Resumption of the Investigation Before the Coroner.

AN EXAMINATION OF THE WRECK

A Deck-Hand's Account of the Accident.

LONDON, June 3.—The investigation into the London disaster was resumed at 3 p.m. by Coroner Flock, the same counsel

THE CROWD ON BOARD. JOHN J. FRYER, another passenger on the Victoria, gave evidence regarding her condi-On arriving at Sprinkbank the boat ery much crowded, and before the gangway was lowered, he, with others, jumper way was lowered, he, with others, jumper shoard. Som ever the bulwarks, and got aboard. passengers, not many, afterwards left the boat. A number got on over the gangway. The vessel swung off into the stream, round, and came back into Springbank. At that time she had a good load, and only his wife out of eight could get a seat. On the second occasion the boat remained at the dock five or ten minutes. He heard some one say the aptain had declared that he would not leave until some got off. Some, very few, did leave, and others got on. The Forest City Victoria to the south, and th movement of the passengers gave the boat a list to that side. On approaching Woodland the Princess Louise and the Victoria appeared to be both making for the wharf. The Victoria made a great lurch. Witness stepped into the wheel-house and heard Messenge nust get the passengers to move to the north side, as the boat was listing to the south and the water was covering the deck, A deck afterwards came to the captain and told him the passengers would not move to the north side, and that he must use his influence. The captain asked one of the hands whether the engineer had the syphon and pump working, and a lad was sent down to ascertain. Witness and others were then ked by the captain to endeavour to make the people trim the boat, giving as a reason that he could not leave the wheel. A vonno girl asked Captain Rankin whether was any danger, whereupon he told her that unless the passengers moved over he would run the hoat ashore, and they would have to walk home. Immediately the hoat gave a walk home. Immediately the boat gave a sudden lurch to the south, the passengers moved to the north, and she went over When witness was standing up to the neck in water, the connection with the boiler when he got on the hull the deck was clear

A DECK HAND'S STORY.

N. FORKEY, a deck hand on the Victoria gave the following narrative :- I have been a sailor for seven years on fresh and salt water. She appeared to be in good condition on leav ngbank, for I raised the hatch and found only two inches of water in the hold I was stationed at the after-gangway, and when the boat touched the wharf there was a great rush aboard. I did not order anyone off because I had no instructions. None of the officers did so. Nearly all the down passengers got off when we reached Sprinkbank. Victoria took down the passengers of the r'orest City, which was aground on the home When we passed the Princess conise near the cemetery the passengers on requested them to move to the other side, which they did with one or two objections The boat straightened right up to an even keel, being ten inches above water. About 150 yards from where the accident happened the boat made a very heavy, lurch. I called on the people to trim the boat or she would go down. A lady passenger on the upper deck said, I fave this warning loud enough for almost everyone to hear, but the passengers were not alarmed. They, however, went over quietly, and the boat again straightened right up. The water on the deck about two feet from the saide. Then I heard some one say, "There is a boat-race," and upon that the passengers all ran to starboard again. This occurred on the upper as well as the A lady passenger on the upper This occurred on the upper as well as the lower deck. The alarm was false, and when the people saw the water coming in they all ran to the port side, and she immediately up-Within half a minute everything went es. I think there were not 400 passer gers on board, and the boat would carry ber. If the crowd on board had kept her trimmed they would have come he I went up myself and told the captain the condition of the boat when she we ing. He asked whether that was all that matter, and I replied that the peo le should keep quiet. I worked at the bo spring caulking, and went all over her sides.
There were very few places where caulking was needed, and such I double caulked. There were both square and ship joints in the por-tion under the guard. Some were caulked and some were not. In the forward part many joints were uncautked and strong. All joints were uncaulked. About m

ANOTHER PASSENGER'S EVIDENCE. WILLIAM MORRIS, a passenger on the Vic toria, said he was one of a party of six sitting about the centre of the upper deck. All the seats were occupied by women and children and the men were all standing. There wa barely room to stand, and it was impossible to move much about. He never saw a more quiet and orderly lot of people. They were not moving from side to side. The vessel made several lurches, and he observed some friends that there must something wrong about the hoat there were the smallest number of people on the north side she was lightest abete. When she made the final plungs there was a scramble across the deck, and she then went over on the opposite side. There was no crowding on the south side to account for the listing on the south side. On the upper deck there was no disorder during the whole

THE PURSER ON THE STAND. GEO. PARISH, who acted as purser on the Victoria, testified to the passengers of the Forest City having been taken down by the ill-jated steamer on its last down trip. He not know how many there were on the trip of the Victoria. There were from to 400 people on board. Some of those on the lower deck would not move when requested by the witness, who was acting on the instructions of the captain. There were some moving about on both decks. He took the tickets on the homeward trip, assisted by Alf. Wastey, and put them in a coat hanging in the wheel-house. He aftervered the coat, but no tickets were in the pocket. They have since been recovered. A great effort to keep the people from coming on board at Springbank was made by Capt. Rankin, himself, and Constable Moore. Last year it was a common occurrence for the water to come over the sides of the deck.

The inquest was then adjourned until Friday, the 10th, at 3 p.m. MONTREAL, June 6.—A lady at present in the city relates the following incident of the London horror —As the steamer Victoria lay at the dock preparatory to leaving on her last and fatal trip, a party came on board, consisting of two young ladies accompanied by two gentlemen and two little girls. As the party stepped on board, one of the gen-tlemen missed his dog "Tim," a beautiful and valuable retrievet, and not wishing to leave it behind he went from the boat to look for him in the crowd on the wharf. The search took him longer than he anticipated, and upon his return he found that the gangand upon his return he found that the gang-way had been withdrawn, and that the boat was moving from the wharf. His party loughed at him, waving their hands in play-ful adieu, as they thought, for a short time. They never met again. Not one of that merry party returned to their homes allve. When the gentleman who so fortunately for

Druggists sell it, I tried, It has been a great begins toom?

nimself had been left behind next saw those bright faces they were cold and still in death. He was a pall-bearer for two of the number.

