

# War News.

Messages Received  
Previous to 9 A. M.

## WAR SUMMARY.

The Austro-German forces operating against the Italians along the Tagliamento River, from the region of the Carnic Alps south to the Adriatic Sea, are proving a serious menace. The invaders of Venetia have driven their way across the river at Pinzano and are proceeding west, while to the north on the Italian left, intense operations are being carried out by the Teutonic allies, the two manoeuvres probably having as their objective the cutting off of the entire right wing of General Cadorna's army. The Berlin war office in its announcement of the forcing of the river says 6,000 Italians were taken prisoners and that an additional number of guns also were taken. The Italian official statement makes only brief mention of the operations, merely asserting that the enemy succeeded in bringing some of his forces to the right bank of the stream. There is no indication as yet whether it is the intention of Cadorna to endeavor to maintain the Tagliamento line, but it is not improbable that his stand here is a temporary one, while positions of greater strength are being prepared in the rear. Never since the retreat from the Isonzo front began has there been an official statement confirming the spot chosen by Cadorna for turning about against the enemy, but some military observers have considered that with such large losses in men and guns during the retrograde movement, he would merely elect to stand along the Tagliamento and retard the enemy until better arrangements, including reinforcements in men and guns, could be provided further back westward. Both the Rome and Berlin war offices are silent as to the movement begun by the enemy in the Trentino region last Saturday, which it was believed at the time indicated that the Germans and Austro-Hungarians would attempt to push southward along the western banks of Lake Garda, through Briscia and out upon the plains and between Milan and Verona. In the initial attempt to break the Italian front in this region, the Germans met with repulse and even lost men, who were made prisoners.

## GERMAN PLANS.

Italian Headquarters, Northern Italy, Nov. 5.—Reports of heavy artillery fire on both banks of the Tagliamento, with the chief pressure on the Italian left wing, show that Austro-German patrols have crossed the river as foreseen, and that the enemy is trying to throw the main body of his attack in Giudicaria Valley, on the Trentino front. They also show clearly his purpose to make a mass attack from the north.

## GERMANS CROSS TAGLIAMENTO.

ROME, Nov. 5.—The Germans have crossed the Tagliamento River. The war office announces the Austro-German pressure against the Italians' northern wing has been intensified.

## VENIZELOS IN ROME.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Premier Venizelos, of Greece, who arrived in Rome yesterday accompanied by a number of Greek officials and deputies and the British naval attaché at Athens, Capt. Talbot, will extend his visit to other Entente countries. According to a cable received here to-day, his purpose is to secure material for equipment of the Greek army before actual mobilization is completed.

## NO EVIDENCE.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Charges brought against Leon Daudet, of L'Action Francaise, and Charles Maurrats, of the same paper,



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NOW PLAYING AT THE CASINO THEATRE.

GLADYS KLARK ASSOCIATE PLAYERS.

Monday and Tuesday, "Common Clay,"

The famous Harvard prize play, by Cleaves Kinkaid—the dramatic hit of the century in three acts and an epilogue.

Wednesday, Matinee "Believe Me Xantippe." Curtain at 2.30.

TICKETS NOW SELLING AT FRED. V. CHESMAN'S, 178 WATER STREET.

were dismissed to-day by the judge who was investigating the alleged Royalist plot. He found no evidence to substantiate the charges.

## BELGIAN WOMEN BUILDING DUG-OUTS.

British Front in Belgium, Nov. 5.—Belgian women and girls are being compelled to build concrete dugouts under artillery fire. The statement that this form of slavery has actually been practiced is recorded in the diary of a German soldier who was recently captured. An illustration of German disregard for laws of war and humanity can be found in an incident which occurred the other night near Houthulst forest. The British heard the cries of "stretcher bearers" from No. Man's Land. It naturally was assumed that a wounded man was calling for help and Red Cross bearers rushed out through the darkness to render assistance. They were shot down by German snipers who used this ruse to entice them into the open.

## TURKS DRIVEN FROM FIRST LINE.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 5.—In the region of the Black Sea Coast the Russians have driven the Turks from their first line and advanced in some places to the third line, the war office announced. Much booty was captured.

## AUSTRIANS USE NEW GAS INVENTION.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5.—According to the correspondent at Gorizia of the Budapest Pesti Mirlap, the Austrians made their attack upon Gorizia with a new poisonous gas, the invention of a Viennese professor. The rain which fell during the attack

it is explained, kept the fumes close to the ground and rendered the Italian masks useless against the new invention, which the correspondent declares, is one hundred times stronger and more deadly than the gas used in former attacks on the same front.

## BERLIN OFFICIAL.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—A supplementary statement issued by the general headquarters this evening says: In Flanders there is variable artillery activity; in Upper Italy good progress is being made.

