

OPPOSITION CANDIDATES IN ALBERT CO.



MR. JOHN L. PECK



MR. LEWIS SMITH

REMORSE FOR TRAITOR CAUSE OF RESIGNATION

Deschanel Never Believed in Capital Punishment and Duties Required Course.

Paris, Sept. 24.—Melancholia, induced by an extraordinary sensitive conscience, was responsible for the tragic end of the Presidency of Paul Deschanel, according to an executive article in the Journal Du Peuple.

"President Deschanel's illness," it said, "was directly caused by his noble, rigid conception of justice. Never believing in capital punishment he felt the blood of an executed person to be on his own head, where executive clemency had been refused to a man alleging himself innocent."

Death Sentence Gain. "Shortly after his election, the President was petitioned to extend clemency to M. Touge, former Colonial administrator, condemned to death for treason. During the trial he protested that he was innocent. Deschanel desired to grant a pardon, but was prevented by an administration that insisted on the execution as a matter of principle. Deschanel gave in, and M. Touge was executed."

"After his death, the attorney of Touge gave the President a memorandum presenting proofs of the executed man's innocence. Remorse for the monstrous judicial error seized Deschanel, who lost his appetite, his sleep and his desire to live."

Dead Men Can Kill. "The matter proved on his nerves until he became the victim of dangerous melancholia. His falling from a train four months ago was not an accident, but an attempt at suicide. Sometime later, the President, who had outdistanced his friends in a country tour, was found drowning in a lake. A week before his resignation he was hauled out of a canal."

Nemologists say the "mysterious illness" was simply the pangs of conscience, while the entire episode is merely another proof that dead men can kill.

SIXTEEN UNDER ARREST FOR TRYING TO LYNCH McNEAL

St. Catharines, Ont., Sept. 24.—The sixteenth arrest in connection with the riots following McNeal Walls' preliminary hearing at Thorold on August 16, was made late last night when Albert Howman, of Merriton, was taken into custody. As in the case of Edward Hackett, of Thorold, who was arrested early last evening, the charge of attempted arson has been laid in addition to that of unlawful assembly.

David McNeal Walls is the correct name of the man who is in Welland jail awaiting trial on the charge of murdering four-year-old Margaret Boncock, of Thorold, "David McNeal" is the name under which he was married and served overseas in the Canadian army.

Miss Alice E. Roney returned yesterday from Lower Millstream where she had been the guest of Miss H. Musgrove while attending the annual meeting of the United Baptist Women's Missionary Aid Societies of the New Brunswick Association.

MURRAY, JONES AND DICKSON IN KINGS CO.

Enthusiastic Scenes When Opposition Delegates Name Candidates for Contest.

(Continued from page one.) The Hon. Mr. Murray spoke of his resignation as Party Leader which move, he said, was made because he had not the time or money required to run a party. "Because I have resigned the leadership does not mean I have quit the party and am to retire from the campaign. So long as a Government such as the Province has today continues its orgy of extravagance you will find me fighting it to the end. I was brought up in the party and I shall stay in it if you want me to be your candidate, then all is well. If no, I shall continue the party, but shall throw all my energies into the fight for the success of the ticket you nominate."

Candidates Named. The convention quickly got down to business and the work of naming a ticket was commenced. It was an easy task. It was the work of but a few moments and Hon. J. A. Murray, Geo. B. Jones and H. V. Dickson were the unanimous choice of the convention. After the nominations had been proclaimed there were calls of "speech," "speech," from all sections of the room.

He Shots Delivered. The former leader of the party, Hon. J. A. Murray, was given a grand reception when he arose to address the convention. The ovation continued for some time and here contrasting testimony to the confidence and faith of the electors in their candidate.

Mr. Murray said in part: "Gentlemen of Kings. This is the fourth time I have been your candidate, and I regard the honor given me as an expression of confidence. I love Kings County and its people and I wish to express my thanks for the many kindnesses shown me in the face of rank criticisms leveled against me to which I could not reply. I am pleased to say my bitterest opponent does not accuse me of getting any money from public life. When they had 'kicked everything' with the intention of getting me, a Government member said on the floor of the House that I had not made one cent out of politics. While admitting mistakes, I can look every man in the face and say I have not deprived the Government of one cent."

Mr. Murray then launched into a review of the inconsistencies of the Government, and its mal-administration of the people's business. He recited the fifth plank of the Government's platform, which promised to reduce the revenue, reduce the cost of administration and to do all things to avoid the necessity of direct taxation.

What Have They Done? He then pertinently asked: "What have they done?" "The Government," said Mr. Murray, "pledged to reduce and economize in two years and seven months, has increased the capital liability \$5,262,280. Of the amount over \$3,000,000 was expended on roads and bridges. Can you see where any part of that amount has been expended to our advantage or profit in this county? Some of the roads about Sussex are in such a condition it is dangerous to ride over them in an automobile. Queens County is begging for roads that people can travel over with some degree of safety."

