

average attendance of the pupils at each school.

8. The amount payable from the County Rate for Teachers' salaries can either be paid by the County Treasurer under the direction of the County Inspector to any Teacher direct, or transmitted to the respective sub-Treasurers.

9. It is made clear that all pupils, children of non-residents, are liable to pay a school fee, not exceeding twenty-five cents for each month.

10. In arbitrations for taking school sites all interests, including those of Owners, Mortgagees, Tenants and others, can be dealt with.

11. As to Union School Sections the following doubtful points are settled :—

(1.) The union is considered for inspection, taxation, borrowing of money and all school purposes, as within the Municipality in which the school house is situate.

(2.) Part of the portion of the Municipality forming the union may be withdrawn, but any proceeding of this nature is always, as well as the whole portion, in the discretion of the Municipal Council.

(3.) On the first day of January next, the provisions as to a union formed after the second day of March, 1877, will apply to all unions formed before that date, and as to the latter, the period of five years runs from the time they were first established.

12. The Public School Board of any City is empowered to constitute one or more of the Public Schools in such City a Model School for the preliminary training of Public School Teachers subject to the Regulations of the Department.

13. As to Separate Schools, in order to improve their efficiency, while recognizing the principles on which they can be established, the following has been enacted :—

(1.) Elections of Trustees in Cities, Towns, and Villages are to be held, as provided in the case of Public School Boards, and in Townships, as in Rural School Sections.

(2.) Trustees can borrow on the security of the School premises or rates, repayable with interest, by instalments or otherwise.

(3.) A non-resident owner of unoccupied land can, if a Separate School supporter, re-

quire the School rates thereon to be paid to the Separate School, if any, in such Municipality.

(4.) Any Separate School rates charged upon real estate and uncollected at the end of any one year can, as in the like cases of Public School rates, be advanced by the Township.

(5.) So much of the General County rate for salaries of Public School Teachers which may be levied from Separate School supporters is to be paid over to the Separate School Trustees, if any, in the Township.

(6.) In cases where the Trustees of R. C. Separate Schools exercise their option of having the Separate School rates collected by the Municipal machinery, the Assessor can accept the knowledge of a person being a Roman Catholic as *prima facie* evidence of his being a Separate School supporter.

(7.) The Education Department can authorize a Separate School to become a Model School for the preliminary training of Teachers for Separate Schools; and in such case, or in the special circumstances of Separate Schools in any County, the Minister may recommend to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, the appointment of an additional member of the County Board of Examiners possessing qualifications prescribed by the Education Department.

(8.) The thirtieth section of the Separate School Act is now defined to comprise Teachers qualified either in the Province of Ontario, or at the time of the passing of the British North America Act in the Province of Quebec.

14. The powers of Public and High School Boards in requiring Municipal Corporations to raise upon the requisition of such Board any sum which they might demand, has been circumscribed as to expenditure on capital account to the extent following, viz :

(1.) The Municipal Council may, by a two-thirds vote, refuse to raise the amount demanded.

(2.) In case of refusal the School Board may require the question to be submitted to the Municipal electors qualified to vote on By-laws for creating debts, and on the assent of a majority of the electors being obtained the Municipal Council must pass the By-law.

15. In the case of Rural School Sections, Trustees cannot borrow or raise any money for expenditure on capital account unless the proposition has been first approved of at a general meeting of the qualified school electors.