THE "HUM" IN MARKHAM. A New Trade Opened up to Waggonmakers A New Trade Opened up to Waggonmakers.

MARKHAM VILLAGE, June 4.—John German, waggonmaker, of Markham village, lately received from the Singer Sewing Machine Company an order for twenty-five light delivery waggons. Heretofore the company procured these articles from the United States, and would do so now only for the duty improved by the new tariff. The wagduty imposed by the new tariff. The wag-gohs, ten of which are finished, cost \$80 each. James Speight, another waggopmaker in this village, is doing a large business with Manitoba, a trade opened up by the protec-tive policy of the present Government.

THE FORTUNE BAY AFFAIR. Payment of the £15,000 Compensation Money at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 2 .- The British Minister, Sir Edward Thornton, this afternoon gave Secretary Blains a draft on London for £15,000 sterling, the sum agreed upon as compensation for the damages inflicted on American fishermen in the Fortune Bay af-fair. The final sottlement has been made with the best feeling on the part of both Govaernments. Neither side, however, surrendered to the other its construction of the fish ery articles of the treaty of 1871. The money will be promptly distributed among the right-

KIDNAPPING EXTRAORDINARY.

San Francisco Clergyman's Son Carried Off Without Apparent Motive, Society Hill, S.C., June 4.—John H. Hartwell, aged II, son of Rev. Dr. J. R. Hartwell, of the Southern Baptist mission to the Chinese in San Francisco, arrived here on the 2nd inst., and went to his aunt's, Mrs. Edwards John. He says he was living with his father on Washington street. San Franhis father on Washington street, San Francisco. On the 22nd of May he was kidnapped while on his way to the Eddy street Baptist church by an unknown man, taken to Oaklands, thence on an emigrant train to New York, arriving there on the 30th at six p.m. He was put in an unoccupied house until the next day, when he was given money and told to go. He came south on a through ticket to Greenville. The boy tells many things about his abductors that appear incredible.

SITTING BULL.

The Sioux Chief Contemplates Asking for a Reservation in Canada-How He Came Over Captain Orozier.

WINNIPEG, June 5 .- A courier from Fort Walsh confirms the report of Sitting Bull's arrival with forty lodges at Qu'Appelle. He intends asking the Canadian Government for a reservation in connection with or near to that of the Canadian Sioux. On his pretending to make peace with the United States Government, and of giving himself up, Captain Crozier gave him a supply of eatables, and sent Captain McDonald to Buford to arrange for his surrender. While McDonald was absent the crafty Bull stole away to was absent the crarty Bull stole away to Qu'Appelle. He says that he wants to let his children live with the white people of this country, and be able to sleep soundly himself. His life, he said, was miserable on the other side of the line, and he is anxious to bec settled and live in peace. He grieves a good deal on account of his sixteen-yes daughter, who was stolen from him by her lover and taken to the American side.

A CHILD WORRIED BY DOGS. Horrible Sight on a Belleville Street-A Brave Lady.

Belleville, June 6 .- A most singular and horrible affair occurred last evening. A little boy seven years old, son of Mr. Geo. Pope, was walking along the sidewalk opposite his home about half-past six o'clock when a fox terrier belonging to Mr. A. Ponton rushed at him, seizing him by the leg. The brute had no sooner done so than three other brute had no sconer done so than three other dogs, two bull dogs and a large Newfound-land, also ran at the poor little fellow. The Newfoundland jumped on him and knocked him down, and then the whole four began biting and worrying him. The scene was witnessed by two ladies, who came to the rescue. One of them picked up the child and held him up out of their reach, while the enraged brutes leapt up and snapped at him. She then placed him in a recess between the raged brutes leapt up and snapped at him. She then placed him in a recess between the fence and the sidewalk, and standing before him kept the dogs off. The child's wounds were exceedingly painful. Both legs are bitten in many places, the teeth of the brutes penetrating the flesh to the bone. Both arms are also bitten, although not seriously. Three of the dogs were killed this afternoon.

ALLEGED POISONING.

serious Charge against a Resident of Derby

OWEN SOUND, June 3.—On Monday last, Mrs. Anderson, of the township of Derby, laid an information before the magistrates against Mr. John Anderson, her brother-inlaw, for an alleged attempt to poison her. Since the death of her husband, which occurred some months ago, she and her brother-in-law appear to have had disputes relative to the property arrangements. She states that on Sunday last, whilst lying in an adjoining room, she heard her brother-in-law moving around the house prior to going, as he had informed her, out to tea. Afterwards going to a shelf where a bottle containing going to a step where a sugar of lead was kept it was found to have been removed, and part of the contents of the bottle missing. Mrs. Anderson shortly after went to put on the kettle to get tea, when she discovered that the missing sugar of lead had been placed in the kettle. Mr. John Anhad been placed in the kettle. derson was arrested and placed in custody or this information. He was to-day brought before the magistrates, but the examination was deferred until Monday, in order to have the contents of the kettle, a portion of which was produced, analyzed. ded until that date.

A DOUBLY FATALRUNAWAY.

A Farmer Killed and His Wife Fatally Injured. Kingsron, June 6.—On Saturday evening Mr. Joseph Collins and his wife, who live about a mile and a half on the other side of the Grand Trunk station, were proceeding home in a single waggon, and when wit sight of home a runaway team attached to a light buggy came thundering along at a terri-ble pace from bellind. Before they had time to get out of the way a collision took place the shock of which upset the waggon and threw its occupants with terrific violence to the ground. The driver of the team, Thomas Thompson, was also thrown out, but he escaped with slight injury. Mr. Collins' neck was broken, and the base of Mrs. Collins' skull was fractured. After unsuccessful attempts to bring the injured consciousness a message despatched to the city for a doctor, who answered the summons promptly, arriving at the scene of the mishap and ing an examinationn he saw at once that the ing an examination ne saw as once that injuries received were very serious, and probably fatal. Mr. Collins and his wife were immediately taken to the Hotel Dieu. At first it was thought the former would survive, but no hopes were entertained of the recovery of the latter. The result, however, was doubly as serious as anticipated, as Mr. Collins died very calmly about fifteen minutes after his arrival at the institution. Collins remainsun conscious, and breathes heavily now and again. There being a watery discharge from the left ear to-day the doctors state there is no hope of her recovery.

