Huron Signal.

NICHOLLS & COX, PROPRIETORS. "The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number." THOS MACQUEEN, Editor.

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The Huron Signal

IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY, BY THE PROPRIETORS, THOS. NICHOLLS & GEO. COX. Office Market Square, Goderich.

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Advertisements without written instructions will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly; and no advertisement discontinued until paid for at the time of withdrawal, unless by the consent of the publishers.

CARDS.

Dr. E. A. McDougall

Can be consulted at all hours, at the residence formerly occupied by Robt. Modery well, East Street, Market Square, Goderich, Feb. 9th, 1854. v7n1

Dr. Hamilton.

Market Street, Goderich, Canada West. Feb. 9th, 1854. v7n2

Dr. Burnham,

CLINTON, Huron Road, West of Mr. R. Thwaite's store. Dec. 16th, 1853. v6n14

Ira Lewis.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c. West Street, Goderich. Feb. 9th, 1854. v7n1

Strachan & Brother.

BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS at Law, Goderich—JOHN STRACHAN, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer.

ALEXANDER WOOD STRACHAN, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer.

Goderich, Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

Hale Wedge,

BARRISTER and ATTORNEY at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Wills, Agreements, Deeds, &c., executed at any reasonable time. Office, in West Street, Goderich.

BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, CONVEYANCER, &c. Office, West Street, Goderich. Goderich, Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

Daniel Home Lizars,

BARRISTER and ATTORNEY at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Stratford. Feb. 8th, 1854. v7n1

Henry McDermott,

BARRISTER AT LAW, &c., Ar North Street, Goderich, C. W. v7n20

Thomas Nicholls,

AGENT for ONTARIO MARINE & FIRE INSURANCE Co. NOTARY PUBLIC, ACCOUNTANT AND CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER IN Q. B. &c. Office at the Signal Office, Goderich.

WASHINGTON

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co.

Capital, $100,000.

EZRA HOPKINS, Hamilton, Agent for Counties of Waterloo and Huron. Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

John J. F. Linton,

NOTARY PUBLIC, Commissioner Q. B. and Conveyancer, Stratford. v7n1

C. R. Barker,

COMMISSION AGENT, Kincardine. For the Sale of Wild Lands, &c., a Registry kept of Town Lots, partially Cleared Farms, &c., free of charge. All communications post paid, answered immediately. Deeds and Transfers, Bank Books and Accounts adjusted. Agent for Moulson's Oil Refiner for Nursery, Cooking Stoves of first rate quality and superior fixing; and stove Pipe for sale on reasonable terms. Office No. 2, North Durham Street, Penetanguere, Township of Kincardine. October 12th, 1853. v6n27

Mr. T. N. Molesworth,

CIVIL ENGINEER and Provincial Land Surveyor, Goderich. Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

William Hodgins,

ARCHITECT & CIVIL ENGINEER, Office 27 Dundas St. London, C. W. Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

William Sharman,

BRICKLAYER AND PLASTERER, North Street, Goderich, is prepared to furnish DESIGNS and PLANS, on the most reasonable terms. Goderich, Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

James Sloan,

BUILDER and CONTRACTOR, Goderich. Building &c., Lighthouse Square, Goderich. All in the above line will be attended to on the shortest notice and the most reasonable terms. Jan. 30th, 1854. v7n2

John Ralph,

TIN and COPPER SMITH, &c., opposite the Victoria Hotel, West Street, Goderich, has constantly on hand a complete stock of Tin ware, Cooking and Box Stoves, &c., which he will sell at considerably reduced prices. The highest price paid in trade or cash for Copper, Brass, Pewter, Sheep skins, Calf and Beef hides, Feathers and Rags. All kinds of Merchantable produce taken in exchange at cash prices. Goderich, Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

James Campbell,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, West Street, Goderich, has just received a Large Assortment of Ladies' Fancy Dress and Walking Boots and Shoes, superior to any of the kind ever offered for sale in Goderich, also, a large assortment of Lasts, Boot Trees, Cumping Blocks, Lining, Skins &c. &c., the above articles will be sold as cheap as they can be purchased in the London Market. Goderich, Sept. 8th, 1853. v6n1

CARDS.

Land Agency.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the Public that he has opened an Office in Goderich for the sale of Town and Farm Properties; where a Register will be kept for entry of any Lots the parties may be wishing to dispose of. CHARLES WIDDER. Office, Westfing ton Street, Goderich, Dec 5th, 1853. v6n14

Land Agency.

