is claimed. \$2 75 is still quoted as the base price.

Galvanized Iron—Is going out fairly well, principally in the heavier gauges—ramely: 26, 24 and 22. Some few case 1 ts in the lower gauges have changed hands. Prices unchanged. We quote Queen's Head and Gordon Crown brands at 5 to 54c for 16 to 24 gauge.

Ingot and Straits Tin-S me few good orders have been booked and forwarded, but in general orders have been small and prices easier, at 20 to 21c for small lots and 191 to 20c for quan-

Ingot Copper—Business is opening up a little in this line, but the movement is still light, however. We quote 113 to 12c for ton lots and lo extra for small lute.

Sheet Copper-Shipments from stock have been limited, but import lots have just arrived and are being delivered at destination. Prices are unchanged at 15 to 17c per pound.

Zinc Spelter-Although a few o ders have been received business generally ruled quiet, at 41 to 48c for do.nestic and 41 to 48c for imports.

Sheet Steel-There are a few sorting up lots moving, but on the whole it continues quiet. Import orders are not to hand. We quote base price \$2.25 for plates and \$2.40 for beads.

Boiler Tubes -- Boiler makers are quite busy, and there is a fair demand for tubes in consequence Prices are lower, with the tendency still downward. We quote: 1½ inch, 8c; 2 inch, 9c; 2½ inch, 103c; 3 inch, 121c; 31 inch, 18c; 4 inch, 21c.

Corrugated Iron-A number of enquiries are being received, but it is on the whole quiet, as is usual in February. We quote, per equare, for galvanized: 26 gauge, \$1.25; 22 guage, \$; painted, \$3 to 4 50.

Tin Plates-Are going out quite freely, and, with the exception of one or two odd sizes, atocks are complete. We quote as before: \$3.85 to \$4 for I.C charcoal, and \$3.40 to 3.50 for coke tin, 14x20 basis.

Sheet Zinc-There is not much doing and prices are unclauged at 51 to 51c.

Hoops and Bands-Are in brisk demand at the figures quoted last week, viz, \$2 45 to 2.55. Stocks are still heavy.

Canada Plates—We quote: All dull, \$2.60 to 2.65; half polished, \$2.75; and all bright, \$2.90.

Solder-Prices uhchanged at 14 to 16c according to quality.

Pig Lead-Prices are unchanged at \$2.90 to \$3 per 100 pounds.

Antimony-We quote 111 to 113c.

Glass—Business continues quiet, but even then jobbers find it difficult to supply the de mand for the sizes wanted on account of the lowness of stocks. Prices are being maintain ed at \$1 20 to \$1.25 lat break. There are still some important orders being booked. Plate glass remains quiet and unchanged.

Paints and Oils-The anticipated advance in the price of turpentine has materialized, the figures now being 50c Toronto, Hamilton, Londen and Guelpn, with 2c per gallon added for delivery at outside points. It was auticipated that the advance would have been at least 30 per gallon. The association, however, was satisfied with 20 for the time being, but the market is strong at the advance in sympathy with the American market. There is not much demand for turpentine Linesed oil is in fair demand for turpentine demand and urchanged at 69c for law and 63c for hoiled, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Guelph, with 2c added for delivery at out-ile points.
Olders are being taken for Paris green, but it is early yet for much business to be done in this line. Putty is quiet, at \$1 90 to \$2 for bulk and \$2 to 2.10 in bladders. White lead is quiet and unchanged at the 5c. basic. The paint and oil trude shows some signs of im-

provement.
Old Material. — Business is dull. has been a slight drop in the price of atovo cast acrap and old copper bottoms. We quote cast scrap and old copper bottoms. We quote prices paid by dealers as follows: Agricultural scrap, 55c per cwt.; machinery cast, 60c per cwt. stove cast scrap, 35 to 40c; No. 1 wrought scrap, 40c per cwt; No. 2, including sheet iron, incop iron and mixed steel, 10c; new light scrap copper 7½c; heavy scrap copper 8 to 8½c; old copper bottoms 7 to 7½c; light scrap brass 5c; heavy yellow scrap brass, 7c; heavy red scrap brass, 7 to 7½c; scrap lead, 1½ to 2c; scrap zinc, 1½ to 2c; scrap rubber, 3c; country mixed 12gs, 75 to 80c per 100 lbs.; clean dry bones, 45 to 55c per 100 lbs; borings and turnings, 10 to 15c. and turnings, 10 to 15c.

## Toronto Live Stock Market.

Butchers' Cattle-The quantity taken by Montrial buyers yesterday left the market in such a position as to make it comparatively easy for local butchers and dealers to absorb the rest. Buyers were moderately active during the morning and by noon there was not much stuff un old. Prices ranged from 24 to 3c for inferior to medium; 3 to 34 for medium to good; 31 to 31c for good to choice; 31 to 3.70 for choice to extra choice loads, with rather more for picked lots.