The Wanzer C, is one of the easiest running machines in the market, making no noise, which is a great boon to many families. Not only the running parts but even the screws are made of steel, thus ensuring the greatest amount of wear with lightness, elegance, and durability. Each machine is thoroughly tested before leaving the factory to ensure perfection. Prices are understood to be income.

taste, and contains nothing injurious to the

NORTH ONTARIO. state of the order, I beg to refer you to reports to be prasented by the Grand's surer and the Grand Seribe. From these A Majority of 23 for the Conservative Condidate.

UxBRIDGE, June 6 .- The following are the full returns of the North Ontario elec Bigelow. Madil

Majority for Madill When it was certain that Mr. Madill was lected in North Ontario the Conservative party organized a procession which went out to meet Mr. Madill at Greenbank, and made a trinmphal tour of Port Perry. Manchester, Utica, and Epsom and returned to Uxbridge, where Messrs. Madill, N. F. Patterson, John A. McGillivray, and R. S. Webster addressed the immense assemblage from the balcony of

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

feeting of the Grand Division of Ontario St. Catharines, June 7 .- The semi-annual ession of the Grand Division of Ontario wa opened in the city to-day at 2 o'clock, in the Temperance hall, Hayn's block, the Grand Worthy Patriarch, Mr. George Maclean Rose, of Toronto, presiding.

There is a large attendance of representa tives from all parts of the province present, and the utmost good feeling pervades the

meeting.

Twenty-eight years ago the Grand Division
met in the then town of St. Catharines, and
time seems to have worked many changes
since then in the organization. Very few-of the active spirits who took part on that occa-sion are now alive, but I am glad to observe that their places are filled by men as enthusi-astic as they were, and as determined to put down the liquor traffic.

After the usual routine business, a number new members were introduced and initiated. The chief officer then read his report, as fol-

REPRESENTATIVES. - Another year has passed since we have had the pleasure of greeting each other in semi-annual session. and I hope we have come prepared to discuss in the most thorough manner, all the matters relating to the order.

THE SCOTT ACT. During the past few months the agitation or the enforcement of the "Temperance Act of 1878" has been carried on with vigour in various parts of the Dominion, and the result has been very satisfactory. In January, February, April, and May, the Act was voted n in Queen's, Shelburne, Annapolis, King and Colchester counties, in Nova Scotia; in Sunbury county, in New Brunswick; in Halton and Wentworth counties, and the city of Hamilton, in Ontario; and in Lisgar, Mani-toba. With the exception of Hamilton and Wentworth, the measure was carried by large majorities. We have, therefore, the proud satisfaction of recording that, up to the pre-sent period, success has crowned our efforts in twenty-four of the twenty-seven districts in which the Act was submitted at the polls. Our gains may be seen by the following eration :-

)ntario—1 county, 1 city.... }uebec—1 county...... Lost......

Total....

LEGISLATION. Mr. Boultbee, member for East York, made other attempt in the House of Commons, uring its last session, to carry his propose amendment to the Temperance Act; but thanks to the vigilance of the temperance party in the House, it was thrown out when to the Senate, on the occasion of the Hon.

Mr. Vidal introducing a necessary amendment
to the Act, the Hon. Mr. Almon succeeded in having a clause added to the amending bill which gave power to municipalities to issue licenses for the sale of wine, beer, etc., in places where the Scott Act was in force. I am sorry to say that this clause, although Mr. Vidal and other friends who were in favour of the riginal bill voted against it, was passed by the Senate. Fortunately, however, the mea sure reached the House of Commons too lat the session to be discussed, and was slaughtered with other abortive measures. Had passed the Commons it would have disarranged all the legislation we have had on the

subject during the past twenty years.

From the above it will be seen that we have nemies, both in the House of Commons and n the Senate of the Dominion, who are willing at any moment to legislate in favour of the traffic in liquor; and if we are to main tain our ground it must be at the cost of tain our ground it must be at the cost of eternal vigilance. I may say that your Executive officers did all in their power, by correspondence and personal interviews, to stir up opposition to the bills alluded to, and I trust you will give them further instructions to look closely after our interests in the Dominion Parliament. To our leaders in Parliament—G. W. Ross, Esq., and the Hon. Sir S. L. Tilley in the Commons, and the Hon. A. Vidal and Hon. Mr. Aikins in the Senate—as well as to the many honourable gentlemen who act with them, I think a hearty vote of thanks is due by this body, and I know that at the proper

me it will be accorded. THE LICENSE LAW. During the last session of the Ontario Legislature, several very important amendment were made to the license law, and I am pleas ed to say that it can now be made a powerful instrument in lessening the evils—if it cannot entirely eradicate them—shat daily present themselves in consequence of the sale of li-quors. If properly enforced, the unlicensed groggeries that in cities especially have proved themselves an unmitigated nuisance may be wiped out. Still we want a few more amendments—if the Government will continue to li-cense the sale of what is sapping the very foundation of our country's prosperity—to make this license law as perfect as such an

Act can be made. We want power to close all salcons, at best miserable drinking dens; the abolition of grocery liquor shops, traps for women and children; and the forfeiture of the liquor license if the holder of it breaks any of the provisions of the law. THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE ORDER.

I regret to have to report that, instead of in increase in members, the order has during the past twelve months shown a decrease. The reason for this can be set down, I think, to apathy on the part of many of the members of the subordinate divisions, the members of the subordinate divisions, who, instead of devoting all their time and attention to the order of the Sons of Temperance, have found it convenient to stray away and waste their energies in other directions think the time has now come when means must be adopted to bring back to the ranks the old veterans, who are now like sheep wandering without a shepherd. What pleasant sight it would be to see old and young working together in the division room, and vieing with each other in bringing in new members. Let us be up and doing while it is day, for the night cometh when no one

THE NATIONAL DIVISION. On the 23rd of June the National Division will meet at Saratoga, and as a matter of course will expect a fair representation from the Province of Ontario. No one-having been directly appointed at the annual session to represent this Grand Division on the above represent this Grand Division on the above occasion, I deem it my duty to remind you of the circumstance. On the 21st of the same month, and at the same place, a convention of temperance workers will also be held, to which representatives from all national bodies have been freely invited. Shall we send a detect to this convention? delegate to this convention?

FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL. With regard to the financial and statistics

and biggers mostarause and test hades and

I be pleased to learn that the affairs of the new yard brief, and Division are being economically admitted; and I have istered; and I hope that at the end of the year I will be able to report a considerable

saving in management. CONCLUSION And now, in conclusion, let me hope that we will deliberate on all matters that may come before us in such a spirit, that when we to home to our various divisions, we may be able to report that the Semi-Annual Session of 1881 was the most profitable and the most enjoyable session any of us have ever attend-ed. Yours fraternally, George Maclean Rose,

Grand Worthy Patriarch On motion, this report, as read, was received and referred to a special committee of five members, who were instructed to prepare a memorandum on the same, and present it at next day's session.

A SOMNAMBULIST'S FREAK.

He Drops from a Second Storey Winds OTTAWA: Juge 6.—A young man named Andrew Gibson, who recently came to this city from Montreal, obtained work piling lumber in Bronson & Weston's mill yar-under Mr. James Vandusen, foreman, with whom he boarded at 130 Middle street, Vic toria Island. Since infancy Gibson has been accustomed to walk in his sleep, and had a umber of escapes from being seriously in ured while engaged in these somnambulistic ambles at his former residence in Montreal. On Saturday hight he arose from his bed in a oom situated in the second storey of Mr andusen's house, and after walking around the room asleep for a short time talking the room asleep for a short time talking to himself, went to the open window and threw himself out, drapping to the pavement below, a distance of some eighteen feet. The sudden drop, awoke the walker, who fortunately was uniqued. The young man states that he was under the impression that he was piling lumber while asleep, and thinking the pile was high enough let himself down as he naturally does in his daily routine of toil.

A MARE'S NEST.

Excitement in Cremore Over the Discove of Some Bone Foul Play Suspected. CREEMORE, Nottawasaga, June 4.—The illage is in a state of excitement owing to the discovery of the bodies of a woman and child while excavating a cellar under W. J. Adam's hotel. A man working by the dim light of a lantern unearthed a grim and ghastly skull enclosed in black mould. After After further search other bones were found which proved to be those of a woman; also two ron bars with which the foul deed s supposed to have been done. The soles of a pair of woman's shoes were also found, the uppers having entirely decayed, and it was evident they must have been buried some twenty or thirty years. The bones of a child were also found near those of the woman, which were determined from their size to be those of a child about twelve months old. The villager flocked about the hotel to witness the ghastly spectacle, and all had a story or legend to tel some man who left the villa within the past twenty years, and I have no less than a dozen murderers' names in my ote-book, which, with no other eviden than the earnest villager, would condemn all to be hanged for the same murder. ellar is again under way, and up to this time nothing more has been found to add to the mystery which has become the five days vonder of Creemore.

LATER-After making a thorough inquiry I came to a conclusion entirely different to that indulged in by the inhabitants of Cree-more. An old resident informs me that some years ago, before the hotel was he land was some six feet lower and was filled for building purposes. In the first place the bones, indicate an age of over two undred years, and are those of a squaw nundred years, and are those of a squaw. The bones of the child could not have been buried more than twenty years, and are of different sizes. After further investigation I learned also that several medical students boarded in the botel medicaled. One of them is now practising in Cakville. I also round that an Indian centered for bone hole was discovered to the total of the content of the cont covered some ton milds from Creemore about the time the students were sojourning there.

Mary Director CRIME AND CRIMINALS

mpt to Poison a Sister-in-law—Dese n of a Tomb—Burglary at Napan tensive Theft of Bonds at Buffajo. OWEN SOUND, June 6 .- John Anderson Derby township; charged by his sister-in-law, Mary Jane Anderson, of the same place, with attempting to poison her by placing in the day committed to stand his trial. OTTAWA, June 5. - The body of a dead ma

ninus the head has been found at Shirley's school-house, Bristol, Pontiac county. The body was decomposed when found, and identi-lication was difficult, John O'Reilly, on a charge of forgery of a note for \$1,575, was fully committed for trial

to the next assizes by magistrate O'Gara.

CANTON, O., June 4.—Great indignation was aroused here upon finding a vault in the cemetery broken open that has not been opened for twenty-five years, and the bones of the corpses strewn all around. It is sup-posed the object of the desecrators was to get ewellery from the bodies

NEWMARKET, June 6.—Some time during

past night the residence of Mr. Wm. Cane mayor, was entered, and a sum of money ab stracted from his pockets. His son's room was also entered, and about \$12 in money and watch are missed. The same night th ase of Mr. Samuel Sykes was visited. Sykes after some search found his nanta oons in the cellar kitchen. The burglars seemed to have taken it cooly there, regaling hemselves on ham and bread, as the how. A warrant has been issued against

two suspected parties. LONDON, June 6.—A lad named John Neal little more than sixteen years of age, was cried at the Police Court to-day on a charge of committing a burglary at the house of Mr Wm. Pennington, of Piccadilly street. The offence took place on Friday last, the bo gaining admission to the house through vindow. He was sentenced to ten days' imrisonment in the common gaol with hard

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 6.-Wm. Sim was killed near Augusta, Ky., by McLow, his brother-in-law. The two men had been to Augusta, where McLow drew two hundred dollars from the bank and also got drunk. On the way, home he missed the money, and accused Sims of taking it. After a wrangle McLow stabbed Sims nine times, hid his body in the woods and went home. After the finding of Sims' body McLow confessed, and said that after sobering up he found in his own pocket the money which had caused