The Subscriber begs to inform the Public that he has opened an Office in his house in Colborne, London Road, West, for his Land Agency, where a Register will be kept for entry of any Lots the parties may be wishing to dispose of, and also of parties wishing to purchase. All communications post paid, will receive prompt attention. GEO. McLEAN. Colborne, 22nd Feb. 1854. v7n4

Daniel Gordon,

CABINET MAKER, Three doors East of the Canada Company's Office, West Street, Goderich, Feb. 9th, 1854. v7n1

S. Kennedy,

WASHING AND TAILORING, Rooms, West of W. R. Crabtree's Store, West Street, Goderich. Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

Mrs. Pollock,

Milliner and Straw Bonnet Maker,

BEGS leave to inform her friends and the ladies, that she has removed to West Street, two doors east of the Canada Company's office, where she will continually keep on hand a good assortment of Tuscan, Straw and fancy Bonnets to suit the season. Also Ribbons, caps fancy trimmings, &c. &c. Straw and Tuscan Bonnets cleaned and altered. Goderich, 6th October, 1853. v6-n35

Goderich Auction Mart.

GEO. McTRUEMAN, AUCTIONEER and Commission Merchant. A SALE of Horses, Cattle, Carriages, Sleighs, Farming Implements, Household Furniture and Miscellaneous Articles, generally every Saturday, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M. Cash advanced on property for immediate Sale. February, 16, 1854. n52

Rowland Williams,

AUCTIONEER is prepared to attend Sales in any part of the United Counties, on the most liberal terms. Apply at the Office of the First Division Court, or at his residence. N. B.—Goods and other property will be received to sell either by private or public sale. Goderich, Feb. 7, 1854. v7n1

R. W. Cann, Mitchell,

AUCTIONEER, Accountant and General Agent. Books and accounts adjusted, and all kinds of Deeds drawn. Sales attended in any part of the country. Letters addressed to Mitchell or Hampden, will be attended to. April 5th, 1853. v6n10

Robert Reid,

BOOKSELLER and STATIONER (opposite Balkwill's Hotel), Corner of Dundas and Talbot Streets, London, C. W. School Books, Common and Classical; Book Binding and Ruling of every description executed on the premises. Orders for Books, from the country, promptly and punctually attended to. Feb. 7th, 1854. v7n1

Detroit Paper Warehouse.

BLOSS & ARMSTRONG (successors to J. B. Bloss) Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of Paper, Cards, Blank Books, and Printing Materials. Tar Roofing Paper, &c., &c. No. 210 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich. v7n14

S. D. Elwell & Co.

PUBLISHERS, Wholesale Dealers in Books, all kinds of Stationery, and contractors for Public Office Government Stationery, Jefferson Avenue, Detroit. Cash for paper Rags. v7n14

W. & R. Simpson.

LATE HOBBS, BIRDELL & Co., Grocers, Wine Merchants, Provisions, and Oil men, No. 17, Dundas St., London, C. W. Feb. 20th, 1853. v6n35

Boarding House.

BY Mrs. T. B. Wilson, Light House Street, Goderich. Nov. 24th, 1853. v6n22

THE FARMERS' INN.

MESSRS. Anderson and Abraham have taken the above well known and popular establishment, and have fitted up the premises in a comfortable manner, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. Goderich, 25th June, 1853. v6n25

Fishleigh's Motel.

STRATFORD, Ontario, Canada West. This well known and much frequented establishment has undergone a thorough Refitting and Refurnishing, and is now one of the most comfortable Hotels in the Province. Mr. Seagrave's Omnibus will be always in attendance on the Steamboats and Trains on the Great Western Railway, to convey Passengers and their Baggage free of charge. Stratford, Nov. 1st, 1853. v6n31

FANNING MILLS AND STEAMS.

THE subscribers will keep constantly on hand at the Goderich Canning Mill and Plough Factory, West Street, near the Market Square, a choice Mill of Seagrave's Patent, which they will sell cheap for Cash, Merchantable Produce, or approved Credit. He will also have parties to search out a good article of Ginseng, for which the highest price will be paid in Cash, or Goods at cash prices. HENRY DODD. Goderich, March 19th, 1853. v6n7d.

RIVER HOTEL

BY TAYLOR BENST

Bradford, Huron County, C. W.

THE largest and most commodious Hotel in the above Village, has lately been fitted up anew and furnished in a superior manner. Travellers and others will find every accommodation they require. n41d

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!!