Hogs-Buying was active and all were taken by mon. Prices remain about the same. Long half fat hoge, weighing 140 up to 220 lbs for nail 1st hogs, weighing 140 up to 220 los for going into bacon for the British market, sell readily at \$5 up to 5 10, weighed off car; as high as \$5.12½ was paid to day. It must not be understood, however, that any sort of these weights will bring these prices. Thick fats making the same weights are quoted fully 50 per ceut less. Stores and mixed lots sold to day at \$1.65 to 4.75, and thick fats at \$4.40 to 4.55. Rough sows sold at \$4 to 4.25, and stags at \$2.50 to \$3.

Sheep and Lambs-Offerings were heavier day. There were 436 head here, but as the market was bare and in good shape to receive fresh offerings everything was taken care of. Prices were steady at 4½c for choice grain-fed lambs, weighing 90 lbs and over. Sheep were in slow demand at \$4 to 4.50. There were not many in, but quite sufficient for requirementa.

Calver Offerings were light and prices un changed at \$2 to \$3, according to quality. A bunch of 14, averaging 140 lbs, sold for \$33.

Milch Cows and Springers—There were only

a few in to day and prices were a shade better. A pair of good springers sold to a dealer at \$40 each. Milk cows were quoted at \$30 to \$45.— Empire, Feb. 24.

The Lethbridge Labor Difficulty.

Latest advices from Lethlinge state that the men at the mines are sill out. It appears that the differences between the men and the com pany arose over a notice posted by the company on the 13th of this month, to the effect that owing to competition, etc., the mine would be closed on the 15th, and remain closed until the 22nd, and also to pay off a majority of employees, and reduce the rates paid for various classes of work. A time contract at reduced rates would be offered to as many of the men as the business of the company would afford work, which would be open for acceptance by them until the 22nd. A meeting of the men was held on the 19 h to discuss the situation and new contract of prices, at which it was unsufmously decided by the men not to accept the new schodule, and work has been at a standatil closed on the 15th, and remain closed until the schedule, and work has been at a standstill since. Following is the new schedule of prices since. Following is the new senseans of prices offered by the company, to remain in force until May 1, 1895, with old rates for a marrison:

Entries—Entries worked 7 ft. wide, taking the full height or the coal, say 4 ft. 6 in.

Screened coal 753 per ton. Old scale, 80c per ton and \$1.50 per yard

Brushing to be taken down from roof or lifted from bottom as circumstances require, to a depth of 1 ft, \$1 per yard. Old price, \$1.50

per yard.
Rooms—Breaking rooms off entries, 7 ft.
wide, driven to a distance that may be determined by the manager, and taking all the coal, say 4 ft 6 in. Screened coal, 75c per ton. Old scale, 80c per ton and \$1.25 per yard.

Brushing 1 ft. to be taken down the length of first pillar from entry. \$1 per yard

Brushing I fr. after the room has reached its full width, 50c per yard.

Widening out room to a distance of 12 to 14 feet (this is in addition to the price of 750 per ton for coal) 500 per yard. Old scale 800 per ton and \$1.50 per yard.

Cross cuts for air-Cross cuts for air to be driven between rooms and entries 6 ft. wide, taking the full height of the coal, 4 ft. 6 in., 750 per ton and 50s per yard.

|                          | Day Wages, | Old Scale.      |
|--------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Shift men\$1.80 & \$2.12 |            | \$2.25 & \$2.50 |
| Drivers                  | \$1.8u     | \$2.25          |
| Bottomers                | 1 90       | 2 25            |
| Stablemen                | 1.80       | 2.25            |
| Cager                    | 1.70       | 2.12            |
| Bankmen                  | 1.60       | 2 00            |
| Screenmen                | 1.60       | 2 00            |
| Turners                  | 1 60       | 2 00            |
| Timber sawyers           | 1.50       | 2 00            |

The Wheat Supply.

In our previous calculations we have recognized the wheat productions of 1893 as not less than 450,000,000 bushels, and now entertain the view that the distribution will ultimately make it apparent that 460,000,000 bushels is not too high an estimate—and we now adopt the larger quantly. This forms the basis for the following exhibit:—

|                                    | Bushels.    |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| Remaining, July 1, 1891            | 121,000,000 |
| Crop of 1893                       | 469,000,000 |
| Total supply                       |             |
| Consumption 8 months to March 1,   |             |
| Exports, same time                 |             |
| Autumn seeding                     |             |
| Distribution, 8 months             |             |
| Remaining March 1, 1894            |             |
| Needed for spring seeding          |             |
| Consumption, 4 months, to July 1 . | 107 000,000 |
| Total requirements                 | 125 000 000 |
| Total surplus                      |             |
| Uamarketable reserves              |             |
| Exportable surplus, March 1        |             |
| rubermere embinel printer r        | *2,000,000  |

It is in evidence that a large quantity of wheat has been fed to animals this year, for which we have made no a lowance in the calculations submitted. It is believed that the disposition of wheat in this manner has been fully 15,000,000 bushels .- Cincinnati Price Carrent.