Buffalo, N. Y., June 6.—It has just transpired that securities consisting of Government, railway, and other bonds, to the mount of about \$92,000, were stolen from amount of about \$25,000, were stolen from the Eric County Savings Bank on April 30th last. They belonged to Mr. Geo. Gorham, and it is learned that the property can be se-cured at Baltimore by paying a bonus of \$50,-000, perhaps lessa

Holloway's Ointment and Pills. Coughs, Influenza. - The soothing proper ies of these medicaments render then worthy of trial in all diseases of the respira worthy of trial in all diseases of the respira-tory organs. In common colds and influ-enza the Pills, taken internally, and the Ointment rubbed over the chest and throat, are exceedingly efficacious. When influenza is epidemic, this treatment is the easiest, safest, and surest. Holloway's Pills purify the blood, remove all obstacles to its free circula-tion through the lungs, relieve the over-gorged air tubes, and render inspiration free, without reducing the strength, irritating the nerves, or depressing the spirits; such are the feady means of escaping from suffering when afflicted with colds, coughs, bronchitis, and other chest complaints, by which the health other chest complaints, by which the health

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THE BIDDULPH TRAGEDY.

Writ of Habeas Corrus Granted in the Feehley Case. DETROY, June 7.—On application of Jas. and Wm. Feehley, now in gaol awaiting extradition for the murder of the Donnelly family at Lucan, a writ of habeas corpus was granted this morning by Judge Brown, of the United States District Court. A hearing will be had on Wednesday morning. The United States Commissioner has not yet submitted a report of the examination and his finding to the Secretary of State at Washington, and will not do so until the habeas corp case is decided.

THE TAMWORTH TREASURER.

The Missing Man in Manitoba. A Lette from one of his Fellow Travellers. NAPANEE, Ont., June 7 .- The chief of police to-day received a letter from a man named Lasher, at Moorehead, who says he travelled with Hazzard, of Tamworth man over whom there has been so much excitement, some supposing he had been mur-dered, and for whose body the river was dredged last week. Lasher says he travelled with Hazzard from Toronto to Chicago, and from there to Moorehead, where Hazzard stopped a week. He says Hazzard was per-fectly sane, and had lots of money, and if othing can be heard from him, to let him Lasher) know, and he will find him in Manioba. He says he saw accounts of the search ing of the river, and writes the letter in justice to Hazzard's family.

A FAITHLESS WIFE.

She Deserts Her Husband for an Alleged Cousin, and Attempts to Make Away with the Furniture. London, June 3.-Fred. Cuba married a Amiss Hamilton in London Fast shout a year ago, and shortly after his marriage began to suspect his wife was unfaithful to the marriage vow. He became so impressed with this idea that he applied for a deed of separation, and in the meantime, disgusted at the conduct of his wife and of her love for company, especially that of a young man she called her cousin, absented himself from home. Mrs. Cuba watched her opportunity. and during one of these intervals husband was away, assisted by her cousin or lover, packed up the furniture and shipped the same into London West to Mr. Morrison's use. The faithless woman then decamped with her "cousin" for Detroit, purposing, so soon as matters had quieted glown, either to have the furniture sent after her or to have it sold for what it would bring. Cuba, reurning to his house, found it empty, and furniture missing, and immediately set about tracing the furniture, which he at length succeeded in doing. A warrant was issued, and Mr. Morrison and the chattels were brought before Squire Murray Ander-son, who, after hearing the case, decided that Mr. Morrison was not in any way implicated in the affair, he having stored the furniture in good faith. Mr. Fred. Cuba was then put in possession of his furniture. He has no intention of looking after his wife.

THE SARNIA OIL BOOM.

ExcItement Over the Discovery on the Mo Gregor Farm.

SAENIA, May 7.—The great topic of conversation here to-day and yesterday has been the new oil discovery in Sarnia township. For a year or two back the centre of oil pro-duction has been gradually shifting away from Petrolia in the direction of Sarnia, and nost of the big strikes lately made have been in the Rainsberry settlement, on the town line of Moore and Sarnia, which is nearer to Sarnia than it is to Petrolia. The opinion has been for some time back fully expressed that Sarnia township was good oil territory, and some weeks ago a syndicate was formed in town to put a test well down on the Mc regor farm, in Sarnia township, a couple of miles out of town, and several miles west ward of any previous oil discovery. Oi was struck at about 600 feet, and the owners began to pump on Monday, since which time the well has been yielding about 10 barrels a day, and the oil is pronounced by experts to be of better quality than any that is produced elsewhere in Canada. This conusive demonstration that Samia is within the oil region has created great excitement in town. The lucky owners of the well are being interviewed by everybody generally. Visitors are flocking out to the well in such expected that 30 oil wells will be under way in the new oil territory in as many days. The discovery of the new oil field turned attention to the test well which was put down for salt on the river bank here a few years ago, and which it was said at the time gave indications of oil. A number of our citizens went up and examined it, and found that oil and gas were bubbling out of the mouth of the well, and that the margin of the well was saturated with oil. Mr. King, the owner of the perty, at once determined to have the well properly tested, and an experienced operator is to go to work immediately and give it a thorough test. If the result should justify expectations it will intensify the boom, and Sarnia, from its advantages of location and communication, may soon be exected to take its place as the oil metropolis of the Dominion.

ORANGE GRAND LODGE.

Fifty-second Annual Meeting at Port Hope PORT HOPE, June 7 .- The Grand Orange Lodge of British America assembled in town Master and Sovereign, Most Worshipful Brother Henry Merrick, M.P.P., occupied the chair, and the Deputy Grand Master, W. J. Parkhill, M.P.P., the deputy chair.

The Grand Lodge was regularly opened in

the Royal Scarlet degree, the attendance be ing very large.
Immediately after the lodge was declared

of British North America.