IF you want Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Plated Goods, go to D. T. WARE & CO. No. 31, Dundas Street, London. They are receiving large additions to their Stock of Clocks and Watches; a large lot of Lorgnette Glasses and Accordeons, just received, cheaper than ever. Also on exhibition an Enchanted Tree. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry Repaired. Remember D. T. WARE & CO. London, Jan 27th, 1854. v6n31 6m

Poetry.

THINE ALONE, AND THINE FOREVER.

From Songs of "Our Nelly."

I have seen the fair form of beauty,
With its radiant and winning look,
But, ever remembering duty,
No enrapture, I gaze I look,
For my heart's love, changeable never,
Is thine alone, and thine for ever.

I have heard the accents tender
Of loving words and kind,
But how could I surrender
My entire captive mind?
For my heart's love, changeable never,
Is thine alone, and thine for ever.

If ever a slight emotion
I have felt for some other one,
'Twas but a drop from the ocean
Of love that is all thine own!
For my heart's love, changeable never,
Is thine alone, and thine for ever.

The passion that in me lieth
Ever rests in thee alone,
The charms that beauty giveth,
And the music of a tone,
For my heart's love, changeable never,
Is thine alone, and thine for ever.

'Tis thine, and though [illegible] darkness,
The stream cast still flows towards thee—
'Tis thine and its course, though it be spent,
It the same must evermore,
For my heart's love, changeable never,
Is thine alone, and thine for ever.

THE GOOD OLD WOMAN.

You all grow old, my love, my lady dear;
You will be old when I shall be at rest;
The longest days even now to me appear
Fleeter than those with health and gladness blest.

Live long! long years, but let thy old age be
True to [illegible] to my memory;
And dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat,
The songs of thy dead friend again repeat!

When other eyes search in thy withered cheek
For charms of beauty that I for have sung,
Youth, loving the dear theme, of them may seek
Who was the lover thou didst most love long;

Tell, if thou canst, my love, my faults beside,
My hopes, doubts, ardors, tremblings—nothing hide;
And dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat,
The songs of thy dead friend again repeat!

Should any ask, "Was he a lover kind?"
Yes, without shame, may say, "I loved him ever!"
"Him fickle, thriftless, didst thou ever find?"
With indignation answer, "Never, never!"
And mention that his heart still fond and true,
Responded to the [illegible]

[illegible]
The songs of thy dead friend again repeat!

I can [illegible] say, to mourn over our sweet [illegible]
Tell him her sons that nor forgotten lays
Were of her glory, fame, deliverance,
Babes for her wounds, the hopes of brighter days;
Let them remember, was the Northern blast
A blight on [illegible] golden harvest cast;
And, dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat,
The songs of thy dead friend again repeat!

Loved of my soul, oh! may my life time
Bear over thy age to cheer the gloom [illegible]
And when thy hand shall hold my portrait frame,
To smiling, as Spring returns to scatter flow'rs
Touch, the unknown world raise the a[illegible]

Think we shall meet again by and by [illegible]
And dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat,
The songs of thy dead friend again repeat!

BURNSIDE.

Miscellaneous.

The Sovereigns of Europe.

Nicholas, Emperor of Russia, is fifty-nine years old, six feet one inch high, erect and soldier-like in form, haughty in demeanor, proud of his person, and, when young, was decidedly handsome.—He is intelligent, shrewd, stern, resolute, and by no means wanting in personal courage. He is a good disciplinarian, but not a skilful commander in war, as was proved in his younger days. His information in regard to the condition and policy of all nations is minute and extensive, his plans vast, his ambition boundless. In the last respect he truly represents the Russian character and sentiment. The same disposition prevails in Russia now to pour down on the more fair and wealthy and sunny realms of the South and West of Europe, as in the days when the Roman Empire was overwhelmed.

Frederick William, King of Prussia, is the most certain law of the Czar, but a very different kind of a man. He is about fifty years of age, despotic in feelings, but somewhat liberal by compulsion. He would gladly join the Emperor of Russia in his plans if he dared; but his people are otherwise inclined. He is fat, "a good-looking," tolerably good-natured, and somewhat stupid sort of a man.—Should the present war continue for some years, he would probably be found on the side of Russia. His present declaration for neutrality is merely designed to gain time to watch the course of events for one campaign, and then shape his course according to results.

Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria, is twenty-three years of age, and has succeeded in raising small mustachios for his handsome face, and a small loan for his exhausted treasury. He has a high broad forehead, a good form, is about five feet ten inches in height, and is an expert and an excellent horseman. He exhibits no signs of extraordinary administrative capacity, and will probably add little to the reputation of the house of Hapsburg. He fell in love with a young lady last Fall, "at first sight," and was recently married to her. His Government is almost bankrupt in money resources; his [illegible] contented and his empire [illegible] desperate peril. Between the contending interests and nations now at war on the continent of Europe, he is greatly indebted to the Emperor of Russia, and would join him in the partition of Turkey, but for the dread of the vengeance of the Western powers, and the opposition of his own people. His policy is pendulous, and which away he will, and neutrality seems most imposing.

Abdul Medjid, Sultan of Turkey, is but thirty-three years of age, though he has one daughter married, and two more betrothed. He is rather small in stature, with a sallow face and much expression of countenance. He is fond of reform in his empire, [illegible] and [illegible] improvement than in marshalling [illegible] and navies for battle; but, forced [illegible] for the existence of his empire, [illegible] is, he will continue to maintain the ancient reputation of his sullen and warlike race. The [illegible] difficulties attending Czar, he has shown almost [illegible] firmness and moderation, and an energy in preparing for war, that have astonished his sympathizers of nearly all civilized nations. He has no wife. Sultans do not marry. He is evidently sincere and zealous Mahommedan, though he has stipulated with the Western powers that he will protect the Greek and Christian population of his empire on the same footing as to religion as the Turks.

Louis Napoleon, Emperor of [illegible] rather below the middle stature, [illegible] dull and dreamy eye, and [illegible] that ordinarily expresses [illegible]. He is about forty four years of age, and has led an adventurous life. First an artillery officer in Switzerland, [illegible] in New York, a special police [illegible] London, and prisoner at Ham, he now [illegible] seated on the most dazzling throne of Europe, and wields a power second only to that of the Emperor of Russia. His position has undergone a great change in regard to his mental capacity since he ascended the throne of France. He has manifested ability of high order as ruler and statesman; and, at this moment, exercises a greater influence over the affairs of Europe than any other sovereign, not even excepting the Emperor of Russia, and this influence he wields wisely for his own interests thus far, for the [illegible] in France. He [illegible] his great antagonist [illegible] dauntless spirit, and [illegible] and powerful empire on the globe. On her dominions the sun never sets; and under her government the people of England and Scotland, at least, enjoy more freedom than under any other monarchy. Queen Victoria is now thirty-five years of age; of a mild and amiable disposition, and is an exemplary wife and mother. But as a ruler, she exercises little real authority. Her Cabinet Councillors and Parliament are the actual rulers of the British Empire. The naval power of England is nearly as great as that of all other nations combined, and her commerce and manufactures greater than those of any other nation.

Oscar, King of Sweden, is now in the prime of life, and, personally, is strongly inclined to side with the Czar in the present war, [illegible] his people, almost unanimously, are hostile toward Russia. And and neutrality is his declared position, and to this position and its rights the Czar accedes.

The King of Denmark is under personal obligations to the Emperor of Russia, but is compelled by his position and the voice of his people, to adopt the policy of neutrality.

The King of Belgium, is controlled in his policy by dread of his powerful neighbor of France.

Christina, Queen of Spain, is fully occupied, just now, with the insurrectionary movements of her people, who are disgusted with her own profligacy, her disregard of the welfare of her subjects, and the arbitrary principles of her government. She is young yet, but her reign will probably be short.

The King of Sardinia would is either, if, backed by any power that would [illegible] him [illegible] the invasions of Austria.

The King of Naples is an unmitigated tyrant; bloody, crafty, cruel, and resolute in maintaining the divine right of kings, and such is the temper of his subjects toward him, that he has every chance of meeting a sudden and violent death. A few years ago, he was an accomplished horseman and coachman, and might be seen almost daily driving through the streets of Naples, with a frequent nod of recognition to his people. He is now sullen, [illegible] and [illegible] he [illegible] Bourbon of the French family, and is friendly to Russia; but is influenced among the European nations [illegible].

Otho, King of Greece, is a mere cipher, a tool in the hands of England and France.

Such are the principal sovereigns of Europe, at the commencement of a war that is likely to prove one of the most sanguinary and momentous conflicts that has occurred on that continent; and that may at last result in the end in many changes in its condition. What those changes may be, time only can reveal; but there is little doubt that despotism will suffer more than the cause of freedom. The people will gain what the despots lose.