A Few Statistics. "Going back on all pre-election pledges the Government started in on a campaign of reckless expenditure. In 1917 they produced a deficit of \$200,000. In 1918 a drop of \$134,656, and in 1919 the grand sum of \$337,659 making a total expenditure over ordinary revenue of \$392,000. "And why should they call on us election now? Here is the reason: there is no doubt but the deficit for 1920 will show a stunning total. To bring on an election after the fiscal report is out would be sure death to the Government and they think they might stand a chance of survival for another term before the extravagances of 1920 are brought to light."

An Extravagant Party. "They are squandering the public monies in a crazy manner. Government has always acted under Legislative authority. No so with the present Government. They have an utter disregard for the Legislature. In 1919 there was expended on public roads \$946,512.94 for which Mr. Veniot had no authority. Again, in 1918 \$268,825.15 were scattered over roads without authority. This kind of work is going on continuously and the public suffers."

The speaker then referred to the new system of bookkeeping introduced by the Government at an expense of \$5,000. He thought it must be a wonderful system, as so one had been able to figure it out. It is twisted into all sorts of shapes, and even the banking wizard, Hon. Robert Murray, Secretary-Treasurer, is unable to explain the figures shown by the auditor or what they stand for.

The Agricultural Department. In the Agricultural Department the speaker showed up the shortcomings. It costs many more thousands to run the department than it did when the former Government retired. Not one new policy has been adopted by the present head of the department. He has followed out the policies and plans laid down by the previous administration.

The only change, thought Mr. Murray, that can be seen is the addition of numerous clerks, who have a hard job to keep out of each other's way, and for this the people are paying a tremendous sum.

Costs Are Rising. It formerly cost \$24,000 to run the department, but in eleven months the new Minister had \$60,000 charged to

POLES OFFER STIFF PEACE TERMS TO REDS

Must Recognize Full Sovereignty of Poland and Pay Own War Bills.

Riga, Sept. 24.—Following the presentation of the Soviet peace proposals at today's session of the Russo-Polish peace conference, M. Dumbalski, Polish Undersecretary of Foreign Affairs, presented the preliminary Polish terms which had been prepared before M. Joffe's offer. They were in no sense a reply to the new Soviet proposals.

M. Dumbalski's suggestions were based on peace preliminaries and included, first, mutual recognition of the sovereignty of Poland by Soviet Russia, and no interference in domestic affairs; second, the determination of boundaries, not in a spirit of historical revenge, but on a basis of just conciliation of vital interests; third, that the contracting parties grant a free choice of Russian or Polish citizenship to all persons affected by the treaty; fourth, that both powers agree to free cultural, linguistic and religious development, and fifth, renunciation of restitution in any form by Poland and of the expenses of the Polish-Soviet war.

NO FARMER TO RUN IN ALBERT

Albert, Sept. 24.—At a largely attended meeting of the United Farmers today a warm discussion took place regarding the placing of candidates in the field for the Provincial elections. After the question had been thoroughly threshed out, the convention voted not to pack candidates. A large number of farmers were here tonight to hear a speaker from Ontario, but he failed to put in an appearance.

He expressed himself as well pleased with the candidates put in nomination, saying they were men who had always acted fearlessly for what they believed was right. They are worthy of any man's support, he said, and would surely be elected.

Other departments were touched upon, and the same reckless expenditure type down. The speaker dealt with facts and figures, all of which proved the Government's inefficiency and inability to carry on.

Case of Immigration. The Immigration policy was taken up, and it was shown that nothing had been done to bring settlers here. The activities of E. S. Carter, the man of many titles, were referred to. If the Government goes on, Mr. Carter would have a job, and all could understand why he was such a hustler today.

In closing, Mr. Murray thanked the people for their attention, urged all to do their part and save the province.

Mr. Dickson Speaks. Mr. Dickson said he had very little to add to what Mr. Murray had said. Later on he proposed to discuss with them, more in detail, the issues of the campaign. He thought those present were familiar with the miserable administration being given. "You are needed on the farm, to-day, and I do not wish to detain you. You have sacrificed farm duties to come here. These questions confronting us will be thrashed out in the next few days, and our position on them cannot be contradicted. The Government has railroaded everything through, and the time has come for a showdown. The state throwing the province to the dogs, and now is the time to step in and save it. That is our work. I shall do my best to further the interests of the country when the Opposition comes into power."