On behalf of the district lodge of Port Hope, and in its name, I bid you welcome to our loyal town. Though not the first time the Worshipful Grand Lodge has visited this section, yet so many years have elapsed that the personnel of the Grand Lodge has entirely changed, and not only have most of the then visitors but also most of the then entertainers passed away, and feeling called up-on to maintain the good name our town has sured, feeling anxious that we, too, should be held in pleasant memory, and desirous of manifesting our appreciation of the present visit of the Lodge, we have resolved to tender to you a complimentary dinner. I now extend to every member of this Most Worshipful Grand Lodge a hearty, cordial, fraternal invitation to join with us in celebrating this fifty-second ion of the Grand Lodge of British America, by partaking of our hospitality at the Town

half to-morrow evening at 6.30 o'clock. That your stay in our town may be pleasant and profitable alike to all, that the deliberations of this august body may be for the upholding of those principles dear to every Orangeman, and the general good, peace, and prosperity of the association, is the fervent wish of Port Hope District, on whose behalf this welcom

"JAMES EVANS. (Signed) "District Master.

Indigestion.

This prevalent and distressing complaint can be relieved and cured permanently through the use of Dr. Herrick's Sugar-COATED VEGETABLE PILLS. These great cathartics restore the tone of the stor purge that organ of all crudities. Thousands can attest this fact.

The Duke of Sutherland arrived at San rancisco yesterday from the Yosemite. The millennium approaches. It has struck the county of Wellington first. The people there are so prompt in their payments that Judge Chadwick thinks it desirable to lessen

the number of Division Courts held party in any way to such a scandalons I question, and particularly on the weaker I Falcon's beak,

HOME AND FOREIGN NEWS.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

CANADA

The female employés of Hogg's tailor shop, effeville, have struck for higher wages. The militia authorities have refused to alw any canteens at the forthcoming brigade camp at London. In the election for Mayor in Picton vester

day Mr. Stewart Wilson, jr., was elected by a majority of 14.

A report is current in Ottawa that his Ex-cellency the Gowernor-General will pay a brief visit to England in the fall. Mr. Gunn, the treasurer of the London Re lief Committee, has so far received about \$700 in donations from outside places.

Private advices from Prince Edward Island state that the Hon. J. C. Pope, Minis-ter of Marine and Fisheries, is out of danger. A witness in court at Belleville the other day refused to be sworn on the old version of the Bible and took the oath on the revised version. The prize-list of the Dominion exhibition o be held at Halifax in September has been ssued, and will be distributed by the com-

The Oddfellows of Brantford are making extensive preparations for the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge, which meets there in the first week of August.

mittee at once.

Ninety-three children for the Marchimont Home at Belleville arrived at Quebec on Monday in charge of Miss Quarrier and Mr. Geo. Williams, evangelist.

His Excellency the Governor-General is said to be contemplating the establishmen this country of an institution resembling character and scope the celebrated Acadé

THE Middlesex County Council has made a grant of five hundred dollars to the fund for the relief of the sufferers by the London disaster. The Stratford Council has granted one hundred dollars to the same fund. A meeting of French-Canadians for colo

nization purposes was held at the Chaudiere, Ottawa, on Sunday. Addresses were de-livered by Mr. Benjamin Sulte, and Mr. lassé, M.P. A scheme is on foot to settle a portion of Ottawa county. It is known in well-informed circles that the census will show Halifax city to have a

population of over thirty-six thousand, and the province generally of over four hundred and fifty thousand. In 1871 the population of the city was under thirty thousand A St. John despatch says Inspector McMil-

of the Post-office Department, has gone north to discover, it possible, the cause of some depredations which have recently occurred in the mail between St. John and Ottawa, involving the abstraction of registered Messrs. Allan and Abbott have returned to

Montreal with a preliminary agreement signed by the Western Union management for an amalgamation of the Canadian telegraph com-panies. On Tuesday a meeting of Montreal Telegraph directors was held to consider the A London East magistrate on Monday norning entered a hovel in the village and ound a family named Mills, consisting of fa-

her, mother, and three children, absolutely destitute, the only article of furniture being chair, with a bundle of straw to Whiskey did it. The prizes offered at the Dominion exibition at Halifax aggregate fifteen thousand ollars. It is believed the Maritime Provinces will make extensive exhibits at the show, and New England as well as Ontario

manufacturers are expected to make large demands for space. A St. John's, Nfld., despatch says :award of \$75,000 damages in the case of the Fortune Bay outrage has created such strong indignation here that her Majesty's war steamers will probably have ample work prevent a collision between the fishermen this colony and those of New England.

ermen o The abiquitous Sitting Bull, whose latest whereabouts is located in the vicinity of Qu'-Appelle, is said with some five hundred lodges to be in a destitute and starving con-dition, as a consequence of which state of affairs his speedy surrender to the United

There is said to be no foundation for the eports that arrests would shortly be made in Biddulph in connection with the contession of the Feehleys. The proceedings will, for the present at least, be confined to the trial on the charge of murdering John Donnelly of the Feenleys themselves, who, having neglect ed the opportunity of turning Queen's evidence, will now appear as principals.

The representatives of the Credit Valley Grand Trunk, and Great Western railways tne Privy Council last week in reference to the applications of the first-named company for a right of way into Toronto, and for permission to construct a level crossing over the Great Western track at St. Thomas. In each case the decision was postponed.

Carleton county must be sharing in the gen erally growing prosperity of the country. The county treasurer says that the rates are being paid into his office this year more rapidly and readily than he has known them to be for the past six years. The farmers have been doing well, and the prospects are that they will do as well this year as last, if not

The Archbishop of Halifax had an interview with the Earl of Northbrook, First Lord the Admiralty, with a view to obtaining fo Catholic seamen on board Her Majesty' ships of war at Halifax and Bermuda great facilities for their attendance to their spiritua duties. The First Lord promised to consider the application, and suggested a statement in writing of the alleged grievance, which Dr. Hannon promised to send.