Matrimony as it is.

A young man meets a pretty face in a ball room, falls in love with it, courts it, marries it, goes to housekeeping with it, consists of having a home and a wife to use it. The chances are nine to ten he gets neither. Her pretty face gets to be an old story—or becomes faded, or frosted, or fretted—and as the face was all he wanted, all he paid attention to, all he set up with, all he bargained for, all he swore to love, honor, and protect, he soon sick of his trade, knows a dozen faces which he likes better, gives up starving at home at evening, consoles himself with cigars, oysters, and politics, and looks on his home as a very indifferent boarding house.

A family of children grow up about him, but neither he nor his know anything about training them, so they come out rather shabby—made toys of when babies, dolls when boys and girls, dredges with young men and women, and so pass a year after year, and not a quiet happy day is known throughout the whole household.

Another young man becomes enamoured of "fortune." He waits upon it to parties, dances the polka with it, gets "eyes" for it, takes it to the parson, weds it, and wife, carries it home, sets up an establishment with it introduces it to his friends, and says (poor fellow!) that he is married, and has a home.

'Tis false! He is not married; he has a home—and soon finds it out. He is the wrong box, but it is too late to get out of it. He might as well hope to escape from his coffin. Friends congratulate him, and he has to grin and bear it; they praise the house, the furniture, the bride, the new Bible, the new baby—and then bid the "fortune," and he who stands it, good morning! As if he had known a good morning since he and guided fortune were falsely declared to be one!

Take another case. A young woman fallen with a pair of whiskers. Curled never before had such charms. She her cap for them, they take. The dilted whiskers make an offer, proffer themselves in exchange for one heart-dear Miss, overcome with magnanimity, close the bargain, carries home the shows it to pa and ma, calls herself betrothed to it, thinks there was never such a pair of whiskers before, and in a few days they are married. Married! yes, world calls it so, and we will. What is result? A short honeymoon, and, the unlucky discovery that they are alike as chalk and cheese, and not to trade one, though all the priests in Christendom pronounce them so.

J. Q. JONES.

A Caveat.

In an exaggerated *pester we* learn Circus Company, commanded by a hawk calling himself "Professor Pentland," [illegible] at Cookville on Monday [illegible] that the [illegible] Circus [illegible] Pentland's Circus." was here last Monday—it was a miserable turn out—The [illegible] feats of jumping were stale and clumsy—the horses slow, cumbersome and heavy—the flag and other "properties" second hand and worn out—the dresses of the performers were soiled, stained and dingy, and neither disfigured with seeds of delapidated and tarnished tinsel, while the address of the wearers was slovenish in the extreme. The wit of the fools was foolish wit, and scarcely called for the a laugh, so fatigued was the ear of the public at listening to the insane gibberish. The ladies' who were to have performed such marvellous feats, had feet enough and to spare, and were [illegible] in padded stockings—in a word the trumpery concern is not worth a [illegible]. There is nothing to be seen worth the looking at—there is nothing to laugh at, nothing to cry at—the only exception indeed is contemptible that is not worth twenty-five cents and three hours of precious time.

Under this plain and honest warning, no man, woman, or tailor should patronize the dog, all we can say is that the sooner he, she, or it, becomes a tenant of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum the better.

Why do the public authorities permit these dirty and squalid vagrants to plunder the simple with impunity? We need not move for the protection of drivers as well as people of commonsense? We have no hesitation in affirming that the Township Council might as legitimately [illegible] by licensing peripatetic [illegible] as to make of pickpockets, sharpers and swindlers who generally speaking [illegible] Circus company. [illegible] crowd the benches of strolling jackpots [illegible] distributed their money as thoughtlessly, to the above mentioned excellent object, it could be carried into effect at once.

This last we trust, will not be offered in vain. Had pitted several genial effects follow [illegible] that the rays of literature and science will be promoted substantially in this locality. Our children will be kept from scenes where their morals cannot fail to suffer contamination. And lastly, idle, loafing, unkempt, unwashed ragamuffins, who like [illegible] (as they are) prey upon their hard working fellow creatures, will be compelled to adopt reputable means to keep soul and body in conjunction!

Beetsville Review.

THE NEW SERGEANT AT ARMS.—Dan. William McDonald, Esq., of Cornwall, has been appointed Sergeant at arms to the Legislative Assembly in place of G. Chisholm, Esq., resigned.

