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18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

The Toronto World.

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TWENTY-FVIE CTS. A MONTH
DELIVERED IN CITY AND SUBURBS
18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

THIRD YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, JULY 31. 1882 PRICE ONE CENT

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WHO KEEPS 286 QUEEN ST. WEST? WHY! Griffin the Queen st. 7 and 10 cent man. Go and see him, it will pay you. 6

PERSONAL.

SHORTHAND WRITERS! I AM NOW IN Chicago, arranging to secure representation of American stenographers at Canadian convention last week in August. Hold yourselves free for that week. THOMAS BEGOUGH, 11 King-st. west.

"WINE IS A MOCKER, STRONG DRINK IS raging, and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise." Proverbs 20. 1. Young Men's Christian Association (Shaftesbury Hall) to-night at 8 (men only), to-morrow at 3 and 8.30. All come. 6

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AT 125 QUEEN-ST. WEST, HIGHEST PRICE Paid for cast off clothing; parties waited on at their own residence. W. SIMON.

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$100000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT on city or farm property; half margin; charges moderate. For particulars apply to C. W. LINDSEY, Real Estate Agent, 6 King street east.

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ONE OR TWO COMFORTABLY FURNISHED rooms. Apply 187 Richmond-st. west.

LOST.

LOST—A LITTLE BOY ABOUT TWELVE years old, having on a dark tweed suit, light complexion, got on board the Empress of India Saturday night at Oakville, and came to this city. His name is George Lebarr. Any one hearing of him would greatly oblige by sending information as to his whereabouts to A. Lebarr, Oakville, or No. 1 Police Station.

EXCURSIONS

Y. M. C. A. EXCURSION
TO THE
CHAUTAUQUA S. S. ASSEMBLY,
Per Steamer CHICORA, and connections,
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At 7 a.m., arriving at Chautauqua at 4 p.m. same day, with the privilege of remaining until August 15th.

Among the attractions of the week will be the Alumni Re-union, C. L. S. C. Commencement Exercises, Lectures by J. B. Gough, Bishop Warren, Chaplain McCabe, Frank Beard, Prof. Browne, Dr. Mark Hopkins, Dr. Lyman Abbott, and others, Normal Class Exercises, C. L. S. C. Round Tables, Camp and Watch Fires, Grand Concerts, Excursions upon the Lake, Illuminations, Fireworks, Etc.

Tickets for the round trip (including 30 miles sail around the lake) ONLY FOUR DOLLARS. On sale at the Y. C. Tract Depository, Methodist Book Room Grand Union Ticket Offices 29 King street west and 25 York street, the Sec etary's Office, Shaftesbury Hall, or by the undersigned.

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Many medicines check too suddenly attacks of Bowel Complaints, inducing dangerous inflammation, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, cleanses, strengthens and heals the diseased and weakened mucuous surfaces of the Stomach and Bowels, and safely cures every form of Summer Complaints.

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All colors ready for use to the public at prices that defy competition.

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Unreserved Auction Sale of Household Furniture new, Rosewood Piano Forte by Heintzman, cost $500, Italian Marble, Five Black Walnut Bedroom Suites, Handsome Book Case and Secretary Combined, Etc., Etc., at the Residence No. 138 Carlton Street.

Wednesday, August 2.

The subscriber have received instructions to sell by public auction at the above residence on Wednesday next, 2nd August, the whole of the valuable household furniture, etc., consisting of crimson Brocatille drawing room suite (7 pieces), hair cloth, do. (7 pieces), sofas, chairs, and easy chairs, lace curtains gilt cornace, lambrequins, marble toped, black walnut and Papier machine, centre and fancy tables, Italian marble and Bohemian glassware, oil paintings and engraving and English chromos, handsome black walnut book case with secretary combined. Music stand, black W. whatnot, handsome B. W. hall table and chairs, B. W. hat stand, tapestry and other carpets throughout, English oil cloth, five B.W. bedroom suites, tapestry and other carpets, chamber ware, hair, spring and mattresses, glassware, kitchen utensil, etc, ect., also an elegant rosewood piano forte 7½ octave, nearly new and (cost $500). Sale at 11 o'clock Terms cash. 6123

J. M. McFARLANE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

A Terrible Affair.