On Saturday some samples of fish were re ceived in Ottawa from Boston preserved by a new process. They came in a common pine box, with nothing to protect them but a cloth wrapped around them. They were mackerel, one of the most difficult of fish to keep, and still they were as sweet as when first taken from the water. The new preservative, unlike salt, does not import any foreign taste to the fish. The inventors say it will keep the fish in as good a state for

The congregation of Trinity church, Chip-pawa, held their annual service in behalf of their Sunday school on Friday, the 27th of May, when the Rev. Canon Carmichael preached one of his eloquent and effective sermons. The congregation remained after the close of the service to take part in the presentation of an address to Mr. Sutherland Macklem, of Clark Hill, who, in the intelligent and earnest interest that he has taken in the church services of his parish, has shown himself a worthy son of Trinity, Toronto, and of Keble, Oxford.

UNITED STATES.

One thousand lager beer brewers are on strike in New York city. Nearly forty brewing firms are without help. The Boston Produce Exchange on Saturday adopted a resolution in favour of holding a

world's fair, and promising substantial aid

to the enterprise. At Newark, N.J., yesterday, in the trial of one Kingsland, a paper manufacturer, for alleged pollution of the Passaic river, whence that city obtains its water supply, witness testified that one hundred and twenty-five factories emptied their refuse into the river, and that the water taken from the river at Paterson was as black as ink.

At the Reformed Church Synod of American At the Melormed Church Synod of America last week, memorials were presented against Freemasonry, claiming it was an institution opposed to holy Writ, that the institution was antagonistic to the Church. A demand was made that the Synod should take decisive measures. take decisive measures to suppress the spread of the organization in the Church, and that ministers should be compelled to sever their

connection with Freemasonry or with the

At Cheyenne, W.T., the case of the intermarriage of a Chinaman, Lee-Chin, and a white woman, Mrs. Eva Lee, is attracting much attention. The statutes of Wyoming forbid such intermarriage, and the couple had the ceremony performed at Denver, Colorado, the laws there not prohibiting it. Lee-Chiu and his wife have been indicted for miscegenation. The Chinese consul at Denyer, under the direction of the Chinese ambassador at Vashington, became interested in hehalf c his countryman, and will contest the case in the court. A full statement of the case is be ing prepared for the Chinese ambassador to present to the State Department.

EUROPE.

Another conspiracy against the life of the Czar has been discovered at St. Petersburg. over a score of arrests have been made. Sir George Airey, British astronomer royal,

is said to have resigned, and it is under-stood that he will be succeeded by Professor Stone of Oxford. Another alleged American citizen has been arrested in Ireland under the Coercion Act, and threatens to invoke the interference of

the United States Government. The Carlists are again, under cover of the elections, showing activity in the northern and eastern provinces of Spain, and the Government is taking steps to prevent an outreak.

In the House of Commons last week, Mr. Gladstone said the report of an affray between the inhabitance of islands off the coast of Donegal and the crew of the gunboat Goshawk was untrue.

A Naples despatch says:—Slight shocks of earthquake at Mount Vesuvius have been followed by a strong eruption. Broad and active streams of lava are flowing down the north-east side of the mountain. The Czar and his court will shortly remove from Gatschina to Peterhoff, which has a

small port at the mouth of the Neva. Here four light-ships will be stationed, and no other vessels will be allowed to approach the haroour. Two yachts will be always in readiness. to convey the Czar to St. Petershurg.

A conflict occurred at Copenhagen Thursday between the police and a mob of Socialists who were making a demonstration against the King, on account of the latter's re-fusal to pardon a number of negroes con-victed of participation in the West Indian riots. Several of the police were wounded.

In reference to the use of the revised New Testament in churches, the Lord Chancello gives it as his opinion that the revision can-not be legally used in the Anglican churches until it has been recommended by some suf-ficient public authority, and that in the meantime any clergyman so using it renders himself liable to prosecution.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES

Already \$120,000 have been subscribed at Quebec toward the proposed new worsted

actory. Three thousand weavers of Chemnitz, the entre of the cotton and woollen manufacture a Saxony, are preparing to emigrate to There are at present employed at the On-

tario car shops at London irpwards of 300 hands—a much larger number than for six or even years past. The contractor who built the new Eddystone lighthouse is the eighth wonder of the world. He finished his work six months be-

fore the expiration of the time specified. At a mass meeting of the ratepayers of Bowmanville on Friday night, the Dominion Organ and Piano Company applied for an additional bonus of \$5,000, which they propose to expend in the erection of a wing 100 by 40 feet, and six storeys high. A committee con-sisting of five leading business men was appointed to act with another committee to be omposed of members of the Council to consider the scheme, and to report at a future

The readers of the speech made a few days ago by Mr. Herbert Gladstone. M.P., son of the British Premier, on the French treaty, might easily imagine it was the production of an advocate of the Canadian N. P. At the outset he thought the existing free trade tariff was "not only unequal, but unfair and unjust," and the Government would be perfectly justified in considering "any sures that might bring pressure to bear France. As a remedy he suggested a "readjustment" of revenue duties, and advocated an excise duty on silk. In other words, Mr. Gladstone advocated a readjustment of taxation for protective purposes. And, strange to say, this bold declaration was cheered by the electors of free trade Leeds.

English artisans are awakening from a dream f self-complacency. The impetus which our manufacturing industries have received during the past few years is thus referred to by the Monetary "imes :- "It is not alone our cotton mills that are crowded with orders and unable to overtake them. The hardware manufacturers of Brockville, Oshawa, Gananoque, the im-plement makers in St. Catharines and Montreal, the stove firms in Hamilton, are all busy, and many of them cannot catch up to the demand upon them. We hear of instances where orders given in February for shelf hardware are not filled yet, and implements ordered three months ago not only not de ivered, but not made, so busy is the factory. This condition of activity appears to be general; makers of axes, of saws, of augers, are full of work, and the engine and boiler works of Galt and Brantford are not behind the rest.

The following letter from Sir Charles Tupe per is published in the Halifax Herald : " HALIFAX, May 31, 1881.