Great Reception. The last speaker, Geo. B. Jones, was given a most hearty reception. The applause greeting him was long and loud and left no doubt as to his standing in the hearts of the people. He briefly reviewed the efforts of the Government "to get him," and of the various tricks and crooked methods employed to injure his reputation and character. He said he was glad to come back and await the verdict of those who knew him best and among whom he had gone in and out for years. He thanked all who had honored him and said he had no extended remarks to make. He was sorry there were only ten days in which to conduct the campaign, but that every parish would be visited and the issues of the day honestly and fearlessly discussed. "We shall show," said Mr. Jones, "where the Government has been a failure. The Government was declared the business man's Government. You would not conduct your business as the Government business has been conducted by the Foster-Veniot-Carter Company. Their extravagances are enormous and have brought us to the brink of bankruptcy. One has but to view the scenes along some of the highways and see about forty foremen watching as many men shovelling dirt. The waste of monies in the Public Works Department are enough to congeal one's blood."

Mr. Jones went exhaustively into the straggling rate question, showing it to be the one supreme source of revenue. It is the source from which great revenues should come, but the Government has not the courage to raise the rate because the lumbermen have a stranglehold on them.

Mr. Jones went into other of the department, reviewing briefly their shortcomings and promising to tell more on the stump.

He was again cheered as he took his seat. The work of organization was then taken up.

FARMER RANKS SOLID AGAINST LIBERAL PARTY

Rural Residents Like Class of Candidates and Policy of the Opposition.

Special to The Standard. Hampton, Sept. 24.—Politics is the chief topic of discussion here today. With a Government convention Thursday and an Opposition convention today there has been plenty of opinion and expression over things political to start discussion.

The convention today brought out many farmers who are apparently aroused over the reckless extravagance practised by the government, and seem to think the time has come to make a change. One of them expressed himself freely to The Standard representative after today's convention.

He said: "I am a believer in the Farmers' party in so far as it helps the farmer to get rid of the middlemen and helps us to deliver our goods direct to consumer. That is the chief function of the organization. It cannot be effective as a political organization. Many of us here are opposed to entering the political field. When we do that our usefulness as an organization is gone."

Against Present Government. "We are, as a class, solidly opposed to the present administration in the province. We realize its incompetency, and its utter disregard of the people's rights. I and many others are determined to register our disapproval of their methods, and cast our ballots for the Opposition ticket. I have therefore been a Liberal in politics, but I cannot endorse the administration now at Fredericton, and I know I voice the opinion of hundreds of others in this county. By going with the Opposition I feel we can accomplish much and that is why I take this position."

Likes the Candidates. He expressed himself as well pleased with the candidates put in nomination, saying they were men who had always acted fearlessly for what they believed was right. They are worthy of any man's support, he said, and would surely be elected.

THE BIRDS OF PARADISE

Will Be Very Busy This September!

It is now that the serious minded young couples' thoughts turn to a happy home. And home is just what you make it. If home is properly furnished it will breed congeniality, while a shabby or poorly furnished house drives men to clubs or other places of amusement.

Let us help you select furnishings that will make your home a palace of happiness, no matter how much or how little you plan to spend. We have the best selected stock of fine and medium priced furniture in St. John, and therefore best prepared to furnish your home in the way it should be furnished to bring lasting happiness. Don't make the mistake so many young couples make in starting out in life—Built for permanent happiness through the home.

LET MARCUS HELP YOU.

J. MARCUS, 30-36 Dock St.

NO WORK IN TORONTO FOR 5,000 EX-SOLDIERS

Toronto, Sept. 24.—A soldier's employment bureau, manned by ex-servicemen, is wanted by the G. W. V. A. in this city, and approaches were made to Premier Drury and Hon. Walter Rollo, Minister of Labor, here this afternoon by representatives of the District Command G. W. V. A. There is dissatisfaction among the returned men because of an announcement by the provincial labor bureau that ex-soldiers, could get employment if they would go outside of the city. The ministers were informed by the delegation that there were 5,000 returned men out of work here.

SEAMEN ACCEPT TEN DOLLAR RAISE

Port Arthur, Sept. 24.—The striking seamen today accepted the offer of the Canada Steamship Lines of a ten dollar a month increase in wages and no recognition of the seamen's union. This was the decision arrived at after a number of the strikers had interviewed the officials of the steamship company this morning. The original demands were for an increase of twenty dollars a month all around. The steamers Haggarty, Matthews and Sarlian will leave for the east tonight, together with the Northern Navigation steamer Harmonic, which has been swinging at anchor in the harbor since late yesterday afternoon.

BORN

NASON—To Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Nason, (nee McKinney), on Sept. 13, 1920, a son, Murray Parker.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Pte. Roy L. Theriault, who died at Camp Devens, Mass., September 26th, 1918, in Company H, 73rd Infantry. Gone, but not forgotten. WIFE AND LITTLE SON.

NOMINEES OF GOVERNMENT

Special to The Standard. Gagetown, Sept. 24.—Dr. I. E. Hetherington, of Cole's Island, and Geo. H. King, of Chipman, were nominated as Government candidates for Queens county at the convention which was held here this afternoon. J. S. Robinson, Cambridge, ex-warden of Queens county, was the chairman of the meeting, while John Palmer, of White's Cove, acted as secretary.

Ford Sedan

The Car for Women

Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited

Ford, Ontario