STEUBENVILLE, O., July 29—This afternoon John Harter of the St. Charles hotel enraged at Dr. Johnson, a boarder in the house, sought to attack him. Harter's father attempted to pacify him at which John drew a revolver and a younger brother named Edward ran to his father's assistance, and rushed between them just in time to receive the bullet fired at the old man. Edward died almost instantly. A bystander named Josiah Salmon tried to take the pistol from John and was shot in the hand. John was finally jailed. The murdered man was under indictment for killing a man a few months ago.

THE EASTERN TROUBLES.

A TURKISH EXPEDITION TO BE SENT TO EGYPT.

France Weakening—Resignation of the Ministry—Arabi's Movements—Inflammatory Proceedings—Russia Delays the Conference.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29.—The Sultan has told the British ambassador that the demand for the issue of the proclamation against Arabi cannot be made by England alone, but should proceed from the conference powers, in which case it would receive due consideration. The Russian charge d'affaires has been ordered by his government not to attend the meetings of the conference until he receives detailed instructions. The German representative has been instructed to recommend the Sultan to issue a proclamation declaring Arabi a rebel.

Admiral Seymour will reconnoitre the Aboukir forts to-morrow. Some doubt is entertained whether the bombardment of the forts will take place, because it is supposed that the prisoners held by the Egyptians are confined therein. A large powder magazine at Meherrem, from which it was said Arabi had recently taken the stores, has just been blown up by the British.

PARIS, July 29—The Journal des Debats says that if England, who at her own cost and risk re-establishes order in Egypt will not do so gratuitously, she will be right.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29—A special steamer has arrived here with instructions for the Russian charge d'affaires.

LONDON, July 29—A special despatch from Alexandria says that Cherif Pasha visited the khedive this evening and then proceeded to his residence on the Mahmoudieh canal. The condition of affairs at Port Said are

VERY CRITICAL.

The conduct of DeLesseps is severely criticized. It is reported he is in daily communication with Arabi Pasha.

It is stated that Gen. Sir Garnet Wolseley who was designated to take the command of the British force in Egypt is rather seriously indisposed.

ALEXANDRIA, July 29—Osman Pasha Rifki and the twenty-six Circassian officers implicated in the recent plot to assassinate Arabi arrived here to-day from Constantinople having been summoned by telegraph by the khedive. They were received with great ceremony.

PARIS, July 29.—In the chamber of deputies De Freycinet proposing a second vote of credit declared that it was a question of confidence in the cabinet. De Freycinet said that without the mandate of Europe intervention properly so-called would be

NEITHER WISE NOR PRUDENT.

The present operation could lead to no conflict with Europe. France would occupy the ends of the canal with four thousand men and would show England that she possessed the sympathy and moral support of the French people. As Turkey had announced an intention of despatching troops to Egypt this was not the moment to refuse a grant. Such a course would be prejudicial to the interests of France in Egypt and to her prestige in the eyes of the Mussulman world. The powers were reverting to the idea of a collective protection of the canal and the conference was about to consider this phase of the question. Both France and England would be disposed to participate in this collective action. De Freycinet said that the government made a direct appeal to the confidence of the chamber; in this ministers were unanimous. The chamber by 450 to 75 rejected the credit. After the vote the ministers went to the Elysee and tendered their resignations to President Grevy. He requested them to continue to transact the business of their offices pending the appointment of their successors.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29—The Porte deines that it has received any telegram announcing the

SUBMISSION OF ARABI PASHA.

15,000 troops have been ordered to proceed to Egypt next week.

ALEXANDRIA, July 29, 10.30 evening.—Explosions were heard here throughout the day. They were caused by the British destroying the cannon and powder magazine in the forts. Two armed parties started tonight from the Alexandria passenger station and the Garabi goods depot to repair the railways cut by the rebels on the Alexandria side of the Madalle junction. Major Gordon has been appointed chief of police, vice Lord Charles Beresford. Cherif Pasha has arrived here.