"Halifax, May 31, 1881.
"To His Worship the Mayor of Halifax:
"My Dear Sir,—I have so far completed arrangements in connection with the ocean terminus of the Intercolonial railway, near Nest's wharf, as to proceed with the work west's wharf, as to proceed with the work as soon as the city grant the concessions authorized by the Act of Parliament, passed in the Assembly during its last session, conveying to the Government of Canada the city witer lots immediately north of the West's wharf property, and the fourteen-feet right of way on Water street along the dockyard, crossing the said street near the brick flour shed of the North Street depot, in the neighbourhood of the overhead iron bridge. "I may mention that early action on the part of the city in this matter is important,

" I am, yours faithfully, "CHAS. TUPPER."
This fulfils the hopes of that city in the matter of a deep-water terminus for the In-tercolonial railway. It is not without inter-est in this part of the Dominion, inasmuch as the erection of an elevator (for which a large sum was voted last session) is part of the utilization of the Intercolonial railway for national purposes is an important problem. This is a new step in the right firection.

Galt is endeavouring to improve the quality of its babies by holding baby shows. The first of the season was held on the Queen's birthday, but the infants were all of the or-dinary kind, so no particular notice was taken of the exhibition. Had there been anything startling about the show, such as the presence of a baby whose mamma has not dubbed it the best that ever was, a worldwide importance might have been given to the affair. There are probably some pedigrees in Galt. As a rule there are one or two in every family. But, if there are any very remarkable pedigrees in Galt, proud parents can have their achievements immortalized by the Educational Department of the American Social Science Association. The department in question, it appears, is collecting infantile statistics, and parents are invited to forward answers regarding their children to such ques-tions as these:—"At what age did the baby exhibit consciousness, and how? At what age did it smile? At what age did it speak and stand alone?" The names of the infants, with the evidences of their genius, will be published in pamphlet form, and sold. ere are more ways than one in this world

His Past Political Red Reviewed.

CHARACTERISTICS AS A PUBLIC

His Relations with the Org His Party.

IT seems incredible that the chief

sition organ, for such the Globe still

withstanding its faint protestations

dependence, should pollute its almost daily with raneorous and sl ous attacks upon members of the ment, unless the policy of calumny ceived the approval of the leader Grit party. The editor of the Glo bear Sir John MacDonald ill-will, doubt that even he would unpre have almost expressed the hope John might be prevented by from continuing to serve the co Why should the managing director Globe become hysterical with deligh the rumour of Sir Leonard Till tended retirement at the end of sent Parliament? His hatred is personal as well as political, should hope that he would not, un quired to do so, heartlessly and have made merry as he did over the less of Sir Charles. strained to come to the conclu contemporary's unchristian and tive attacks upon Cabinet have been sanctioned if not in by the leader of his party. Mr. may think that while the presen isterial chiefs remain upon the st portals of office and of power will closed against him. He may long tolling of their requiem bells, an bly would fain hope that in then hear a voice summoning him to the saturnalia of Grit corruptionis the people closed in 1878, and i there was no more enthusiastic than Mr. BLAKE. But he m well to remember that those wh their lives in waiting for the of departing ones are often disap and sometimes are even the first We regret that he has made the po the country as largely personal a done, but if that is to be his style fare he must be met with weapon to his own, and we do not fear th We consider Mr. BLAKE the most vu politician in the Dominion. He matory because he is unable to present a policy upon the questi concern the people that they would ject as the maunderings of an impr doctrinaire. Mr. Blake's politica ents have treated him with great ance, but they have not done so they lacked facts wherewith to ex insincerity and impurity of his character. We shall now, however, rev career, although the task is not a c

one, and place its leading incider

our readers. It will be conven

them to have a biographical sketch

BLAKE in their hands before he upon his intended tour, in w

proposes to deliver a course

courtesy requires us to describe

tical essays, which, if we may his past efforts, will be replivilful misrepresentation. It will membered that he entered public essing great political purity, and and his sponsors were profuse in When as member for South Bru his seat in the first Legislature McKellar the public hoped that I render good service to the country the spirit of bitterness and u his opposition to the Administration day disappointed his true frien BLAKE's entrance into public simply added an unscrupulous pa ability to the Grit ranks, and that sult would be, not increased p among politicians, not an improin public discussion, as had been pated, but more embittered fact. Who will say that this has not sole product of Mr. Blake's la public life? Disloyalty to his seems to be natural to him. Fo he was restive under Mr. Mc and finally supplanted him as I wards supplanted Mr. Macken was undoubtedly mainly due representations, or rather to his i sentations, that the Ontario Adition was defeated at the polls i Our readers will not have forgot to ensure the defeat of that Gov in the Legislature, one of Mr. Sa MacDonald's colleagues was induc sert him—in short to betray him, Mr. Blake's complicity in that base tion was established by his direct traitor when to strike his master historic words, "Speaknow!" The were the knell of Mr. Blake's loand highmindedness, and they wil remain a "damned spot" upon h tation. The traitor, doubtless ment of an infamous bargain, warded by the Government of KENZIE (Mr. BLAKE being a mem at the time) with the Chief Justi a province, an appointment graded the Bench in the estimation public. In 1871 Mr. BLAKE was to form an Administration for and belied the professions life by doing so on coalitio ciples. With an unselfishne sincerity of which has been que he declined salary. This ostentat ade of purse pride was ungenerous colleagues, who could not afford the country gratuitously. His ad tion was chiefly noteworthy for i stency with his former profes pledges. It lasted until 1874, w representation ceased. From Mr. Blake only served in the Parliament, and his eloquence

> rate and advance Canada. When the Grit party succeeded In the Dominion in 1873 it was secret that Mr. BLAKE looked wi bensely jaundiced eye upon the thip of Mr. Mackenzie, but Mi was then alive, and Mr. BLAKE WE less against him. His course tow MACKENZIE, his accepted lead that gentleman was Prime Min perfidious in the extreme. M was the means of defeating what s the "Carnarvon Terms," and inflicted a reverse upon Mr. Ma which lowered his prestige as Pr ster and leader of his party a doubt upon the good faith of h with British Columbia, with the General, and with the Secretary for the Colonies. He never wa Mr. MACKENZIE. He tortured

been mainly directed to oppose hindering whatever was calculated

renomous sneers, he secretly opp his measures, and some he