The Clergy Reserves Bill.

The following is the bill which the government proposed to lay before the Parliament, for handing over the proceeds of the Clergy Reserves Fund to the various County Municipalities of the Province.—On this bill the electors will have the opportunity to decide at the general election immediately to take place:

Whereas by the Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the thirty-first year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, and intituled, *An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled, "An Act making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,"* it is among other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to authorize the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of each of the Provinces of Upper Canada and of Lower Canada respectively, or the person administering the Government therein, to make from out of the lands of the Crown within such Provinces, such allotment and appropriation of lands as therein mentioned, for the support and maintenance of a Protestant Clergy within the same; and it was further enacted, that all and every the rents, profits and emoluments which might at any time arise from such lands so allotted and appropriated as aforesaid, should be applicable solely for the maintenance and support of a Protestant Clergy within the Provinces in which the same should be situated, and to no other purpose whatever. And whereas in pursuance of the said Act, such allotments and appropriations of land as aforesaid, have been from time to time reserved, for the purpose therein mentioned, which lands are known in the Province by the name of *The Clergy Reserves*. And whereas by another Act of the said Parliament passed in the Session held in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, and intituled, *An Act to authorize the sale of a part of the Clergy Reserves in the Province of Upper and Lower Canada*, the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or person administering the Government of the said Provinces; or other of them with the consent of the Executive Council of such Province, and in pursuance of His Majesty's instructions, to sell and convey in fee simple for any less estate or interest, a part of the said Clergy Reserves in each of the said Provinces, not exceeding in either Province one fourth part of the Reserves within the same, nor exceeding one thousand acres in either of them in any one year and it was enacted that the proceeds of such sales should, by the proper officers, be placed to the Public Funds of the Province of Upper Canada to the credit of the Clergy Reserves Fund, to be applied by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or person administering the Government of the said Provinces, *with the consent* of the Executive Council thereof, and in pursuance of His Majesty's instructions, to give or grant in exchange for any part of the said Clergy Reserves, any lands within the said Province, of equal value with such Clergy Reserves so to be taken in exchange, or to accept in exchange for any such Clergy Reserves from any person or persons any lands of equal value, and that any lands so taken in exchange for any such Clergy Reserves should be holden by the Crown in trust for the purposes to which the Clergy Reserves were appropriated by the Acts firstly and secondly above cited: And whereas by another act of the said Parliament, passed in the session held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to provide for the sale of the Clergy Reserves in the Province of Canada, and for the distribution of the proceeds thereof*, other and further provision is made for the sale of the whole said Clergy Reserves and for the investment of the proceeds of such sale and the distribution of the interest and dividends on such investments, and of the interest on sales of Clergy Reserves on credit or rents arising from Clergy Reserves leased for a term of years, subject to the provisions that the quantity of the said Clergy Reserves so to be sold in any one year, shall not exceed one hundred thousand acres, without the previous approbation in writing of one of Her Majesty's Provincial Secretaries of State, and to certain restrictions and conditions as in the said act mentioned; and provision is made for the settlement of claims to the said Clergy Reserves, and certain claims to be made after the passing of the said act, for the support and maintenance of a Protestant Clergy; and repeals the provisions of an act of the said Parliament passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's reign, and entitled, *An Act to authorize the Legislature of the Province of Canada to make provision concerning the Clergy Reserves*, and it is expedient that it shall be lawful for the Legislature of the Province of Canada from time to time, by any act or acts to be for that purpose passed, to authorize the sale of the said Clergy Reserves, in the manner and subject to the conditions required by the act of the said Parliament passed in the session held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's reign, and entitled, *An Act to provide for the sale of the Clergy Reserves in the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada*, sections thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty nine, in respect of acts made and enacted by the said Legislature to vary or repeal all or any of the provisions of the act herein last above cited, for or concerning the sale, alienation or disposal of the said Clergy Reserves, and for or concerning the investment of the proceeds of all sales thereto made or to be made of such Reserves, and for or concerning the appropriation and application of such proceeds and investments, the interests and sales accruing on sales on credit of such Reserves, the trust of such Reserves for the time being vested, and altogether the proceeds of or accruing from such Reserves, and notwithstanding the said act herein last above cited) to make such other provision for or concerning the sale, alienation or disposal of the said Clergy Reserves, and such investments as aforesaid and for or concerning the appropriation and application of such Clergy Reserves, proceeds, investments, interests, dividends, rents and profits as to the said Legislature may seem meet; subject to the proviso that it shall not be lawful for the said Legislature by any Act or Acts thereof as aforesaid, to annul, suspend or reduce any of the annual stipends or allowances which have been already assigned and given to the clergy of the Churches of England and Scotland, or to any other religious bodies or denominations of Christians in Canada (and to which the faith of the Crown is pledged) during the natural lives or incumbrances of the parties now receiving the same, or to apply the same or any other purposes, such part of the said proceeds, investments, interest, dividends, rents and profits as may be required to provide for the payment of such stipends and allowances during such lives and incumbrances. And whereas it expedient to alter in certain particulars the provisions of the Act thirdly above cited, touching the matters subjected by the Act last above cited to the control of the Legislature of this Province. Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and intituled, 'An Act to reunite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada,' and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the moneys arising from the Clergy Reserves in Upper Canada, shall continue to form a fund to be called the Upper Canada Clergy Reserve Fund, and the moneys arising from the Clergy Reserves in Lower Canada shall continue to form a fund to be called the Lower Canada Clergy Reserves Fund.