LONDON, July 29.—The Times says it appears that France adheres to the policy of abstention in Egypt and if she takes action at all it will be confined to providing for the security of the canal. It is, however clear that De Freycinet's timorous policy does not command universal assent in France and even if the ministry should

WEATHER THE STORM

it will likely undergo important modifications through the defection say of the minister of finance and possibly Ferry, minister of public instruction.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29.—The military commission is of opinion that the expedition to Egypt should consist of an advance guard and three divisions of 12,000 men each.

The British ambassador again sent Sandeson, secretary of the legation to ask the sultan to issue a proclamation denouncing Arabi Pasha as a rebel. Sandeson gave the sultan conciliatory explanations, stating that England did not aim at a protectorate over Egypt. He asked for particulars concerning the composition of the British expedition to Egypt. The sultan gave no satisfactory answers. Its stated that he is irritated at England's action and has sent verbal messages through Sandeson that he would do

NOTHING FOR ENGLAND

but only yield to the wishes of Europe.

PARIS, July 30—The French men-of-war in Egyptian waters have been ordered to station themselves at Port Said and cease traversing the Suez canal.

MADRID, July 30—The Imparcial says that Germany proposed to Spain to cooperate in the protection of the Suez canal and we believe the government will accept the invitation.

ALEXANDRIA, July 30—The plundering of houses past outside the British lines at Ramleh continues. A culprit was caught yesterday evening and killed by the patrols. The two expeditions which left last night to repair railways cut by the rebels on the Alexandria side of the Mahalla junction were completely successful. The expeditions consisted of British sappers, sailors and marines and Egyptian railroad workmen. Both lines of road were repaired and a considerable number of railway wagons were brought to Alexandria. The British portion of the expedition returned without encountering the enemy. The rebels are making every effort to fortify the vicinity of Port Said.

PARIS, July 30—The president to-day had a conference with the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies. The newspapers consider that the vote against the government more clearly shows the coalition of the enemies of the cabinet than any precise indication of opinion in the chamber on foreign politics. Gambettist journals

ADVISE GREVY TO SUMMON BRESSON,

president of the chamber of deputies to form a new cabinet. It is doubtful whether Bresson will accept. The crisis is likely to last some days.

LONDON, July 30.—The Scots guards, seven hundred and fifty strong, left the barracks this morning and embarked on a transport for Egypt. There was a great crowd outside the barracks and the enthusiasm was tremendous. Some of the guards were lifted off their feet. The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief and Secretary of War Childers were present.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 30.—The various governments asked their representatives here for explanations regarding the absence of the Russian delegate from Thursday's sitting of the conference but the representatives profess themselves unable to explain the cause. They state that an arrangement would have been enreached Thursday between the Porte and the conference but for the absence of Onou the Russian delegate. An adjournment at such a moment is regarded as seriously endangered the success of the conference. The English, French and Italian ambassadors had received important instructions from their governments which they were unable to communicate to the conference. An official telegram from

THE REBEL GOVERNMENT

says that the khedive having issued a decree dismissing Arabi Pasha from the ministry for neglecting to defend Alexandria and having published a proclamation declaring England is a friend of Egypt, Arabi called on the country of which he is a submissive servant to pronounce its will on the in the matter.

At great meetings on Saturday, comprising Ulemas, Coptics, Cadis, Patriarch, communities and various high functionaries, Mudirs, Notables and leading merchants, in three hundred and sixty-four persons, moving speeches were delivered especially by Ali Bey, under-secretary of the Soudan, who recounted the outrages of the English sailors upon Alexandria women, meeting with only three dissensions. It was decided to maintain Arabi so that he might defend the country until the conclusion of a satisfactory peace or the total extermination of his forces. All decrees to the contrary were annulled, as the khedive was beyond the vale of the Musselman's law. It was resolved the decisions of the meeting should be submitted to the porte. The cousins of the khedive at the meeting declared that Tewfik would be khedive if he sided with the country and the army, but under the present circumstances he is either a prisoner or the puppet of the British, and his authority might be repudiated.

Immense numbers of people paraded the streets last evening, shouting

"VICTORY TO THE FRIENDS OF EGYPT against aggressors."

