

OTTAWA.—Dr. T., \$2; Privy Council, \$2; Mr. H., \$2; Mr. L., \$2; Colonel B., \$2; Mr. S., \$2; Hon. Sir J. A. McD., \$2; Captain A. W., Jr., \$2.

OAKVILLE, (Ont.)—Corporal E. R. S.

HAMILTON.—W. W., \$1.

TORONTO.—Lieut. Colonel D., (A.A.G.) \$2; Captain B., \$2; Captain P., \$2; Captain T. A. McL., \$2.

NEW HAMBURG (Ont.)—Ensign H., \$2.

AMHERSTBURG, (Ont.)—Major D. D., \$1.

BELLEVILLE.—Lieut. C., \$1.

BRIGHTON, (Ont.)—Captain A. C. W., \$2.

WEEKLY SUMMARY.

The latest cable despatch says it is reported that Lord Bloomfield, British Minister to Austria, and Lord Clarendon, have gone on a mission to Rome to request the Pope to use his influence with the inhabitants of Ireland for the suppression of the Fenian agitation.

The fleet bearing the remains of Maximilian entered the harbor of Trieste on the 16th inst. The frigate *Novara* was immediately boarded by the Archduke, who covered the catafalque containing the corpse, with wreaths of flowers. Great preparations were made for the funeral which took place on the following day with imposing ceremonies.

Later news from Rio Janerio represents the situation of affairs around Humatia such, that it was believed President Lopez would be compelled to withdraw from Rio Parama, and fall back on Anuncion. The allied army had been heavily reinforced, and was pressing the siege very closely.

The aggressive policy of the Russian Government on the Eastern Question has caused much alarm in Turkey. The *Northern Post*, of St. Petersburg, declares that Russia does not desire extension of territory. Her only aim is to secure the safety of the Christian subjects of the Porte. The St. Peterburgh *Gazette* asserts that both England and France have urged the Sultan to make extensive military and naval preparations in the Mediterranean.

The police at Manchester have arrested a man supposed to be the Fenian Deazy. Two Americans, named Barrett and O'Neil, strongly suspected of Fenianism, have been arrested in Glasgow. The papers found on them strongly implicate them. The motion to try Burke, Casey, and Law, in London instead of Warwick is likely to be granted.

The breach between the President of the United States and Secretary Stanton, has gone so far that the former has ordered all officials of the Government to hold no communication with the latter. In view of this state of affairs a stormy time is expected, as prominent Congressmen threaten, if the President continues his policy and dismisses Stanton, to impeach him at sight.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE still continues in session, but has transacted no business

of special importance to our readers. In the House of Assembly on Monday, Mr. Blake made an attack upon Mr. Tom Ferguson, in reply to a remark of the latter that it was unmanly in Mr. B. to charge the hon. Commissioner of Crown Lands with improper conduct in his absence. Mr. Blake said:—"With regard to the charge that had been made against him by the gallant Colonel from South Simcoe, he craved the mercy of his honorable friend, (Mr. Ferguson,) who had charged him with having made an unmanly attack upon a gentleman who was not there to defend himself. He admitted that the gallant Colonel was a good judge of what was courageous and manly. (Laughter.) They all knew his record—(Hear.) They all know that he had served his country; (laughter) they all knew that he had been victorious, and indeed that gallant patriot reminded him of the hero of Chevy Chase who fought and lost his legs, and fought upon his stumps. (Laughter.) He was glad the gallant Colonel's life had been spared for the benefit of the members of that House, that he was there upon his stumps, and that he was ready to give the House the benefit of his experience. (Hear.) To all of which Mr. Tom Ferguson replied as follows:—"Perhaps if he (Mr. Ferguson) had had the name of Blake, he would not have been open to such taunts. The honorable gentleman had spoken of him (Mr. Ferguson) as fighting upon his stumps. He understood that some of the honorable gentleman's ancestors, when they died in 1798, had not even their stumps to stand upon, but that they ended their lives dangling from the end of a tether." (Sensation, husses, and confusion.) Whereupon Mr. Blake called Mr. Tom Ferguson a liar! Mr. McKellar said Mr. Ferguson should be placed in the custody of the Sergeant at Arms. Solicitor General Richards justified Mr. Ferguson, because Mr. Blake provoked the attack. After considerable sparring the matter dropped.