Each of the said funds shall continue to be divided into two separate funds, the one to be called The Upper (or Lower) Canada Clergy Reserves Investment Fund, and the other The Upper (or Lower) Canada Clergy Reserves Distribution Fund.

The Clergy Reserves Investment Fund for each section of the Province shall consist of all monies arising from the sale of Clergy Reserves in that section of the Province, whether now funded or invested either in this Province, or remaining uninvested, or hereafter to arise from such sales; and not being money forming part of the Distribution Fund hereinafter mentioned; and all monies forming part of such Investment Funds shall be invested by the Receiver General in Public British Securities, which under the Act 7 Geo. IV. cap. 1, or any Act [illegible] Banking or any Act [illegible] Governor, Lieutenant Governor or person administering the Government of the said Provinces, *with the consent* of the Executive Council thereof, and in pursuance of His Majesty's instructions, to give or grant in exchange for any part of the said Clergy Reserves, any lands within the said Province, of equal value with such Clergy Reserves so to be taken in exchange, or to accept in exchange for any such Clergy Reserves from any person or persons any lands of equal value, and that any lands so taken in exchange for any such Clergy Reserves should be holden by the Crown in trust for the purposes to which the Clergy Reserves were appropriated by the Acts firstly and secondly above cited: And whereas by another act of the said Parliament, passed in the session held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to provide for the sale of the Clergy Reserves in the Province of Canada, and for the distribution of the proceeds thereof*, other and further provision is made for the sale of the whole said Clergy Reserves and for the investment of the proceeds of such sale and the distribution of the interest and dividends on such investments, and of the interest on sales of Clergy Reserves on credit or rents arising from Clergy Reserves leased for a term of years, subject to the provisions that the quantity of the said Clergy Reserves so to be sold in any one year, shall not exceed one hundred thousand acres, without the previous approbation in writing of one of Her Majesty's Provincial Secretaries of State, and to certain restrictions and conditions as in the said act mentioned; and provision is made for the settlement of claims to the said Clergy Reserves, and certain claims to be made after the passing of the said act, for the support and maintenance of a Protestant Clergy; and repeals the provisions of an act of the said Parliament passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's reign, and entitled, *An Act to authorize the Legislature of the Province of Canada to make provision concerning the Clergy Reserves*, and it is expedient that it shall be lawful for the Legislature of the Province of Canada from time to time, by any act or acts to be for that purpose passed, to authorize the sale of the said Clergy Reserves, in the manner and subject to the conditions required by the act of the said Parliament passed in the session held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's reign, and entitled, *An Act to provide for the sale of the Clergy Reserves in the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada*, sections thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty nine, in respect of acts made and enacted by the said Legislature to vary or repeal all or any of the provisions of the act herein last above cited, for or concerning the sale, alienation or disposal of the said Clergy Reserves, and for or concerning the investment of the proceeds of all sales thereto made or to be made of such Reserves, and for or concerning the appropriation and application of such proceeds and investments, the interests and sales accruing on sales on credit of such Reserves, the trust of such Reserves for the time being vested, and altogether the proceeds of or accruing from such Reserves, and notwithstanding the said act herein last above cited, be it enacted, that the said Clergy Reserves Investment Fund in each section of the Province shall be invested in Public British Securities, which under the Act 7 Geo. IV. cap. 1, or any Act relating to Banking or any Act [illegible] Governor, Lieutenant Governor or person administering the Government of the said Provinces, *with the consent* of the Executive Council thereof, and in pursuance of His Majesty's instructions, to give or grant in exchange for any part of the said Clergy Reserves, any lands within the said Province, of equal value with such Clergy Reserves so to be taken in exchange, or to accept in exchange for any such Clergy Reserves from any person or persons any lands of equal value, and that any lands so taken in exchange for any such Clergy Reserves should be holden by the Crown in trust for the purposes to which the Clergy Reserves were appropriated by the Acts firstly and secondly above cited: And whereas by another act of the said Parliament, passed