PARIS, July 30.—In consequence of the rejection of the motion for a vote of credit all the movements of the troops and fleet have been stopped. The commander of the French fleet in Egyptian waters has been ordered to maintain strict neutrality.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 30—The special steamer did not bring the instructions that the Russian representative expected. It is believed here that Russia considers the relations of England and Turkey might result in the conclusion of an alliance which Russia is anxious to prevent. Doubts are still expressed as to the actual departure of the Turkish expedition to Egypt. The porte has requested Dufferin to explain the extraordinary severity of the British at Alexandria.

ALEXANDRIA, July 30—The home government has ordered Seymour to establish a censorship over cable messages in consequence of the repeated despatch of accounts of the British position.

The Helicon with Seymour has returned from Aboukir where she went to reconnoitre. The admiral found operations actively progressing at the forts which are well armed. Nothing is settled in regard to bombarding them.

PORT SAID, July 30—De Lesseps hearing that the British trooship Orion intended to land men at Ismailia started for that place. He is said to have declared that England should land only after passing over his and his son's

DEAD BODIES.

He talks of enlisting a tribe of Bedouins to oppose European intervention in this part of Egypt. Admiral Conrad telegraphed the French government complaining of the behavior of De Lesseps. It is reported that the Bedouins have undertaken to furnish Arabi with 60,000 men, the chiefs remaining as hostages in Arabi's hands.

ALEXANDRIA, July 30—A hundred Bedouins looted the houses at Ramleh last night. Osman Pasha Ritki will organize a body of Circassian and Albanian troops. He is eager to head an attack on Arabi. It is said that the bombardment of the Abukir forts will not take place. Arabi has assumed the green turban and robes of a descendant of the prophet.

Worse than Toronto.

PITTSBURG, July 29—Although an immense sum has been spent for city waterworks, so that there is a debt thereon of five million, the engines are practically useless from repeated breaks, and the city has to relay on pumps belonging to large iron manufacturers lying idle from the strike.

A Big Haul.

DEADHAM, Mass., July 29.—Five hundred dollars in money and check for $1,500 were stolen from a drawer in the office of the station agent of the Boston and Providence R. R. to-day by unknown parties, who escaped. The payment of the check has been stopped.

Yellow Fever in Mexico.

MATAMORAS, Mexico, July 29.—Fever here called malarial proves to be the most virulent type of yellow fever. It is rapidly spreading and black vomit accompanies it. Col. Ioto, of the Mexican regular army, lost his wife and daughter and is now dying himself.

Troubled with Canadian Indians.

FORT TOLDEN, D.T., July 28—Turtle Mountain Indians from Canada have crossed the line and ordered off the white settlers, and refused to pay the customs assessed against them by the Pembina agency. They claim the right to the lands and deny the legality of any laws levying taxes on them. Their chief, Little Shell, says: "We recognize no boundary line and shall pass as we please." At least seventy-five half-breeds have moved over and all are pugnacious. Military interference seem necessary.

THE SABBATH QUESTION.

DR. WILD DOES NOT WANT SUNDAY HORSE CARS.

Reporters not Infallible.—The Sabbath on Saturday.—His Answer to the New York Witness.—Replies to Correspondents.

In his replies to correspondents Dr. Wild alluded to several letters on the point that Maine not Maryland was the first of the original thirteen states to set the example of religious toleration. The doctor said that as several of his friends, including the reporters, who however were not infallible, had assured him that he had said Maine and not Maryland why it must be so. Anyway he meant to say Maryland.

Dr. Wild referred to an attack made on him by the New York Witness because a church where he had formerly preached had been turned into a theatre. That was no fault of his, but these religious papers would turn and twist facts to any extent in order to hit a man. The Witness was a beggar newspaper and would say anything to fetch the money.

The subject of next Sunday evening's sermon would be "A Yankee with whom blood was thicker than water."

THE SERMON.