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE is also in session, but have done nothing worthy of comment from us. During the debate on the motion of the Hon. Mr. Dunkin, in reference to the payment of members of the Legislature, Mr. Bellerose gave some information which is certainly new to us; he said the members of the *Legislature of Russia* were indemnified for their services, and he did not see why Canadian patriots should not also be worthy of pecuniary acknowledgment.

FATHER McMAHON, LYNCH AND FENIAN CONVICTS IN ENGLAND.

In the United States Congress on the 9th, the House proceeded to the regular business in the morning hour, the consideration of the joint resolution reported on the 8th by Mr. Orth, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, requesting the President to intercede with the Queen of Great Britain for the release of Father McMahon, convicted as a Fenian raider and imprisoned in Kingston, Canada West.

Mr. Orth yielded to Mr. Paine, who introduced a similar joint resolution in reference to Robert Lynch, of Milwaukee.

Mr. Wood (Dem., N.Y.) obtained the floor,

and gave notice of his intention to introduce a joint resolution requesting the President to interpose his official authority to effect the release of Colonels John Warner and W. J. Nagle, and any other American citizens who have been arrested in Ireland under the *habeas corpus* Act, and who are now imprisoned without sufficient ground to charge them with the commission of any offence against the laws of Great Britain.

Mr. Wood sent up to the Clerk's desk and had read a correspondence between Colonel Nagle, himself and the Secretary of State. He afterwards stated the President had attempted to intercede in the matter. A correspondence had passed between the Secretary of State and Sir Frederick Bruce, who had telegraphed to Lord Stanley, recommending the release of those two prisoners. The British Government had not acted on the recommendation. This he characterized as a studied and direct intentional insult to the United States. It was entirely in keeping with the whole policy and conduct of Great Britain towards this country. She had always shown her animus, her vindictiveness, her malignity against the United States. Her whole conduct had been insulting, arrogant, and such as no proud, great, and free people, like that of the United States would submit to or tolerate a day longer.

Mr. Shanks (Disun., Ind.) spoke in support of the joint resolution relating to Father McMahon, taking the ground that he was entitled under the British Statutes to a trial by a mixed jury, which right had been denied him.

Mr. Brooks (Dem., N. Y.,) suggested a modification of the language of the joint resolution. Inasmuch as it would be closely criticised in its literary as well as its political aspect, he would advise the omission of the words "Fenian raider." The word "raider" was not to be found either in Webster or Worcester. If it meant anything it meant a predatory incursionist into another country, and its very use admitted a crime.

Mr. Banks (Disun., Mass.), Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, admitted the propriety of using exact terms. The appeal on behalf of Father McMahon was made on the general belief that there were circumstances affecting his case which would produce favorable action on the part of the British Government.

Mr. Higby, (Disun., Cal.) asked Mr. Banks to state on what charge Father McMahon was convicted? Was it not treason?

Mr. Banks understood that it was.

Mr. Higby was therefore in favor of Mr. Brooks' suggestion.

Mr. Orth remarked that the charge on which Father McMahon was convicted was that of treason and felony, and he modified the joint resolution in that particular. The joint resolution was then passed unanimously.

Mr. Paine's joint resolution in reference to Robert Lynch, of Milwaukee, was also passed unanimously.

Mr. Wood then introduced the joint resolution, of which he had given notice, in reference to Colonels Warren and Nagle.

Mr. Bingham (Disun., Ohio) suggested that the omission of the words "interpose his official authority," and the substitution of the words "that the President be requested to intercede," &c.

Mr. Wood made the modification suggested.

Mr. Wood also, at the suggestion of Mr. Banks, struck out the words "under the *habeas corpus* Act."

As thus modified the joint resolution was passed unanimously.