in the session held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's Reign, entitled, *An Act to provide for the sale of the Clergy Reserves in the Province of Canada, and for the distribution of the proceeds thereof*, other and further provision is made for the sale of the whole said Clergy Reserves and for the investment of the proceeds of such sale and the distribution of the interest and dividends on such investments, and of the interest on sales of Clergy Reserves on credit or rents arising from Clergy Reserves leased for a term of years, subject to the provisions that the quantity of the said Clergy Reserves so to be sold in any one year, shall not exceed one hundred thousand acres, without the previous approbation in writing of one of Her Majesty's Provincial Secretaries of State, and to certain restrictions and conditions as in the said act mentioned; and provision is made for the settlement of claims to the said Clergy Reserves, and certain claims to be made after the passing of the said act, for the support and maintenance of a Protestant Clergy; and repeals the provisions of an act of the said Parliament passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's reign, and entitled, *An Act to authorize the Legislature of the Province of Canada to make provision concerning the Clergy Reserves*, and it is expedient that it shall be lawful for the Legislature of the Province of Canada from time to time, by any act or acts to be for that purpose passed, to authorize the sale of the said Clergy Reserves, in the manner and subject to the conditions required by the act of the said Parliament passed in the session held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's reign, and entitled, *An Act to provide for the sale of the Clergy Reserves in the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada*, sections thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty nine, in respect of acts made and enacted by the said Legislature to vary or repeal all or any of the provisions of the act herein last above cited, for or concerning the sale, alienation or disposal of the said Clergy Reserves, and for or concerning the investment of the proceeds of all sales thereto made or to be made of such Reserves, and for or concerning the appropriation and application of such proceeds and investments, the interests and sales accruing on sales on credit of such Reserves, the trust of such Reserves for the time being vested, and altogether the proceeds of or accruing from such Reserves, and notwithstanding the said act herein last above cited) to make such other provision for or concerning the sale, alienation or disposal of the said Clergy Reserves, and such investments as aforesaid and for or concerning the appropriation and application of such Clergy Reserves, proceeds, investments, interests, dividends, rents and profits as to the said Legislature may seem meet; subject to the proviso that it shall not be lawful for the said Legislature by any Act or Acts thereof as aforesaid, to annul, suspend or reduce any of the annual stipends or allowances which have been already assigned and given to the clergy of the Churches of England and Scotland, or to any other religious bodies or denominations of Christians in Canada (and to which the faith of the Crown is pledged) during the natural lives or incumbrances of the parties now receiving the same, or to apply the same or any other purposes such part of the said proceeds, investments, interest, dividends, rents and profits as may be required to provide for the payment of such stipends and allowances during such lives and incumbrances. And whereas it expedient to alter in certain particulars the provisions of the Act thirdly above cited, touching the matters subjected by the Act last above cited to the control of the Legislature of this Province. Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and intituled, 'An Act to reunite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada,' and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the moneys arising from the Clergy Reserves in Upper Canada, shall continue to form a fund to be called the Upper Canada Clergy Reserve Fund, and the moneys arising from the Clergy Reserves in Lower Canada shall continue to form a fund to be called the Lower Canada Clergy Reserves Fund.

Each of the said funds shall continue to be divided into two separate funds, the one to be called The Upper (or Lower) Canada Clergy Reserves Investment Fund, and the other The Upper (or Lower) Canada Clergy Reserves Distribution Fund.

The Clergy Reserves Investment Fund for each section of the Province shall consist of all monies arising from the sale of Clergy Reserves in that section of the Province, whether now funded or invested either in this Province, or remaining uninvested, or hereafter to arise from such sales; and not being money forming part of the Distribution Fund hereinafter mentioned; and all monies forming part of such Investment Funds shall be invested by the Receiver General in Public British Securities, which under the Act 7 Geo. IV