## A GOOD SHOT.

ROME, Nov. 5.—Two Italian carabinieri fired into the automobile of the General commanding the Third Army Corps of Brandenburg, while it was in the suburbs of Udine on Oct. 28th. The General was killed; his aide was desperately wounded and made prisoner.

## IN GULF OF TRIESTE.

ROME, Nov. 5.—A naval bulletin last night referred to intense activity in the Gulf of Trieste.

## TELEGRAMS DECIPHERED.

ATHENS, Nov. 5.—Lengthy telegrams which passed between former Queen Sophie and Emperor William during December, 1916, and the early part of this year, similar in tone to others that have been deciphered, are now made public and show that the Germans take the offensive on the Macedonian front. Queen Sophie assured the Emperor, her brother, of Greek cooperation. Field Marshal Von Hin-

denburg and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman, it appears, could not agree on the time the attack should be made, while the blockade of the Allies caused a shortage of food and munitions in Greece and prevented Greek action. On Jan. 10th the Queen telegraphed Emperor William, telling him of this food and ammunition shortage and concluded, "May the infamous pigs receive the punishment they deserve." In other telegrams the Queen promised that Greek artillery would be destroyed if there was danger of its falling into the hands of the Entente. She also kept her brother informed of the actions and intentions of General Sarrail.

## OPERATIONS IN PALESTINE.

LONDON, Nov. 5 (Official).—Operations against Gaza are continuing and we are in contact with the enemy north of BeerSheva. The total number of prisoners captured by us from the commencement of those operations is now 207 officers and 2,429 men.

## RUSSIAN OFFICIAL.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 5.—On the northern front fusiliades attained certain intensity in the Drinsk region. In the sector west of Lake Sventen the enemy opened violent artillery fire. On the western and southwestern and Roumanian fronts there were fusiliades and scouting operations. In the Black Sea coastal region, in the Kalkin-Chiftlik sector, one of our detachments ejected Turks from their first line trenches and at some places advanced to their third line. We took large quantities of arms and ammunition. In Kesh region, southwest of Erzingen, small Turkish detachments attempted to

make an offensive but were repulsed. In Belimur region our scouts dispersed several parties of Kurds. The situation on the Baltic is unchanged.

## IN PETROGRAD.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—At a meeting in Petrograd on Saturday, as reported in an Exchange Telegraph despatch from that city, representatives of the whole Petrograd garrison passed under the guidance and influence of the Bolsheviks, the radical pacifist group. Leon Trotzky, President of the Central Executive Committee of the Petrograd Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, spoke with great confidence saying the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates would come into power Sunday. Many meetings were organized by the Bolsheviks. On the other hand Cossacks held a religious procession, carrying the cross and their banners and inviting the public to participate. There was most intense excitement in Petrograd on Saturday, the despatch says.

## ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—There was intermittent artillery activity in Belgium and Upper Alsace says to-day's official announcement. An enemy attack on our small posts west of the Upper Cuch Forest was repulsed and prisoners remained in our hands. Everywhere else the night was calm.

## GERMANS IMPOSE HEAVY FINE.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam says that according to a frontier correspondent, the German authorities in Belgium have imposed a fine of ten million

francs on the province of East Flanders because it failed to place forty thousand laborers at the disposal of the Germans by Nov. 1st.

## NEWFOUNDLAND SUGAR.

TORONTO, Nov. 5.—Food Controller Hanna to-day declared that sugar shortage in Canada is real and would soon result in drastic restrictions if the situation did not improve. One evidence of this shortage was the fact that eleven cars of sugar for shipment to Newfoundland Saturday was held in this country.

## An Appeal.

On Behalf of the Fire Sufferers in the Recent Fire at Random Island, Smith's Sound.

We, the undersigned, beg to appeal to a sympathizing public for aid on behalf of 10 helpless families at Petley and Aspen Cove, Smith's Sound, whose homes and property were totally destroyed in a forest fire about three weeks ago.

The severity of the fire was such and its course so rapid, fanned and driven as it was by well nigh a half a gale of wind, that humanly speaking it was impossible to attempt to save anything or to battle with the devouring element in its course; nevertheless in many instances an heroic fight was maintained by the men until they were driven from their homes by the flames; while in others the men being away a mother and some helpless children had barely time to make good their escape. In less than an hour after the fire reached the villages it had destroyed the Church of England Church, fourteen dwellings, ten of them occupied, about the same number of barns with all the season's stock of hay, several stores, outhouses and stables with a loss in two of them of 30 qtls. of fish, four mills with quantities of lumber and logs, and 10 families rendered homeless with well nigh everything they possessed a few heaps of ashes. A conservative estimate has placed the loss at about \$15,000.00. Practically nothing was saved. In one or two instances a bed and bedding and in others a trunk of clothes was saved, while in others what had been taken out of houses was afterwards destroyed.