The text to which he would direct their attention was St. Mark's record of our Saviour's words: "The Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath." The Sabbath was a day which was of divine creation. The ordinary day was caused by the revolution of the earth. The month is caused by the revolution of the moon, and the year by that of the sun. But there is nothing in the heavenly bodies to mark at the seventh day. The Sabbath referred to in the text was the Hebrew Sabbath on Saturday. It was a sign and also a covenant as in marriage there is a covenant of which the ring is the sign. The Sabbath was a covenant between the Hebrew people and God, who promised them certain blessings, good lands, good crops, length of life. On their part they were to keep the Sabbath. The Sabbath extended to everything, to man and beast, and even to the earth that was tilled by human and animal labor. For man was an epitome of nature. There did not exist in rock or clay a substance that was not found in the body of man if healthful. And the Sabbath being appointed by God, fitted man's nature. It was first for rest. He contended that a man worn out with needful labor in the week, need not go to church but might stay at home and serve God by sleep. Not so with the idle or the rich. It was they who ought to work hard on Sunday in helping the church or the Sunday school. But it was generally the toilers during the week who do work for God on Sunday. Rest was necessary, and no shorter and no longer than an interval than one day in seven would meet the needs of humane nature.

The atheist scientists of the French revolution had tried to give the lie to God, whom they wanted to dethrone in order to enthrone reason in his place, they had tried to substitute a tenth day of rest in place of the Sabbath, but they found it would not do, and had to return to the seventh day as appointed by God. The workingmen who were being led away from christianity by these infidel scientists would find out their mistake. They clamored for street cars Sunday. I dont want a street car on Sunday by which any other man will be compelled to work. If you require men to work on the day of rest in order to minister to your pleasure, why not require a man to keep open his store on Sunday too? The Sabbath was a sanitary institution. It was necessary for health. Animals as well as man need a Sabbath of rest. An engineer know that the very engines on the railway needs rest. The Sabbath had a social value for parent and child to pass a day of social reunion together. But above all the Sabbath was for a moral and religious purpose. After Christ came he gave us also the Sunday, the day of religious rest, while the Hebrew Sabbath remained as the day of rest from work. We have got half of the Saturday rest and working men should never cease to agitate till we get the whole of it. The nations would yet return to the observance of the Hebrew economy and both forms of the Sabbath be observed.

Fall of a Bridge.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29—This evening a foot bridge over the canal at Manayunk crowded with people witnessing a tub race fell, precipitating the people into the water. One woman was seriously injured and a number of other persons were badly hurt.

A Big Thing in Pine.

DETROIT, July 29—The American lumber company has purchased rom the Detroit, Mackinac and Marquetre railway company the standing pine on its entire land grant, except Mackinaw county and the east part of Chippawa county, in all half a million acres. It also purchased two hundred and twenty-five million feet of timber in the Northern peninsula, giving it control of the largest body of pine in Michigan. It intends to cut fourteen million feet next winter. The head offices are in Toronto, Canada.

The Old, Old Story.

FRANLIN, Pa., July 29—Quite a flurry was created in this city this morning by the announcement that John G. Craft, cashier of the Exchange bank, was a defaulter by between fifty and one hundred thousand dollars. It is said Craft lost heavily in oil speculations. There was no run on the bank. Craft was a deacon in the Presbyterian church and enjoyed the confidence and respect of the citizens to the fullest degree.

A Canadian Cable Company.

NEW YORK, July 29—The new Atlantic cable project announced a few days ago in London as open for subscriptions has an especial interest for Canadians. From the prospectus which reached this city by cable it is learned that the new organization is formed under a charter granted by the dominion parliament in 1881 incorporating the European, Canadian, American and Asiatic cable company, which undertaking it is understood has been mainly promoted by a government official Gisborne, superintendent of the government telegraphs in connection with Benjamin Batson of Ottawa one of the original corporators. Among the list of contracts enumerated in the prospectus is one by the company with Batson and an undertaking by the company to pay $30,000 to cover the cost of obtaining an act of parliament which is the exact wording of the advertisement. This extraordinary statement so freely circulated throughout England is hardly calculated to convey to the mother country a very favorable impression regarding the purity of the parliament in Canada.

THE DOMINION GAZETTE.

Judicial Appointments.—Civil Service Examiners.—Election Returns.