We therefore venture to take the liberty of appealing through the public press on behalf of these poor people who have so completely and suddenly been dispossessed of the savings and earnings and labors of a lifetime. In normal times the situation for these people would be a hard one indeed; it becomes intensely hard in a time like the present.

We feel sure, therefore, that this appeal needs but to be made to meet with a sympathetic response from a generous and liberal public. The undersigned have constituted themselves a local committee to deal with the situation, to any one of whom gifts of clothing or money may be sent or to whom gifts can be forwarded through the medium of the press.

On behalf of the fire sufferers:  
Hugh W. Facey, Mission Priest, Church of England, White Rock, Smith's Sound; Thomas Pitcher, Methodist Clergyman, Britannia; John T. Currie, Britannia; James T. Walters, Petley; Ed. T. Gardner, School Teacher, Petley, (Secretary); Walter Bugden (Chairman).

The following amounts are thankfully acknowledged:  
Marshall Bros., St. John's... \$ 50 00  
Chas. Pelley, George's Brook... 20 00  
Wm. Soper, St. John's... 20 00  
Rev. J. and Mrs. Hutchinson, N. Dakota... 10 00  
Rev. J. Moore, N. Dakota... 5 00  
Mrs. Browning, Pouch Cove... 5 00  
Mrs. Baxter Barry, Glovertown... 5 00  
M. Hampton, St. John's... 10 00  
Mrs. Williams, St. John's... 2 00  
Angus Walker... 1 00

\$128 00  
Walter Clouston, Jr., Clothing.

When you want Roast Beef, Roast Veal, Roast Mutton, Roast Pork, try ELLIS'.

## Rod and Gun.

Rod and Gun for November, which is now on the news-stand, contains as usual many stories and articles of particular interest to the lover of outdoor life and sportsmen generally. R. J. Fraser in this issue describes the "Joys of the Winter Camp" and Charles Camsell writes of the Wood Buffalo of our North-Western Canadian plains. Fred Copeland tells an entertaining story, "The Dominie's Mascot," and there are many more stories intervening between these and the regular departments devoted to Fishing, Guns and Ammunition, Kennel, Along the Trap Line, etc. The Kennel for this month contains a write-up of the recent Dog shows at Ottawa and Montreal with a list of awards given at each Show. Rod and Gun is published by W. J. Taylor, Ltd., Woodstock, Ont.

## Infectious Disease.

Since the advent of the fall infectious disease has been on the down grade. Only two cases of diphtheria have been reported from within the city limits.

There is one case of smallpox at King's Cove and the sufferer is being attended by Dr. Levisconte.

## When the Kidneys Fail.

Poisons Remain in the Blood, Which Cause Pains and Aches—Read Here of the Surest Way of Setting the Kidneys Right.

Brockville, Ont., November 6th.—If you have headaches, backaches and rheumatic pains you have reason to suspect the kidneys. Pain is caused by poisons in the blood, and poisons only remain in the blood when the kidneys are defective and fail to do their work.

This Brockville lady has reported her case because she believes that a great many people are suffering as she did without knowing the cause or cure.

Mrs. Frank Noyes, 9 Stuart street, Brockville, Ont., writes: "For years I was afflicted with kidney complaint. I became very nervous, was easily worried and had frequent headaches and neuralgic pains, especially through the back. I had indigestion, poor circulation of the blood and was bothered with weak spells. I commenced using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and had only taken two boxes when I felt greatly relieved. I continued the treatment, however, until I was completely cured. In all I took about ten boxes, and have not been troubled in this way since. I highly recommend Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I think also that the Fraxtors and Ointment can't be equalled."

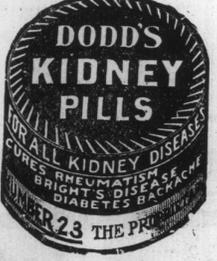
Here is another letter to show how rheumatic pains disappear when the action of the kidneys is awakened by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills:

Mr. John May, Walkerton, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with rheumatism in my legs and it became so lame that I could scarcely get around. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills were recommended to me, and so I commenced using them. After I had been taking them for awhile I was delighted to find that my rheumatism had left me, and to-day I am as sound as a bell, able to get around and attend to business. I have made use of Dr. Chase's medicines in many ways for the last forty years, and cannot speak too well of their good qualities."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. You cannot expect such results from substitutes. Insist on getting the genuine.

## From Cape Race.

CAPE RACE, To-day. Wind South West, light; weather dull and hazy; nothing in sight. Bar 29.30; ther. 58.



# RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

OL' DAD MARTIN—Well, it was About Time for Them to Get Cleaned, Anyway!

By A. HIT



TUES-