OTTAWA, July 29.—The Canada Gazette of to-day contains the following appointments: Hon. Alexander Jones of Dartmouth in the county of Halifax, one of the puisne judges of the supreme court of Nova Scotia, to be a judge in equity of the said court, vice Hon. John W. Ritchie resigned; John Sparrow David Thompson of Halifax to be a judge of the supreme court of Nova Scotia vice Hon Alexander James; Marie Honorius Ernest Cimon of Chicoutini, Que., to be a puisne judge of the superior court of the province of Quebec vice Hon Maurice Laframboise, deceased; John E. Morrison of Southampton to be harbor master for the port of Southampton.

John Thorburn, Esq., M.A., L.L.D., A. D. Decelles and Peter Lesueur are to compose the board of examiners as provided for by the act for the examination of candidates for the civil service of Canada and for all other purposes mentioned in the said act.

The return of the following members are announced: Bothwell, J. J. Hawkins; Chicoutimi and Saguenay, J. A. Gagne; Inverness, Hugh Cameron; Richmond, N. S., H. N. Paint; King's, P. E. I., P. A. McIntyre, J. E. Robertson and A. C. McDonald (the last two a double return); Lisgar, A. W. Ross; Selkirk, Hugh Sutherland; Winnipeg, Thomas Scott. It will be observed that the clerk of the crown in chancery has disregarded Mr. Mills' claim and has on the return of returning-officer Stephens declared J. J. Hawkins to be elected. In the King's, P. E. I., case a double return has been made and the committee on privileges and elections will probably have to deal with the matter.

Election Protest.

LONDON, July 30.—A protest was yesterday entered by N. Currie against the return of G. W. Ross in West Middlesex.

A Big Fire.

HILLSBORO, Ark., July 29—Late Friday night a fire destroyed sixteen business places including the Mirror newspaper office. The loss is heavy.

The Parnells.

NEW YORK, July 29—Mrs. Parnell today received a cable from Dublin that her daughter Anna who had been seriously ill since her sister Fanny's death was much better.

Prohibition.

DESMOINES, Ia., July 29—Governor Sherman issued a proclamation declaring the result of the election on the adoption of the prohibition amendment as being 29,700 majority in favor of the adoption. He commends all good citizens and residents to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

A Bruiser in Trouble.

BOSTON, July 29—Sullivan the pugilist this morning pleaded guilty to using profane language to officers and to drunkenness. He paid a fine of $10 for the former and $1 and costs for the latter offence.

The Diamond State.

DANBURY, N.C., July 29—A diamond valued at $7000 was found in the bed of a creek near here this morning. Several diamonds have already been found in this state.

The Chief Justice of England.

LONDON, July 19—It is understood that Lord Coleridge, lord chief justice of England has accepted the invitation of the New York bar association to visit New York next year.

The Dead U. S. Minister.

ROME, July 29.—The institute of forestry at Vallombrosa received Minister Marsh's body into their hall for embalming and kept a guard of honor over it day and night. The entire institute accompanied the body down the mountain to Pantassieve.

A Brute of a Bridegroom.

DOVER, N. H., July 29.—Merrill Hanson while drunk last night beat his recently wedded wife who jumped out of a window. Hanson wrongly supposed that she took refuge in a barn and in order to smoke her out burned it and all the adjoining buildings.

Consolidated Electricity.

CINCINNATI, July 30—The brotherhood of telegraphers of United States and Canada and the telegraphers of North America consolidated yesterday. The consolidated organization has a membership of 6 to 8 thousand.

Frightful Mortality in New York.

NEW YORK, July 29.—There were 1217 deaths here the past week, the largest number in a single week for 10 years. The deaths to-day were 218. A third of the victims are infants who succumbed to cholera infantum due to the heat.

Rape of the Lock.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., July 29—The other night somebody entered a room where Jennie Boggs, aged 16, was sleeping and cut all her hair from her head. The tresses were magnificient, reaching nearly to her feet. On Thursday Jennie died, it is alleged from cholera, but the general opinion is she died from grief at the loss of her hair.

Shot by her Brother.

THOMSON, Ga., July 29.—Julian Boyd a prominent young planter was fatally shot on the highway Wednesday night. He was taken home and the assassins tried to shoot him again through a window. Last night three brothers named Martin were arrested. Boyd failed to fulfil the promise to marry a sister of the Martins.

*THE WORLD WOULD LIKE T